Automation Of Group Licensing

Version	Notes
V1	Initial Draft

You must sign in with an account that has admin rights to assign licenses within your tenant.

Key

Group Licensing Automation

The purpose of this work is to automate group licensing for the Newly created groups and by virtue assign to that user when members added to the group and finally when the engagement status moves to closed state revoke the licenses from the group

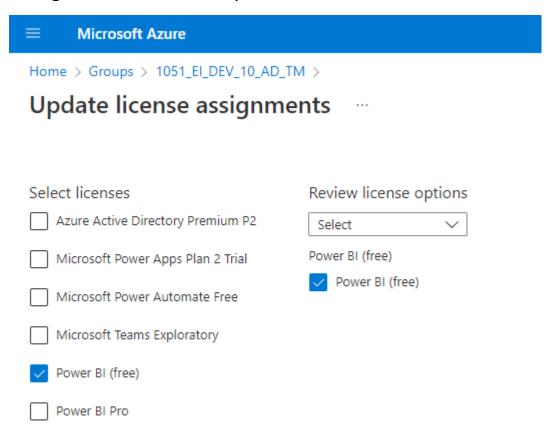
Case

Most organizations are using group-based licensing in Azure Active Directory. This is often integrated with the onboarding process of the users. But there are some use cases where you have some non-standard licenses attached to your tenant that you hand out on demand. You could still use group-based licensing, but users are added manually to the group

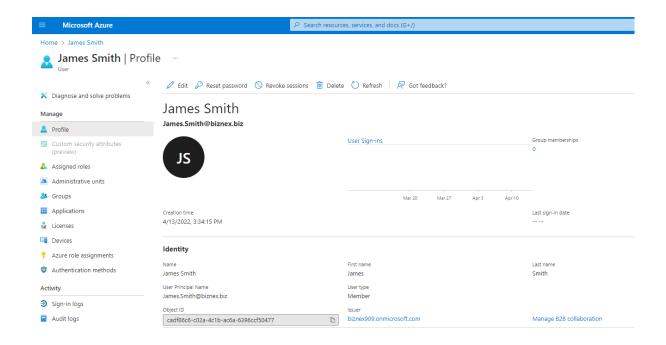
In Manual usually this is how it happens when Groups are created assignment of licenses are follows the UI as below Each group must be configured for that needs

In My example I will create One group called **1051_EI_DEV_AD_TM** and assign licenses manually and see once I have added users to that group how they get it

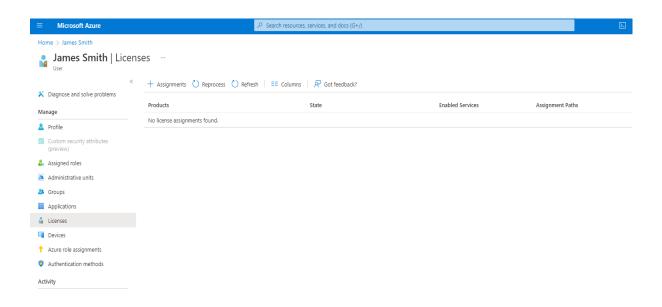
I assigned license manually as below



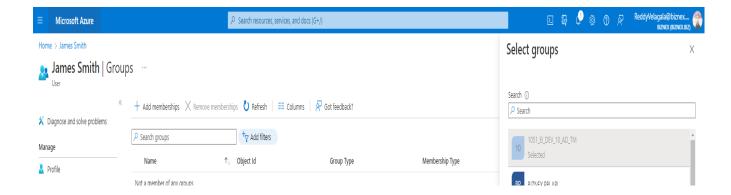
Now I am adding New User in the AD Called James Smith and will add his member ship to above group



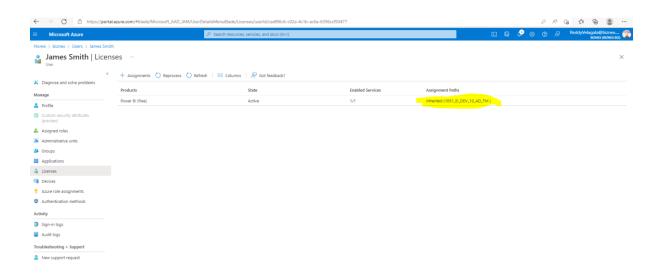
Before when adding his member ship check licenses has, he got any



Now add his membership to the above group

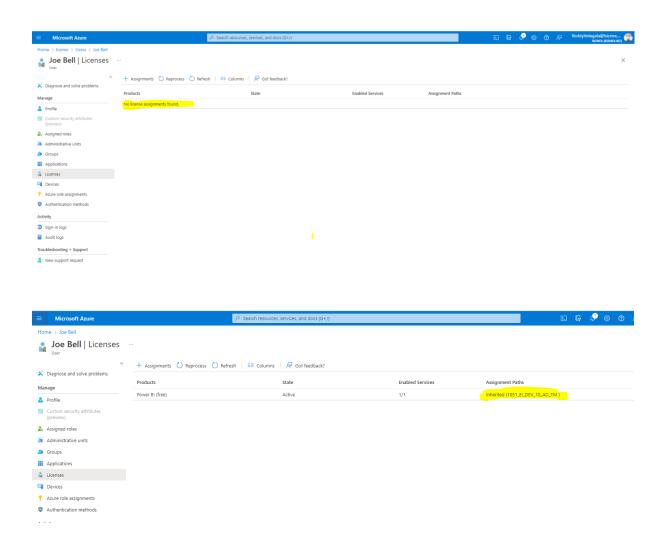


Once double check the User Licesnes again – Power BI Free license is already added



Highlighted above says it is inherited thriough group

Add another user <u>Joe.Bell@biznex.biz</u> and to the membership of the above created group, before adding to the group



All manually working as expected , Now simulating this through Powershell code

Group Name	1051_EI_DEV_10_AD_DV
Power Bl License	\$License.Skuld = "a403ebcc-fae0-4ca2-8c8c-7a907fd6c235"
Users	

Script to check licenses for the group

Output from Graph Query

License Details

https://graph.microsoft.com/v1.0/me/licenseDetails

```
{
            "id": "KztgFOWDi0eBFyyfTm7S3MzrA6Tg-qJMjIx6kH_WwjU",
            "skuId": "a403ebcc-fae0-4ca2-8c8c-7a907fd6c235",
            "skuPartNumber": "POWER_BI_STANDARD",
            "servicePlans": [
                {
                    "servicePlanId": "113feb6c-3fe4-4440-bddc-54d774bf0318",
                    "servicePlanName": "EXCHANGE_S_FOUNDATION",
                    "provisioningStatus": "Success",
                    "appliesTo": "Company"
                },
                    "servicePlanId": "2049e525-b859-401b-b2a0-e0a31c4b1fe4",
                    "servicePlanName": "BI_AZURE_P0",
                    "provisioningStatus": "Success",
                    "appliesTo": "User"
                }
            ]
        }
***
```

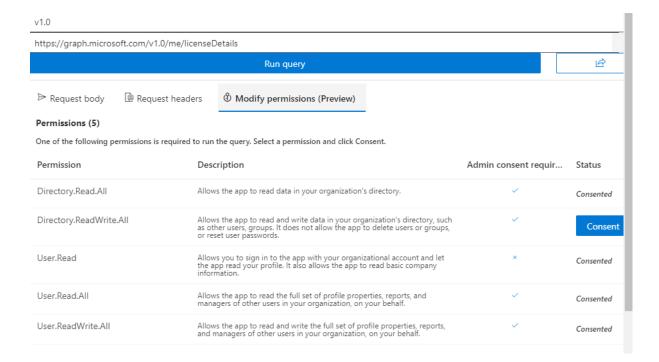
Tenant Id: 14603b2b-83e5-478b-8117-2c9f4e6ed2dc

This first call to graph will list out all information about the license SKU's that exists in your tenant.

```
GET https://graph.microsoft.com/beta/subscribedSkus
using namespace System.Net
```

Input bindings are passed in via param block.

```
param($Request, $TriggerMetadata)
# Write to the Azure Functions log stream.
Write-Host "PowerShell HTTP trigger function processed a request."
# Interact with query parameters or the body of the request.
$name = $Request.Query.Name
if (-not $name) {
    $name = $Request.Body.Name
}
$body = "This HTTP triggered function executed successfully. Pass a name in
the query string or in the request body for a personalized response."
if ($name) {
    $body = "Hello, $name. This HTTP triggered function executed
successfully."
}
# Application (client) ID, tenant Name and secret
$clientId = "xxx"
$tenantName = "xxxx"
$clientSecret = "xxxx"
$resource = "https://graph.microsoft.com/"
$GroupId="xxxx"
$ReqTokenBody = @{
   Grant_Type = "client_credentials"
                = "https://graph.microsoft.com/.default"
    Scope
    client_Id = "$clientID"
    Client_Secret = $clientSecret
}
$TokenResponse=Invoke-RestMethod -Uri
"https://login.microsoftonline.com/$tenantName/Oauth2/V2.0/token" -Method POST
-Body $ReqTokenBody
$apiUrl='https://graph.microsoft.com/beta/subscribedSkus'
$Data=Invoke-RestMethod -Headers @{Authorization="Bearer
$($TokenResponse.access_token)" } -Uri $apiUrl -Method Get
#Write ("Azure AAD Group Id : $Group_Id")
# Associate values to output bindings by calling 'Push-OutputBinding'.
Push-OutputBinding -Name Response -Value ([HttpResponseContext]@{
    StatusCode = [HttpStatusCode]::OK
    Body = Data
})
```





```
$reqTokenBody = @{ Grant_Type = "Password" client_Id =
$credAzureAplication.UserName Client_Secret =
$credAzureAplication.GetNetworkCredential().Password Username =
$credUser.UserName Password = $credUser.GetNetworkCredential().Password
$cope = "https://graph.microsoft.com/.default" }
```

```
$tokenResponse = Invoke-RestMethod -Uri
"https://login.microsoftonline.com/$tenantName/oauth2/v2.0/token" -
Method POST -Body $reqTokenBody
```

```
$graphApiHeader = @{ Authorization = "Bearer
$($tokenResponse.access_token)" }
```

Other Routes

```
PS C:\WINDOWS\system32> # Get List of licenses in Tenant
Get-AzureADSubscribedSku | Select Sku*,*Units
SkuId
                                                                                                  ConsumedUnits PrepaidUnits
                                                                  SkuPartNumber
f8a1db68-be16-40ed-86d5-cb42ce701560 POWER_BI_PRO
                                                                                                                       1 class
f8a1db68-be16-40ed-86d3-cb42ce761300 FOWER_b1_rk0
LicenseUnitsDetail {...
f30db892-07e9-47e9-837c-80727f46fd3d FLOW_FREE
LicenseUnitsDetail {...
dcb1a3ae-b33f-4487-846a-a640262fadf4 POWERAPPS_VIRAL
LicenseUnitsDetail {...
                                                                                                                       2 class
                                                                                                                       1 class
84a661c4-e949-4bd2-a560-ed7766fcaf2b AAD_PREMIUM_P2 LicenseUnitsDetail {...
                                                                                                                       0 class
a403ebcc-fae0-4ca2-8c8c-7a907fd6c235 POWER_BI_STANDARD LicenseUnitsDetail {... 710779e8-3d4a-4c88-adb9-386c958d1fdf TEAMS_EXPLORATORY LicenseUnitsDetail {...
                                                                                                                       6 class
                                                                                                                       5 class
PS C:\WINDOWS\system32> $licenses = Get-AzureADSubscribedSku
# Get all tenant users
$Users = Get-AzureADUser -All $true
# Set up Power BI (Free) License object
$License = New-Object -TypeName Microsoft.Open.AzureAD.Model.AssignedLicense
$License.SkuId = "a403ebcc-fae0-4ca2-8c8c-7a907fd6c235"
$LicensesToAssign = New-Object -TypeName
Microsoft.Open.AzureAD.Model.AssignedLicenses
$LicensesToAssign.AddLicenses = $License
# Loop through each user to verify if they have a Power BI (Free) license # If they do not, assign the license to that account. ForEach($User in $Users)
# Check to see if they already have that license
$AssignedLicenses = $User | Select -ExpandProperty AssignedLicenses | Where
{$_.SkuId -eq "a403ebcc-fae0-4ca2-8c8c-7a907fd6c235"}
       # We only want to assign a license if they
# don't have one assigned.
If ($AssignedLicenses.Count -lt 1)
                   Set-AzureADUserLicense -ObjectId $User.ObjectId -AssignedLicenses
$LicensesToAssign
                  Write-Host "License added." -foregroundcolor cyan
       Élse {Write-Host "License already exists." -foregroundcolor cyan}
License already exists.
License already exists.
License already exists.
 License added.
License already exists.
License already exists.
```