

# Redis Connect

Version 0.10.1

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# Introduction

Redis Connect is a distributed platform that enables real-time event streaming, transformation, and propagation of [changed-data events](#) from heterogeneous data platforms to Redis Stack, Redis Cloud, and Redis Enterprise.

Redis Connect effectively captures change data events from source databases and writes that data to Redis. This allows you to keep a Redis database in sync with a variety of source databases. You can then use Redis to serve this data to downstream applications at low latencies.

This document outlines key terms, installation instructions, production readiness guidelines, and definitions for the various configuration directives for Redis Connect clusters and jobs.

- [Key Terms](#)
- [Source Distributions](#)
- [Production Deployment](#)
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# Key Terms

To understand how Redis Connect works, it's important review some key terms:

## Source

A database, such as MySQL, whose data will be replicated to Redis. Redis Connect replicates data from a source database to Redis.

## Target

A database to write data to. With Redis Connect, the target is usually Redis.

## Job

A stream of change-data events replicating from source to target. For example, you can replicate all changes from a given set of MySQL tables to Redis and maintain consistency between these tables and their Redis representations in real time.

## Job Types

Redis Connect supports two types of jobs: **initial load jobs** and **stream jobs**.

- **Initial load jobs** create a point-in-time snapshot of the tables to be replicated and then transfer their data to Redis.
- **Stream jobs** (also known as CDC or "change data capture" jobs) replicate changes from the source tables to Redis as those changes occur.

## Instance

A single JVM process running Redis Connect. Because Redis Connect is a distributed platform, it may run as one or more coordinated instances.

## Cluster

One or more **instances** of Redis Connect running in a coordinated fashion.

## Partition

A way of dividing jobs to scale them horizontally. Each job may be divided into one or more partitions. Partitions are divided among Redis Connect instances.

# Source distributions

Redis Connect releases are distributed on Github.

See the [Redis Connect Release History](#) to download the latest distributions of Redis Connect.

The source distribution contains three relevant folders:

## **lib**

JARs for Redis Connect and its dependencies.

## **config**

Working configuration files, sample payloads for configuring jobs, and Grafana dashboard configurations.

## **bin**

Scripts for running Redis Connect on Linux VMs, in container environments, and on Windows.

# Production Deployment

Redis Connect is deployed as one or more JVM instances coordinated as a cluster. Below are recommendations for running Redis Connect in production.

## Environment

Redis Connect can be deployed on physical servers, virtual machines, or using Docker or any Kubernetes-based environment.

The minimum resource requirements per Redis Connect instance are as follows:

- 4 CPU cores
- 1 GB memory
- 20 GB of free disk space
- 1 Gbps networking

## Operating System and JVM

Redis Connect can run on any operating system hosting a Java runtime environment. However, for production deployments, we recommend Linux.

Redis Connect is supported on Java versions 11 and greater.

For information on Kubernetes deployments, see the [Redis Connect Kubernetes documentation](#).

## Environment Variables

Redis Connect recognizes and depends upon several environment variables. You can see example of these in the startup scripts included in the Redis Connect distribution.

- `REDISCONNECT_MIN_JAVA_VERSION="11"`
- `REDISCONNECT_HOME="${REDIS_CONNECT_HOME_DIR}"`
- `REDISCONNECT_JOB_MANAGER_CONFIG_PATH="$REDISCONNECT_HOME/config/jobmanager.properties"`
- `REDISCONNECT_LOGBACK_CONFIG="$REDISCONNECT_HOME/config/logback.xml"`
- `REDISCONNECT_LOGBACK_CLI_CONFIG="$REDISCONNECT_HOME/config/logback-cli.xml"`
- `REDISCONNECT_JAVA_OPTIONS="-XX:+HeapDumpOnOutOfMemoryError -Xms1g -Xmx2g"`
- `REDISCONNECT_EXTLIB_DIR="$REDISCONNECT_HOME/extlib"`
- `REDISCONNECT_LIB_DIR="$REDISCONNECT_HOME/lib/:$REDISCONNECT_EXTLIB_DIR/"`

## JVM Flags

We recommend the following JVM flags for Redis Connect processes:

- Enable heap dump on OOM: `-XX:+HeapDumpOnOutOfMemoryError`
- Min heap size of 1 GB: `-Xms1g`
- Max heap size of 2 GB: `-Xmx2g`

## Redis Connect Management

Once Redis Connect is installed and running, you manage Redis Connect using its REST API or command line interface.

To make it easier to interact with the REST API and the provided management endpoints, Redis Connect exposes a Swagger API. See the complete [Redis Connect Swagger API Docs](#) for the list of supported endpoints.

In a production environment, the Swagger API may require an open port in a firewall. By default, the API uses port 8282.

## Logging

Redis Connect uses [Logback](#) for logging. See your Redis Connect distribution's `config/logback.xml` for a sample Logback configuration file.

Redis Connect has been designed to provide descriptive log to make troubleshooting easier. If you need to change your application log level at runtime, you do this using the REST API. See the [loglevel REST endpoint documentation](#) for details.

## Monitoring

Redis Connect publishes performance metrics to Redis, taking advantage of Redis' time series capabilities. You can view these metrics in Grafana using the [Redis Datasource for Grafana](#).

Your Redis Connect distribution includes a pre-configured dashboard for viewing key operational metrics. Important metrics include the following:

### Ops per second

Number of write operations completed per second.

### Lag

The average elapsed time between the moment a change event is published to the source database and the moment that event is written to the target database (i.e., Redis). High lag values may indicate that your Redis Connect cluster is failing to keep up with the volume of CDC changes.

### Latency

The average amount of time, in milliseconds, that it takes to publish a change event from the source database to Redis.

# Secret Management

## KeyStore and TrustStore

Redis Connect can take advantage of Java KeyStores and TrustStores for managing certificate-based authentication. To configure the Java KeyStore and TrustStore, see the [KeyStore and TrustStore configuration reference](#).

## Authentication Credentials

## High Availability

## Scaling out

## Supported Source Databases

Redis Connect can capture change data from MySQL, Oracle, Postgres, SQLServer, MongoDB, and Gemfire. DB2, Splunk, Vertica, and text files are supported only for initial load jobs.

## Redis Requirements

Redis Connect requires a working [Redis Enterprise Software](#) or [Redis Cloud](#) installation.

You will need to provision one Redis database



# Cluster and Job Configuration

## Configuration

The "jobmanager.properties" file in the "/config" directory is Redis Connect's main configuration file.

Redis Connect runs one or more change-data capture jobs. Each job represents a stream of change-data events that are replicated from a source database to Redis.

To keep track of each of its jobs, Redis Connect stores its state in a Redis database.

The most basic Redis Connect configuration includes the url of the Redis database used to store this state.

This URL is stored at the parameter `redis.connection.url`. The location of the credentials files for the job sources & sinks, 'credentials.file.path'.

This last value should point to the directory where any and all credential files for different jobs will be located.

## Cluster properties

Table 1. Cluster properties

Property name	Type	Description	Default
cluster.name	String	Metadata purposes only. Non-functional	default
cluster.leader.heartbeat . lease.renewal.ttl	Integer	TTL (Time-to-Live) which is renewed upon each <code>cluster.election.attempt.interval</code> iteration by the cluster leader.  Measured in milliseconds with a minimum of 1 second (1000 ms).	5000

Property name	Type	Description	Default
cluster.election.attempt .interval	Integer	<p>Fixed rate scheduled thread which either renews or elects a new cluster leader. Runs on each Redis Connect Instance (JVM) when <code>job.manager.services.enabled=true</code>.</p> <p>Measured in milliseconds with a minimum of 1 second (1000 ms)</p>	5000
cluster.timeseries.metrics.enabled	Boolean	<p>Enables creation of a scheduled thread for job metrics reporting to RedisTimeSeries within the Job Management database.</p> <p>RedisTimeSeries is a dependency for this capability. See (Section X.X) for installation instructions.</p>	false

## Job manager services properties

Table 2. Job manager services properties

Property name	Type	Description	Default
job.manager.services.enabled	Boolean	<p>Enables creation of scheduled thread(s) to participate in cluster leader elections, facilitate REST API / CLI (Job Manager service), and identify staged jobs without a heartbeat lease (Job Reaper service).</p> <p>When this property is disabled, the Redis Connect instance may still participate in job execution and job claim attempts (Job Claimer service).</p>	true
job.manager.services.threadpool.size	Integer	For non-production deployments, one thread is adequate. In production, we recommend two threads.	2
job.reap.attempt.interval	Integer	<p>The interval between attempts to identify staged jobs without a heartbeat lease. Implemented as a scheduled thread that runs on each Redis Connect Instance (JVM) when <code>job.manager.services.enabled=true</code>.</p> <p>Measured in milliseconds with a minimum of 1 second (1000 ms)</p>	7000

Property name	Type	Description	Default
job.claim.service.enabled		<p>Enables creation of scheduled thread(s) to attempt to claim ownership for UNASSIGNED staged jobs (Job Claimer Service), job execution, and job-level metrics reporting (Metrics Reporter service).</p> <p>When this property is disabled, the Redis Connect instance may still participate in cluster leader election, facilitate REST API / CLI, and perform Job Reaper services.</p>	true
job.claim.attempt.interval	Integer	<p>Interval at which this scheduled thread attempts to claim ownership for UNASSIGNED staged jobs.</p> <p>Runs on each Redis Connect Instance (JVM) when <code>job.claim.service.enabled=true</code>.</p> <p>Measured in milliseconds with a minimum of 1 second (1000 ms)</p>	5000
job.claim.batch.size.per.attempt	Long	Specifies how many jobs can be claimed per attempt interval. If a sparse topology across many Redis Connect instances is desired, then lowering this interval is recommended.	4

Property name	Type	Description	Default
job.claim.max.capacity	Integer	Specifies the maximum number of jobs that a single Redis Connect instance can claim at any given time.	4
job.claim.heartbeat.lease.renewal.ttl	Integer	<p>TTL (Time-to-Live) which is renewed upon each iteration of a fixed rate scheduled thread that shares its value.</p> <p>Measured in milliseconds with a minimum of 1 second (1000 ms)</p>	10000

## REST API Properties

Table 3. REST API properties

Property name	Type	Description	Default
rest.api.enabled	Boolean	<p>Instantiates an embedded Spring Boot Application to host the REST API and/or CLI.</p> <p>To initiate the interactive CLI, start a Redis Connect instance (Java process) from the command line, and pass in the argument "CLI".</p>	true
rest.api.port	Integer	<p>Specifies the port used for the REST API (and SWAGGER) powered by an embedded Spring Boot Application.</p> <p>If you are running multiple Redis Connect instances on the same server, each instance will require a different port for its REST API.</p>	8282

# Job Management Database Properties

Table 4. Job Management Database Properties

Property name	Type	Description	Default
redis.connection.url	String	<p>A Redis URI indicating which Redis server to use for job management.</p> <p>For the Redis URI spec, the <a href="#">Lettuce documentation</a>.</p>	n/a
redis.connection.insecure	Boolean	<p>Passed to Lettuce's <code>RedisURI.verifyPeer</code>.</p> <p>If true then <code>verifyMode=FULL</code>. Otherwise, if false, then <code>verifyMode=NONE</code>.</p> <p>When peer verification is disabled, Lettuce uses Netty's <code>InsecureTrustManagerFactory.INSTANCE</code> as the trust manager factory. Its javadoc notes that it should never be used in production and that it is purely for testing purposes.</p>	false
redis.connection.timeout.duration	Integer	The timeout is canceled upon command completion/cancellation. Measured in seconds.	1

Property name	Type	Description	Default
redis.connection.auto.reconnect	Boolean	<p>Determine whether the driver will attempt to automatically reconnect to Redis.</p> <p>When enabled, then on disconnect, the client will try to reconnect, activate the connection and re-issue any queued commands.</p>	true
redis.connection.suspended.reconnect.on.protocol.failure	Boolean	<p>When set to <b>true</b>, reconnect will be suspended on protocol errors.</p> <p>The reconnect itself has two phases: Socket connection and protocol/connection activation. In case a connection timeout occurs, a connection reset, or host lookup fails, this does not affect the cancellation of commands. In contrast, where the protocol/connection activation fails due to SSL errors or PING before activating connection failure, queued commands are canceled.</p>	true
redis.connection.sslEnabled	Boolean	Enables SSL for one-way or mutual authentication. If this flag is set to <b>false</b> , TrustStore and KeyStore will not be passed to the client.	false

Property name	Type	Description	Default
truststore.file.path	String	File path of the Java TrustStore (containing certificates trusted by the client)	n/a
keystore.file.path	String	File path of the Java KeyStore, which stores private key entries, certificates with public keys, or any other secret keys used for various cryptographic purposes.	n/a
credentials.dir.path	String	<p>The name of the directory containing the Redis Connect credentials file. This directory path must include a properties file named <code>redisconnect_credentials_jobmanager.properties</code>.</p> <p>Redis Connect never caches or persists credentials. Therefore, on each connection with the source, target, or job manager database, the credentials are read from a file. This enhances security and allows for seamless credential rotations and integration with secret management frameworks such as HashiCorp Vault.</p>	../config/ samples/ credentials



Property name	Type	Description	Default
credentials.rotation.event.listener.enabled	Boolean	<p>When set to <code>true</code>, a listener will be created on the <code>redisconnect_credentials_jobmanager.properties</code> file within the <code>credentials.dir.path</code> to rotate credentials when they change.</p> <p>This lets you rotate credentials without restarting your Redis Connect instance.</p>	false
credentials.rotation.event.listener.interval	Integer	<p>When <code>credentials.rotation.event.listener.enabled</code> is set to <code>true</code>, this flag sets the frequency at which is scanned for changes.</p> <p>Measured in milliseconds with a minimum of 60 seconds (60000 ms)</p>	60000

## Email Alerting Properties

Table 5. Email Alerting Properties

Property name	Type	Description	Default
mail.alert.enabled	Boolean	Enables email alerts when any error forces a job to stop.	false
mail.smtp.host	String	Hostname of the outgoing mail server.	smtp.gmail.com
mail.smtp.port	Integer	Set the non-SSL port number of the outgoing mail server.	587

Property name	Type	Description	Default
mail.smtp.start.tls.enable	Boolean	Set or disable STARTTLS encryption.  StartTLS is an extension of the SMTP protocol that tells the email server that the email client wants to use a secure connection using TLS or SSL.	true
mail.smtp.start.tls.required	Boolean	Set or disable the required STARTTLS encryption.	false
mail.to	String	The email address to send alerts to.  This email address will also be used as the personal name. Multiple recipients can be added by delimiting them with a comma.	n/a
mail.debug	Boolean	Set session debugging on or off.	false

# Job execution configuration

## Job properties

Table 6. Job properties

Property name	Type	Description	Constraints	Default
jobName	String	<p>Unique name which is used to derive all other Redis metadata keys related to the job execution workflow.</p> <p>jobName should not be confused with jobId. jobIds are created as part of a job claim. They add-on a namespace to the jobName to identify the jobType and partitionId (if jobType=PARTITIONED_STREAM).</p> <p>When jobName is used in logging or administrative processes (i.e., stopJob), the jobName represents ALL job partitions.</p>	<p>min=4, max=50</p> <p>regex pattern="^[\\s&lt;&gt;O{}\\[\\]\\\"^\\\\\\;`!@#\$\$%&amp;* ]*\$"</p>	n/a

Property name	Type	Description	Constraints	Default
partitions	Integer	<p>Indicates how many partitions to create during startJob process. This attribute is ONLY used to partition a job with jobType=PARTITIONED_STREAM. Not jobType=LOAD.</p> <p>CAUTION: Once a job has started, and job claims are created, a job cannot be repartitioned without deleting all job claims and existing checkpoints. Please reach out to Support to assist with the migration of checkpoints to avoid undesired outcomes.</p>	min=1	1

Property name	Type	Description	Constraints	Default
maxPartitionsPerClusterMember	Integer	<p>The number of job partitions that can be claimed, and executed, on the same Redis Connect instance (JVM).</p> <p>If the limit forces partitions to span more instances than are currently deployed, then the job will not be able to start nor migrate.</p> <p>For example, if maxPartitionsPerClusterMember=1 and partitions=3, then the Redis Connect cluster will require at least 3 instances (JVMs) each with at least 1 available capacity to claim a job partition.</p> <p>This is not a global limit; it is only specific at the job level. 0 represents no limit.</p>	min=0	0
pipeline	Object	See Section 4.3	Not Null	n/a
source	Object	See Section 4.2	Not Null	n/a

## Job Source Properties

Table 7. Job Source Properties

Property name	Type	Description	Constraints	Default
pollSourceInterval	Long	Fixed rate interval representing how long to pause the producer's polling event loop if no new change events were found in the batch. Measured in milliseconds.	min=5	50
batchSize	Integer	Maximum # of events to dequeue from the source-event-queue AND maximum # of events to query from the source transaction log/table/queue upon each interval of the producer's polling event loop.	min=1	500
sourceTransactionTimeSequenceEnabled	Boolean	When enabled, the source commit/transaction timestamp (and sequence# if the timestamp is the same) will be used to calculate latency metrics and passed along as metadata for Redis Streams sink(s).	n/a	false

Property name	Type	Description	Constraints	Default
slowConsumer MaxRetry Attempts	Integer	<p>-1 = UNLIMITED</p> <p>0 = DISABLED</p> <p>1+ = MAX_ATTEMPTS</p> <p>Used as part of back-pressure support for the data pipeline in the event of a slow consumer. If the maximum attempts limit is reached, the job will be stopped for purposes of manual intervention.</p>	min=-1	50
intermittent EventSleep Duration	Integer	<p>Used as part of back-pressure support for the data pipeline in the event of a slow consumer or the circuit breaker is open. Forces the event loop to pause for the configured duration of time. Measured in milliseconds.</p>	min=0	3
source Connection MaxRetry Attempts	Integer	<p>0 = DISABLED</p> <p>1+ = MAX_ATTEMPTS</p> <p>Maximum retry attempts to reconnect with the source in the event that a connection is lost.</p>	min=0	3

Property name	Type	Description	Constraints	Default
source Connection MaxRetry Duration	Integer	In addition to sourceConnection MaxRetryAttempts , you can also add a max duration, after which retries will stop if the max attempts haven't already been reached.  Measured in minutes.	min=1	5
source Connection RetryDelay Interval	Long	Fixed delay in between sourceConnection MaxRetryAttempts .  Measured in seconds.	min=0 sourceConnection RetryDelayInterva l must be < than sourceConnection RetryDelayInterva l  sourceConnection RetryDelayInterva l must be < than sourceConnection MaxRetryDuration	60
source Connection RetryMaxDelay Interval	Long	Provides an upper bound to calculate the delay interval when sourceConnection RetryDelayFactor is enabled.  Measured in seconds.	min=0	240



Property name	Type	Description	Constraints	Default
source Connection RetryDelay Factor	Integer	0 = DISABLED  1+ = DELAY_FACTOR  Factor by which delays are exponentially increased after each source connection retry attempt.	min=0	2
database	Object	See Section 4.4  Configuration for all source databases.	Not Null	n/a
tables	Map<String, Table>	See section 4.2.2  Configuration for all source tables/collections/r egions/logs properties.  Each table within the map requires a unique name which will be used as part of target key composition.	Not Null	n/a

## Job Source Database Properties

See Section 4.4

### 4.2.2 Job Source Table Properties

*Table 8. Job Source Table Properties*

Property name	Type	Description	Constraints	Default
autoConfig Columns Enabled	Boolean	<p>When enabled, source metadata is queried during the (re)start process to determine sourceColumn names so users do not need to enumerate each within the column's configuration.</p> <p>The columns configuration can be used to override source metadata (i.e., targetName, type, etc.). However, targetKey designation cannot be overridden since only the source table's primary key will be used.</p> <p>This is a common configuration in POCs and development environments since the design of Redis key names are less important than in production. It also allows for less knowledge about the source table schema.</p> <p>This is only supported for RDB sources.</p>	n/a	false

Property name	Type	Description	Constraints	Default
dynamicSchemaEnabled	Boolean	When enabled, columns that are not provided in the columns configuration will be passed through, as-is, to the target. This is currently only supported for MongoDB, Redis Streams Broker, and Files.	n/a	false
prefixTableNameToTargetKeyEnabled	Boolean	When enabled, adds the tableName (defined in the tables configuration) as a prefix to the target Redis key before all other targetKey enabled columns are computed and applied.	n/a	false

Property name	Type	Description	Constraints	Default
deleteOnPrimaryKeyUpdate Enabled	Boolean	<p>When enabled, if the primary key is changed at the source, then an additional operation to DELETE the existing target key will accompany the UPDATE event.</p> <p>This is only supported for RDB sources since primary key changes require a delete and insert of a new row.</p> <p>The DELETE event shares an offset with the UPDATE event both at the source and checkpoint. Redis Connect will handle them within a single pipeline iteration.</p>	n/a	true

Property name	Type	Description	Constraints	Default
changedColumnsOnlyEnabled	Boolean	<p>When enabled, only allows changed (delta) column values to be replicated to the target. This does not include targetKey column(s) which cannot be bypassed. When disabled, all column values will be replicated to the target unless they are individually bypassed at the column-level using changedColumnOnlyEnabled. (See Section 4.2.2)</p> <p>When enabled, the column-level changedColumnOnlyEnabled flag will be overridden for all columns other than those designated as targetKey(s).</p> <p>This is currently only supported for RDB sources.</p>	n/a	false
columns	Job Source Table Column[]	See Job Source Table Column Properties (Section 4.2.2.1)	n/a	Null
initialLoad	Initial Load	See Initial Load Properties (See Section 4.2.2.2)	n/a	Null

# Job Source Table Column Properties

Table 9. Job Source Table Column Properties

Property name	Type	Description	Constraints	Default
targetKey	Boolean	Designates this column's value as part of the target's key composition process. When more than one column is designated, the order in which they are listed will impact the order in which they are appended to the key.	n/a	false
sourceColumn	String	Exact match identifier for source column name.	non-empty String	n/a
targetColumn	String	Preferred field name to be used in the target.	Not Empty String	n/a

Property name	Type	Description	Constraints	Default
type	String	<p>Identifies the source column's data type which is used to transform the column value to a properly formatted String within the target. Supported types include: [STRING, VARCHAR, TEXT, INT, DATE, DATE_TIME, BYTE, DEC, NUMERIC, DECIMAL, DOUBLE, FLOAT, LONG, SHORT, RAW, BLOB, CLOB, HASHMAP, CUSTOM]</p> <p>CUSTOM data type is unique in that it bypasses column value transformation to a String which allows it to be converted manually within a Custom Stage. An example would be converting to a proprietary Oracle Timestamp format. Failure to convert this data type manually will cause errors in Redis-based sinks.</p>	<p>regexp = "  [\\s&lt;&gt;(){}\\[\\]\\\"'\\/\\\\;`  !@#\$\$%&amp;* ]*\$"</p>	STROING

Property name	Type	Description	Constraints	Default
changedColumnOnlyEnabled	Boolean	When enabled, only allows changed (delta) column values to be replicated to the target unless targetKey is enabled. When changedColumnsOnlyEnabled=true at the table-level, this flag will be overridden. This is currently only supported for RDB sources.	n/a	false
passThroughEnabled	Boolean	When disabled, the source column value will not be published to the pipeline therefore it cannot be accessed within a custom stage nor any sink. The purpose of this flag is to allow source column values to be used for targetKey composition without adding the column's name/value pair as a field within the target. As an example, this is common for sources like MongoDB which generate a "_id" key which can be used as a targetKey but has no value as a field.	n/a	true



Property name	Type	Description	Constraints	Default
index	Integer	This is currently for metadata purposes only and has no functional value.	n/a	n/a
dateFormat	String	Used by DATE and DATE_TIME type to override their default.  Default formats are as follows:  DATE = YYYY-MM-dd  DATE_TIME = YYYY-MM-dd HH:mm:ss.S		n/a
nullFormat	String	Users can define how a column value=NULL will be represented in the target.	n/a	Default is an EMPTY String.

## Job Source Table Initial Load Properties

Table 10. Job Source Table Column Properties

Property name	Type	Description	Constraints	Default
partitions	Integer	<p>Indicates how many partitions to create during startJob process.</p> <p>This attribute is ONLY used to partition an initial load with jobType=LOAD.</p> <p>Each table should be partitioned based on its own size and release window SLAs.</p> <p>It's common practice to leverage more partitions for an initial load than on streaming. Please see the Production Readiness section for more detail. Disclaimer: If the source table has fewer than 500 rows, which is common in a POC/dev environment, all but partition:1 will be stopped so all the rows are loaded from a single partition.</p>	min=1	1

Property name	Type	Description	Constraints	Default
maxPartitionsPerClusterMember	Integer	<p>Limits how many task partitions can be claimed, and executed, multi-tenant on the same Redis Connect instance (JVM).</p> <p>If the limit forces partitions to span more nodes than are currently deployed, then the initial load will queue the instantiation of tasks until capacity is reallocated (e.g. earlier tasks complete their load partition).</p> <p>This is not a job-level limit; it is only specific at the table level. 0 represents no limit.</p>	min=0	0

Property name	Type	Description	Constraints	Default
customWhereClause	String	<p>Users can specify a WHERE clause to filter the rows required for initial load. Only the following sources are supported:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- RDB sources support JDBC compliant WHERE statements</li> <li>- MongoDB supports a BSON filter</li> <li>- Gemfire supports an Apache Geode WHERE Clause</li> </ul>		
rowIndexUsedAsTargetKeyEnabled	Boolean	RDB sources can have tables without primary keys. For those cases, rowIndex can be used as a unique identifier for partitioning purposes. This is only supported for RDB sources and only for initial load only / ETL jobs.		false

## Job Pipeline Properties

Table 11. Job Pipeline Properties

Property name	Type	Description	Constraints	Default
pipelineBuffer Size	Integer	<p>Redis Connect's pipeline is powered by the LMAX Disruptor library (High Performance Inter-Thread Messaging).</p> <p>The buffer size sets the number of slots allocated within the Disruptor's internal ring buffer "queue".</p> <p>Increasing the buffer size will impact the JVM heap space required to store all transient changed data events within the queue. For most cases, this can be left as default.</p>	min=1024 Must be a power of 2	4096
preprocessor Name	String	<p>Functional interface (Consumer) that can be run before changed-data events are transformed and published to the pipeline.</p> <p>This is currently not extendable by end-users.</p>		n/a

Property name	Type	Description	Constraints	Default
postprocessor Name	String	Functional interface (Consumer) that can be run after changed-data events are transformed and published to the pipeline.  This is currently not extendable by end-users.		n/a
stages	Job Pipeline Stage[]	See Job Pipeline Stage Properties (Section 4.3.1)		

## Job Pipeline Stage Properties

Table 12. Job Pipeline Stage Properties

Property name	Type	Description	Constraints	Default
stageName	String	Unique name which is used as an exact match reference to a custom-built target sink or a user-defined custom stage.		n/a
index	Integer	Specifies the sequence in which the stages of the pipeline should be orchestrated.	min=1  Begins with 1 and each subsequent index should increment by 1	n/a

Property name	Type	Description	Constraints	Default
metricsEnabled	Boolean	When enabled, the target sink stage will report throughput and latency related metrics for persistence in RedisTimeSeries. This can subsequently be visualized in Grafana.		false
metricsRetentionInHours	Long	Maximum duration for metrics samples as compared to the highest reported timestamp before they expire.  Measured in hours.	min=1	4
checkpointStageIndicator	Boolean	Indicates which sink will be responsible for committing the checkpoint to the target database. This is typically performed by the last stage of the pipeline and, often times, it is the only stage in the pipeline.	Job pipeline can only have a single stage with <code>checkpointStageIndicator=true</code>	false

Property name	Type	Description	Constraints	Default
Checkpoint Transactions Enabled	Boolean	<p>Although the producer's polling event loop enqueues changed-data events in batches, each event is processed individually through the pipeline. This is because Redis Connect updates the checkpoint at the changed-data event level and not the batch.</p> <p>When enabled, the checkpoint will be committed as part of an atomic Redis transaction. This eliminates consistency issues and improves performance. Rollback capability is built in to handle any failure scenarios during the transaction so that no data will be lost.</p> <p>When disabled, the checkpoint will be committed after the the changed-data events are written. This adds another network round trip for each changed-data event.</p>	Distributed checkpoints require Redisearch. We use Redisearch to index checkpoint keys so that recovery from the latest checkpoint is immediate.	false



Property name	Type	Description	Constraints	Default
keyPrefix	String	Adds a prefix to the target Redis key before the tableName and composition of targetKey enabled columns.		
userDefinedType		<p>To create a custom stage, a factory interface must be extended so that Redis Connect can have visibility to it from a class loading perspective. See section X.X.X.</p> <p>The interface will force the user to create a <code>getType()</code> method which returns a unique String to represent the custom factory. This property must exactly match that custom unique String so that Redis Connect can properly discover and handle it as a custom stage.</p>		
database		See Database Properties (Section 4.4) Configuration for all target database configuration.		

Property name	Type	Description	Constraints	Default
checkpoint Database		See Database Properties (Section 4.4) Checkpoint database configuration. This is only required if Redis is not the target destination, which is only supported for Splunk.		

## Database Properties

Table 13. Database Properties

Property name	Type	Description	Default
connectionType	String	Distinguishes between Job Manager, Job Source, Job Target, and Job Checkpoint databases.  This field is auto-generated.	
databaseType		The following database types are supported:  [DB2, FILES, GEMFIRE, MONGODB, MYSQL, ORACLE, POSTGRES, REDIS, REDIS_STREAMS_MESSAGE_BROKER, SPLUNK, SQL_SERVER, VERTICA]  NONE is used for custom stages. Also see userDefinedType.  This is a required field.	
databaseURL			
credentials DirectoryPath			

Property name	Type	Description	Default
credentials RotationEvent ListenerEnabled			
credentials RotationEvent ListenerInterval			
custom Configuration			