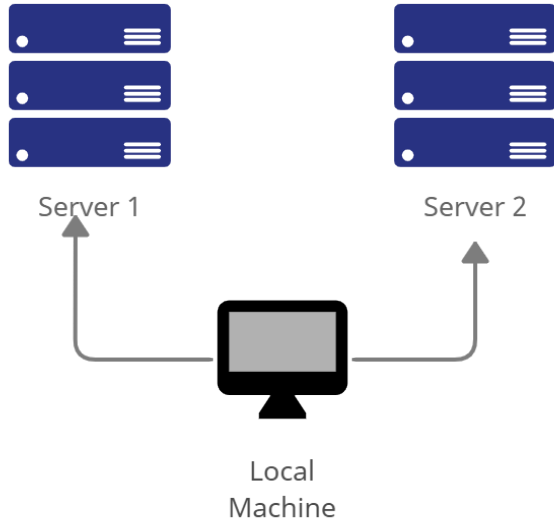
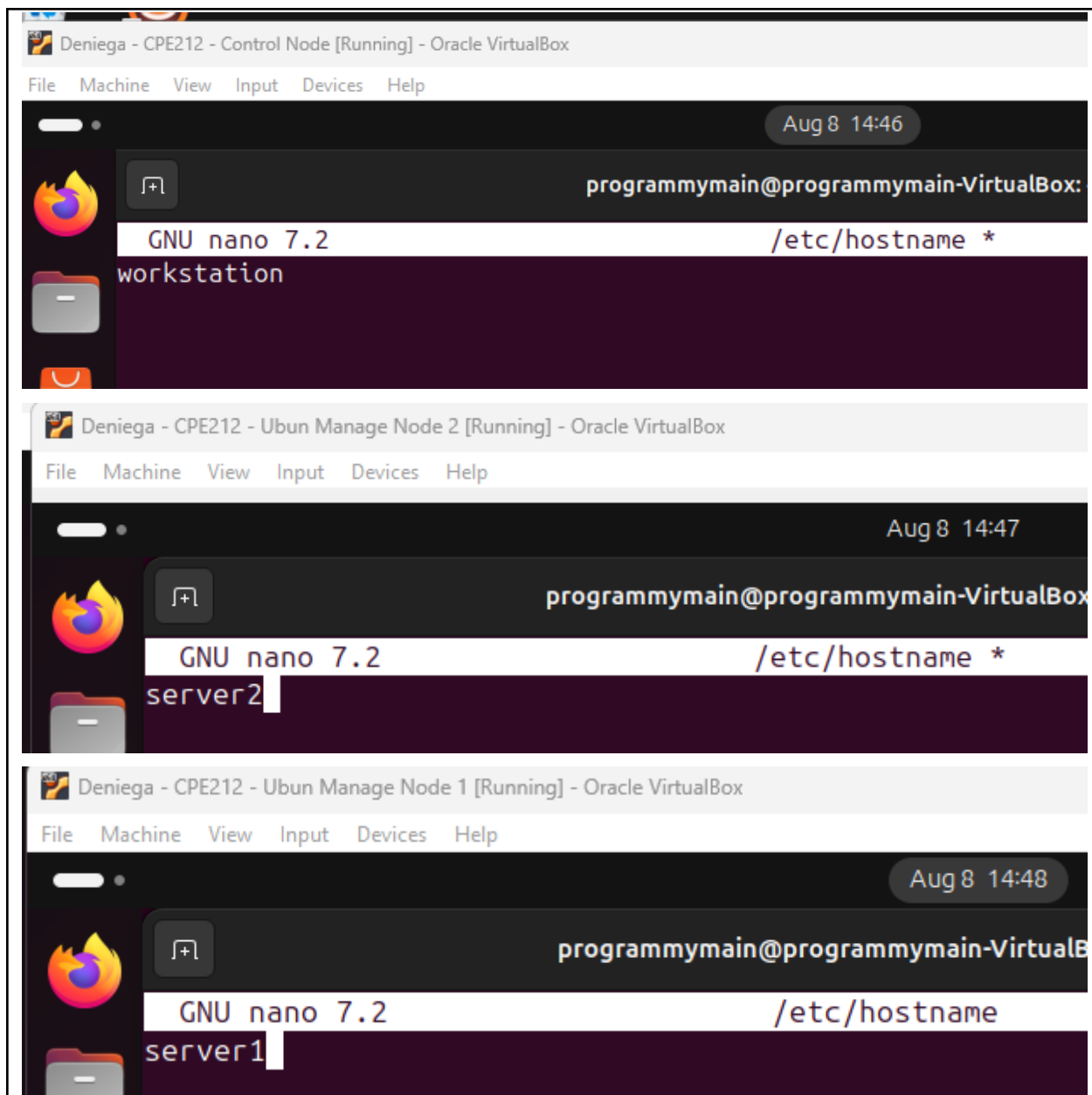


|   |  |
|---|--|
| <b>Name:</b> Alexis Neil D. Deniega   | <b>Date Performed:</b> August 8th, 2025    |
| <b>Course/Section:</b> CPE31S4  | <b>Date Submitted:</b> August 8th, 2025    |
| <b>Instructor:</b> Engr. Robin Valenzuela   | <b>Semester and SY:</b> SY 2025-26 1st Sem |
| <b>Activity 1: Configure Network using Virtual Machines</b>   |  |
| <b>1. Objectives:</b><br>1.1. Create and configure Virtual Machines in Microsoft Azure or VirtualBox<br>1.2. Set-up a Virtual Network and Test Connectivity of VMs  |  |
| <b>2. Discussion:</b><br><br><b>Network Topology:</b><br>Assume that you have created the following network topology in Virtual Machines, <i>provide screenshots for each task</i> . (Note: <i>it is assumed that you have the prior knowledge of cloning and creating snapshots in a virtual machine</i> ).  |  |
|    |  |
| <b>Task 1:</b> Do the following on Server 1, Server 2, and Local Machine. In editing the file using nano command, press control + O to write out (save the file). Press enter when asked for the name of the file. Press control + X to end. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Change the hostname using the command <i>sudo nano /etc/hostname</i> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1.1 Use server1 for Server 1</li> <li>1.2 Use server2 for Server 2</li> <li>1.3 Use workstation for the Local Machine</li> </ol> </li> </ol> |  |



Deniega - CPE212 - Control Node [Running] - Oracle VirtualBox

File Machine View Input Devices Help

Aug 8 14:46

programmymain@programmymain-VirtualBox:

GNU nano 7.2 /etc/hostname \*

workstation

Deniega - CPE212 - Ubn Manage Node 2 [Running] - Oracle VirtualBox

File Machine View Input Devices Help

Aug 8 14:47

programmymain@programmymain-VirtualBox:

GNU nano 7.2 /etc/hostname \*

server2

Deniega - CPE212 - Ubn Manage Node 1 [Running] - Oracle VirtualBox

File Machine View Input Devices Help

Aug 8 14:48

programmymain@programmymain-VirtualBox:

GNU nano 7.2 /etc/hostname

server1

2. Edit the hosts using the command *sudo nano /etc/hosts*. Edit the second line.

- 2.1 Type 127.0.0.1 server 1 for Server 1
- 2.2 Type 127.0.0.1 server 2 for Server 2
- 2.3 Type 127.0.0.1 workstation for the Local Machine

Deniega - CPE212 - Control Node [Running] - Oracle VirtualBox

File Machine View Input Devices Help

Aug 8 14:53

programmymain@workstation: ~

GNU nano 7.2 /etc/hosts

127.0.0.1 localhost

127.0.0.1 workstation

Deniega - CPE212 - Ubin Manage Node 2 [Running] - Oracle VirtualBox

File Machine View Input Devices Help

Aug 8 14:54

programmymain@server2: ~

GNU nano 7.2 /etc/hosts

127.0.0.1 localhost

127.0.0.1 server 2

Deniega - CPE212 - Ubin Manage Node 1 [Running] - Oracle VirtualBox

File Machine View Input Devices Help

Aug 8 14:55

programmymain@server1: ~

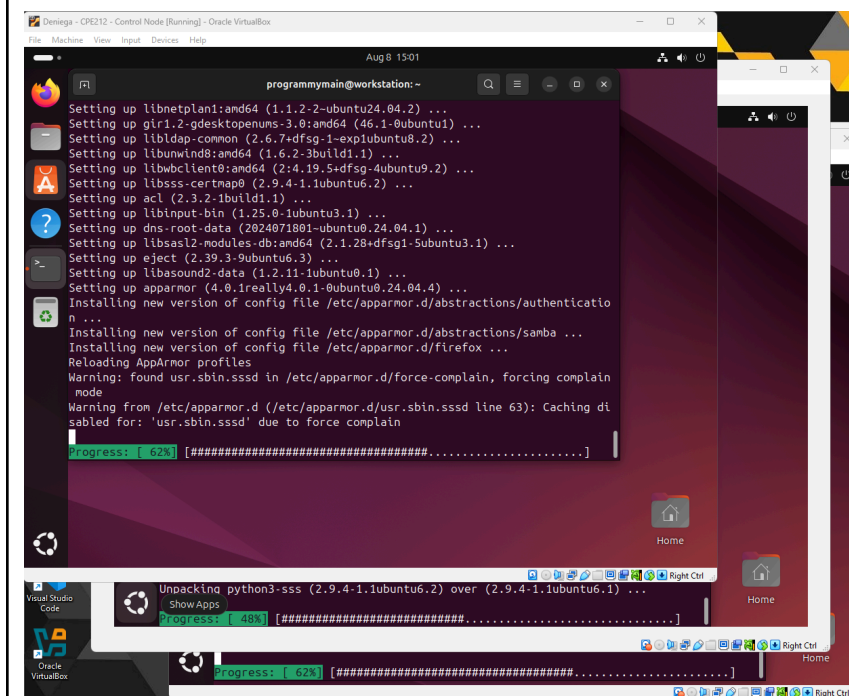
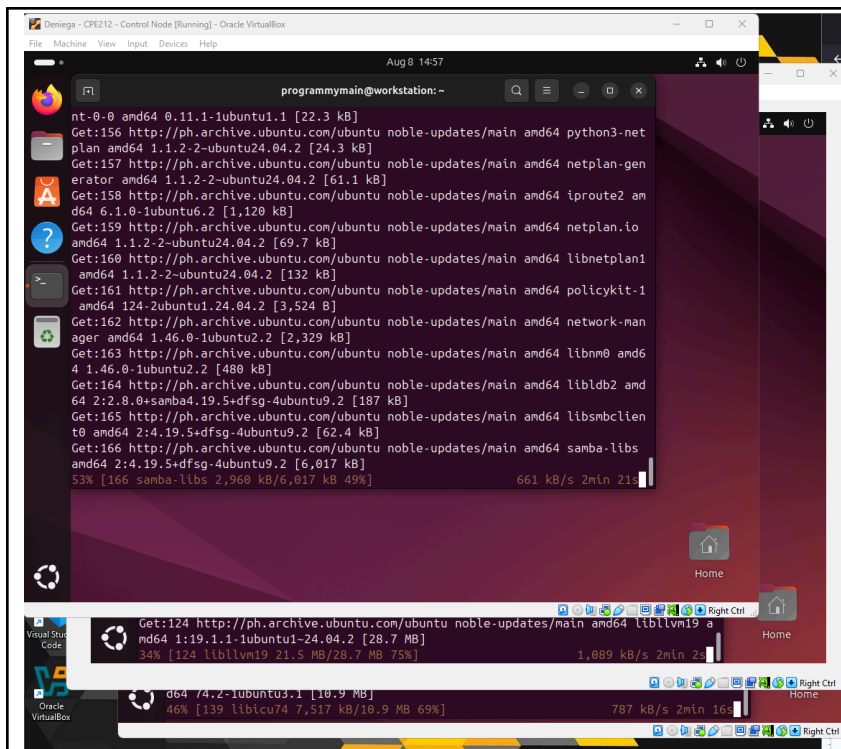
GNU nano 7.2 /etc/hosts

127.0.0.1 localhost

127.0.0.1 server 1

**Task 2:** Configure SSH on Server 1, Server 2, and Local Machine. Do the following:

1. Upgrade the packages by issuing the command *sudo apt update* and *sudo apt upgrade* respectively.



2. Install the SSH server using the command *sudo apt install openssh-server*.

```
programmymain@workstation:~$ sudo apt install openssh-server
```

```
programmymain@server2:~$ sudo apt install openssh-server
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree... Done
Reading state information... Done
```

```
programmymain@server1:~$ sudo apt install openssh-server
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree... Done
```

3. Verify if the SSH service has started by issuing the following commands:

3.1 *sudo service ssh start*

3.2 *sudo systemctl status ssh*

```
programmymain@workstation:~$ sudo service ssh start
programmymain@workstation:~$ sudo systemctl status ssh
● ssh.service - OpenBSD Secure Shell server
   Loaded: loaded (/usr/lib/systemd/system/ssh.service; disabled; preset: enabled)
   Active: active (running) since Fri 2025-08-08 15:04:56 PST; 5s ago
     TriggeredBy: ● ssh.socket
       Docs: man:sshd(8)
             man:sshd_config(5)
    Process: 26649 ExecStartPre=/usr/sbin/sshd -t (code=exited, status=0/SUCCESS)
   Main PID: 26651 (sshd)
      Tasks: 1 (limit: 3468)
     Memory: 1.3M (peak: 1.7M)
        CPU: 18ms
       CGroup: /system.slice/ssh.service
              └─26651 "sshd: /usr/sbin/sshd -D [listener] 0 of 10-100 startups"

Aug 08 15:04:56 workstation systemd[1]: Starting ssh.service - OpenBSD Secure Sshd:
Aug 08 15:04:56 workstation sshd[26651]: Server listening on 0.0.0.0 port 22.
Aug 08 15:04:56 workstation sshd[26651]: Server listening on :: port 22.
Aug 08 15:04:56 workstation systemd[1]: Started ssh.service - OpenBSD Secure Sshd:
lines 1-18/18 (END)
```

```

Processing triggers for ufw (0.36.2-6) ...
programmymain@server2:~$ sudo service ssh start
programmymain@server2:~$ sudo systemctl status ssh
● ssh.service - OpenBSD Secure Shell server
   Loaded: loaded (/usr/lib/systemd/system/ssh.service; disabled; preset: enabled)
   Active: active (running) since Fri 2025-08-08 15:05:31 PST; 5s ago
 TriggeredBy: ● ssh.socket
    Docs: man:sshd(8)
          man:sshd_config(5)
   Process: 26970 ExecStartPre=/usr/sbin/sshd -t (code=exited, status=0/SUCCESS)
  Main PID: 26971 (sshd)
    Tasks: 1 (limit: 3468)
   Memory: 1.2M (peak: 1.5M)
      CPU: 15ms
   CGroup: /system.slice/ssh.service
           └─26971 "sshd: /usr/sbin/sshd -D [listener] 0 of 10-100 startups"

Aug 08 15:05:31 server2 systemd[1]: Starting ssh.service - OpenBSD Secure Shell server:
Aug 08 15:05:31 server2 sshd[26971]: Server listening on 0.0.0.0 port 22.
Aug 08 15:05:31 server2 sshd[26971]: Server listening on :: port 22.
Aug 08 15:05:31 server2 systemd[1]: Started ssh.service - OpenBSD Secure Shell server:
lines 1-18/18 (END)

```

```

programmymain@server1:~$ sudo service ssh start
sudo programmymain@server1:~$
programmymain@server1:~$ sudo systemctl status ssh
● ssh.service - OpenBSD Secure Shell server
   Loaded: loaded (/usr/lib/systemd/system/ssh.service; disabled; preset: enabled)
   Active: active (running) since Fri 2025-08-08 15:05:56 PST; 8s ago
 TriggeredBy: ● ssh.socket
    Docs: man:sshd(8)
          man:sshd_config(5)
   Process: 26684 ExecStartPre=/usr/sbin/sshd -t (code=exited, status=0/SUCCESS)
  Main PID: 26685 (sshd)
    Tasks: 1 (limit: 3468)
   Memory: 1.2M (peak: 1.5M)
      CPU: 16ms
   CGroup: /system.slice/ssh.service
           └─26685 "sshd: /usr/sbin/sshd -D [listener] 0 of 10-100 startups"

Aug 08 15:05:56 server1 systemd[1]: Starting ssh.service - OpenBSD Secure Shell server:
Aug 08 15:05:56 server1 sshd[26685]: Server listening on 0.0.0.0 port 22.
Aug 08 15:05:56 server1 sshd[26685]: Server listening on :: port 22.
Aug 08 15:05:56 server1 systemd[1]: Started ssh.service - OpenBSD Secure Shell server:
lines 1-18/18 (END)

```

4. Configure the firewall to all port 22 by issuing the following commands:
  - 4.1 *sudo ufw allow ssh*
  - 4.2 *sudo ufw enable*
  - 4.3 *sudo ufw status*

```
programmymain@workstation:~$ sudo ufw allow ssh
```

```
Rules updated
```

```
Rules updated (v6)
```

```
programmymain@workstation:~$ sudo ufw enable
```

```
Firewall is active and enabled on system startup
```

```
programmymain@workstation:~$ sudo ufw status
```

```
Status: active
```

| To          | Action | From          |
|-------------|--------|---------------|
| --          | -----  | ----          |
| 22/tcp      | ALLOW  | Anywhere      |
| 22/tcp (v6) | ALLOW  | Anywhere (v6) |

```
programmymain@workstation:~$
```

```
programmymain@server2:~$ sudo ufw allow ssh
```

```
Rules updated
```

```
Rules updated (v6)
```

```
programmymain@server2:~$ sudo ufw enable
```

```
Firewall is active and enabled on system startup
```

```
programmymain@server2:~$ sudo ufw status
```

```
Status: active
```

| To          | Action | From          |
|-------------|--------|---------------|
| --          | -----  | ----          |
| 22/tcp      | ALLOW  | Anywhere      |
| 22/tcp (v6) | ALLOW  | Anywhere (v6) |

```
programmymain@server2:~$
```

```

programmymain@server1:~$ sudo ufw allow ssh
Rules updated
Rules updated (v6)
programmymain@server1:~$ sudo ufw enable
Firewall is active and enabled on system startup
programmymain@server1:~$ sudo ufw status
Status: active

To Action From
--
22/tcp ALLOW Anywhere
22/tcp (v6) ALLOW Anywhere (v6)

programmymain@server1:~$

```

**Task 3:** Verify network settings on Server 1, Server 2, and Local Machine. On each device, do the following:

1. Record the ip address of Server 1, Server 2, and Local Machine. Issue the command *ifconfig* and check network settings. Note that the ip addresses of all the machines are in this network 192.168.56.XX.
  - 1.1 Server 1 IP address: 192.168.56.116
  - 1.2 Server 2 IP address: 192.168.56.117
  - 1.3 Workstation IP address: 192.168.56.115

```

programmymain@server2:~$ sudo ifconfig
enp0s3: flags=4163<UP,BROADCAST,RUNNING,MULTICAST>
    inet 10.0.2.15 netmask 255.255.255.0 broad
    inet6 fd00::a00:27ff:fe71:7566 prefixlen 64
    inet6 fd00::366a:e5fb:87e4:84cd prefixlen 6
    inet6 fe80::a00:27ff:fe71:7566 prefixlen 64
    ether 08:00:27:71:75:66 txqueuelen 1000 (E
    RX packets 278 bytes 236427 (236.4 KB)
    RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
    TX packets 227 bytes 25115 (25.1 KB)
    TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0

enp0s8: flags=4163<UP,BROADCAST,RUNNING,MULTICAST>
    inet 192.168.56.117 netmask 255.255.255.0
    inet6 fe80::4194:33e2:300c:663e prefixlen 6
    ether 08:00:27:b3:e0:12 txqueuelen 1000 (E
    RX packets 54 bytes 8142 (8.1 KB)
    RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
    TX packets 58 bytes 7434 (7.4 KB)
    TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0

```



```

programmymain@workstation:~$ ifconfig
enp0s3: flags=4163<UP,BROADCAST,RUNNING
    inet 10.0.2.15 netmask 255.255
    inet6 fd00::b375:9df0:d243:1338
    inet6 fd00::a00:27ff:fe71:7566
    inet6 fe80::a00:27ff:fe71:7566
    ether 08:00:27:71:75:66 txqueu
RX packets 306 bytes 240923 (2
RX errors 0 dropped 0 overrun
TX packets 259 bytes 27577 (27
TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns

enp0s8: flags=4163<UP,BROADCAST,RUNNING
    inet 192.168.56.115 netmask 25
    inet6 fe80::e817:8a7d:febc:762c
    ether 08:00:27:07:0d:07 txqueu
RX packets 155 bytes 22627 (22
RX errors 0 dropped 0 overrun
TX packets 62 bytes 7834 (7.8
TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns

```

```

programmymain@server1:~$ ifconfig
enp0s3: flags=4163<UP,BROADCAST,RUNNING
    inet 10.0.2.15 netmask 255.25
    inet6 fd00::b6ff:2179:ed91:f79
    inet6 fe80::a00:27ff:fe71:7566
    inet6 fd00::a00:27ff:fe71:7566
    ether 08:00:27:71:75:66 txque
RX packets 348 bytes 244627 (
RX errors 0 dropped 0 overru
TX packets 293 bytes 28988 (2
TX errors 0 dropped 0 overrun

enp0s8: flags=4163<UP,BROADCAST,RUNNING
    inet 192.168.56.116 netmask 2
    inet6 fe80::fa85:9489:8c4d:94e
    ether 08:00:27:32:ec:65 txque

```

## 2. Make sure that they can ping each other.

2.1 Connectivity test for Local Machine 1 to Server 1: ☒ Successful ☐ Not Successful

2.2 Connectivity test for Local Machine 1 to Server 2: ☒ Successful ☐ Not Successful

2.3 Connectivity test for Server 1 to Server 2: ☒ Successful ☐ Not Successful

## Workstation to Server 1 (and v.v.)

```

programmymain@server1:~$ ping 192.168.56.115
PING 192.168.56.115 (192.168.56.115) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 192.168.56.115: icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.989 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.56.115: icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=1.57 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.56.115: icmp_seq=3 ttl=64 time=0.397 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.56.115: icmp_seq=4 ttl=64 time=0.409 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.56.115: icmp_seq=5 ttl=64 time=0.331 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.56.115: icmp_seq=6 ttl=64 time=0.416 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.56.115: icmp_seq=7 ttl=64 time=0.459 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.56.115: icmp_seq=8 ttl=64 time=0.402 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.56.115: icmp_seq=9 ttl=64 time=0.294 ms
^C
--- 192.168.56.115 ping statistics ---
9 packets transmitted, 9 received, 0% packet loss, time 8653ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.294/0.585/1.572/0.398 ms
programmymain@server1:~$

```

```
programmymain@workstation:~$ ping 192.168.56.116
PING 192.168.56.116 (192.168.56.116) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 192.168.56.116: icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.735 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.56.116: icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=0.670 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.56.116: icmp_seq=3 ttl=64 time=0.765 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.56.116: icmp_seq=4 ttl=64 time=0.733 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.56.116: icmp_seq=5 ttl=64 time=0.730 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.56.116: icmp_seq=6 ttl=64 time=0.583 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.56.116: icmp_seq=7 ttl=64 time=0.552 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.56.116: icmp_seq=8 ttl=64 time=0.503 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.56.116: icmp_seq=9 ttl=64 time=0.506 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.56.116: icmp_seq=10 ttl=64 time=0.585 ms
^C
--- 192.168.56.116 ping statistics ---
10 packets transmitted, 10 received, 0% packet loss, time 11355ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.503/0.636/0.765/0.096 ms
programmymain@workstation:~$
```

## Workstation to Server 2 (and v.v.)

```
programmymain@workstation:~$ ping -c4 192.168.56.117
PING 192.168.56.117 (192.168.56.117) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 192.168.56.117: icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.964 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.56.117: icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=0.475 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.56.117: icmp_seq=3 ttl=64 time=0.519 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.56.117: icmp_seq=4 ttl=64 time=0.517 ms

--- 192.168.56.117 ping statistics ---
4 packets transmitted, 4 received, 0% packet loss, time 3031ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.475/0.618/0.964/0.200 ms
programmymain@workstation:~$
```

```
programmymain@server2:~$ ping -c4 192.168.56.115
PING 192.168.56.115 (192.168.56.115) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 192.168.56.115: icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.505 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.56.115: icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=0.418 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.56.115: icmp_seq=3 ttl=64 time=0.479 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.56.115: icmp_seq=4 ttl=64 time=0.449 ms

--- 192.168.56.115 ping statistics ---
```

## Server 1 to 2 and vice versa

```
programmymain@server2:~$ ping -c4 192.168.56.116
PING 192.168.56.116 (192.168.56.116) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 192.168.56.116: icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.928 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.56.116: icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=0.531 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.56.116: icmp_seq=3 ttl=64 time=0.668 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.56.116: icmp_seq=4 ttl=64 time=0.490 ms

--- 192.168.56.116 ping statistics ---
4 packets transmitted, 4 received, 0% packet loss, time 5565ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.490/0.654/0.928/0.171 ms
programmymain@server2:~$
```

```
programmymain@server1:~$ ping -c4 192.168.56.117
PING 192.168.56.117 (192.168.56.117) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 192.168.56.117: icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.603 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.56.117: icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=0.440 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.56.117: icmp_seq=3 ttl=64 time=0.409 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.56.117: icmp_seq=4 ttl=64 time=0.483 ms

--- 192.168.56.117 ping statistics ---
4 packets transmitted, 4 received, 0% packet loss, time 3650ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.409/0.483/0.603/0.073 ms
programmymain@server1:~$
```

Server 1 IP address: 192.168.56.116

Server 2 IP address: 192.168.56.117

Workstation IP address: 192.168.56.115

**Task 4:** Verify SSH connectivity on Server 1, Server 2, and Local Machine.

1. On the Local Machine, issue the following commands:

1.1 ssh username@ip\_address\_server1 for example, *ssh jvtaylor@192.168.56.120*

1.2 Enter the password for server 1 when prompted

1.3 Verify that you are in server 1. The user should be in this format user@server1.

For example, *jvtaylor@server1*

```
programmymain@workstation:~$ ssh programmymain@192.168.56.116
The authenticity of host '192.168.56.116 (192.168.56.116)' can't be established.
ED25519 key fingerprint is SHA256:N0smB0vzLYMTYu0n7Zp7LdE+OKJgXBis0h2scw5XoA4.
This key is not known by any other names.
Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no/[fingerprint])? y
Please type 'yes', 'no' or the fingerprint: yes
Warning: Permanently added '192.168.56.116' (ED25519) to the list of known hosts
.
programmymain@192.168.56.116's password:
Welcome to Ubuntu 24.04.3 LTS (GNU/Linux 6.14.0-27-generic x86_64)

 * Documentation:  https://help.ubuntu.com
 * Management:    https://landscape.canonical.com
 * Support:        https://ubuntu.com/pro

Expanded Security Maintenance for Applications is not enabled.

1 update can be applied immediately.
To see these additional updates run: apt list --upgradable

Enable ESM Apps to receive additional future security updates.
See https://ubuntu.com/esm or run: sudo pro status

1 updates could not be installed automatically. For more details,
see /var/log/unattended-upgrades/unattended-upgrades.log

The programs included with the Ubuntu system are free software;
the exact distribution terms for each program are described in the
individual files in /usr/share/doc/*/copyright.

Ubuntu comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY, to the extent permitted by
applicable law.
```

2. Logout of Server 1 by issuing the command *control + D*.

```
programmymain@server1:~$
logout
Connection to 192.168.56.116 closed.
programmymain@workstation:~$
```

3. Do the same for Server 2.

```

programmymain@workstation:~$ ssh programmymain@192.168.56.117
The authenticity of host '192.168.56.117 (192.168.56.117)' can't be established.
ED25519 key fingerprint is SHA256:N0smB0vzLYMTYu0n7Zp7LdE+OKJgXBis0h2scw5XoA4.
This host key is known by the following other names/addresses:
  ~/.ssh/known_hosts:1: [hashed name]
Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no/[fingerprint])? yes
Warning: Permanently added '192.168.56.117' (ED25519) to the list of known hosts
.
programmymain@192.168.56.117's password:
Welcome to Ubuntu 24.04.3 LTS (GNU/Linux 6.14.0-27-generic x86_64)

 * Documentation:  https://help.ubuntu.com
 * Management:    https://landscape.canonical.com
 * Support:       https://ubuntu.com/pro

Expanded Security Maintenance for Applications is not enabled.

1 update can be applied immediately.
To see these additional updates run: apt list --upgradable

Enable ESM Apps to receive additional future security updates.
See https://ubuntu.com/esm or run: sudo pro status

1 updates could not be installed automatically. For more details,
see /var/log/unattended-upgrades/unattended-upgrades.log

The programs included with the Ubuntu system are free software;
the exact distribution terms for each program are described in the
individual files in /usr/share/doc/*/copyright.

Ubuntu comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY, to the extent permitted by
applicable law.

programmymain@server2:~$
logout
Connection to 192.168.56.117 closed.
programmymain@workstation:~$

```

4. Edit the hosts of the Local Machine by issuing the command *sudo nano /etc/hosts*. Below all texts type the following:
  - 4.1 *IP\_address server 1* (provide the ip address of server 1 followed by the hostname)
  - 4.2 *IP\_address server 2* (provide the ip address of server 2 followed by the hostname)
  - 4.3 Save the file and exit.

```

GNU nano 7.2 /etc/hosts
127.0.0.1 localhost
127.0.0.1 workstation
192.168.56.116 server1
192.168.56.117 server2

# The following lines are desirable for IPv6 capable hosts
::1 ip6-localhost ip6-loopback
fe00::0 ip6-localnet
ff00::0 ip6-mcastprefix
ff02::1 ip6-allnodes
ff02::2 ip6-allrouters

```

5. On the local machine, verify that you can do the SSH command but this time, use the hostname instead of typing the IP address of the servers. For example, try to do `ssh jvtaylor@server1`. Enter the password when prompted. Verify that you have entered Server 1. Do the same for Server 2.

```

programmymain@workstation:~$ ssh programmymain@server1
The authenticity of host 'server1 (192.168.56.116)' can't be established.
ED25519 key fingerprint is SHA256:N0smB0vzLYMTYu0n7Zp7LdE+OKJgXBis0h2scw5XoA4.
This host key is known by the following other names/addresses:
  ~/.ssh/known_hosts:1: [hashed name]
  ~/.ssh/known_hosts:4: [hashed name]
Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no/[fingerprint])? yes
Warning: Permanently added 'server1' (ED25519) to the list of known hosts.
programmymain@server1's password:
Welcome to Ubuntu 24.04.3 LTS (GNU/Linux 6.14.0-27-generic x86_64)

 * Documentation:  https://help.ubuntu.com
 * Management:    https://landscape.canonical.com
 * Support:       https://ubuntu.com/pro

Expanded Security Maintenance for Applications is not enabled.

1 update can be applied immediately.
To see these additional updates run: apt list --upgradable

Enable ESM Apps to receive additional future security updates.
See https://ubuntu.com/esm or run: sudo pro status

1 updates could not be installed automatically. For more details,
see /var/log/unattended-upgrades/unattended-upgrades.log
Last login: Fri Aug  8 15:25:13 2025 from 192.168.56.115
programmymain@server1:~$
logout
Connection to server1 closed.
programmymain@workstation:~$

```

```
programmymain@workstation:~$ ssh programmymain@server2
The authenticity of host 'server2 (192.168.56.117)' can't be established.
ED25519 key fingerprint is SHA256:N0smBOvzLYMTYu0n7Zp7LdE+OKJgXBis0h2scw5XoA4.
This host key is known by the following other names/addresses:
  ~/.ssh/known_hosts:1: [hashed name]
  ~/.ssh/known_hosts:4: [hashed name]
  ~/.ssh/known_hosts:5: [hashed name]
Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no/[fingerprint])? yes
Warning: Permanently added 'server2' (ED25519) to the list of known hosts.
programmymain@server2's password:
Welcome to Ubuntu 24.04.3 LTS (GNU/Linux 6.14.0-27-generic x86_64)

 * Documentation:  https://help.ubuntu.com
 * Management:    https://landscape.canonical.com
 * Support:       https://ubuntu.com/pro

Expanded Security Maintenance for Applications is not enabled.

1 update can be applied immediately.
To see these additional updates run: apt list --upgradable

Enable ESM Apps to receive additional future security updates.
See https://ubuntu.com/esm or run: sudo pro status

1 updates could not be installed automatically. For more details,
see /var/log/unattended-upgrades/unattended-upgrades.log
Last login: Fri Aug  8 15:28:16 2025 from 192.168.56.115
programmymain@server2:~$
logout
Connection to server2 closed.
programmymain@workstation:~$
```

## Reflections:

Answer the following:

1. How are we able to use the hostname instead of IP address in SSH commands?
  - When I put the IP address and its corresponding hostname on the `/etc/hosts` file, the two new lines act as some sort of a table, where the hosts are the rows, and the IP-name combo as the columns. When we SSH the hostname, the program searches for matches, and replaces the hostname with its corresponding IP address, then does whatever SSH does afterwards.
2. How secured is SSH?
  - Each device has a private key that is used in tandem with the public key, and they are often big and long, like SHA256, to prevent any brute-force guessing. When mixed, the two communicators are the only ones capable of deciphering

*it, even if it catches out in the public, since they have the private key hashes to themselves and only themselves, making it secure and safe to use.*