Experiment: 5

Title: Automation and Optimization with Amazon S3

Date: 22/09/2022

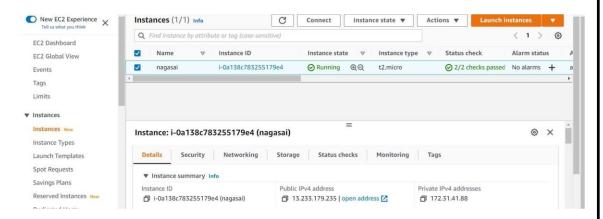
Aim: Automate Files backup to aws S3 bucket on Linux machine.

Pre-requisites: AWS Console, Amazon S3, crontab, aws cli

Procedure:

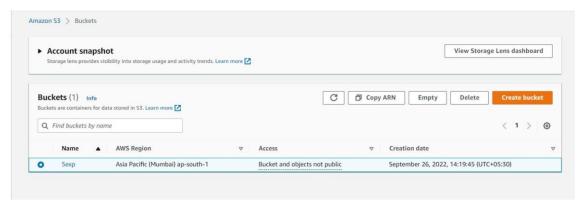
Steps:

- Create a S3 bucket.
- 2. Create a EC2 instance.
- Give EC2 instance Role to access S3.



(or you may also grant access to your local linux machine using aws configure cmd and entering your IAM user credentials over there)

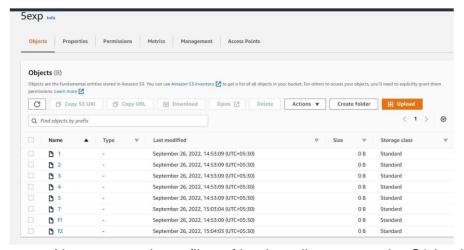
- 4. Connect to your EC2 instance CLI.
- 5. Type "sudo su" to give access root directory.



- 6. Create a directory "backup". Type: mkdir backup
- 7. Go inside the "backup" directory.
- 8. Make some test files. Type

: touch a

9. List them by cmd – Is



10. Now to sync these files of backup directory on the S3 bucket.

Cmd: aws s3 sync localfilepath s3://bucketname

11. Now, we are going to create a cron job in order to automate this process.

Cmd: crontab -e

Enter the cmd : cron code aws s3 sync /directory s3://bucketname

For e.g.: cron code for 1 min is * * * * *

(you may use crontab.guru to create your own job expression)

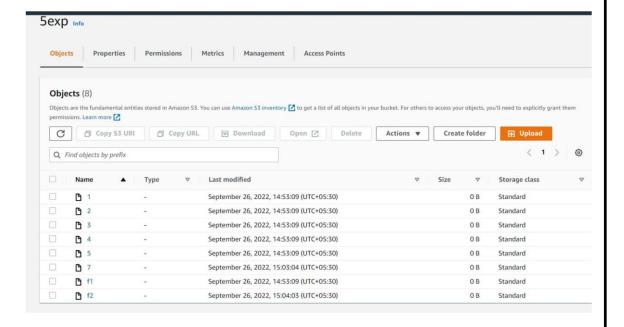
URL: https://crontab.guru/

```
* * * * * aws s3 sync /home/ec2-user/backup s3://automate-upload
~
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~
~
~
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~
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```

12. Restart the Crond service

Run "systemctl restart/stop/start cornd.service" to restart/stop/start your cron jobs respectively.

- 13. Now, we are going to create some test files to check if they are uploaded every minute or not.
- 14. File d and file e have been updated.



Result:

We have successfully automated our local files/directory backup on Amazon S3 buckets using crontab.