# DataStructure

# 1.1 1d segTree

```
1 void buildst(int l, int r, int idx) //l, r是st的區間
       if(l == r){}
          st[idx] = arr[l];
           return:
       int mid = (l+r)/2;
      buildst(l. mid. idx*2):
      buildst(mid+1, r, idx*2+1);
      st[idx] = max(st[idx*2], st[idx*2+1]);
   ll querv(int l, int r, int idx, int L, int R) //L,R是操作的
14
       if(r < L || R < l) return -INF:</pre>
       if(L <= l && r <= R) return st[idx];</pre>
      int mid = (l+r)/2;
       return max(query(l, mid, idx*2, L, R), query(mid+1, r,
           idx*2+1, L, R));
19
   void modify(int l, int r, int idx, int x, int v)
22
23
       if(r < x || x < l) return;</pre>
      if(l == r){
           st[idx] += v; return;
       int mid = (l+r)/2:
       modify(l, mid, idx*2, x, v);
       modify(mid+1, r, idx*2+1, x, v);
       st[idx] = max(st[idx*2], st[idx*2+1]);
```

# 1.2 2d st tag

```
1 //二維陣列單點查詢區間加值
2 class St1d
3 {
4 private:
     ll st[4*N];
 public:
      void build();
      void modify(int l, int r, int idx, int L, int R, ll v);
     ll query(int l, int r, int idx, int x);
      void down(int idx);
  void St1d::build(){
      memset(st, 0, sizeof(st));
  void St1d::modify(int l, int r, int idx, int L, int R, ll v){ 80
      if(r < L || R < l) return;</pre>
      if(L <= l && r <= R)
```

```
st[idx] += v;
23
      assert(l != r);
      down(idx);
      int mid = (l+r)/2:
      modify(l, mid, idx*2, L, R, v);
      modify(mid+1, r, idx*2+1, L, R, v);
   ll St1d::guerv(int l. int r. int idx. int x){
      if(x < l || r < x) return 0;
      if(l == x && r == x) return st[idx]:
      int mid = (l+r)/2;
      ll left = guerv(l, mid, idx*2, x):
      ll right = query(mid+1, r, idx*2+1, x);
      return left+right;
   void St1d::down(int idx){
      st[idx*2] += st[idx], st[idx*2+1] += st[idx];
      st[idx] = 0;
   49
  class St2d
50
  private:
      St1d st[4*N];
54
  public:
      void build(int il, int ir, int idx);
      void modify(int il, int ir, int jl, int jr, int idx, int 24
           iL, int iR, int jL, int jR, ll v);
      ll query(int il, int ir, int jl, int jr, int idx, int i, 26
           int i):
58
   void St2d::build(int il, int ir, int idx){
      st[idx].build();
      if(il == ir) return;
      int mid = (il+ir)/2;
      build(il, mid, idx*2);
      build(mid+1, ir, idx*2+1);
   void St2d::modify(int il, int ir, int jl, int jr, int idx,
       int iL, int iR, int jL, int jR, ll v){
      if(ir < iL || iR < il) return;</pre>
      if(iL <= il && ir <= iR){</pre>
          st[idx].modify(jl, jr, 1, jL, jR, v); return;
      int mid = (il+ir)/2;
      modify(il, mid, jl, jr, idx*2, iL, iR, jL, jR, v);
      modify(mid+1, ir, jl, jr, idx*2+1, iL, iR, jL, jR, v);
   ll St2d::query(int il, int ir, int jl, int jr, int idx, int i
      ll tot = 0:
```

if(i < il || ir < i) return 0;</pre>

# 1.3 undo disjoint set

int mid = (il+ir)/2;

if(il == i && ir == i) return tot;

tot += query(il, mid, jl, jr, idx\*2, i, j);

tot += query(mid+1, ir, jl, jr, idx\*2+1, i, j);

```
1 struct DisjointSet {
    // save() is like recursive
    // undo() is like return
    int n, fa[MXN], sz[MXN];
    vector<pair<int*.int>> h:
    vector<int> sp;
    void init(int tn) {
       for (int i=0; i<n; i++) sz[fa[i]=i]=1;</pre>
      sp.clear(); h.clear();
    void assign(int *k, int v) {
      h.PB({k, *k});
       *k=v:
15
    void save() { sp.PB(SZ(h)); }
    void undo() {
      assert(!sp.empty());
       int last=sp.back(); sp.pop_back();
       while (SZ(h)!=last) {
21
        auto x=h.back(); h.pop_back();
22
        *x.F=x.S;
    int f(int x) {
       while (fa[x]!=x) x=fa[x];
      return x:
    void uni(int x, int y) {
      x=f(x); y=f(y);
       if (x==y) return ;
       if (sz[x]<sz[y]) swap(x, y);</pre>
       assign(&sz[x], sz[x]+sz[y]);
      assign(&fa[v], x);
35
36 }djs;
```

# 1.4 treap

```
1 | struct Treap {
                                                                 int pri, sz;
                                                                 int rev;
                                                                 ll data, tag; // tag: make-same
                                                                 Treap *l, *r;
                                                                 Treap(ll d):pri(rand()), sz(1), rev(0), data(d), tag(INF)
                                                                     , l(NULL), r(NULL) {}
                                                                 inline void up();
                                                                 inline void down();
if(il <= i && i <= ir) tot += st[idx].query(jl, jr, 1, j) 10</pre>
                                                           int size(Treap *t) { return t? t->sz:0; }
```

```
12 | ll get_data(Treap *t) { return t? t->data:0; }
13
   void Treap::up() {
14
15
       if(l) l->down();
       if(r) r->down();
16
17
       sz = 1+size(l)+size(r);
18
19
   void Treap::down() {
20
       if(tag != INF) {
           data = taq;
21
           if(l) l->tag = tag;
22
           if(r) r->tag = tag;
23
           tag = INF;
24
25
26
       if(rev) {
27
           swap(l, r);
           if(l) l->rev ^= 1;
28
           if(r) r->rev ^= 1;
29
           rev ^= 1;
30
31
32
33
   void freeTreap(Treap *t) {
34
       if(!t) return;
       if(t->l) freeTreap(t->l);
35
36
       if(t->r) freeTreap(t->r);
       delete t:
37
38
   Treap *merge(Treap *a, Treap *b) {
39
       if(!a || !b) return (a? a:b);
40
       if(a->pri < b->pri) {
           a->down();
42
           a - > r = merge(a - > r, b);
43
           a->up();
44
45
           return a;
       } else {
46
47
           b->down();
           b \rightarrow l = merge(a, b \rightarrow l);
48
49
           b->up();
           return b;
50
51
52
   void split(Treap *o, Treap *&a, Treap *&b, int k) {
       if(!o) a = b = NULL;
       else {
55
56
           o->down();
           if(k >= size(o->l)+1) {
58
               split(o->r, a->r, b, k-size(o->l)-1);
59
           } else {
               b = o;
               split(o->l, a, b->l, k);
           o->up();
65
66
67
   Treap* buildTreap(vector<int> &arr) {
       srand(7122+time(NULL));
       Treap *tp = NULL;
       for(auto x : arr)
72
           tp = merge(tp, new Treap(x));
       return tp;
   void ins(Treap *&tp, int pos, int x) {
       Treap *a, *b;
       split(tp, a, b, pos);
```

```
tp = merge(a, merge(new Treap(x), b));
79
   void del(Treap *&tp, int pos, int k) {
80
       Treap *a, *b, *c;
81
        split(tp, a, b, pos-1);
82
83
       split(b, b, c, k);
84
       freeTreap(b):
        tp = merge(a, c);
85
86
   void makeSame(Treap *tp, int pos, int k, int val) {
87
       Treap *a, *b, *c;
88
        split(tp, a, b, pos-1);
89
        split(b, b, c, k);
90
91
       b->tag = val:
92
       tp = merge(a, merge(b, c));
93
   void rev(Treap *&tp, int pos, int k) {
94
       Treap *a, *b, *c;
95
96
        split(tp, a, b, pos-1);
97
       split(b, b, c, k);
98
       b->rev ^= 1;
99
        tp = merge(a, merge(b, c));
100 }
```

# 1.5 disjoint\_set

```
1 // path compression
  int f[N];
  int findrt(int x)
       if(f[x] == x) return x;
       else return f[x] = findrt(f[x]);
  int same(int x, int y)
11
       return findrt(x) == findrt(y);
13
15
  void uni(int x, int y)
16
17
      f[findrt(y)] = findrt(x);
18
19
    for(int i = 0; i < N; i++) f[i] = i;</pre>
23
  //union by rank
  int f[N]; //disjoint set
  int rk[N]; //union by rank
  int findrt(int x)
      if(f[x] == x) return x;
       else return f[x] = findrt(f[x]);
33 }
35
  bool same(int x, int y)
36
       return findrt(x) == findrt(y);
```

```
40 void uni(int x, int y)
41
       x = findrt(x), y = findrt(y);
42
43
       if(x == y) return;
44
       if(rk[x] < rk[y]) f[x] = y;
       else if(rk[x] == rk[y]) f[x] = y, rk[y]++;
45
46
       else f[y] = x;
47 }
48
49
   void init()
50
51
    for(int i = 0; i < N; i++) f[i] = i, rank[i] = 0;</pre>
```

#### 1.6 Matrix

```
1 | ll SZ,MOD;
2 const int MAXSZ=105;
   struct Mat{
       ll m[MAXSZ][MAXSZ];
       Mat(){memset(m, 0, sizeof(m));}
   Mat matMul(const Mat &A, const Mat &B){
       Mat rtn;
       for(int i = 0; i < SZ; i++)</pre>
11
           for(int k = 0; k < SZ; k++)</pre>
               if(A.m[i][k])for(int j=0; j<SZ; j++){</pre>
                    rtn.m[i][j]+=(A.m[i][k]*B.m[k][j]);
15
       return rtn;
17
   //B is of size SZ
   vector<ll> matMul(const Mat &A, const vector<ll> &B)
20
21
       vector<ll> rtn(SZ,0);
       for(int i = 0; i < SZ; i++)</pre>
           for(int j = 0; j < SZ; j++)</pre>
23
24
               rtn[i]=(rtn[i]+A.m[i][j]*B[j]);
25
26
       return rtn;
27
   Mat matPow(Mat& M, ll p){
       if(p == 0)
31
32
           for(int i=0;i<SZ;i++)iden.m[i][i]=1;</pre>
           return iden;
33
34
       if(p == 1)return M;
35
       Mat rtn = matPow(M, p/2);
37
       if(p&1)return matMul(matMul(rtn, rtn), M);
       else return matMul(rtn, rtn);
38
```

# 1.7 1d\_segTree\_tag

```
1 //線段樹懶人標記:一維陣列區間加值區間乘值區間查詢總和
                                                                        int mid = l+(r-l)/2:
                                                                                                                                        static const int MAXN=105:
  struct Node //data = data*mul+add;
                                                                        mul(l, mid, idx*2, L, R, v);
                                                                                                                                        static const T INF=INT MAX;
                                                                        mul(mid+1, r, idx*2+1, L, R, v);
                                                                                                                                        int n, level[MAXN], cur[MAXN];
                                                                  63
                                                                        up(l, r, idx);
                                                                                                                                        struct edge{
      ll data, mul, add;
                                                                  64
                                                                  65
  };
                                                                                                                                          int v,pre;
                                                                  66
                                                                                                                                          T cap, flow, r;
                                                                    ll querv(int l, int r, int idx, int L, int R){
   ll getval(int l. int r. int idx){
                                                                                                                                          edge(int v.int pre.T cap):v(v).pre(pre).cap(cap).flow(0).
      return (st[idx].data*st[idx].mul%MD+(r-l+1)*st[idx].add%
                                                                        if(r < L || R < l) return 0;</pre>
                                                                                                                                               r(cap){}
           MD)%MD:
                                                                        if(L <= l && r <= R){
                                                                                                                                        int q[MAXN];
                                                                  70
                                                                            return getval(l, r, idx);
                                                                                                                                   11
10
                                                                 71
                                                                                                                                   12
                                                                                                                                        vector<edge> e;
   void up(int l. int r. int idx){
                                                                        down(l. r. idx):
                                                                                                                                        void init(int n){
      int mid = l+(r-l)/2;
                                                                        int mid = l+(r-l)/2;
                                                                                                                                          memset(q,-1,sizeof(int)*((n= n)+1));
12
                                                                                                                                   14
      st[idx].data = (getval(l. mid. idx*2)+getval(mid+1. r.
                                                                        return (query(l. mid. idx*2. L. R)+query(mid+1. r. idx
                                                                                                                                          e.clear():
           idx*2+1))%MD:
                                                                             *2+1. L. R))%MD:
                                                                                                                                   16
14 }
                                                                                                                                   17
                                                                                                                                        void add edge(int u,int v,T cap,bool directed=false){
                                                                                                                                          e.push_back(edge(v,g[u],cap));
15
   void down(int l, int r, int idx){
                                                                                                                                          g[u]=e.size()-1;
16
      st[idx].data = getval(l, r, idx);
                                                                                                                                          e.push back(edge(u,g[v],directed?0:cap));
17
                                                                                                                                   20
                                                                    1.8 BIT
       int lson = idx*2. rson = idx*2+1:
                                                                                                                                          a[v]=e.size()-1:
18
                                                                                                                                   21
19
                                                                                                                                   22
          st[lson].mul = st[lson].mul*st[idx].mul%MD:
                                                                                                                                   23
                                                                                                                                        int bfs(int s.int t){
20
          st[lson].add = (st[lson].add*st[idx].mul+st[idx].add) 1 #define lowbit(x) x&-x
21
                                                                                                                                   24
                                                                                                                                          memset(level.0.sizeof(int)*(n+1));
                                                                                                                                   25
                                                                                                                                          memcpy(cur,q,sizeof(int)*(n+1));
          st[rson].mul = st[rson].mul*st[idx].mul%MD:
                                                                                                                                   26
                                                                                                                                          aueue<int> a:
22
                                                                  3 int arr[N]; //紀錄前綴和
23
          st[rson].add = (st[rson].add*st[idx].mul+st[idx].add)
                                                                                                                                   27
                                                                                                                                          a.push(s):
                                                                    int bit[N]:
                                                                                                                                          level[s]=1;
                                                                                                                                   28
                                                                                                                                   29
                                                                                                                                          while(a.size()){
24
                                                                    void conv(int a[], int n) //離散化
      st[idx].mul = 1, st[idx].add = 0;
                                                                                                                                            int u=q.front();q.pop();
25
                                                                                                                                   30
                                                                                                                                            for(int i=g[u];~i;i=e[i].pre){
26
                                                                                                                                   31
                                                                        vector<int> tmp:
27
                                                                                                                                   32
                                                                                                                                              if(!level[e[i].v]&&e[i].r){
                                                                        for(int i=1: i<=n: i++) tmp.push back(a[i]):</pre>
   void buildst(int l, int r, int idx){
                                                                                                                                   33
                                                                                                                                                level[e[i].v]=level[u]+1;
                                                                  10
                                                                        sort(tmp.begin(), tmp.end());
29
       st[idx].mul = 1. st[idx].add = 0:
                                                                                                                                                q.push(e[i].v);
                                                                                                                                   34
                                                                        for(int i=1; i<=n; i++) a[i] = lower_bound(tmp.begin(),</pre>
      if(l == r){
                                                                                                                                                if(e[i].v==t)return 1;
30
                                                                             tmp.end(), a[i]) - tmp.begin() + 1;
          st[idx].data = arr[l];
                                                                                                                                   36
31
                                                                  12
32
           return:
                                                                                                                                   37
                                                                 13
33
                                                                                                                                   38
                                                                    void buildbit() //每個bit[x]紀錄[x-lowbit(x)+1, x]的總和
       int mid = l+(r-l)/2;
34
                                                                                                                                   39
                                                                                                                                          return 0;
                                                                 15
35
       buildst(l. mid. idx*2):
                                                                 16
                                                                        for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) bit[i] = arr[i]-arr[i-lowbit(i</pre>
36
      buildst(mid+1, r, idx*2+1);
                                                                                                                                        T dfs(int u,int t,T cur flow=INF){
                                                                             )];
       up(l, r, idx);
                                                                                                                                   42
                                                                                                                                          if(u==t)return cur_flow;
37
                                                                  17
                                                                                                                                   43
                                                                                                                                          T df:
38
                                                                                                                                   44
                                                                                                                                          for(int &i=cur[u];~i;i=e[i].pre){
39
                                                                    int sum(int x) //查詢[1,x]的總和
                                                                                                                                            if(level[e[i].v]==level[u]+1&&e[i].r){
                                                                                                                                   45
   void add(int l, int r, int idx, int L, int R, int v){ //操作L
                                                                                                                                   46
                                                                                                                                              if(df=dfs(e[i].v,t,min(cur_flow,e[i].r))){
                                                                        int rtn = 0:
                                                                                                                                                e[i].flow+=df;
       if(r < L || R < l) return:</pre>
                                                                                                                                   47
                                                                        for(;x;x-=lowbit(x)) rtn += bit[x];
                                                                                                                                   48
                                                                                                                                                e[i^1].flow-=df:
42
       if(L <= l && r <= R){
                                                                        return rtn;
                                                                                                                                   49
                                                                                                                                                e[i].r-=df;
          st[idx].add = (st[idx].add+v)%MD;
43
                                                                 24
                                                                                                                                                e[i^1].r+=df;
           return:
44
                                                                                                                                                return df;
                                                                                                                                   51
45
                                                                 26
                                                                    void modify(int x, int d) //把位置x的東西加上d
                                                                                                                                   52
       down(l, r, idx);
                                                                 27
       int mid = l+(r-l)/2:
                                                                                                                                   53
                                                                 28
                                                                        for(;x<=n;x+=lowbit(x)) bit[x] += d;</pre>
                                                                                                                                   54
       add(l, mid, idx*2, L, R, v);
       add(mid+1, r. idx*2+1, L. R. v):
                                                                                                                                          return level[u]=0;
                                                                                                                                   56
50
       up(l, r, idx);
                                                                                                                                   57
                                                                                                                                        T dinic(int s,int t,bool clean=true){
51
                                                                                                                                          if(clean){
                                                                                                                                            for(size_t i=0;i<e.size();++i){</pre>
   void mul(int l, int r, int idx, int L, int R, int v){
                                                                         Flow
                                                                                                                                   60
                                                                                                                                              e[i].flow=0;
      if(r < L || R < l) return;</pre>
                                                                                                                                              e[i].r=e[i].cap;
       if(L <= l && r <= R){
                                                                                                                                   61
          st[idx].add = st[idx].add*v%MD;
                                                                                                                                   62
                                                                    2.1 dinic
          st[idx].mul = st[idx].mul*v%MD;
                                                                                                                                   63
                                                                                                                                   64
                                                                                                                                          T ans=0. mf=0:
           return:
                                                                                                                                          while(bfs(s,t))while(mf=dfs(s,t))ans+=mf;
                                                                  1 template < typename T>
                                                                                                                                          return ans;
      down(l, r, idx);
                                                                  2 struct DINIC{
```

dis[u]++;

double isap()

gap[dis[u]]++;

return flow;

gap[0]=ans:

void dfs1(int u)

vis[u]=true:

if(u>=1&&u<=n)

int v=e[i].ed;

dfs1(v):

int main()

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**if**(--gap[dis[u]]==0) dis[start]=ans;

double maxflow=0.0:

while(dis[start]<ans)</pre>

return 1.0\*m-maxflow:

memset(gap,0,sizeof(gap));

memset(dis,0,sizeof(dis));

maxflow+=dfs(start.inf):

for(int i=head[u]:i!=-1:i=e[i].next)

if(vis[v]==false&&e[i].flow>0)

double Left, Right, mid, flow;

mid=(Left+Right)/2;

makemap(Left);//最大密度建图

memset(vis, false, sizeof(vis));

for(i=0;i<m;i++)</pre>

Left=0; Right=m;

makemap(mid);

Right=mid:

else Left=mid:

printf("%d\n".sum):

printf("%d\n",i);

for(i=1;i<=n;i++)</pre>

sum=0:

return 0;

dfs1(start);

while (scanf("%d%d".&n.&m)!=-1)

start=0,end=n+m+1,ans=end+1;

if(m==0){printf("1\n1\n");continue;}

scanf("%d%d",&P[i].x,&P[i].y);

之间误差的精度不超过1/(n\*n)

flow=isap();//求出最大权值闭合图

if(flow<eps)//如果小于0, g值太大

if(vis[i]==true)//残留网络中源点能到达的点

while(Right-Left>=1.0/n/n)//胡伯涛的论文给出了证明,不同解

#### 68 }; MaxDensitySubgraph 1 | #include < stdio.h> 2 #include < string.h> 3 const int N=1500; 4 const double inf=0x3ffffffff; const double eps=1e-8: int gap[N],dis[N],start,end,ans,sum,head[N],num,dep[N],n,m; bool vis[N]: struct edge 9 int st.ed.next: double flow; }e[80\*N]: struct node 14 int x.v: }P[1100]; void addedge(int x,int v,double w) 18 e[num].st=x;e[num].ed=y;e[num].flow=w;e[num].next=head[x]; head[x]=num++; e[num].st=v:e[num].ed=x:e[num].flow=0:e[num].next=head[v]: head[v]=num++; 21 22 void makemap(double g) 23 24 int i: memset(head, -1, sizeof(head)); 26 27 for(i=1:i<=n:i++)</pre> 28 addedge(i,end,g); for(i=0;i<m;i++)</pre> 29 30 31 addedge(n+i+1,P[i].y,inf); 32 addedge(n+i+1,P[i].x,inf); addedge(start,n+i+1,1.0); 34 35 double dfs(int u, double minflow) if(u==end)return minflow; 38 39 int i.v; double f,flow=0.0; for(i=head[u];i!=-1;i=e[i].next) 42 v=e[i].ed; 43 if(e[i].flow>0) 45 46 if(dis[v]+1==dis[u]) 47 $f=dfs(v,e[i].flow>minflow-flow?minflow-flow:e^{111}$ [i].flow); flow+=f; e[i].flow-=f: e[i^1].flow+=f; if(minflow-flow<=1e-8)return flow;</pre> if(dis[start]>=ans)return flow;

55

## 2.3 MinCostMaxFlow

```
1 template < typename TP >
  struct MCMF{
    static const int MAXN=440;
     static const TP INF=9999999999:
     struct edge{
       int v,pre;
       TP r,cost;
       edge(int v,int pre,TP r,TP cost):v(v),pre(pre),r(r),cost(
     int n.S.T:
     TP dis[MAXN].PIS.ans:
11
     bool vis[MAXN];
     vector<edae> e:
     int q[MAXN];
14
     void init(int n){
       memset(g,-1,sizeof(int)*((n=_n)+1));
17
       e.clear();
18
19
     void add edge(int u.int v.TP r.TP cost.bool directed=false)
20
       e.push_back(edge(v,g[u],r,cost));
21
       a[u]=e.size()-1:
       e.push back(
22
23
       edge(u,g[v],directed?0:r,-cost));
       g[v]=e.size()-1;
24
25
     TP augment(int u,TP CF){
26
27
       if(u==T||!CF)return ans+=PIS*CF,CF;
28
       vis[u]=1:
       TP r=CF.d:
29
30
       for(int i=g[u];~i;i=e[i].pre){
         if(e[i].r&&!e[i].cost&&!vis[e[i].v]){
31
           d=augment(e[i].v,min(r,e[i].r));
32
33
           e[i].r-=d;
34
           e[i^1].r+=d:
35
           if(!(r-=d))break;
       return CF-r;
38
39
     bool modlabel(){
       for(int u=0;u<=n;++u)dis[u]=INF;</pre>
       static deque<int>q;
43
       dis[T]=0,q.push back(T);
       while(q.size()){
44
45
         int u=q.front();q.pop_front();
46
47
         for(int i=g[u];~i;i=e[i].pre){
           if(e[i^1].r&&(dt=dis[u]-e[i].cost)<dis[e[i].v]){</pre>
48
             if((dis[e[i].v]=dt)<=dis[q.size()?q.front():S]){</pre>
49
50
               q.push_front(e[i].v);
51
             }else q.push_back(e[i].v);
52
53
54
       for(int u=0:u<=n:++u)</pre>
55
         for(int i=g[u];~i;i=e[i].pre)
           e[i].cost+=dis[e[i].v]-dis[u];
       return PIS+=dis[S], dis[S]<INF;</pre>
59
     TP mincost(int s,int t){
       S=s,T=t;
```

# ${f 3}$ Geometry

# 3.1 point

```
1 const double eps = 5e-8:
   struct Point{
    double x, y;
    Point(){}
    Point(double x, double y):x(x),y(y){}
    Point operator+(Point b)const{
      return Point(x+b.x.v+b.v):
    Point operator - (Point b) const{
      return Point(x-b.x.v-b.v):
    Point operator*(double b)const{
      return Point(x*b,y*b);
    Point operator/(double b)const{
      return Point(x/b,y/b);
16
    bool operator == (Point b) const{
      return (fabs(x-b.x)<=eps&&fabs(y-b.y)<=eps);</pre>
20
    double dot(Point b)const{
      return x*b.x+v*b.v;
23
    double cross(Point b)const{
      return x*b.v-v*b.x:
26
    Point normal()const{
     return Point(-y,x);
    } // 求法向量
    double abs2()const{
     return dot(*this);
    } // 向量長度的平方
    double rad(const Point b)const{
      return fabs(atan2(fabs(cross(b)),dot(b)));
    } // 兩向量的弧度
35
36 };
```

# 3.2 intercircle

```
// case 0 intersections
if(dr1+r2||d<fabs(r1-r2)) return{};
// case 1 intersection
if(d-eps<=r1+r2&&r1+r2<=d+eps) return{o1+v};
if(d-eps<=fabs(r1-r2)&&fabs(r1-r2)<=d+eps) return{o1-v};
// case 2 intersections
Point v_up=(Point){v.x*c-v.y*s,v.x*s+v.y*c};
Point v_down=(Point){v.x*c+v.y*s,-v.x*s+v.y*c};
return {o1+v_up,o1+v_down};
// 求兩圓交點
```

# 3.3 SegmentGeometry

```
1 double EPS = 1e-10:
  double add(double a, double b){
      if(abs(a+b)<EPS*(abs(a)+abs(b)))return 0;</pre>
       else return a+b;
  struct P//struct for 2d vector/point
10
       double x,y;
11
12
      P(double x. double v):x(x).v(v){}
      P operator+(P p){return P(add(x,p.x), add(y,p.y));}
13
      P operator -(P p){return P(add(x,-p.x), add(y,-p.y));}
14
15
      P operator*(double d){return P(x*d.v*d):}
16
       double dot(P p){return add( x*p.x, y*p.y );}
17
       double det(P p){return add( x*p.y, -y*p.x );}
18
19
  //is point q on p1p2
  bool on seq(P p1, P p2, P q){return (p1-q).det(p2-q)==0&&(p1-82
       q).dot(p2-q)<=0;}
23
  P intersection(P p1, P p2, P q1, P q2)//p and q Must not be
  {return p1 + (p2-p1)*((q2-q1).det(q1-p1)/(q2-q1).det(p2-p1))
       ; }
25
26
  bool par(P p1, P p2, P p3, P p4){return (p2-p1).det(p4-p3)
                                                                   91
  bool operator < (const P& lhs, const P& rhs)</pre>
  {return (lhs.x==rhs.x)?lhs.y<rhs.y:lhs.x<rhs.x;}
  bool operator == (const P& lhs, const P& rhs)
  {return lhs.x==rhs.x&&lhs.y==rhs.y;}
  double len(P vec)
  {return sqrt(add(vec.x*vec.x, vec.y*vec.y));}
  double dis(P p1, P p2)
  {return len(p2-p1):}
                                                                  102
  struct sea
       seg(P _p1, P _p2)
                                                                  107
45
           p[0]=_p1;
           p[1]=_p2;
```

```
if(p[1]<p[0])swap(p[0],p[1]);</pre>
48
       P p[2];
49
50
   bool par(seg& lhs, seg& rhs)
   {return par(lhs.p[0].lhs.p[1].rhs.p[0].rhs.p[1]);}
   P intersection(seg& lhs, seg& rhs)//p and q Must not be
   {return intersection(lhs.p[0],lhs.p[1],rhs.p[0],rhs.p[1]);}
   bool on seq(seq& sq, P q)
   {return on_seg(sg.p[0],sg.p[1],q);}
   bool overlap(seg s1, seg s2){
       return par(s1.s2)&&
       ( on_seg(s1,s2.p[0])||on_seg(s1,s2.p[1])||
       on seg(s2,s1.p[0])||on seg(s2,s1.p[1]) );
65
   bool is intersect(seg s1, seg s2){
       if(par(s1.s2))return false:
       P p0 = intersection(s1.s2):
       return on_seg(s1,p0)&&on_seg(s2,p0);
71
   //make sure the vec is not vertical
   double interpolate(seq& vec, double X){
       double y0=vec.p[0].v,y1=vec.p[1].v,
76
       x0=vec.p[0].x.x1=vec.p[1].x:
77
       return y0+(y1-y0)*(X-x0)/(x1-x0);
78
79
   //pts in clockwise order, p[N]=p[0]
   bool in_poly(P* pol,int N,P pt){
       double X = pt.x,Y=pt.y;
       int pas=0:
       for(int i=0:i<N:i++){</pre>
            if(pol[i].x==pol[i+1].x)continue;
            seg s0(pol[i],pol[i+1]);
           //up or down?
            double Y1 = interpolate(s0,X);
            if(Y1<Y-EPS)continue;</pre>
89
            double xl=min(pol[i].x,pol[i+1].x),xr=max(pol[i].x,
                 pol[i+1].x);
            if(xl<X-EPS&&xr>=X-EPS)pas++;
92
93
       return pas&1;
94
   double dpseg(P p, P p1, P p2)//p to p1p2, p1!=p2
97
       P v=p2-p1, v1=p-p1, v2=p-p2;
       if( v.dot(v1) < EPS )return dis(p,p1);</pre>
       if( v.dot(v2) > EPS )return dis(p,p2);
       return fabs((p-p1).det(v))/len(v);
   double dpseq(P p, seq s1){
       return dpseg(p,s1.p[0],s1.p[1]);
106 }
108 double dseqseq(P p1, P p2, P p3, P p4){
       if( is intersect( seg(p1,p2), seg(p3,p4) ) )return 0;
```

```
return min( min( dpseg(p1,p3,p4),dpseg(p2,p3,p4) ), min( 53
                                                                            return hull[idx](x):
                                                                                                                                      T dis2(const point<T> &p,bool is_segment=0)const{//點跟直線
            dpseq(p3,p1,p2),dpseq(p4,p1,p2) ) );
                                                                 54
                                                                                                                                            /線段的距離平方
                                                                 55 };
111
                                                                                                                                         point<T> v=p2-p1.v1=p-p1:
                                                                                                                                  54
112
                                                                                                                                         if(is segment){
                                                                                                                                  55
   double dseqseq(seq s1, seq s2)
                                                                                                                                           point<T> v2=p-p2;
113
                                                                                                                                  56
114
                                                                                                                                  57
                                                                                                                                           if(v.dot(v1)<=0)return v1.abs2():</pre>
115
       return dsegseg( s1.p[0],s1.p[1],s2.p[0],s2.p[1] );
                                                                                                                                           if(v.dot(v2)>=0)return v2.abs2();
                                                                                                                                  58
                                                                    3.5 Geometry
116 }
                                                                                                                                  59
                                                                                                                                  60
                                                                                                                                        T tmp=v.cross(v1);
                                                                                                                                         return tmp*tmp/v.abs2();
                                                                                                                                  61
                                                                  1 const double PI=atan2(0.0.-1.0);
                                                                                                                                  62
   3.4 convexHullTrick
                                                                    template < typename T>
                                                                                                                                  63
                                                                                                                                      T seg dis2(const line<T> &l)const{//兩線段距離平方
                                                                    struct point{
                                                                                                                                         return min({dis2(l.p1.1).dis2(l.p2.1).l.dis2(p1.1).l.dis2
                                                                                                                                  64
                                                                      T x.v:
                                                                                                                                             (p2,1)});
 1 // usage ( for example )
                                                                      point(){}
                                                                                                                                  65
 2 / dp[i] = min(dp[i] - 2*a[i]*a[i] + a[i]^2) + m + a[i]^2
                                                                      point(const T&x.const T&v):x(x).v(v){}
                                                                                                                                  66
                                                                                                                                       point<T> projection(const point<T> &p)const{//點對直線的投
 3 // insert into hull :
                                                                      point operator+(const point &b)const{
 4 // a
              X +
                                                                       return point(x+b.x,y+b.y); }
                                                                                                                                         point<T> n=(p2-p1).normal();
                                                                                                                                  67
 5 // (-2*a[j]) (a[i]) + (dp[j]+a[j]^2)
                                                                      point operator - (const point &b)const{
                                                                                                                                         return p-n*(p-p1).dot(n)/n.abs2();
                                                                                                                                  68
 6 // get dp[i] :
                                                                        return point(x-b.x,y-b.y); }
                                                                                                                                  69
 7 // dp[i] = hull(a[i]) + m + a[i]^2
                                                                      point operator*(const T &b)const{
                                                                                                                                       point<T> mirror(const point<T> &p)const{
                                                                        return point(x*b,y*b); }
                                                                                                                                  71
                                                                                                                                         //點對直線的鏡射,要先呼叫pton轉成一般式
   template < typename Tv = long long int >
                                                                      point operator/(const T &b)const{
                                                                                                                                  72
                                                                                                                                        point<T> R:
10 class Linear {
                                                                        return point(x/b,y/b); }
                                                                                                                                  73
                                                                                                                                         T d=a*a+b*b:
11 private:
                                                                      bool operator == (const point &b)const{
                                                                                                                                         R.x=(b*b*p.x-a*a*p.x-2*a*b*p.y-2*a*c)/d;
12
       Tv a. b:
                                                                        return x==b.x&&y==b.y; }
                                                                                                                                         R.v = (a*a*p.v-b*b*p.v-2*a*b*p.x-2*b*c)/d:
   public:
                                                                      T dot(const point &b)const{
                                                                                                                                  76
                                                                                                                                         return R:
14
       Linear(Tv a. Tv b):a(a). b(b) {}
                                                                        return x*b.x+v*b.v: }
                                                                                                                                  77
       Ty operator()(Ty x) { return a*x+b; }
15
                                                                      T cross(const point &b)const{
       // get x of intersection of two lines (fraction)
                                                                                                                                       bool equal(const line &l)const{//直線相等
16
                                                                        return x*b.y-y*b.x; }
17
       tuple < Tv. Tv > inter(Linear &that){
                                                                                                                                  79
                                                                                                                                        return ori(l.p1)==0&&ori(l.p2)==0:
                                                                      point normal()const{//求法向量
18
           ll up = that.b-this->b;
                                                                                                                                  80
                                                                        return point(-v.x): }
19
           ll down = this->a-that.a:
                                                                                                                                  81
                                                                                                                                       bool parallel(const line &l)const{
                                                                      Tabs2()const{//向量長度的平方
           if(down < 0) up *= -1. down *= -1:
                                                                                                                                        return (p1-p2).cross(l.p1-l.p2)==0:
                                                                                                                                  82
20
                                                                        return dot(*this); }
                                                                                                                                  83
21
           return make tuple(up, down);
                                                                      T rad(const point &b)const{//兩向量的弧度
                                                                                                                                       bool cross seg(const line &l)const{
22
                                                                                                                                  84
                                                                    return fabs(atan2(fabs(cross(b)),dot(b))); }
                                                                                                                                         return (p2-p1).cross(l.p1-p1)*(p2-p1).cross(l.p2-p1)<=0:
23
   };
                                                                                                                                  85
                                                                      T getA()const{//對x軸的弧度
                                                                                                                                             //直線是否交線段
   template < typename Tv = long long int>
                                                                       T A=atan2(v,x);//超過180度會變負的
   class ConvexHull{
                                                                        if(A<=-PI/2)A+=PI*2;
                                                                 29
                                                                                                                                       int line_intersect(const line &l)const{//直線相交情況, -1無
                                                                                                                                  87
   private:
                                                                 30
                                                                        return A:
                                                                                                                                            限多點、1交於一點、0不相交
       using L = Linear<Tv>:
                                                                 31
                                                                                                                                         return parallel(l)?(ori(l.p1)==0?-1:0):1;
                                                                                                                                  88
       vector<L> hull:
29
                                                                 32 }:
                                                                                                                                  89
   public:
30
                                                                    template < typename T>
                                                                                                                                       int seg intersect(const line &l)const{
                                                                                                                                  90
       void push back(L h){
                                                                    struct line{
                                                                                                                                        T c1=ori(l.p1), c2=ori(l.p2);
           while(hull.size() >= 2){
                                                                      line(){}
                                                                                                                                         T c3=l.ori(p1), c4=l.ori(p2):
33
               auto &f = hull.end()[-2];
                                                                      point < T > p1, p2;
                                                                                                                                         if(c1==0&&c2==0){//共線
               auto &q = hull.end()[-1]; // back
34
                                                                      T a,b,c://ax+by+c=0
                                                                                                                                           bool b1=btw(l.p1)>=0.b2=btw(l.p2)>=0:
               // x of inter(h,f) <= x of inter(f,q)
                                                                      line(const point<T>&x,const point<T>&y):p1(x),p2(y){}
                                                                                                                                           T a3=l.btw(p1),a4=l.btw(p2);
               Ty a, b, c, d;
36
                                                                      void pton(){//轉成一般式
                                                                                                                                           if(b1&&b2&&a3==0&&a4>=0) return 2;
               tie(a, b) = h.inter(f);
                                                                 40
                                                                       a=p1.y-p2.y;
                                                                                                                                  97
                                                                                                                                           if(b1&&b2&&a3>=0&&a4==0) return 3;
               tie(c, d) = f.inter(g);
38
                                                                        b=p2.x-p1.x;
                                                                 41
                                                                                                                                           if(b1&&b2&&a3>=0&&a4>=0) return 0;
               if(a*d <= b*c) hull.pop back():</pre>
                                                                        c=-a*p1.x-b*p1.v:
                                                                 42
                                                                                                                                           return -1; //無限交點
                                                                                                                                  99
               else break:
                                                                 43
                                                                                                                                         }else if(c1*c2<=0&&c3*c4<=0)return 1;</pre>
41
                                                                      T ori(const point <T> &p)const{//點和有向直線的關係, >θ左
                                                                                                                                        return 0;//不相交
           hull.push back(h);
                                                                                                                                 101
42
                                                                           邊、 =0 在線 L < 0 右邊
                                                                                                                                 102
                                                                        return (p2-p1).cross(p-p1);
       Tv operator() (Tv x){
                                                                                                                                       point<T> line intersection(const line &l)const{/*直線交點*/
                                                                                                                                 103
           static int idx = 0;
                                                                                                                                         point<T> a=p2-p1,b=l.p2-l.p1,s=l.p1-p1;
                                                                 47
                                                                      T btw(const point <T > &p)const{//點投影落在線段上 <=0
           if(idx >= hull.size())
                                                                                                                                         //if(a.cross(b)==0)return INF;
                                                                                                                                 105
                                                                        return (p1-p).dot(p2-p);
                                                                 48
               idx = max(0, (int)hull.size()-2);
                                                                                                                                 106
                                                                                                                                         return p1+a*(s.cross(b)/a.cross(b));
                                                                 49
           while(idx+1 < hull.size())</pre>
                                                                                                                                 107
                                                                      bool point_on_segment(const point<T>&p)const{//點是否在線段<sub>108</sub>
                                                                 50
49
                                                                                                                                       point<T> seg_intersection(const line &l)const{//線段交點
               if(hull[idx+1](x) <= hull[idx](x)) idx++;</pre>
                                                                                                                                        int res=seg intersect(l):
               else break;
                                                                        return ori(p) == 0 & b t w(p) <= 0;</pre>
51
                                                                 51
                                                                                                                                         if(res<=0) assert(0);</pre>
```

6

```
if(res==2) return p1;
                                                                     169
        if(res==3) return p2;
112
                                                                     170
        return line intersection(l);
113
114
                                                                     171
115
   };
                                                                     172
   template < typename T>
                                                                     173
   struct polygon{
                                                                     174
118
     polygon(){}
                                                                     175
     vector < point < T > p; // 逆時針順序
119
                                                                     176
120
     T area()const{//面積
121
                                                                     177
       for(int i=p.size()-1,j=0;j<(int)p.size();i=j++)</pre>
122
                                                                     178
          ans+=p[i].cross(p[j]);
123
       return ans/2;
124
                                                                     179
125
                                                                     180
     point<T> center of mass()const{//重心
                                                                     181
126
127
       T cx=0, cy=0, w=0;
                                                                     182
        for(int i=p.size()-1,j=0;j<(int)p.size();i=j++){</pre>
128
129
          T a=p[i].cross(p[i]);
                                                                     183
          cx+=(p[i].x+p[j].x)*a;
130
                                                                     184
131
          cy+=(p[i].y+p[j].y)*a;
                                                                     185
132
                                                                     186
133
                                                                     187
       return point<T>(cx/3/w,cy/3/w);
134
                                                                     188
135
     char ahas(const point < T > & t) const { //點是否在簡單多邊形內:
136
           是的話回傳1、在邊上回傳-1、否則回傳0
                                                                     191
                                                                     192
137
                                                                     193
138
        for(int i=0,j=p.size()-1;i<p.size();j=i++)</pre>
          if(line<T>(p[i],p[j]).point_on_segment(t))return -1;
139
                                                                     195
          else if((p[i].y>t.y)!=(p[j].y>t.y)&&
140
          t.x<(p[j].x-p[i].x)*(t.y-p[i].y)/(p[j].y-p[i].y)+p[i].x^{196}
141
                                                                     198
142
            c=!c;
                                                                     199
143
        return c;
144
                                                                     200
     char point_in_convex(const point<T>&x)const{
145
146
       int l=1,r=(int)p.size()-2;
147
        while(l <= r){//點是否在凸多邊形內,是的話回傳1、在邊上回
             -1、否則回傳0
                                                                     205
148
          int mid=(l+r)/2;
          T a1=(p[mid]-p[0]).cross(x-p[0]);
149
                                                                     206
150
          T a2=(p[mid+1]-p[0]).cross(x-p[0]);
                                                                     207
151
          if(a1>=0&&a2<=0){
                                                                     208
            T res=(p[mid+1]-p[mid]).cross(x-p[mid]);
152
                                                                     209
153
            return res > 0?1:(res >= 0? - 1:0);
                                                                     210
154
          }else if(a1<0)r=mid-1;</pre>
                                                                     211
          else l=mid+1;
155
                                                                     212
156
157
       return 0;
                                                                     213
158
                                                                     214
                                                                     215
     vector <T> getA() const{//凸包邊對 x 軸的夾角
                                                                     216
        vector <T>res; //一定是遞增的
160
        for(size_t i=0;i<p.size();++i)</pre>
161
                                                                     217
162
          res.push_back((p[(i+1)%p.size()]-p[i]).getA());
163
        return res:
                                                                     218
164
                                                                     219
165
     bool line_intersect(const vector<T>&A,const line<T> &l)
          const{//0(logN)
        \verb|int| f1=upper_bound(A.begin(),A.end(),(l.p1-l.p2).getA())- ^{220}
166
            A.begin():
167
        int f2=upper_bound(A.begin(),A.end(),(l.p2-l.p1).getA())-
                                                                     222
             A.begin();
                                                                     223
        return l.cross_seg(line<T>(p[f1],p[f2]));
```

```
polygon cut(const line<T> &l)const{//凸包對直線切割,得到直225
               線1左側的凸包
      polygon ans;
       for(int n=p.size(),i=n-1,j=0;j<n;i=j++){</pre>
                                                                                                                                                                              229
            if(l.ori(p[i])>=0){
                 ans.p.push_back(p[i]);
                                                                                                                                                                              231
                  if(l.ori(p[j])<0)</pre>
                        ans.p.push_back(l.line_intersection(line<T>(p[i],p[^{232}
                                     j])));
           }else if(l.ori(p[j])>0)
                  ans.p.push_back(l.line_intersection(line<T>(p[i],p[j 235
                               1)));
                                                                                                                                                                              236
                                                                                                                                                                              237
      return ans;
                                                                                                                                                                              238
 static bool graham_cmp(const point<T>& a,const point<T>& b)239
               [//凸包排序函數
      return (a.x<b.x)||(a.x==b.x&&a.y<b.y);</pre>
 void graham(vector<point<T> > &s){//凸包
      sort(s.begin(),s.end(),graham_cmp);
                                                                                                                                                                              245
      p.resize(s.size()+1);
       for(size_t i=0;i<s.size();++i){</pre>
            while (m \ge 2 \& (p[m-1] - p[m-2]) \cdot cross(s[i] - p[m-2]) <= 0) - -m; 248
            p[m++]=s[i];
                                                                                                                                                                              249
       for(int i=s.size()-2,t=m+1;i>=0;--i){
                                                                                                                                                                              250
            while(m>=t&&(p[m-1]-p[m-2]).cross(s[i]-p[m-2])<=0)--m; 251
            p[m++]=s[i];
                                                                                                                                                                              253
                                                                                                                                                                              254
      if(s.size()>1)--m;
                                                                                                                                                                              255
     p.resize(m);
                                                                                                                                                                              256
                                                                                                                                                                              257
T diam(){//直徑
                                                                                                                                                                              258
      int n=p.size(),t=1;
                                                                                                                                                                              259
      T ans=0;p.push_back(p[0]);
                                                                                                                                                                              260
       for(int i=0;i<n;i++){</pre>
                                                                                                                                                                              261
            point < T > now = p[i+1] - p[i];
            \label{eq:while} \textbf{while} (\texttt{now.cross}(\texttt{p[t+1]-p[i]}) \\ \texttt{>now.cross}(\texttt{p[t]-p[i]})) \\ \texttt{t} = (\texttt{t}^{-262}) \\ \texttt{(p[t+1]-p[i])} \\ \texttt{(pow.cross)} \\ \texttt{(pow.cros
                                                                                                                                                                              264
             ans=max(ans,(p[i]-p[t]).abs2());
                                                                                                                                                                              265
                                                                                                                                                                              266
      return p.pop back(),ans;
                                                                                                                                                                              267
                                                                                                                                                                              268
 T min cover rectangle(){//最小覆蓋矩形
                                                                                                                                                                              269
      int n=p.size(),t=1,r=1,l;
                                                                                                                                                                              270
      if(n<3)return 0://也可以做最小周長矩形
     T ans=1e99;p.push_back(p[0]);
      for(int i=0;i<n;i++){</pre>
           point<T> now=p[i+1]-p[i];
             while (now.cross(p[t+1]-p[i]) > now.cross(p[t]-p[i]))t=(t_{275}^{-12})
             while (now.dot(p[r+1]-p[i]) > now.dot(p[r]-p[i]))r = (r+1)%n_{276}
            if(!i)l=r:
             \label{eq:while} \textbf{while} (\texttt{now.dot}(\texttt{p[l+1]-p[i]}) < \texttt{=now.dot}(\texttt{p[l]-p[i]})) \texttt{l=(l+1)} \\ \textbf{\%} \\ \textbf{279}
            T d=now.abs2():
           T tmp=now.cross(p[t]-p[i])*(now.dot(p[r]-p[i])-now.dot(\frac{281}{282}
                         p[l]-p[i]))/d;
                                                                                                                                                                              283
            ans=min(ans,tmp);
                                                                                                                                                                              284
```

```
return p.pop_back(),ans;
  T dis2(polygon &pl){//凸包最近距離平方
    vector<point<T> > &P=p,&Q=pl.p;
    int n=P.size(),m=Q.size(),l=0,r=0;
  for(int i=0;i<n;++i)if(P[i].y<P[l].y)l=i;</pre>
  for(int i=0;i<m;++i)if(Q[i].y<Q[r].y)r=i;</pre>
    P.push_back(P[0]),Q.push_back(Q[0]);
    T ans=1e99;
    for(int i=0;i<n;++i){</pre>
      while((P[l]-P[l+1]).cross(Q[r+1]-Q[r])<0)r=(r+1)%m;</pre>
      ans=min(ans,line<T>(P[l],P[l+1]).seg_dis2(line<T>(Q[r],
      l=(l+1)%n:
    return P.pop_back(),Q.pop_back(),ans;
  static char sign(const point<T>&t){
    return (t.y==0?t.x:t.y)<0;</pre>
  static bool angle cmp(const line<T>& A,const line<T>& B){
    point < T > a = A.p2 - A.p1, b = B.p2 - B.p1;
    return sign(a)<sign(b)||(sign(a)==sign(b)&&a.cross(b)>0);
  int halfplane_intersection(vector<line<T> > &s){//半平面交
    sort(s.begin(),s.end(),angle_cmp);//線段左側為該線段半平
    int L,R,n=s.size();
    vector<point<T> > px(n);
    vector<line<T> > q(n);
    a[L=R=0]=s[0]:
    for(int i=1;i<n;++i){</pre>
      while(L<R&&s[i].ori(px[R-1])<=0)--R;</pre>
      while(L<R&&s[i].ori(px[L])<=0)++L;</pre>
      q[++R]=s[i];
      if(q[R].parallel(q[R-1])){
        --R:
        if(q[R].ori(s[i].p1)>0)q[R]=s[i];
      if(L<R)px[R-1]=q[R-1].line_intersection(q[R]);</pre>
    while(L<R&&q[L].ori(px[R-1])<=0)--R;</pre>
    p.clear();
    if(R-L<=1)return 0;</pre>
    px[R]=q[R].line_intersection(q[L]);
    for(int i=L;i<=R;++i)p.push_back(px[i]);</pre>
    return R-L+1:
template < typename T>
struct triangle{
  point<T> a,b,c;
  triangle(){}
  triangle(const point<T> &a,const point<T> &b,const point<T>
        &c):a(a),b(b),c(c){}
  T area()const{
    T t=(b-a).cross(c-a)/2;
    return t>0?t:-t;
  point<T> barycenter()const{//重心
    return (a+b+c)/3;
  point<T> circumcenter()const{//外心
    static line<T> u.v:
    u.p1=(a+b)/2;
```

u.p2=point<T>(u.p1.x-a.y+b.y,u.p1.y+a.x-b.x);

```
T t2=(G.cross(d1)).dot(D)/D.abs2();
                                                                                                                                          static const int MAXN=1005;
287
       v.p1=(a+c)/2;
                                                                  345
       v.p2=point<T>(v.p1.x-a.y+c.y,v.p1.y+a.x-c.x);
                                                                          return make pair(p1+d1*t1,l.p1+d2*t2);
                                                                                                                                          struct face{
288
                                                                  346
                                                                                                                                    402
289
       return u.line_intersection(v);
                                                                  347
                                                                                                                                            int a.b.c:
                                                                        bool same side(const point3D<T> &a,const point3D<T> &b)
                                                                                                                                            face(int a,int b,int c):a(a),b(b),c(c){}
290
                                                                  348
                                                                                                                                    404
291
     point<T> incenter()const{//內心
                                                                          return (p2-p1).cross(a-p1).dot((p2-p1).cross(b-p1))>0;
                                                                                                                                    406
                                                                                                                                          vector<point3D<T>> pt:
       T A=sqrt((b-c).abs2()),B=sqrt((a-c).abs2()),C=sqrt((a-b).349
292
                                                                                                                                          vector<face> ans;
                                                                                                                                          int fid[MAXN][MAXN];
       return point<T>(A*a.x+B*b.x+C*c.x,A*a.y+B*b.y+C*c.y)/(A+B351 );
                                                                                                                                    408
293
                                                                      template < typename T>
                                                                                                                                          void build(){
                                                                                                                                    409
            +C);
                                                                      struct plane{
                                                                                                                                    410
                                                                                                                                            int n=pt.size();
294
                                                                                                                                            ans.clear():
                                                                        point3D<T> p0,n;//平面上的點和法向量
                                                                                                                                    411
     point<T> perpencenter()const{//垂心
295
                                                                                                                                            memset(fid,0,sizeof(fid));
                                                                                                                                     412
       return barycenter()*3-circumcenter()*2;
296
                                                                                                                                            ans.emplace back(0.1.2)://注意不能共線
                                                                  356
                                                                        plane(const point3D<T> &p0.const point3D<T> &n):p0(p0).n(n)413
297
                                                                                                                                            ans.emplace back(2,1,0);
   };
298
                                                                                                                                            int ftop = 0;
                                                                                                                                    415
   template < typename T>
                                                                       T dis2(const point3D<T> &p)const{//點到平面距離的平方
299
                                                                  357
                                                                                                                                            for(int i=3, ftop=1; i<n; ++i,++ftop){</pre>
    struct point3D{
                                                                  358
                                                                         T tmp=(p-p0).dot(n);
300
                                                                                                                                              vector<face> next;
     T x,y,z;
                                                                          return tmp*tmp/n.abs2():
                                                                                                                                    417
                                                                  359
                                                                                                                                              for(auto &f:ans){
     point3D(){}
                                                                                                                                    418
302
                                                                  360
     point3D(const T&x,const T&y,const T&z):x(x),y(y),z(z){}
                                                                                                                                                T d=(pt[i]-pt[f.a]).dot((pt[f.b]-pt[f.a]).cross(pt[f.
303
                                                                        point3D<T> projection(const point3D<T> &p)const{
                                                                                                                                                     c]-pt[f.a]));
     point3D operator+(const point3D &b)const{
304
                                                                  362
                                                                          return p-n*(p-p0).dot(n)/n.abs2();
      return point3D(x+b.x,y+b.y,z+b.z);}
                                                                                                                                     420
                                                                                                                                                if(d<=0) next.push_back(f);</pre>
305
                                                                  363
                                                                                                                                                int ff=0;
     point3D operator-(const point3D &b)const{
                                                                                                                                    421
306
                                                                  364
                                                                        point3D<T> line intersection(const line3D<T> &l)const{
      return point3D(x-b.x,y-b.y,z-b.z);}
                                                                                                                                    422
                                                                                                                                                if(d>0) ff=ftop:
307
                                                                  365
                                                                          T tmp=n.dot(l.p2-l.p1);//等於 Ø表示平行或重合該平面
     point3D operator*(const T &b)const{
                                                                                                                                     423
                                                                                                                                                else if(d<0) ff=-ftop;</pre>
308
                                                                  366
                                                                          return l.p1+(l.p2-l.p1)*(n.dot(p0-l.p1)/tmp);
      return point3D(x*b,y*b,z*b);}
                                                                                                                                                fid[f.a][f.b]=fid[f.b][f.c]=fid[f.c][f.a]=ff;
309
                                                                                                                                    424
                                                                  367
     point3D operator/(const T &b)const{
                                                                                                                                     425
310
                                                                  368
                                                                        line3D<T> plane intersection(const plane &pl)const{
                                                                                                                                     426
                                                                                                                                              for(auto &f:ans){
       return point3D(x/b,y/b,z/b);}
311
                                                                          point3D<T> e=n.cross(pl.n),v=n.cross(e);
                                                                  369
                                                                                                                                                if(fid[f.a][f.b]>0 && fid[f.a][f.b]!=fid[f.b][f.a])
     bool operator == (const point3D &b)const{
                                                                                                                                     427
312
                                                                          T tmp=pl.n.dot(v); //等於 0表示平行或重合該平面
                                                                                                                                                  next.emplace_back(f.a,f.b,i);
                                                                                                                                     428
       return x==b.x&&y==b.y&&z==b.z;}
313
                                                                          point3D<T> q=p0+(v*(pl.n.dot(pl.p0-p0))/tmp);
                                                                  371
                                                                                                                                                if(fid[f.b][f.c]>0 && fid[f.b][f.c]!=fid[f.c][f.b])
                                                                                                                                     429
     T dot(const point3D &b)const{
314
                                                                          return line3D<T>(a.a+e):
                                                                  372
                                                                                                                                                  next.emplace_back(f.b,f.c,i);
      return x*b.x+y*b.y+z*b.z;}
315
                                                                  373
                                                                                                                                                 if(fid[f.c][f.a]>0 && fid[f.c][f.a]!=fid[f.a][f.c])
                                                                                                                                    431
316
     point3D cross(const point3D &b)const{
                                                                  374 };
                                                                                                                                                  next.emplace_back(f.c,f.a,i);
       return point3D(y*b.z-z*b.y,z*b.x-x*b.z,x*b.y-y*b.x);}
                                                                                                                                    432
317
                                                                      template < typename T>
                                                                                                                                    433
318
     T abs2()const{//向量長度的平方
                                                                      struct triangle3D{
                                                                                                                                    434
                                                                                                                                              ans=next:
       return dot(*this):}
319
                                                                        point3D<T> a.b.c:
                                                                                                                                    435
     T area2(const point3D &b)const{//和b、原點圍成面積的平方
                                                                        triangle3D(){}
320
                                                                                                                                    436
321
       return cross(b).abs2()/4;}
                                                                        triangle3D(const point3D<T> &a,const point3D<T> &b,const
                                                                                                                                          point3D<T> centroid()const{
322
                                                                             point3D < T > &c): a(a), b(b), c(c) {}
                                                                                                                                            point3D<T> res(0,0,0);
    template < typename T>
323
                                                                        bool point_in(const point3D<T> &p)const{//點在該平面上的投
                                                                  380
                                                                                                                                            T vol=0:
    struct line3D{
                                                                             影在三角形中
                                                                                                                                            for(auto &f:ans){
                                                                                                                                    440
     point3D<T> p1,p2;
325
                                                                          return line3D<T>(b,c).same_side(p,a)&&line3D<T>(a,c).
                                                                                                                                              T tmp=pt[f.a].dot(pt[f.b].cross(pt[f.c]));
                                                                                                                                    441
326
                                                                               same side(p,b)&&line3D<T>(a,b).same side(p,c);
                                                                                                                                              res=res+(pt[f.a]+pt[f.b]+pt[f.c])*tmp;
                                                                                                                                    442
     line3D(const point3D<T> &p1,const point3D<T> &p2):p1(p1),p2382
327
                                                                                                                                    443
                                                                                                                                              vol+=tmp;
                                                                                                                                    444
     T dis2(const point3D<T> &p,bool is_segment=0)const{//點跟直384
                                                                      template < typename T>
                                                                                                                                    445
                                                                                                                                            return res/(vol*4);
           線/線段的距離平方
                                                                      struct tetrahedron{//四面體
                                                                                                                                    446
       point3D<T> v=p2-p1,v1=p-p1;
329
                                                                        point3D<T> a,b,c,d;
                                                                                                                                    447 };
       if(is segment){
330
                                                                        tetrahedron(){}
         point3D<T> v2=p-p2;
331
                                                                  388
                                                                        tetrahedron(const point3D<T> &a,const point3D<T> &b,const
         if(v.dot(v1)<=0)return v1.abs2();</pre>
332
                                                                             point3D < T > &c, const point3D < T > &d):a(a),b(b),c(c),d(d)
                                                                                                                                        3.6 nearestDist
         if(v.dot(v2)>=0)return v2.abs2();
333
334
                                                                        T volume6()const{//體積的六倍
                                                                  389
335
       point3D<T> tmp=v.cross(v1);
                                                                          return (d-a).dot((b-a).cross(c-a));
                                                                  390
       return tmp.abs2()/v.abs2();
336
                                                                                                                                      1 bool cmp_y(P a, P b){
                                                                  391
337
                                                                                                                                            return a.v < b.v;</pre>
                                                                  392
                                                                        point3D<T> centroid()const{
     pair<point3D<T>,point3D<T> > closest pair(const line3D<T>
338
                                                                          return (a+b+c+d)/4;
          l)const{
                                                                  394
339
       point3D < T > v1 = (p1 - p2), v2 = (l.p1 - l.p2);
                                                                                                                                        bool cmp x(P a, P b){
                                                                        bool point_in(const point3D<T> &p)const{
                                                                  395
       point3D<T> N=v1.cross(v2),ab(p1-l.p1);
340
                                                                                                                                            return a.x < b.x:
                                                                          return triangle3D<T>(a.b.c).point in(p)&&triangle3D<T>(c.
                                                                  396
       //if(N.abs2()==0)return NULL;平行或重合
341
                                                                              d,a).point in(p);
       T tmp=N.dot(ab),ans=tmp*tmp/N.abs2();//最近點對距離
342
                                                                                                                                        double dc(P *arr, int n){
       point3D<T> d1=p2-p1,d2=l.p2-l.p1,D=d1.cross(d2),G=l.p1-p1398 };
                                                                                                                                            if(n == 1) return INF;
                                                                  399 template < typename T>
                                                                                                                                            int mid = n/2;
```

T t1=(G.cross(d2)).dot(D)/D.abs2();

400 struct convexhull3D{

```
double cx = arr[mid].x;
       double dist = min( dc(arr, mid), dc(arr+mid, n-mid) );
                                                                      private:
       inplace merge(arr, arr+mid, arr+n, cmp y);
                                                                          int vn;
14
       static vector<P> brr; brr.clear();
                                                                          int ts; // dfs timestamp
15
                                                                   10
       for(int i = 0; i < n; i++){</pre>
                                                                          int sccIdx;
16
                                                                   11
           if(fabs(arr[i].x)-cx >= dist) continue;
                                                                          vector<vector<int>> graph;
18
           for(int j = brr.size()-1; j >= 0; j--){
                                                                   13
                                                                          vector<int> low:
               double dx = brr[i].x-arr[i].x;
                                                                          vector<int> dep;
19
                                                                   14
               double dy = brr[j].y-arr[i].y;
20
                                                                   15
                                                                          stack<int> stk;
               if(fabs(dy) >= dist) break;
                                                                          vector<bool> inStk;
21
                                                                   16
22
               dist = min(dist, sqrt(dx*dx+dy*dy));
                                                                   17
                                                                          vector<int> scc; // scc[v] = id of scc
                                                                          void reportSCC(int v){
23
                                                                   18
           brr.push_back(arr[i]);
                                                                              int x;
24
                                                                   19
25
                                                                   20
                                                                              do{
26
       return dist:
                                                                   21
                                                                                  x = stk.top(); stk.pop();
27
                                                                   22
                                                                                   inStk[x] = false;
                                                                   23
                                                                                   scc[x] = sccIdx:
28
   double nearestDist(P *arr, int n){
                                                                   24
                                                                              } while(x != v);
                                                                              sccIdx++:
       sort(arr, arr+n, cmp_x);
                                                                   25
30
                                                                   26
31
       return dc(arr, n);
                                                                   27
                                                                          void dfs(int v) {
                                                                   28
                                                                              low[v] = dep[v] = ++ts;
                                                                   29
                                                                              stk.push(v); inStk[v] = true;
                                                                   30
                                                                               for(auto c : graph[v]){
         convexHull
                                                                                   if(dep[c] == 0){// not visited
                                                                   31
                                                                   32
                                                                                       dfs(c);
                                                                   33
                                                                                       low[v] = min(low[v], low[c]);
                                                                   34
1 struct ConvexHull {
       vector < Point > h; // hull
                                                                   35
                                                                                   if(inStk[c]) low[v] = min(low[v], dep[c]);
       static bool cmp(const Point &lhs, const Point &rhs) {
           if(lhs.x == rhs.x) return lhs.y < rhs.y;</pre>
                                                                   37
                                                                              if(low[v] == dep[v]) reportSCC(v);
           else return lhs.x < rhs.x:</pre>
                                                                   38
                                                                      public:
                                                                   39
                                                                          void init(int v){
       // p : points, h : return hull
                                                                   40
       void buildHull(vector<Point> &p) {
                                                                              vn = v, ts = 0, sccIdx = 0;
                                                                   41
                                                                              graph.resize(v);
           int n = p.size(), m = 0;
                                                                   42
           sort(p.begin(), p.end(), cmp);
                                                                   43
                                                                              low.resize(v, 0);
           h.resize(n+1);
                                                                              dep.resize(v, 0);
       for(int i = 0; i < n; ++i){</pre>
                                                                              scc.resize(v, 0);
         while(m>=2&&(h[m-1]-h[m-2]).cross(p[i]-h[m-2])<=0)--m;</pre>
                                                                              inStk.resize(v, false);
                                                                   47
         h[m++]=p[i];
                                                                          void addEdge(int u, int v){
15
                                                                   48
                                                                              graph[u].emplace back(v);
       for(int i = n-2, t = m+1; i >= 0; --i) {
                                                                   49
         while(m>=t&&(h[m-1]-h[m-2]).cross(p[i]-h[m-2])<=0)--m;</pre>
                                                                          void run(){
18
         h[m++]=p[i];
                                                                               for(int v = 0; v < vn; v++)
       if(h.size()>1)--m;
                                                                   53
                                                                                  if(dep[v] == 0) dfs(v);
                                                                   54
       h.resize(m):
22
                                                                           int getSCCId(int v) { return scc[v]; }
23 };
                                                                      4.2 lca
        Graph
                                                                    1 const int MAXN=100000; // 1-base
   4.1 SCC
                                                                      const int MLG=17; //log2(MAXN)+1;
                                                                      int pa[MLG+2][MAXN+5];
                                                                      int dep[MAXN+5];
                                                                      vector < int > G[MAXN+5];
      SCC in an directed graph
                                                                      void dfs(int x,int p=0){//dfs(root);
```

```
if(i==p)continue;
           dep[i]=dep[x]+1;
12
13
           dfs(i,x);
14
15
   inline int jump(int x,int d){
       for(int i=0:i<=MLG:++i)</pre>
           if((d>>i)&1) x=pa[i][x];
18
19
20
21
   inline int find lca(int a,int b){
       if(dep[a]>dep[b])swap(a.b):
23
       b=jump(b,dep[b]-dep[a]);
24
       if(a==b)return a:
25
       for(int i=MLG:i>=0:--i){
26
           if(pa[i][a]!=pa[i][b]){
               a=pa[i][a];
27
               b=pa[i][b];
28
29
           }
30
31
       return pa[0][a];
```

# 4.3 bellman Ford

```
1 struct edge{ int from, to, cost; };
  #define INF 2147483647
   edge es[100];
   int d[100]; //min distance
   int V, E, s, f;
   bool bellman_ford() // return true if there is negative loop
       for(int i = 0; i < V; i++) d[i] = INF;</pre>
       d[s] = 0;
13
       for(int i = 0; i < V; i++)</pre>
14
15
16
           for(int j = 0; j < E; j++)</pre>
17
18
               edge e = es[j];
               if(d[e.from] != INF && d[e.to] > d[e.from] + e.
20
21
                    d[e.to] = d[e.from] + e.cost;
22
                    if(i == V - 1) return true; //got neg loop
23
               if(d[e.to] != INF && d[e.from] > d[e.to] + e.cost
26
                    d[e.from] = d[e.to] + e.cost;
                   if(i == V - 1) return true; //got neg loop
           }
29
30
       return false;
```

```
* usage : init(), addEdge(), run()
   * 0-base graph
6 class DirectedTarjan
```

```
pa[0][x]=p;
for(int i=0;i<=MLG;++i)</pre>
    pa[i+1][x]=pa[i][pa[i][x]];
for(auto &i:G[x]){
```

# 4.4 MaxMatching

```
1 #define FZ(x) memset(x,0,sizeof(x))
   struct GenMatch // 1-base
       static const int MAXN = 250:
       int V;
       bool el[MAXN][MAXN];
       int pr[MAXN];
       bool ing[MAXN],inp[MAXN],inb[MAXN];
       queue < int > qe:
10
       int st.ed;
11
       int nb:
       int bk[MAXN],djs[MAXN];
12
13
       int ans;
       void init(int _V){
14
           V = V;
15
           FZ(el);
16
           FZ(pr):
17
18
           FZ(ing);
           FZ(inp):
19
20
           FZ(inb):
21
           FZ(bk):
           FZ(dis):
22
23
           ans = 0:
24
25
       void add edge(int u. int v){
           el[u][v] = el[v][u] = 1;
26
27
28
       int lca(int u.int v){
29
           memset(inp,0,sizeof(inp));
30
           while(1){
               u = djs[u];
31
               inp[u] = true;
32
               if(u == st) break;
33
               u = bk[pr[u]];
34
35
           while(1){
36
37
               v = djs[v];
               if(inp[v]) return v;
38
               v = bk[pr[v]];
39
40
           return v;
41
42
43
       void upd(int u){
           while(dis[u] != nb){
               v = pr[u];
               inb[djs[u]] = inb[djs[v]] = true;
47
               if(djs[u] != nb) bk[u] = v;
49
50
52
       void blo(int u,int v){
           nb = lca(u,v);
           memset(inb,0,sizeof(inb));
           upd(u);
                   upd(v);
           if(djs[u] != nb) bk[u] = v;
           if(djs[v] != nb) bk[v] = u;
           for(int tu = 1; tu <= V; tu++)
               if(inb[djs[tu]]){
                   dis[tu] = nb;
                   if(!ing[tu]){
62
                        qe.push(tu);
```

```
ing[tu] = 1;
 65
 66
 67
        void flow(){
 68
             memset(inq,false,sizeof(inq));
 69
             memset(bk.0.sizeof(bk)):
70
 71
             for(int i = 1; i <= V; i++)</pre>
                 djs[i] = i;
 73
 74
             while(qe.size()) qe.pop();
 75
             ge.push(st):
             ing[st] = 1;
 76
                                                                        11
 77
             ed = 0:
             while(qe.size()){
 78
 79
                 int u = qe.front();
 80
                                                                        14
 81
                 for(int v = 1; v <= V; v++)</pre>
                      if(el[u][v] && (djs[u] != djs[v]) && (pr[u]
 82
                          if((v == st) || ((pr[v] > 0) && bk[pr[v]] 18
 83
                               blo(u,v);
 84
                                                                        20
 85
                          else if(bk[v] == 0){
                              bk[v] = u;
                                                                        22
 86
 87
                              if(pr[v] > 0){
                                   if(!ing[pr[v]]) qe.push(pr[v]);
 88
 89
 90
                              else{
 91
                                   ed = v;
 92
                                   return;
 93
 94
 95
            }
 96
97
        void aug(){
98
 99
            int u,v,w;
100
             u = ed:
101
             while (u > 0){
102
                 v = bk[u]:
103
                 w = pr[v];
                 pr[v] = u;
104
105
                 pr[u] = v;
106
                 u = w;
107
            }
108
        int solve(){
109
             memset(pr,0,sizeof(pr));
110
             for(int u = 1; u <= V; u++)</pre>
111
                 if(pr[u] == 0){
112
                     st = u:
113
                      flow();
114
                      if(ed > 0){
116
                          aug();
117
                          ans ++;
118
119
120
             return ans;
121
122 } gm;
```

# 4.5 MinimumMeanCycle

```
1 | #include < cfloat > //for DBL MAX
1 int dp[MAXN][MAXN]; // 1-base, O(NM)
3 vector<tuple<int,int,int>> edge;
  double mmc(int n){//allow negative weight
     const int INF=0x3f3f3f3f3f:
     for(int t=0;t<n;++t){</pre>
       memset(dp[t+1],0x3f,sizeof(dp[t+1]));
       for(const auto &e:edge){
         int u,v,w;
         tie(u,v,w) = e;
         dp[t+1][v]=min(dp[t+1][v],dp[t][u]+w);
12
13
     double res = DBL_MAX;
     for(int u=1;u<=n;++u){
       if(dp[n][u]==INF) continue;
       double val = -DBL MAX;
       for(int t=0;t<n;++t)</pre>
         val=max(val,(dp[n][u]-dp[t][u])*1.0/(n-t));
       res=min(res,val);
21
     return res;
23
```

# 4.6 MaxBiMatching

```
1 //注意:變數 V
2 #define MAXV 505
3 int V; //# of vertex
4 vector < int > G[MAXV];
  int match[MAXV];
  int used[MAXV];
   void add_edge(int u, int v){
       G[u].pb(v);
       G[v].pb(u);
11
12
  bool dfs(int u){
       used[u]=true;
       for(int i = 0; i < G[u].size(); i++){</pre>
           int v = G[u][i], w = match[v];
           if(w<0 || !used[w]&&dfs(w) ){</pre>
17
               match[u]=v;
18
19
               match[v]=u;
20
               return true;
21
22
23
       return false;
24
25
  int bip_match(){
       int res=0;
       memset(match,-1,sizeof(match));
       for(int v=0; v<V; v++){</pre>
           if(match[v]<0){</pre>
31
               memset(used,0,sizeof(used));
               if(dfs(v))res++;
32
33
```

```
match[i] = i+1, match[i+1] = i;
       return res;
                                                                     int main(){
                                                                                                                                     41
                                                                  61
                                                                         ios::sync_with_stdio(false);
                                                                                                                                            for(;;){
                                                                                                                                     42
                                                                                                                                              int found = 0;
                                                                  62
                                                                         cin.tie(0);
                                                                                                                                     43
                                                                                                                                              for (int i=0; i<n; i++) dis[i] = onstk[i] = 0;</pre>
                                                                  63
                                                                         while(cin >> n){
                                                                                                                                     44
  4.7 MaximalClique
                                                                                                                                              for (int i=0; i<n; i++){</pre>
                                                                             cin >> m;
                                                                  65
                                                                                                                                                stk.clear():
                                                                  66
                                                                                                                                     47
                                                                                                                                                if (!onstk[i] && SPFA(i)){
                                                                              Max = 0;
1 #define MAXN 32
                                                                  67
                                                                             FOR(i,0,n-1)v[i] = 0;
                                                                                                                                     48
2 int n, m, Max;
                                                                  68
                                                                                                                                     49
                                                                                                                                                  while (stk.size()>=2){
  ll v[MAXN], deg[MAXN]; //neighbors
                                                                  69
                                                                              int a, b;
                                                                                                                                     50
                                                                                                                                                    int u = stk.back(); stk.pop_back();
                                                                  70
                                                                             FOR(i.1.m){
                                                                                                                                                    int v = stk.back(); stk.pop_back();
                                                                                                                                     51
   void update_maximum(ll R){
                                                                  71
                                                                                 cin >> a >> b;
                                                                                                                                     52
                                                                                                                                                    match[v] = u:
       int Size = 0:
                                                                  72
                                                                                  v[a]|=(1LL<<b):
                                                                                                                                     53
       while(R){
                                                                  73
                                                                                 v[b]|=(1LL<<a);
                                                                                                                                     54
           if(R&1)Size++;
                                                                  74
                                                                                                                                     55
           R>>=1:
                                                                  75
                                                                             BronKerbosch(0, (1LL<<n)-1, 0);
                                                                                                                                     56
                                                                  76
                                                                             cout << Max << '\n';
                                                                                                                                     57
                                                                                                                                              if (!found) break;
10
                                                                  77
11
       Max = max(Size, Max);
                                                                                                                                     58
                                                                  78
                                                                                                                                            int ret = 0:
12
                                                                         return 0;
                                                                                                                                     59
                                                                                                                                     60
                                                                                                                                            for (int i=0; i<n; i++)</pre>
   int pickPivot(ll P){
                                                                                                                                             ret += edge[i][match[i]];
                                                                                                                                     61
       int pivot = -1. Max = -1:
                                                                                                                                     62
       memset(deg, 0, sizeof(deg));
                                                                                                                                     63
                                                                                                                                            return ret;
16
                                                                     4.8 MaxWeightPerfectMatch
       for(int i = 0; i < n; i++){</pre>
17
                                                                                                                                     64
           if(P&(1LL<<i)){//i is in P</pre>
                                                                                                                                     65 }graph;
               if(pivot == -1){//i = default pivot
19
                   pivot = i:
                                                                   1 struct Graph {
20
                   Max = deg[i];
                                                                       // Minimum General Weighted Matching (Perfect Match) 0-base
21
                                                                                                                                        4.9 HeavyLightDecomposition
22
                                                                        static const int MXN = 105;
23
               for(int j = 0; j < i; j++){</pre>
                                                                       int n, edge[MXN][MXN];
                   if((P&(1LL<<j)))&&(v[i]&(1LL<<j))){
                                                                       int match[MXN],dis[MXN],onstk[MXN];
24
                       deg[i]++;
                                                                       vector<int> stk:
                                                                                                                                      1 // 以樹重切樹鏈
25
                                                                       void init(int _n) {
                       if(deg[i] > Max){
                                                                                                                                      2 struct HLD {
                           Max = deg[i];
                                                                                                                                          static int MAX_N = 1e6+6;
                           pivot = i;
                                                                         for (int i=0; i<n; i++)</pre>
                                                                                                                                          vector<int> G[MAX_N];
28
                                                                  10
                                                                           for (int j=0; j<n; j++)</pre>
                                                                                                                                          int root=1; // set root!
                                                                             edge[i][j] = 0;
                                                                                                                                          deg[j]++;
                                                                  11
                       if(deg[j] > Max){
                                                                  12
                           Max = deg[j];
                                                                  13
                                                                       void add_edge(int u, int v, int w) {
                                                                                                                                          void add_edge(int x, int y) {
                                                                         edge[u][v] = edge[v][u] = w;
                                                                                                                                            G[x].push_back(y);
                           pivot = j;
                                                                  14
                                                                                                                                            G[y].push_back(x);
                                                                  15
                                                                        bool SPFA(int u){
                                                                  16
                                                                  17
                                                                         if (onstk[u]) return true;
                                                                                                                                     11
                                                                                                                                          void build_dfs(int now, int P) {
36
                                                                         stk.push_back(u);
                                                                                                                                            w[now]=1;
          }
                                                                  18
                                                                                                                                     12
37
                                                                         onstk[u] = 1;
                                                                                                                                            son[now]=-1;
38
                                                                  19
                                                                                                                                     13
                                                                          for (int v=0; v<n; v++){</pre>
       return pivot;
                                                                  20
                                                                                                                                            pa[now]=P;
39
                                                                           if (u != v && match[u] != v && !onstk[v]){
                                                                                                                                            for(auto &i:G[now]) {
40
                                                                             int m = match[v];
                                                                                                                                              if(i==P) continue;
   void BronKerbosch(ll R, ll P, ll X){
                                                                             if (dis[m] > dis[u] - edge[v][m] + edge[u][v]){
                                                                                                                                              d[i]=d[now]+1;
                                                                                                                                     17
       if(!P){//P is empty, no candidates left
                                                                                dis[m] = dis[u] - edge[v][m] + edge[u][v];
                                                                                                                                              build_dfs(i,now);
           if(!X){
                                                                  25
                                                                                onstk[v] = 1;
                                                                                                                                              if(~son[now]||w[son[now]]<w[i]) son[now]=i;</pre>
                                                                                                                                     19
                                                                                stk.push_back(v);
                                                                                                                                     20
                                                                                                                                              w[now]+=w[i];
               update_maximum(R);
                                                                                if (SPFA(m)) return true;
                                                                                                                                     21
47
                                                                  28
                                                                               stk.pop_back();
                                                                                                                                     22
                                                                  29
                                                                                onstk[v] = 0;
                                                                                                                                          void build_top(int now, int top) {
           return;
                                                                                                                                            link top[now]=top;
       int u = pickPivot(P|X);
                                                                                                                                            if(~son[now]) return;
       for(int i = 0; i <= n-1; i++){</pre>
                                                                                                                                            build_top(son[now],top);
                                                                                                                                            for(auto &i:G[now]) {
           if(P&(~v[u])&(1LL<<i)){//vi is in P
                                                                         onstk[u] = 0;
                                                                         stk.pop_back();
                                                                                                                                              if(i==pa[now]||i==son[now]) continue;
               BronKerbosch( R|(1LL<<i), P&v[i], X&v[i] );</pre>
54
               P&=(~(1LL<<i));
                                                                         return false:
                                                                                                                                              build top(i,i);
               X | = (1LL << i);
                                                                  36
                                                                                                                                     30
                                                                  37
                                                                        int solve() {
                                                                                                                                     31
                                                                         // find a match
                                                                                                                                          void build() { // HLD build function
57
                                                                         for (int i=0; i<n; i+=2){</pre>
```

12

```
son[root]=pa[root]=-1;
                                                                                                                                          while(!q.empty()){
       build dfs(root,-1);
                                                                                                                                               int s = q.front(); q.pop();
                                                                                                                                   14
36
      build top(root,root);
                                                                 33
                                                                                 x = bccStk.top(); bccStk.pop();
                                                                                                                                   15
                                                                                                                                               inq[s] = false;
37
                                                                 34
                                                                                 bcc.emplace_back(x);
                                                                                                                                   16
                                                                                                                                               for(auto e:graph[s]){
    void find lca(int x, int y) {
                                                                 35
                                                                             } while(x != v);
                                                                                                                                                  if(dist[e.idx] > dist[s]+e.w){
38
                                                                                                                                   17
                                                                                                                                                       dist[e.idx] = dist[s]+e.w;
      int tx=link_top[x], ty=link_top[y];
                                                                             BCC.emplace_back(bcc);
39
                                                                 36
40
      while(tx!=tv) {
                                                                 37
                                                                                                                                   19
                                                                                                                                                       if(++cnt[e.idx] >= vn) return true:
        if(d[tx]<d[ty]) {</pre>
                                                                 38
                                                                         void dfs(int v, int p){
                                                                                                                                                       if(!ing[e.idx]){
                                                                                                                                   20
           swap(tx,ty);
                                                                             int childNum = 0;
                                                                                                                                   21
                                                                                                                                                           inq[e.idx] = true;
           swap(x,y);
                                                                 40
                                                                             bool maybeAP = false;
                                                                                                                                                           q.push(e.idx);
43
                                                                                                                                   22
44
                                                                 41
                                                                             low[v] = dep[v] = ++ts;
                                                                                                                                   23
         tx=link_top[x=pa[x]];
                                                                             biccStk.push(v), bccStk.push(v):
                                                                 42
                                                                                                                                   24
                                                                  43
                                                                             for(auto c : graph[v]){
46
                                                                                                                                   25
47
      return d[x]<d[y]?x:y;</pre>
                                                                  44
                                                                                 if(c == p) continue:
                                                                                                                                   26
                                                                                 if(dep[c] == 0){// not visited
48
                                                                  45
                                                                                                                                   27
                                                                                                                                           return false;
49 };
                                                                  46
                                                                                     childNum++;
                                                                                     dfs(c, v);
                                                                  47
                                                                                     low[v] = min(low[v], low[c]);
                                                                  48
                                                                                     if(dep[v] <= low[c]) maybeAP = true;</pre>
                                                                  49
           匹配問題轉換
                                                                                                                                      4.13 dijkstra
                                                                                     if(dep[v] <= low[c]) reportBiCC(v);</pre>
                                                                  50
                                                                  51
                                                                                     if(dep[v] < low[c]) reportBridge(v, c);</pre>
                                                                  52
            一般圖匹配問題轉換
  4.10.1
                                                                  53
                                                                                 low[v] = min(low[v], dep[c]);
                                                                  54
                                                                                                                                    2 struct edge{int to, cost;};
          最大匹配邊數 |+| 最小邊涵蓋 |=|V| (無孤立點)
最大獨立集 |+| 最小點涵蓋 |=|V|
                                                                             if(dep[v] == low[v]) reportBCC(v);
                                                                                                                                    3 typedef pair<int, int> P; //first = min distance, second = v
                                                                  55
                                                                             if(v == p && childNum >= 2) reportAP(v);
        最大權匹配-> 最大權完美匹配: 用 0 邊補成完全圖
                                                                             if(v != p && maybeAP) reportAP(v);
                                                                                                                                      #define f first
        最大權最大匹配-> 最大權匹配: 先把所有邊加上 | 最負邊權重 | +1, 得到
                                                                                                                                      #define s second
        新的圖 G'上沒有任何負邊,然後所有邊再加上 G'上所有邊權重和,這樣最
                                                                     public:
                                                                                                                                      #define INF 2147483647
        大權匹配就會 = 最大權最大匹配
                                                                        void init(int v){
                                                                                                                                      int V, E, S, F;
                                                                             vn = v, ts = 0;
                                                                  62
                                                                             graph.resize(v);
                                                                                                                                      vector<edge> G[100];
  4.11 TarjanUndirected
                                                                  63
                                                                             low.resize(v. 0):
                                                                                                                                    10 int d[100]:
                                                                  64
                                                                             dep.resize(v, 0);
                                                                  65
                                                                                                                                   12 void dijkstra()
                                                                  66
                                                                         void addEdge(int u, int v){
                                                                                                                                   13 {
      AP, Bridge, BiCC in an undirected graph
                                                                  67
                                                                             graph[u].emplace_back(v);
                                                                                                                                          priority_queue < P, vector < P > , greater < P >> q;
    * usage : init(), addEdge(), run()
                                                                             graph[v].emplace_back(u);
                                                                  68
                                                                                                                                          fill(d, d + V, INF);
   * 0-base araph
                                                                  69
                                                                                                                                          d[S] = 0:
                                                                  70
                                                                         void run(){
                                                                                                                                   17
                                                                                                                                          q.push(P(0, S));
  class UndirectedTarjan
                                                                 71
                                                                             for(int i = 0; i < vn; i++)</pre>
                                                                                                                                   18
7 {
                                                                  72
                                                                                if(dep[i] == 0) dfs(i, i);
                                                                                                                                   19
                                                                                                                                          while(!q.empty())
  private:
                                                                                                                                   20
      int vn:
                                                                  74
                                                                         vector<int> getAP() { return AP; }
                                                                                                                                               P p = q.top(); q.pop();
                                                                                                                                   21
                                                                         vector<vector<int>>> getBiCC() { return BiCC; }
                                                                                                                                              int v = p.s;
      int ts;
                                                                                                                                   22
       vector<vector<int>> graph;
                                                                         vector<pair<int,int>> getBridge() { return Bridge; }
                                                                                                                                    23
                                                                                                                                               if(d[v] < p.f) continue;</pre>
       vector < int > low;
                                                                         vector<vector<int>> getBCC() { return BCC; }
                                                                                                                                   24
                                                                                                                                               for(int i = 0; i < G[v].size(); i++)</pre>
       vector<int> dep;
                                                                                                                                    25
       stack<int> biccStk;
                                                                                                                                    26
                                                                                                                                                   edge e = G[v][i];
       stack<int> bccStk;
                                                                                                                                   27
                                                                                                                                                   if(d[e.to] > d[v] + e.cost)
       vector < int > AP;
                                                                                                                                    28
                                                                     4.12 spfa
                                                                                                                                                       d[e.to] = d[v] + e.cost;
       vector<vector<int>> BiCC;
                                                                                                                                   29
       vector<pair<int,int>> Bridge;
                                                                                                                                                       q.push(P(d[e.to], e.to));
       vector<vector<int>> BCC;
                                                                                                                                   31
       void reportAP(int ap) { AP.emplace_back(ap); }
                                                                   1 typedef pair<int, ll> P;
                                                                                                                                   32
       void reportBiCC(int v){
                                                                   2 #define idx first
                                                                                                                                   33
          vector<int> block(1, v);
                                                                  3 #define w second
           while(biccStk.top() != v) {
                                                                    int vn. en:
               block.emplace_back(biccStk.top()); biccStk.pop();
                                                                    vector<P> graph[N];
25
                                                                    ll dist[N]:
                                                                                                                                      4.14 MaxWeightPerfectBiMatch
          BiCC.emplace_back(block);
```

bool spfa(){ // return true if neg cycle

queue < int > q; q.push(0); inq[0] = true;

int cnt[N] = {0};

11

bool ing[N] = {false};

for(int i = 0; i < vn; i++) dist[i] = INF; dist[0] = 0;</pre>

1 const int maxn = 500 + 3, INF = 0x3f3f3f3f3f;

1 int n, W[maxn][maxn];

3 int mat[maxn];

void reportBridge(int u, int v) { Bridge.emplace\_back(u,

void reportBCC(int v){

vector<int> bcc;

```
4 int Lx[maxn], Ly[maxn], slack[maxn];
   bool S[maxn], T[maxn];
   inline void tension(int &a, const int b) {
       if(b < a) a = b;
   inline bool match(int u) {
11
       S[u] = true;
12
13
       for(int v = 0; v < n; ++v) {</pre>
14
           if(T[v]) continue;
           int t = Lx[u] + Ly[v] - W[u][v];
15
16
17
                T[v] = true:
                if(mat[v] == -1 || match(mat[v])) {
18
19
                    mat[v] = u;
                    return true:
20
21
22
           }else tension(slack[v], t);
23
       return false;
24
25
26
   inline void update() {
27
       int d = INF:
28
       for(int i = 0; i < n; ++i)</pre>
29
           if(!T[i]) tension(d, slack[i]);
30
       for(int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {</pre>
31
           if(S[i]) Lx[i] -= d;
32
33
           if(T[i]) Ly[i] += d;
34
35
36
   inline void KM() {
       for(int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {</pre>
38
           Lx[i] = Ly[i] = 0; mat[i] = -1;
39
40
           for(int j = 0; j < n; ++j) Lx[i] = max(Lx[i], W[i][j</pre>
                1);
       for(int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {</pre>
42
           fill(slack, slack + n, INF);
43
           while(true) {
44
                for(int j = 0; j < n; ++j) S[j] = T[j] = false;</pre>
45
                if(match(i)) break;
46
                else update();
47
48
           }
49
```

# 5.2 NTT

```
typedef long long ll;
   const ll P = (479 < < 21) + 1;
   const ll G = 3:
   inline ll fpw(ll x, ll y, ll m){
    ll rtn = 1;
     for(x=(x>=m?x%m:x);y;y>>=1){
      if(y&1) rtn = rtn*x%m;
      x = x*x%m:
10
11
     return rtn;
12
   inline vector<ll> ntt(vector<ll> rtn, int Rev = 1){
     int ntt n = rtn.size():
     for(int i=0,j=0;i<ntt_n;i++){</pre>
15
      if(i>j) swap(rtn[i],rtn[j]);
16
       for(int k=(ntt_n>>1);(j^=k)<k;k>>=1);
17
18
19
     for(int i=2, m=1; i <= ntt_n; i <<=1, m++){</pre>
20
      ll w = 1, wn = fpw(G,(P-1)>>m,P), u, t;
21
       int mh = i>>1:
       for(int j=0;j<mh;j++){</pre>
22
23
         for(int k=j;k<ntt_n;k+=i){</pre>
           u = rtn[k], t = w*rtn[k+mh]%P;
24
25
           rtn[k] = (u+t)%P:
           rtn[k+mh] = (u-t+P)%P;
26
27
28
         w = w*wn%P;
29
      }
30
     if(!~Rev){
31
32
      for(int i=1;i<ntt_n/2;i++) swap(rtn[i],rtn[ntt_n-i]);</pre>
      ll Revn = fpw(ntt_n,P-2,P);
      for(int i=0;i<ntt_n;i++) rtn[i] = rtn[i]*Revn%P;</pre>
36
     return rtn;
37
38 // 把原多項式包成 long long的 vector(poly), 並把項次拓展到 2^i.
39 // 用ntt(poly)即可得到轉換後的結果.
40 // Rev為1時為NTT, 為-1時為InvNTT.
```

# 5 Math

# 5.1 extgcd

```
int extgcd(int a, int b, int &x, int &y){
   int gcd = a;
   if(b != 0)
        gcd = extgcd(b, a%b, y, x), y -= (a/b)*x;
   else x = 1, y = 0;
   return gcd;
   }
} //維護 a*x+b*y=gcd(a, b)
```

# 5.3 GaussianJordan

```
const double EPS = 1e-8;
   typedef vector<double> vec;
   tvpedef vector<vec> mat:
   //solve Ax=b
   //if no sol/inf sol, return vec of size 0
   vec gauss jordan(const mat& A, const vec& b){
       int n = A.size():
       mat B(n, vec(n+1));
       for(int i=0;i<n;i++)for(int j=0;j<n;j++)B[i][j]=A[i][j];</pre>
12
       for(int i=0;i<n;i++)B[i][n]=b[i];</pre>
13
14
       for(int i=0;i<n;i++){</pre>
15
            int pivot=i;
            for(int j=i;j<n;j++){</pre>
```

# 5.4 EulerPhi

vec x(n):

return x;

17

18 19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

```
1 | //find in O(sqrt(N))
   int euler_phi(int N)
       int res=N:
       for(int i=2;i*i<=N;i++)</pre>
            if(N%i==0)
                res=res/i*(i-1);
                for(;N%i==0;N/=i);
11
12
       if(N!=1)res=res/N*(N-1);//self=prime
14
       return res;
15
16
   //tabulate in O(MAXN)
20
   int euler[MAXN];
   void euler_phi2()
22
23
       for(int i=0:i<MAXN:i++)euler[i]=i:</pre>
24
25
       for(int i=2;i<MAXN;i++)</pre>
26
27
            if(euler[i]==i)
28
29
                for(int j=i;j<MAXN;j+=i)</pre>
                     euler[j]=euler[j]/i*(i-1);
32
33
34
35
```

if(abs(B[j][i])>abs(B[pivot][i]))pivot=j;

B[j][k]-=B[j][i]\*B[i][k];

if(abs(B[i][i]) < EPS) return vec(); //no/inf sol</pre>

for(int j=i+1; j<=n; j++)B[i][j]/=B[i][i];</pre>

for(int k=i+1; k<=n;k++)</pre>

swap(B[i],B[pivot]);

for(int j=0;j<n;j++){</pre>

for(int i=0;i<n;i++)x[i]=B[i][n];</pre>

**if**(i!=j){

5.5 FFT

#### BigInt(const char \*s){ (\*this)=s; } 13 14 BigInt operator =(int x){ BigInt operator -(BigInt x, const BigInt &y){ 15 **if**(x<0) x=-x, sign=-1; 78 int i; 1 const double PI = acos(-1.0); 16 else sign=1; long long h; struct Complex for(l=1, m[l-1]=x%MAX, x/=MAX; x; m[l++]=x%MAX, x/=MAX) 80 for(h=0, i=0; i<x.l || i<y.l || h; i++){</pre> 17 h+=(i< x.l)\*x[i]\*x.sign-(i< y.l)\*y[i]\*y.sign;double x, y; if(sign==-1&&l==1&&m[0]==0) sign=1; x[i]=h%MAX: 18 Complex(){} return \*this; 19 83 h/=MAX; Complex(double a):x(a),y(0){} 20 84 Complex(double a, double b):x(a),y(b){} BigInt operator =(const char \*t){ 85 x.l=i; Complex operator+ (const Complex &a) { return Complex(x+a.x, 22 int i, j, len; for(; x.l>1 && !x[x.l-1]; x.l--); v+a.v); } const char \*s: x.sign=(x[x.l-1]>0?1:-1);if(t[0]=='-') sign=-1, s=t+1; Complex operator - (const Complex &a) { return Complex(x-a.x, 24 $if(x[x.l-1]>0){for(i=0; i<x.l; i++) if(x[i]<0) x[i+1]--, x}$ y-a.y); } else sign=1, s=t; [i]+=MAX: } Complex operator\* (const Complex &a){ return Complex(x\*a.x- 26 for(len=0; s[len]>='0' && s[len]<='9'; len++);</pre> 89 else for(i=0; i<x.l; i++) if(x[i]>0) x[i+1]++, x[i]-=MAX; y\*a.y,x\*a.y+y\*a.x); } for(l=(len+MAX\_LOG-1)/MAX\_LOG, i=0; i<l; i++)</pre> for(; x.l>1 && !x[x.l-1]; x.l--); 90 for(m[i]=0, j=0; j<MAX\_LOG; j++)</pre> for(i=0; i<x.l; i++) x[i]\*=x.sign;</pre> 91 11 if(x.sign==-1&&x.l==1&&x[0]==0) x.sign=1; 12 inline vector < Complex > fft(vector < Complex > rtn, int Rev = 1) if(len - i \* MAX\_LOG - MAX\_LOG + j >= 0) 92 13 m[i]=m[i]\*10+s[len-i\*MAX\_LOG-MAX\_LOG+j]-'0'; 93 return x; if(sign==-1&&l==1&&m[0]==0) sign=1; 14 int fft\_n = rtn.size(); 94 for(int i=0,j=0;i<fft\_n;i++)</pre> return \*this; BigInt operator \*(BigInt x, int y){ 15 32 95 16 33 int i, sign=1; 17 if(i>j) swap(rtn[i],rtn[j]); bool scan(){ long long h; 34 char s[MAX\_N\*MAX\_LOG+10]; 18 for(int k=(fft\_n>>1);(j^=k)<k;k>>=1); **if**(y<0) y=-y, sign=-1; 35 19 36 if(scanf("%s", s)==EOF) return 0; for(h=0, i=0; i<x.l || h; i++){</pre> else { \*this=s; return 1; } for(int i=2,m;i<=fft\_n;i<<=1)</pre> h+=(i<x.l)\*x[i]\*y; 20 37 100 21 101 x[i]=h%MAX; void print(){ h/=MAX: 22 m = i >> 1;39 102 for(int j=0;j<fft\_n;j+=i)</pre> 23 40 int i; 103 24 char s[8]; for(x.l=i; x.l>1 && !x[x.l-1]; x.l--); 4125 for(int k=0;k<m;k++)</pre> **if**(sign==-1) printf("-"); x.sign=(x.sign==sign?1:-1); 105 for(sprintf(s, "%%0%dlld", MAX\_LOG), printf("%lld", m[l106 if(x.sign==-1&&x.l==1&&x[0]==0) x.sign=1; 26 Complex y = rtn[j+k+m]\*Complex(cos(2\*PI/i\*k), Rev\*sin-1]), i=l-2; i>=0; printf(s, m[i]), i--); 27 107 (2\*PI/i\*k)); 108 rtn[j+k+m] = rtn[j+k]-y;BigInt operator /(BigInt x, int y){ 109 rtn[j+k] = rtn[j+k]+y;bool operator <(const BigInt &x, const BigInt &y){</pre> int i, sign=1; 30 47 if(x.sign!=y.sign) return x.sign<y.sign;</pre> long long h; 48 int i; **if**(y<0) y=-y, sign=-1; 32 49 if(x.l!=y.l) return (x.l<y.l) ^ (x.sign==-1);</pre> for(h=0, i=x.l-1; i>=0; i--){ for(int i=0;!~Rev&&i<fft\_n;i++)</pre> for(i=x.l-1; i>=0 && x[i]==y[i]; i--); h=h\*MAX+x[i]; rtn[i].x = rtn[i].x/fft\_n; 51 return (i>=0 && x[i]<y[i]) ^ (x.sign==-1);</pre> x[i]=h/y;34 return rtn; 52 35 h%=y; 36 bool operator ==(const BigInt &x, const BigInt &y){ 37 // Complex的x為實部, y為虛部. if(x.sign!=y.sign) return false; for(; x.l>1 && !x[x.l-1]; x.l--); x.sign=(x.sign==sign?1:-1); // 把原多項式包成Complex的vector(poly), 並把項次拓展到2<sup>n</sup>i,用 if(x.l!=y.l) return 0; if(x.sign==-1&&x.l==1&&x[0]==0) x.sign=1; fft(poly)即可得到轉換後的結果. for(i=x.l-1; i>=0 && x[i]==y[i]; i--); 39 // Rev為1時為FFT, 為-1時為InvFFT. return i<0; 122 59 int operator %(BigInt x, int y){ BigInt operator +(BigInt x, const BigInt &y){ int i; long long h; 5.6 BigInt long long h; for(h=0, i=x.l-1; i>=0; i--){ for(h=0, i=0; i<x.l || i<y.l || h; i++){</pre> h=h\*MAX+x[i]; h+=(i<x.l)\*x[i]\*x.sign+(i<y.l)\*y[i]\*y.sign; 1 #define MAX\_N 1000 x[i]=h%MAX; 2 #define MAX 100000 h/=MAX; **if**(x.sign==-1) h=-h; 3 #define MAX LOG 5 67 131 return h; 4 class BigInt{ for(; x.l>1 && !x[x.l-1]; x.l--); long long fl(double x) { return x<0?x-0.5:x+0.5; }</pre> x.sign=(x[x.l-1]>0?1:-1);BigInt operator \*(BigInt x, const BigInt &y){ long long m[MAX\_N]; $if(x[x.l-1]>0) \{ for(i=0; i< x.l; i++) if(x[i]<0) x[i+1]--, x_{135} \}$ if(y.l==1) return x\*(y[0]\*y.sign); [i]+=MAX; } int i, N; long long operator [](int i) const { return m[i]; } else for(i=0; i<x.l; i++) if(x[i]>0) x[i+1]++, x[i]-=MAX; 137 long long t; long long &operator [](int i) { return m[i]; } for(i=0; i<x.l; i++) x[i]\*=x.sign;</pre> vector < Complex > a, b; BigInt() { l=1, m[0]=0; sign=1; } if (x.sign == -1&&x.l == 1&&x[0] == 0) x.sign = 1; for(i=0; i<x.l; i++) a.emplace\_back(x[i]);</pre> BigInt(int x){ (\*this)=x; } return x; for(i=0; i<y.l; i++) b.emplace\_back(y[i]);</pre>

```
for(N=1; N<x.l+y.l; N<<=1);</pre>
     while(N!=(int)(a.size())) a.emplace back(0);
     while(N!=(int)(b.size())) b.emplace back(0);
143
144
     a=fft(a), b=fft(b);
145
     for(i=0; i<N; i++) a[i]=a[i]*b[i];</pre>
146
     a=fft(a,-1);
147
     for(i=0, t=0, x.l=0; i<N; i++){</pre>
       t+=fl(a[i].x);
148
149
        x[x.l++]=t%MAX;
       t/=MAX;
150
151
     } x[x.l++]=t;
     for(: x.l>1 && !x[x.l-1]: x.l--):
152
     x.sign=(x.sign==y.sign?1:-1);
153
154
     if(x.sign==-1&&x.l==1&&x[0]==0) x.sign=1:
155
     return x:
156
    BigInt operator /(BigInt x, const BigInt &y){
157
     if(y.l==1) return x/(y[0]*y.sign);
     int i:
159
     BiaInt h:
160
161
     for(h=0, i=x.l-1; i>=0; i--){
162
        h=h*MAX+x[i];
163
        if(h.l>y.l) x[i]=(h[h.l-1]*MAX*MAX+h[h.l-2]*MAX+h[h.l-3])
        if(h.l==y.l) x[i]=(h[h.l-1]*MAX+h[h.l-2]);
164
        x[i]/=(y[y.l-1]*MAX+y[y.l-2]);
165
        for(; x[i] && h<y*(x[i]*y.sign); x[i]--);</pre>
166
        h=h-(y*(x[i]*y.sign));
167
168
169
     for(; x.l>1 && !x[x.l-1]; x.l--);
170
     x.sign=(x.sign==y.sign?1:-1);
171
     if(x.sign==-1&&x.l==1&&x[0]==0) x.sign=1;
172
     return x:
173
174 BigInt operator %(BigInt x, BigInt y){
     if(y.l==1) return x%(y[0]*y.sign);
```

# 5.7 mobius

return x-(x/y)\*y;

176

177 }

```
1 /* Mobius Function
    * m(x) = 0, x has repeated factors
    * m(x) = 1, x = 1
    * m(x) = (-1)^k, x is the product of k distinct primes
   * f(n) = sum(g(d)) for d/n,
   * g(n) = sum(mu(n/d)f(d)) = sum(mu(d)f(n/d))
   const int M = 100005;
9 | ll sp[M], mobius[M];
  void sieve(){
       for(ll i = 0; i < M; i++) sp[i] = i;</pre>
       for(ll i = 2; i*i < M; i++) if(sp[i] == i)</pre>
13
14
           for(ll j = i*i; j < M; j += i)</pre>
15
               if(sp[j] == j) sp[j] = i;
17
   void makeMobius(){
       for(ll i = 0; i < M; i++) mobius[i] = 1;</pre>
       for(ll i = 2; i < M; i++) if(sp[i] == i){</pre>
21
           for(ll j = i; j < M; j += i) mobius[j] = -mobius[j];</pre>
```

# 5.8 modeq

# 6 String

### 6.1 BWT

```
1 // use with suffix array
  int pivot:
   // BWT array size must be double of the data size
   inline void BWT(char *tmp. char *in. char *out. int *SA. int
        *Rank){
     int len=strlen(in);
     for(int i=0;i<len;i++) tmp[i]=tmp[i+len]=in[i];</pre>
     tmp[len*2]='\0';
     SA_build(SA,Rank,tmp);
     for(int i=0, j=0;i<2*len;i++){</pre>
       if(SA[i]==len) pivot=j;
10
11
       if(SA[i]<len)</pre>
12
         out[j++]=in[(SA[i]+len-1)%len];
13
     out[len]='\0';
14
15
16
   inline void IBWT(char *in, char *out, int *tmp){
     int len=strlen(in);
     vector < int > idx[256];
19
20
     for(int i=0:i<len:i++)</pre>
21
       idx[in[i]].emplace_back(i);
22
     for(int i=0,k=0;i<256;i++)</pre>
23
       for(int j=0;j<(int)(idx[i].size());j++)</pre>
^{24}
         tmp[k++]=idx[i][j];
25
     int p=pivot;
26
     for(int i=0;i<len;i++)</pre>
27
       out[i]=in[p=tmp[p]];
     out[len]='\0';
```

# 6.2 SuffixArray

```
1 | void SA_radix_sort(int *s, int *e, int *Rank, int rankcnt){
     int box[MAX_N], tmp[MAX_N], len=e-s;
     memset(box,0,sizeof(int)*rankcnt);
     for(int i=0;i<len;i++) box[Rank[i]]++;</pre>
     for(int i=1;i<rankcnt;i++) box[i]=box[i]+box[i-1];</pre>
     for(int i=len-1;i>=0;i--) tmp[--box[Rank[s[i]]]]=s[i];
     for(int i=0;i<len;i++) s[i]=tmp[i];</pre>
   #define equal(a,b,c) c[a]!=c[b]||a+k>=len||c[a+k]!=c[b+k]
   void SA_build(int *SA, int *Rank, char *S){
    int ranktmp[MAX_N], len=strlen(S), rankcnt='z'+1;
     for(int i=0;i<len;i++) Rank[i]=S[i];</pre>
     for(int k=1;rankcnt!=len;k*=2){
       for(int i=0;i<len;i++) SA[i]=(i+len-k)%len;</pre>
       SA_radix_sort(SA+k, SA+len, Rank+k, rankcnt);
15
16
       SA_radix_sort(SA, SA+len, Rank, rankcnt);
       ranktmp[SA[0]]=0, rankcnt=0;
17
       for(int i=1;i<len;i++)</pre>
18
19
         ranktmp[SA[i]]=rankcnt+=equal(SA[i-1], SA[i], Rank);
20
       for(int i=0;i<len;i++) Rank[i]=ranktmp[i];</pre>
22
23
24 #undef equal
```

#### 6.3 AC-Automation

```
1 #define SZ 25000
2 int nx[SZ][26], spt;
3 int fl[SZ], efl[SZ], ed[SZ];
  int newnode(){
    for(int i=0;i<26;i++) nx[spt][i]=0;</pre>
     ed[spt]=0;
    return spt++;
  int add(char *s, int sptnow){
    for(int i=0;s[i];i++){
      int tmp=s[i]-'a';
12
       if(nx[sptnow][tmp]==0) nx[sptnow][tmp]=newnode();
       sptnow=nx[sptnow][tmp];
14
15
    ed[sptnow]=1;
     return sptnow;
17
  int bfsq[SZ], qs, qe;
  void make_fl(int root){
    fl[root]=efl[root]=qs=qe=0;
     bfsq[qe++]=root;
     while(qs!=qe){
      int p=bfsq[qs++];
       for(int i=0;i<26;i++){</pre>
         int t=nx[p][i];
         if(t==0) continue;
         int tmp=fl[p];
27
         for(; tmp&&nx[tmp][i]==0; tmp=fl[tmp]);
         fl[t]=tmp?nx[tmp][i]:root;
30
         efl[t]=ed[fl[t]]?fl[t]:efl[fl[t]];
31
         bfsq[qe++]=t;
32
```

```
6.4 LCP
```

34 }

```
1 //build query in O(nlogn), query LCP(i,j) in O(1)
1 int dp_height[MAX_N][20];
3 void height_build(int *SA, int *Rank, char *S, int *Height){
    int len=strlen(S), k=0;
    for(int i=0;i<len;i++){</pre>
       if(Rank[i]==0) continue;
       while(S[i+k] == S[SA[Rank[i]-1]+k]) k++;
       Height[Rank[i]]=k;
       if(k) k--;
    } Height[0]=0;
    for(int i=0;i<len;i++) dp_height[i][0]=Height[i];</pre>
    for(int i=0;i<len;i++) for(int j=1;i+(1<<j)<len;j++)</pre>
       dp_height[i][j]=min(dp_height[i][j-1], dp_height[i+(1<<(j</pre>
            -1))][j-1]);
   int height_query(int x, int y){
    int k=0:
    while((1<<(k+1))<=y-x) k++;</pre>
    return min(dp_height[x+1][k], dp_height[y-(1<<k)+1][k]);</pre>
18
19
```

## 6.5 Z-value

```
1  void Z_build(const char *S, int *Z){
2    Z[0]=0;
3    int b=0;
4    for(int i=1;S[i];i++){
5     if(Z[b]+b<i) Z[i]=0;
6    else Z[i]=min(Z[b]+b-i,Z[i-b]);
7    while(S[i+Z[i]]&&S[Z[i]]==S[i+Z[i]]) Z[i]++;
8    if(Z[i]+i>Z[b]+b) b=i;
9    }
10 }
```

# 6.6 KMP

```
void failure_build(const char *p, int *fail){

for(int i=1, j=fail[0]=-1; p[i]; i++){
    while(j>=0&&p[j+1]!=p[i]) j=fail[j];
    if(p[j+1]==p[i]) j++;
    fail[i]=j;

}

int KMP(const char *T, const char *P, int *fail){
    failure_build(P, fail);
    for(int i=0, j=-1; T[i]; i++){
        while(j>=0&&P[j+1]!=T[i]) j=fail[j];
        if(P[j+1]==T[i]) j++;
        if(!P[j+1]) return i-j;
    }

return -1;

}
```

```
18|//使用方法: KMP(主字串, 待匹配字串, failure array)
19|//回傳: 第一個完全匹配的位置
```

# 7 other

#### 7.1 2sat

1 const int N = 10; // 變數數量

```
2 bool adj[20][20]; // adjacency matrix
 3 int visit[20];
                       // DFS visit record
                       // 解
 4 int sat[20];
  int not(int a) {return a<N ? a+N : a-N;}</pre>
  // 另外一種方式
  int not(int a) {return a&1 ? a : a+1;}
  int not(int a) {return a^1;}
12
  bool dfs_try(int i){
      if (visit[i] == 1 || sat[i] == 1) return true;
       if (visit[i] == 2 || sat[i] == 2) return false;
16
17
       visit[i] = 1;
18
       visit[not(i)] = 2;
19
       for (int j=0; j<N+N; ++j)</pre>
20
           if (adj[i][j] && !dfs_try(j))
21
               return false;
22
       return true;
23
   void dfs_mark(int i){
      if (sat[i] == 1) return;
       sat[i] = 1;
       sat[not(i)] = 2;
       for (int j=0; j<N+N; ++j)</pre>
30
          if (adj[i][j])
31
               dfs mark(j);
32
   void two_satisfiability(){
       // 一次輸入一個括號
35
       memset(adj, false, sizeof(adj));
36
       int a. b:
       while (cin >> a >> b){
           map[not(a)][b] = true;
39
           map[not(b)][a] = true;
40
      }
41
42
       // 找出一組解
43
       for (int i=0; i<N; ++i){</pre>
44
           memset(visit, 0, sizeof(visit));
45
46
           if (dfs_try(i)) {dfs_mark(i); continue;}
47
48
           memset(visit, 0, sizeof(visit));
49
           if (dfs_try(not(i))) {dfs_mark(not(i)); continue;}
50
           // 無解則立即結束。
51
           return;
```

```
53 }
54
55 // 印出一組解。
56 for (int i=1; i<N; ++i)
57 if (sat[i] == 1)
58 cout << i;
60 else /*if (sat[i] == 2)*/
cout << "not" << i;
```

#### 7.2 definesss

```
1 #include <bits/stdc++.h>
2 using namespace std;
3 #define pb push back
4 #define pii pair<int,int>
5 #define pll pair<ll, ll>
6 #define pil pair<int,ll>
7 #define pli pair<ll,int>
8 #define ppi pair<pii,int>
9 #define pip pair<int,pii>
#define pdd pair<double, double>
11 #define f first
12 #define s second
13 #define MOD 1000000007
14 #define mkp make_pair
15 #define M PI 3.14159265358979323846
#define FOR(i,l,r) for (int i=l;i<=r;i++)</pre>
17 #define LOR(i,l,r) for (ll i=l;i<=r;i++)</pre>
18 #define FORD(i,r,l) for (int i=r;i>=l;i--)
19 #define LORD(i,r,l) for (ll i=r;i>=l;i--)
20 #define INF 1000000000
21 #define CL(x) memset(x,0,sizeof(x))
22 typedef long long ll;
24 int main()
25 {
      ios::sync with stdio(false);
27
      cin.tie(0);
      return 0;
```

# 7.3 PojTree

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>

using namespace std;
typedef long long int ll;
typedef pair<int, ll> P;
#define idx first
#define w second

const int N = 10004;
const ll INF = (1ll << 60);

int vn;
ll k;
vector<P> graph[N];
```

```
15 vector <int > dist:
16 ll subtreeSz[N];
17 bool isCentroid[N];
19
   void init(){
       for(int i = 1; i <= vn; i++)</pre>
20
21
           graph[i].clear(), isCentroid[i] = false;
22
23
   void buildTree(){
24
       for(int i = 1; i < vn; i++){</pre>
25
           int u, v, l; scanf("%d %d %d", &u, &v, &l);
26
           graph[u].push_back(P(v, l));
27
           graph[v].push_back(P(u, l));
28
29
30
31
   ll calSubsz(int v, int p){
32
       subtreeSz[v] = 1;
33
       for(auto c:graph[v]){
34
           if(isCentroid[c.idx] || c.idx == p) continue;
35
36
           subtreeSz[v] += calSubsz(c.idx, v);
37
38
       return subtreeSz[v];
39
40
41
   P getCentroid(int v. int p. ll subsz){
42
       P cen(-1, INF);
43
       ll \ mxsonSz = -1;
44
45
       for(auto c:graph[v]){
           if(c.idx == p || isCentroid[c.idx]) continue;
46
47
           P res = getCentroid(c.idx, v, subsz);
           if(res.w < cen.w) cen = res;</pre>
48
           mxsonSz = max(mxsonSz, subtreeSz[c.idx]);
49
50
       mxsonSz = max(mxsonSz, subsz-subtreeSz[v]);
51
       if(mxsonSz < cen.w) cen = P(v, mxsonSz);</pre>
52
53
       return cen:
54
55
   void getDist(int v, int p, ll w){
       if(w > k) return;
       dist.push_back(w);
58
       for(auto c:graph[v]){
59
           if(c.idx == p || isCentroid[c.idx]) continue;
60
61
           getDist(c.idx, v, w+c.w);
62
63
   ll calValidPair(int idx, ll w){
       dist.clear();
       getDist(idx, -1, w);
       sort(dist.begin(), dist.end());
       ll sum = 0;
       for(int l = 0, r = dist.size()-1; l < r; ){</pre>
           if(dist[r]+dist[l] <= k) sum += r-l, l++;</pre>
71
72
           else r--:
73
74
       return sum;
75
  ll treedc(int v){
       ll sum = 0;
       // find centroid
       calSubsz(v, v);
```

```
int cen = getCentroid(v, v, subtreeSz[v]).idx;
        isCentroid[cen] = true;
 82
 83
        sum += calValidPair(cen, 0);
84
        for(auto c:graph[cen])
 85
 86
            if(isCentroid[c.idx]) continue;
 87
 88
            sum -= calValidPair(c.idx, c.w);
            sum += treedc(c.idx);
 89
 90
 91
        return sum;
 92
 94
    int main(){
 95
        while(scanf("%d %lld", &vn, &k) && vn && k)
 96
97
98
            buildTree();
99
            printf("%lld\n", treedc(1));
100
101
        return 0;
102
```

	ACM ICPC TEAM		2.3	3 MinCostMaxFlow	4		4.13 dijkstra	
	<b>D</b>	;	3 Ge	eometry	5		O Company	
	Reference -		3.1	1 point	5	5	Math	13
			3.2	2 intercircle	5		5.1 extgcd	13
-	NTHU PILLARMEN		3.3	2 -8	5		5.2 NTT	13
-			3.4	4 convexHullTrick	6		5.3 GaussianJordan	13
			3.5		6		5.4 EulerPhi	13
			3.6	6 nearestDist	8		5.5 FFT	14
Contents			3.7	3.7 convexHull	9		5.6 BigInt	14
				•	_		5.7 mobius	15
		4	1 Gi	raph	9		5.8 modeq	15
1	DataStructure	1	4.1	1 SCC	9			
_	DataStructure	_	4.0	2 1				
_	1.1 1d_segTree	1	4.2	2 lca	9	6	String	15
•		1 1	4.2	B bellman_Ford	9 9	6	6.1 BWT	
•	1.1 1d_segTree	1 1 1	4.2 4.3 4.4	B bellman_Ford		6	6.1 BWT	15
•	1.1       1d_segTree          1.2       2d_st_tag          1.3       undo_disjoint_set          1.4       treap	1 1 1 1	4.4 4.5	B bellman_Ford	10	6	6.1 BWT	15 15
•	1.1       1d_segTree          1.2       2d_st_tag          1.3       undo_disjoint_set          1.4       treap          1.5       disjoint_set	1 1 1 1 2	4.2 4.3 4.4 4.5 4.6	B bellman_Ford	10 10	6	6.1 BWT	15 15 16
•	1.1       1d_segTree         1.2       2d_st_tag         1.3       undo_disjoint_set         1.4       treap         1.5       disjoint_set         1.6       Matrix	1 1 1 1 2 2	4.4 4.5 4.6 4.7	B bellman_Ford	10 10 11	6	6.1 BWT 6.2 SuffixArray 6.3 AC-Automation 6.4 LCP 6.5 Z-value 6.7 SuffixArray 6.8 SuffixArray 6.9 SuffixArray 6.0 SuffixArray 6.1 SuffixArray 6.2 SuffixArray 6.3 SuffixArray 6.4 LCP 6.5 SuffixArray 6.5 SuffixArray	15 15 16 16
•	1.1       1d_segTree         1.2       2d_st_tag         1.3       undo_disjoint_set         1.4       treap         1.5       disjoint_set         1.6       Matrix         1.7       1d_segTree_tag	1 1 1 1 2 2	4.4 4.5 4.6 4.7 4.8	3       bellman_Ford          4       MaxMatching          5       MinimumMeanCycle          6       MaxBiMatching          7       MaximalClique          8       MaxWeightPerfectMatch	10 10 11 11	6	6.1 BWT	15 15 16 16
•	1.1       1d_segTree         1.2       2d_st_tag         1.3       undo_disjoint_set         1.4       treap         1.5       disjoint_set         1.6       Matrix	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 3	4.4 4.5 4.6 4.7 4.8 4.9	B bellman_Ford	10 10 11 11 11	6	6.1 BWT 6.2 SuffixArray 6.3 AC-Automation 6.4 LCP 6.5 Z-value 6.6 KMP 6.7 KMP 6.8 KMP 6.9 KMP 6.9 KMP	15 15 16 16 16
	1.1       1d_segTree         1.2       2d_st_tag         1.3       undo_disjoint_set         1.4       treap         1.5       disjoint_set         1.6       Matrix         1.7       1d_segTree_tag         1.8       BIT	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 3	4.4 4.5 4.6 4.7 4.8 4.9	B bellman_Ford	10 10 11 11 11 12	7	6.1 BWT 6.2 SuffixArray 6.3 AC-Automation 6.4 LCP 6.5 Z-value 6.6 KMP  other	15 15 16 16 16
	1.1       1d_segTree         1.2       2d_st_tag         1.3       undo_disjoint_set         1.4       treap         1.5       disjoint_set         1.6       Matrix         1.7       1d_segTree_tag         1.8       BIT    Flow	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 3	4.4 4.5 4.6 4.7 4.8 4.9 4.1	B bellman_Ford	10 10 11 11 11	7	6.1 BWT 6.2 SuffixArray 6.3 AC-Automation 6.4 LCP 6.5 Z-value 6.6 KMP  other 7.1 2sat	15 15 16 16 16 16
	1.1       1d_segTree         1.2       2d_st_tag         1.3       undo_disjoint_set         1.4       treap         1.5       disjoint_set         1.6       Matrix         1.7       1d_segTree_tag         1.8       BIT	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3	4.4 4.5 4.6 4.7 4.8 4.9 4.1	B bellman_Ford	10 10 11 11 11 12 12	7	6.1 BWT 6.2 SuffixArray 6.3 AC-Automation 6.4 LCP 6.5 Z-value 6.6 KMP  other	15 15 16 16 16 16 16