

## EXERCISE-1

### 1. Write a c program to perform matrix multiplication.

**Aim:** To write a c program to perform multiplication.

#### **Algorithm:**

- 1.Start the program.
- 2.Input the number of rows and columns for both matrices A and
- 3.Check if the number of columns in A equals the number of row in B.
- 4.If not ,print "Multiplication not possible" and exit.
- 5.Else, input elements of matrices A and B.
- 6.Multiply matrices uusing three nested loops :\
  - Initialize each element of result matrix C to 0.
  - For each i,j,and k:  
$$C[i][j] += A[i][k] * B[k][j]$$
- 7.Print the resulting matrix C.
- 8.End the program.

#### **Program Code:**

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int main() {
```

```
    int A[10][10], B[10][10], C[10][10];
```

```
int r1, c1, r2, c2;

    printf("Enter rows and columns of Matrix A: ");

scanf("%d%d", &r1, &c1);

printf("Enter rows and columns of Matrix B: ");

scanf("%d%d", &r2, &c2);

    if (c1 != r2) {

        printf("Matrix multiplication not possible.\n");

        return 0;

    }

printf("Enter elements of Matrix A:\n");

for (int i = 0; i < r1; i++)

    for (int j = 0; j < c1; j++)

        scanf("%d", &A[i][j]);

printf("Enter elements of Matrix B:\n");

for (int i = 0; i < r2; i++)

    for (int j = 0; j < c2; j++)

        scanf("%d", &B[i][j]);

for (int i = 0; i < r1; i++) {

    for (int j = 0; j < c2; j++) {
```

```
C[i][j] = 0;

for (int k = 0; k < c1; k++) {

    C[i][j] += A[i][k] * B[k][j];

}

}

}
```

```
printf("Resulting Matrix:\n");

for (int i = 0; i < r1; i++) {

    for (int j = 0; j < c2; j++) {

        printf("%d ", C[i][j]);

    }

    printf("\n");

}
```

```
return 0;

}
```

**Input and Output:**

```
Enter rows and columns of Matrix A: 2 3
Enter rows and columns of Matrix B: 3 2
Enter elements of Matrix A:
1 2 3
4 5 6
Enter elements of Matrix B:
7 6
8 9
10 11
Resulting Matrix:
53 57
128 135
```

**Result :**

The program was successfully implemented matrix multiplication.