

De Morgan's Theorem

De Morgan's theorem provides a valuable tool for simplifying Boolean algebra expressions

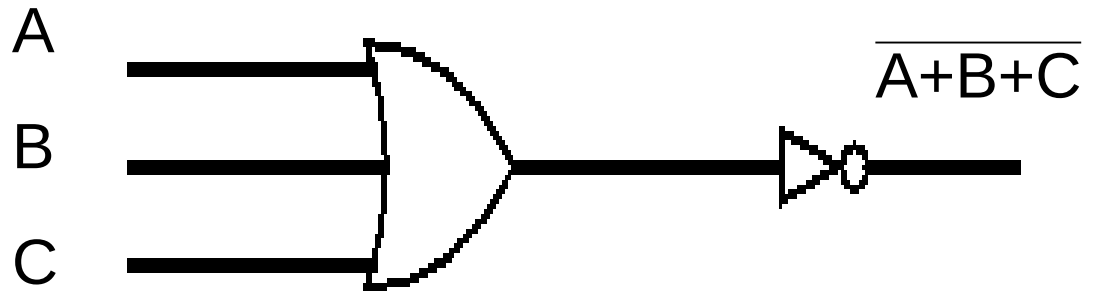
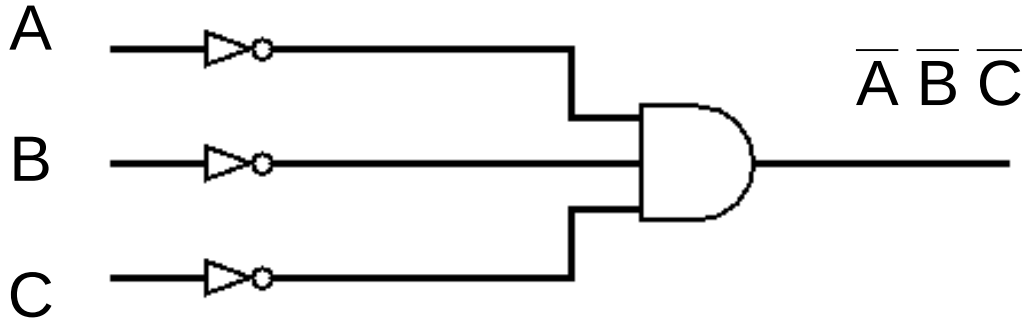
Algorithm – Three steps are required to De Morganize a Boolean algebra expression

1. Find the biggest single bar and break it
2. Replace **OR** operator(s) with **AND** operator, and vice verse
3. Simplify factors or terms using Boolean algebra theorems, postulates, other properties...
4. Repeat steps 1-3 until no further simplification can be made

Augustus De Morgan (1806-1871), English mathematician

De Morgan's Theorem

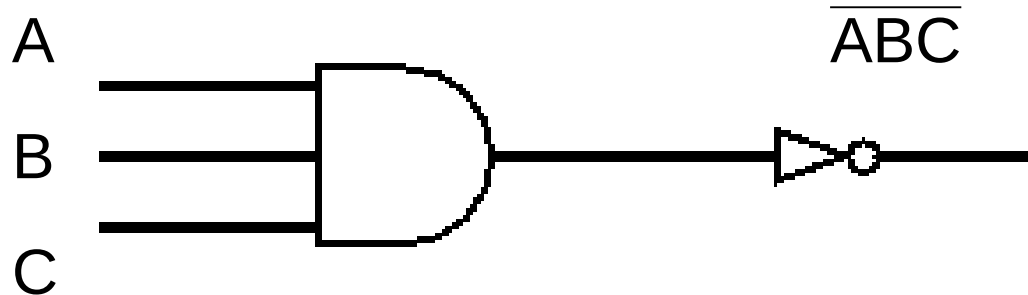
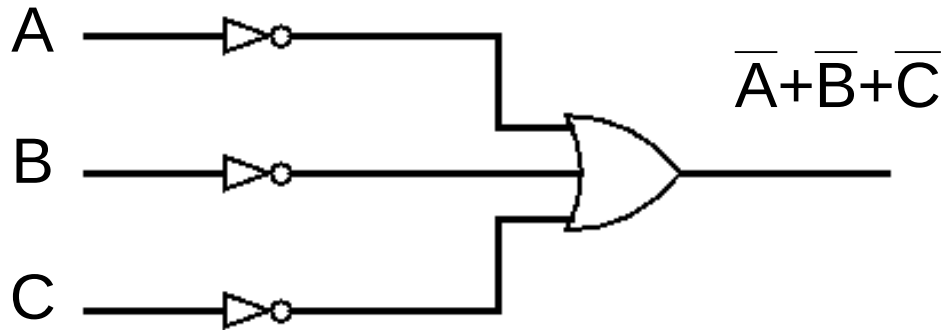
Logic gate representation of De Morgan's theorem



Truth table for this theorem??

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Logic gate representation of De Morgan's theorem



Truth table for this theorem??

Grouping – NOTs

In certain situations, grouping of variables with AND operation with the use of parenthesis is essential

$$\overline{A+BC}$$

$$\overline{A+(BC)}$$

$$\overline{A} \overline{BC}$$

$$\overline{A}(\overline{BC})$$

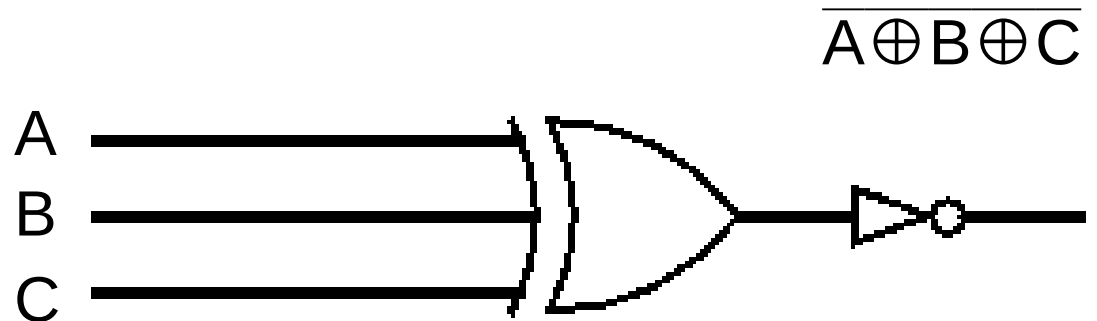
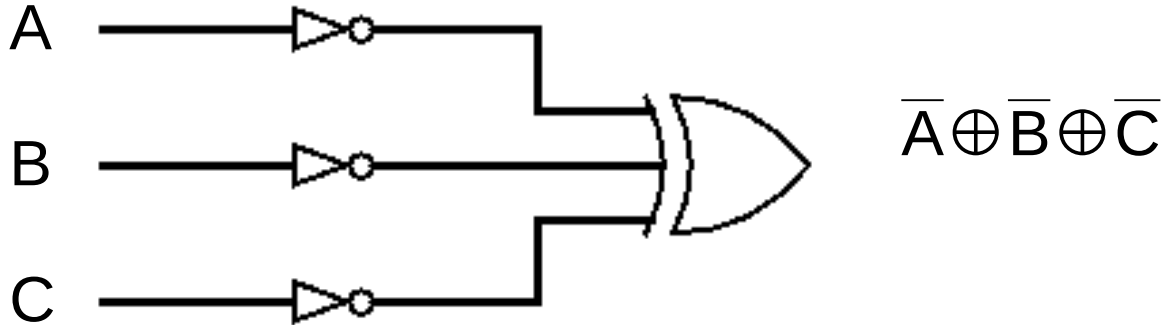
$$\overline{A} \overline{B} + \overline{C}$$

$$\overline{A}(\overline{B} + \overline{C})$$

$$\overline{A} \overline{B} + \overline{C} \neq \overline{A}(\overline{B} + \overline{C})$$

Using the truth table, it can be shown that solution $\overline{A}(\overline{B} + \overline{C})$ is the correct one

XOR – XNOR



Even though this reduction may look like an application of De Morgan's theorem...it **cannot** be classified as such since it does not follow the algorithm outlined earlier

Truth table for this theorem??

Review Questions

Review question set 10