

Register No: 21L31A0503

Experiment No: 1

Date:

S. No	Component	Max. Marks	Marks Secured
1	Preparedness	2	
2	Viva-Voce	2	
3	Experiment	3	
4	Analysis & Record	3	
Total		10	
Date		Signature of the Lab teacher	

AIM: To understand the Concept of Devops with related technologies which are used to code, Build, Test, Configure & monitor the software applications.

Devops: Devops is the combination of practices and tools designs to increase an organizations ability to deliver applications and services further than traditional software development processes. This Speed enables the better serve their customers and complete more effectively in the market. Devops is about removing the barrier between traditionally siloed teams, development and operations.

Under a Devops model, development and operations team work together across the entire software application life cycle, from development test through deployment to operations.

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1. Build +

The usage of cloud sharing of resources comes into the picture and the build is dependent upon the user need which is a mechanism to control the usage of resources (or) Capacity.

Technologies: .Git .Gradle
.Gitlab .Sonatype Nexus.

2. Code:

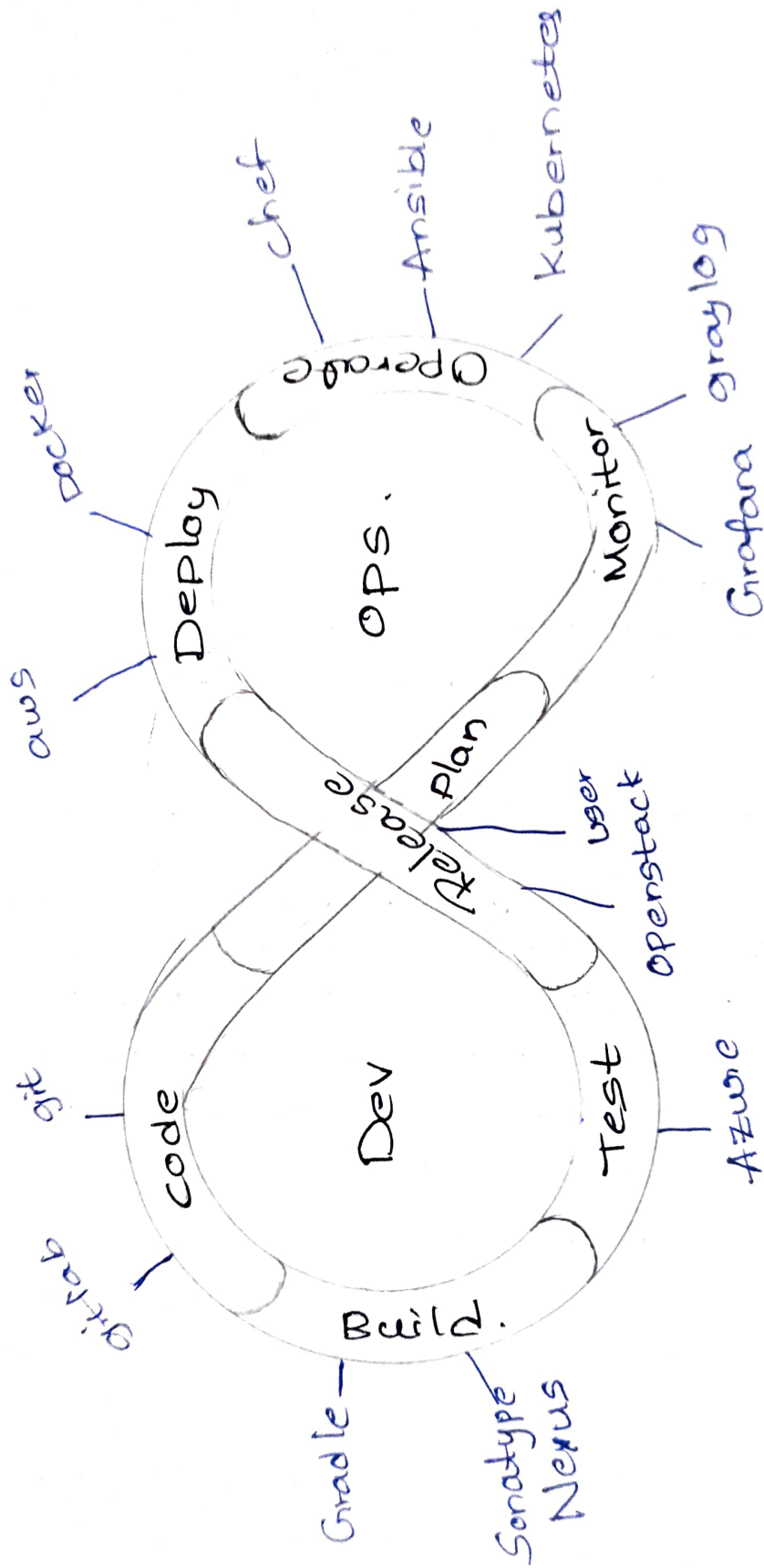
Many good practices such as git enables the code to be used, which ensures writing the code for business, helps to track changes, getting notified about the version behind the difference in the actual and expected output and if necessary reverting to the original code developed.

Technologies: .Git
.Gitlab

3. Test:

The application will be ready for the production after testing. In the case of manual testing it consumes time and the code to the output. Production can be reduced as automatic the running of the scripts with many manual steps.

Technologies: .Azure
.Selenium.



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- 4, plan : Devops use agile methodologies to plan the development with the app operations and development team in sync, it helps in organizing the work to plan accordingly.

Technologies :
• Open stack
• Jenkins.

- 5, Monitor: Continuous monitoring is used to identify the Mik (or) failure, Also it helps in tracking the System accurately so that the health of the application can be checked.

Technologies :
• Grafana
• Graylog.

- 6, Deploy: Many systems can support the scheduler for automated deployment. The cloud management platform enables ensures to Capture accurate insights and view the optimization Scenario of dashboards.

Technologies :
• aws
• Docker.

- 7, Operate : changes the way traditional approach of developing and testing separately. The teams operate in a Collaborating way where both the teams actively participate throughout the service life Cycle.

Technologies :
• chef
• Ansible
• Kubernetes.

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8. Release:

Release management commonly used to do the deployment in the production environment manually to lesser the impact on the customers.

Technologies : • Jenkins.