

Healthcare-IOT [wk11]

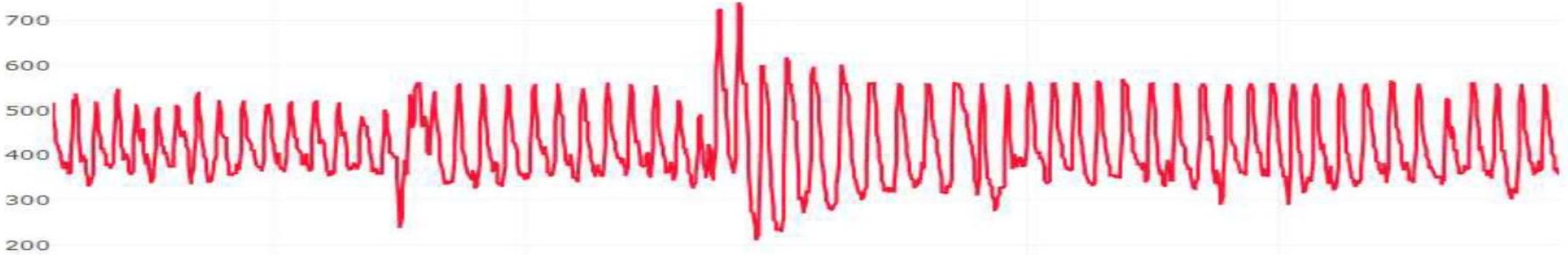
Data visualization using plotly.js III.

Visualization of Healthcare Signals using
Arduino & Node.js

HCit, INJE University

1st semester, 2018

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My ID

오전

성명	ID
김민선	HS01
김영걸	HS02
김주란	HS03
김주현	HS04
김태민	HS05
여준하	HS06
이수민	HS07
정민지	HS08
정유현	HS09
정재은	HS10
주하영	HS11
한준영	HS12

오후

성명	ID
신영주	HS21
오가영	HS22
윤민수	HS23
윤진아	HS24
이진영	HS25
임상은	HS26
임재형	HS27
최민영	HS28
황유빈	HS29



주간계획서

주간계획서			
주차	수업방법	수업내용	과제물
1	강의/실습	수업 및 실습 안내 - 포터블 소프트웨어 설치	
2	강의/실습	Node.js I - Node.js 코드의 기본 구조 - 기초 Node 서버 및 클라이언트	실습확인
3	강의/실습	Node.js II - Node.js Express 서버	실습확인
4	강의/실습/발표	Arduino I - 아날로그 신호 회로 - LCD를 이용한 센서 신호 모니터링	실습확인
5	강의/실습	Arduino II - 단일 센서 회로와 Node.js 연결 - 다중 센서 회로와 Node.js 연결	실습확인
6	강의/실습	프로젝트1 - 생체 센서 회로와 Node.js 연결 - 생체 신호 소개	프로젝트1
7	강의/실습/발표	IOT 데이터 시각화 I (Plotly.js) - 데이터 및 시계열 차트 - 데이터 스트리밍	실습확인
8	시험	중간고사	
9	강의/실습	IOT 데이터 시각화 II (Plotly.js) - 다중 센서 데이터 시각화 - 다중 센서 데이터 스트리밍	실습확인
10	강의/실습/발표	프로젝트II - 생체 센서 데이터 시각화 - 생체 센서 데이터 스트리밍	프로젝트II
11	강의/실습	IOT 데이터 저장과 처리 - MongoDB 설치 및 Mongo shell - MongoDB와 Node.js 연결 및 데이터 저장	실습확인
12	강의/실습	프로젝트III - MongoDB에 IOT 데이터 저장 및 모니터링 - 생체 센서 데이터 저장 및 시각화	프로젝트III
13	강의/실습	IOT 데이터 마이닝 - 아두이노에서 발생된 데이터 관리 - 데이터마이닝 소개	실습확인
14	강의/실습/발표	프로젝트IV - 생체 센서 데이터 관리 - 생체 센서 데이터 마이닝	프로젝트IV
15	시험	기말고사	

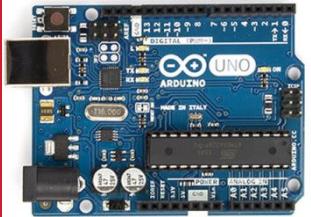


Purpose of HS

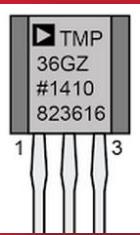
주요 수업 목표는 다음과 같다.

1. Node.js를 이용한 아두이노 센서 신호 처리
2. Plotly.js를 이용한 아두이노 센서 신호 시각화
3. MongoDB에 아두이노 센서 데이터 저장 및 처리
4. 생체 센서 발생 신호 처리, 시각화 및 저장
5. 생체 센서 발생 신호 저장 및 분석
6. 생체 신호 장비 활용 능력



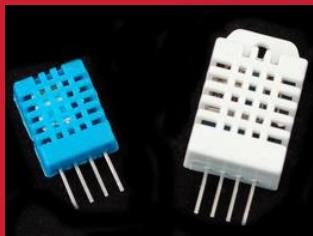


[Review]



◆ [wk10]

- RT Data Visualization with node.js
- Usage of gauge.js
- Complete your real-time WEB charts
- Upload file name : HSnn_Rpt08.zip



[wk10] Practice-08 HSnn_Rpt08.zip



◆ [Target of this week]

- Complete your charts
- Save your outcomes and compress them.

제출파일명 : **HSnn_Rpt08.zip**

- 압축할 파일들

- ① **HSnn_DS_30timestamps.png**
- ② **HSnn_DS_multiple_axis.png**
- ③ **HSnn_cds_gauge.png**
- ④ **HSnn_cds_change.png**

Email : chaos21c@gmail.com

【 제목 : id, 이름 (수정) 】



[My working folder – wk10]

The image displays two separate file explorer windows side-by-side, illustrating the structure of a working folder for a combined Arduino and Node.js project.

Left Window (Arduino Sketches):

- Path: PC > DATA (D:) > Portable > arduino-1.8.5 > hs00
- Content:
 - hcit
 - HS00_AnalogRead_fmap
 - HSnn_TMP36_NodeJS
 - HSnn_TMP36_start** (highlighted)
 - libraries
 - sketch01_blink
 - sketch01_start
 - sketch02_pwm_led
 - sketch03_pwm_led_serial
 - sketch04_pwm_3_leds
 - sketch05_multi_signals
 - sketch06_analog_read
 - sketch06_analog_read_start
 - sketch07_tmp36
 - sketch07_tmp36_start
 - sketch08_CdS
 - sketch08_CdS_start
 - sketch08_CdS2
 - sketch09_hello_LCD

Right Window (Node.js Applications):

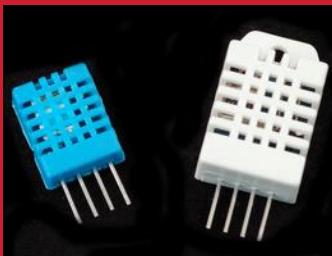
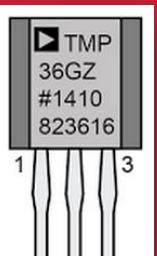
- Path: Portable > NodeJSPortable > Data > hs00 >
- Content:
 - express
 - expressTest
 - hs00App
 - iot** (highlighted with a red dashed box)
 - myApp
 - server
 - start
 - cds
 - cds_tmp36** (highlighted with a blue dashed box)
 - multi_signals
 - plotly
 - tmp36
 - data_chart
 - data_streaming

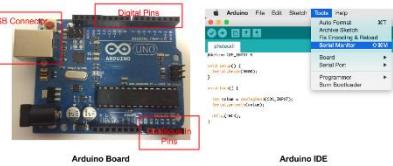


Arduino

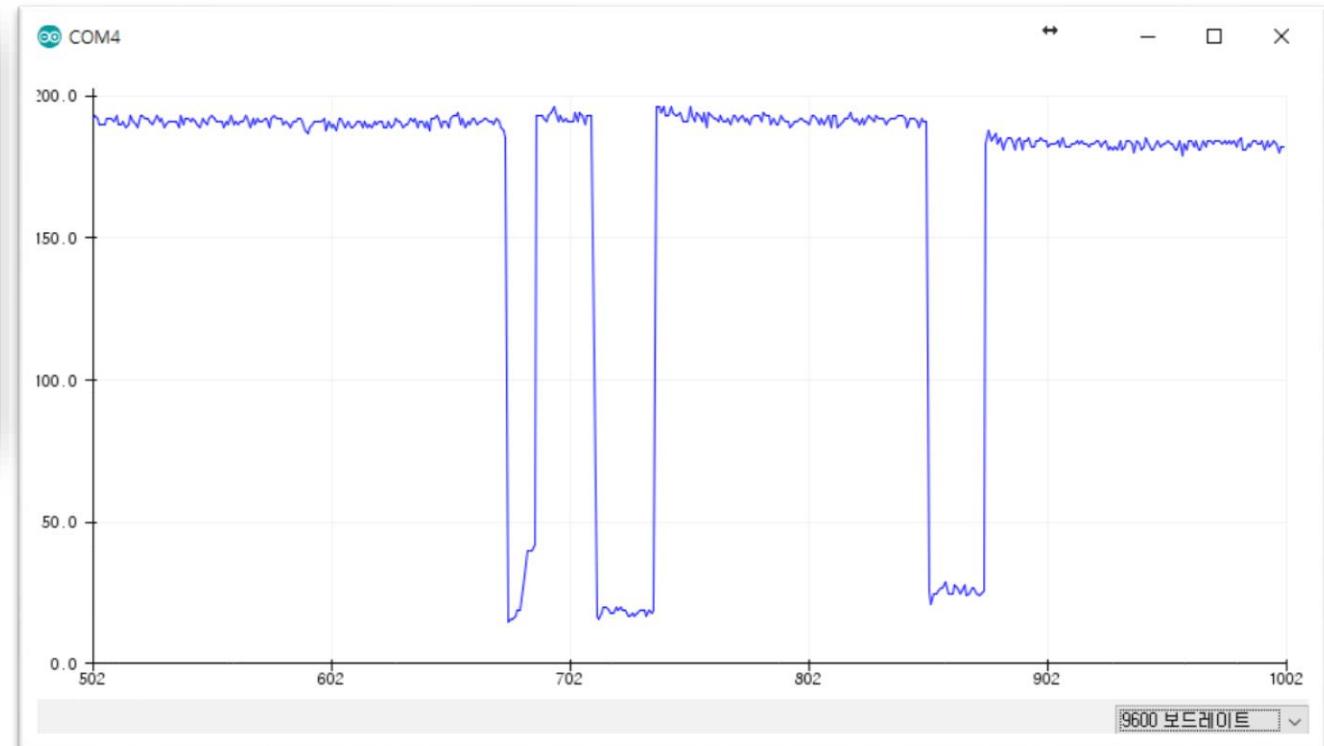
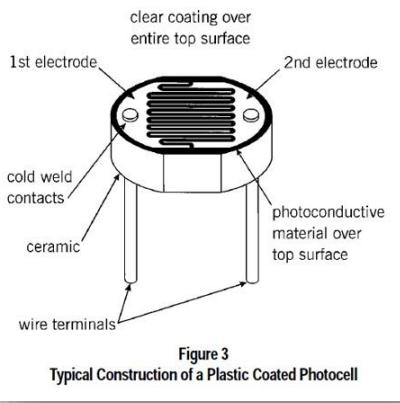
+ Node.js

+ plotly.js

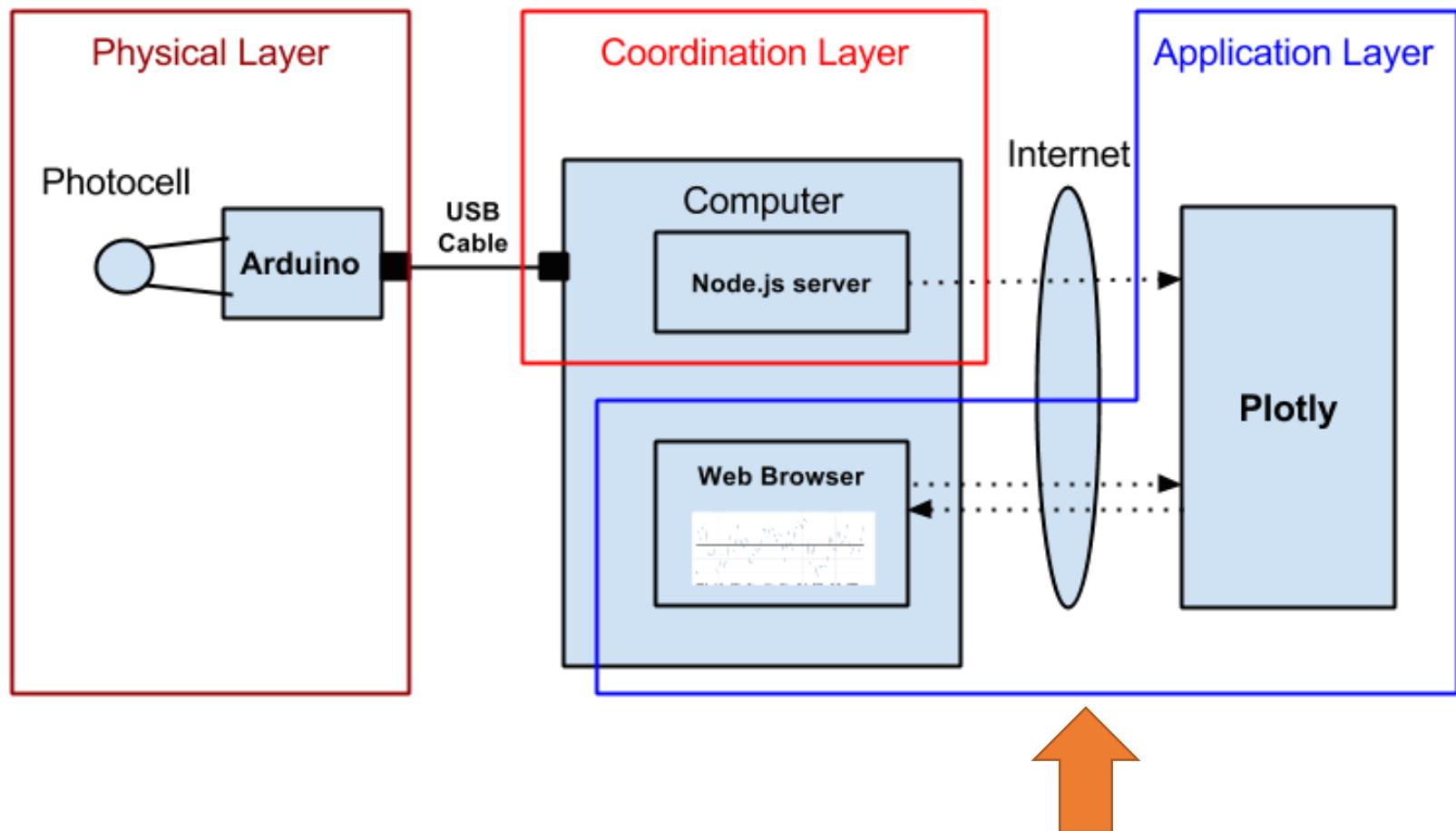




IOT: HSC

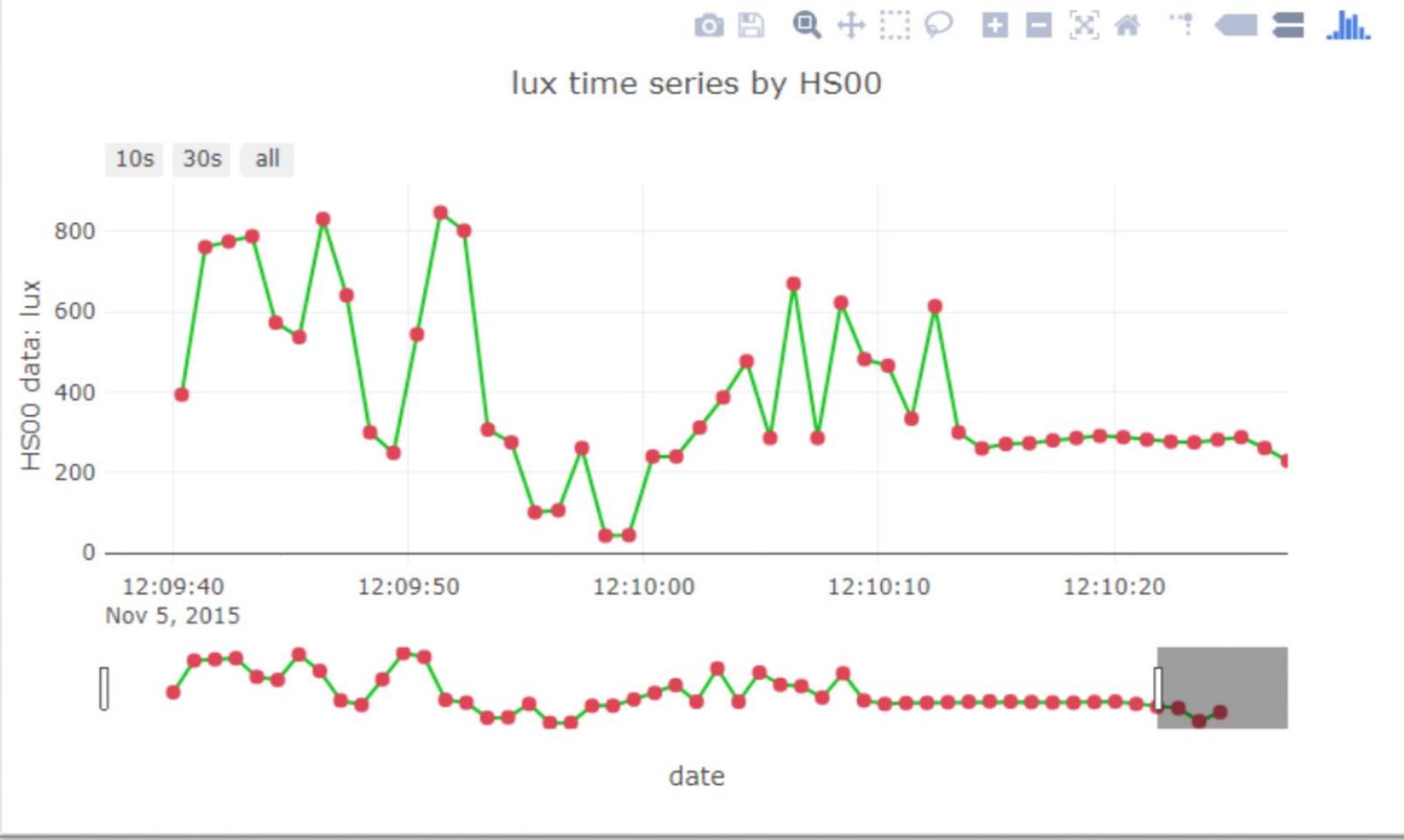


Layout [H S C]



Arduino data + plotly

Time series by HS00

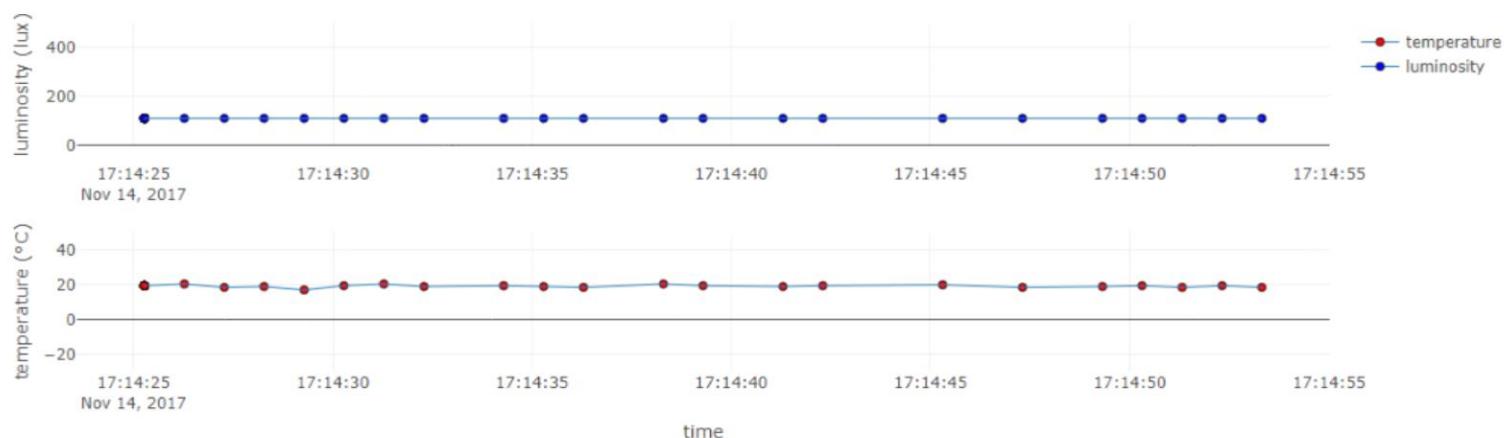


Arduino: node.js + plotly

Real-time Temperature(°C) and Luminosity(lux) from sensors



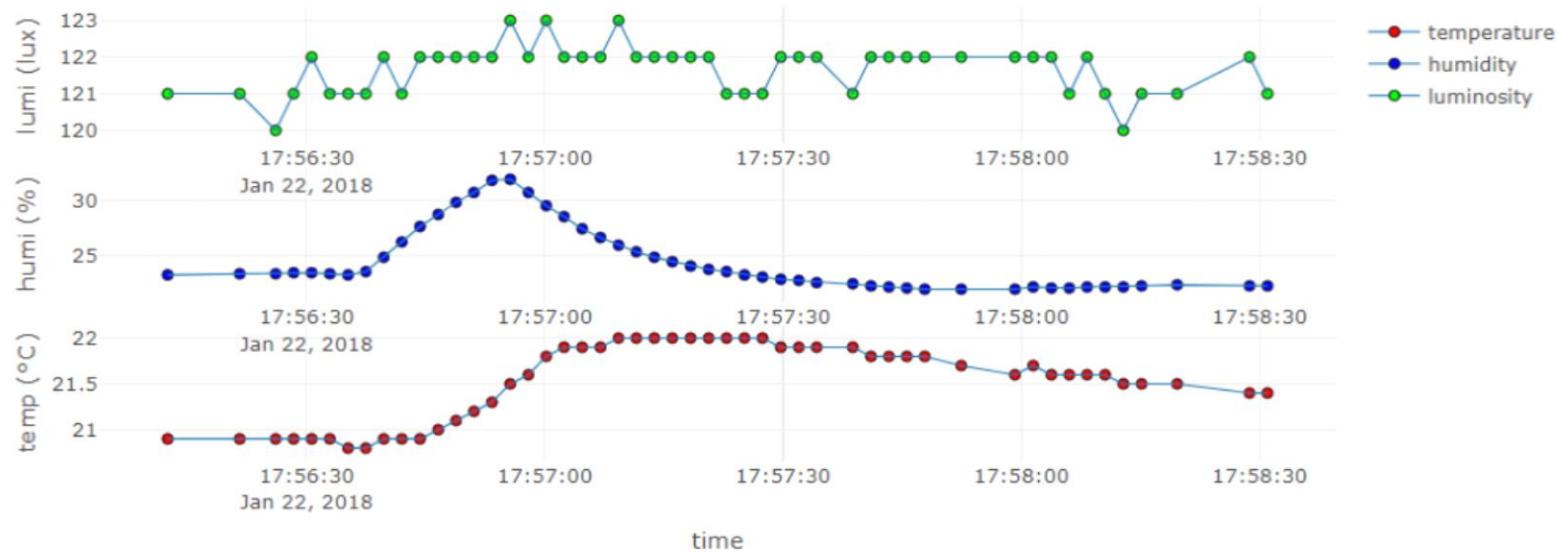
on Time: 2017-11-14 17:14:53.321

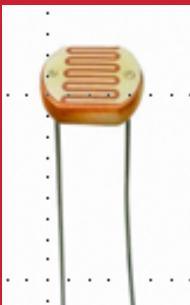
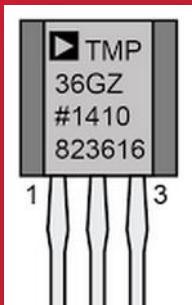


Real-time Weather Station from sensors

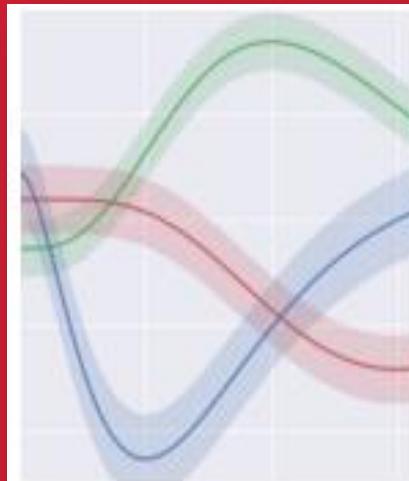


on Time: 2018-01-22 17:58:31.012





Data visualization using `plotly.js`



Line Charts



Scatter Plots

A5. Introduction to visualization

System (Arduino, sDevice, ...)



Data (signal, image, sns, ...)



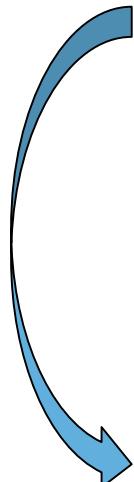
Visualization & monitoring



Data storing & mining



Service





A5.1. Introduction to data visualization

아두이노 센서 회로



직렬모니터/플로터 모니터링



LCD 모니터링

Node.js

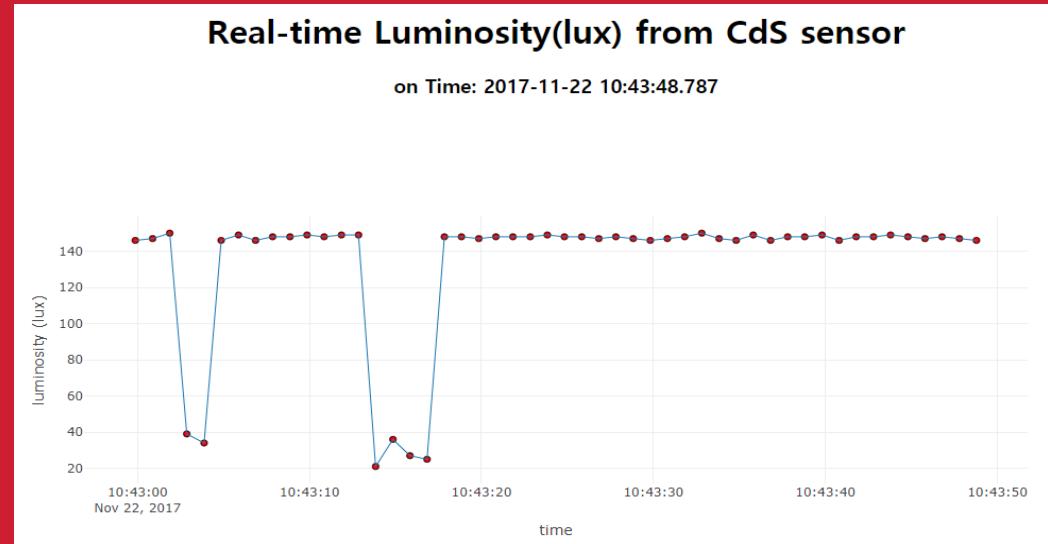
Plotly.js

웹 모니터링



Arduino sensor data RT visualization using plotly.js

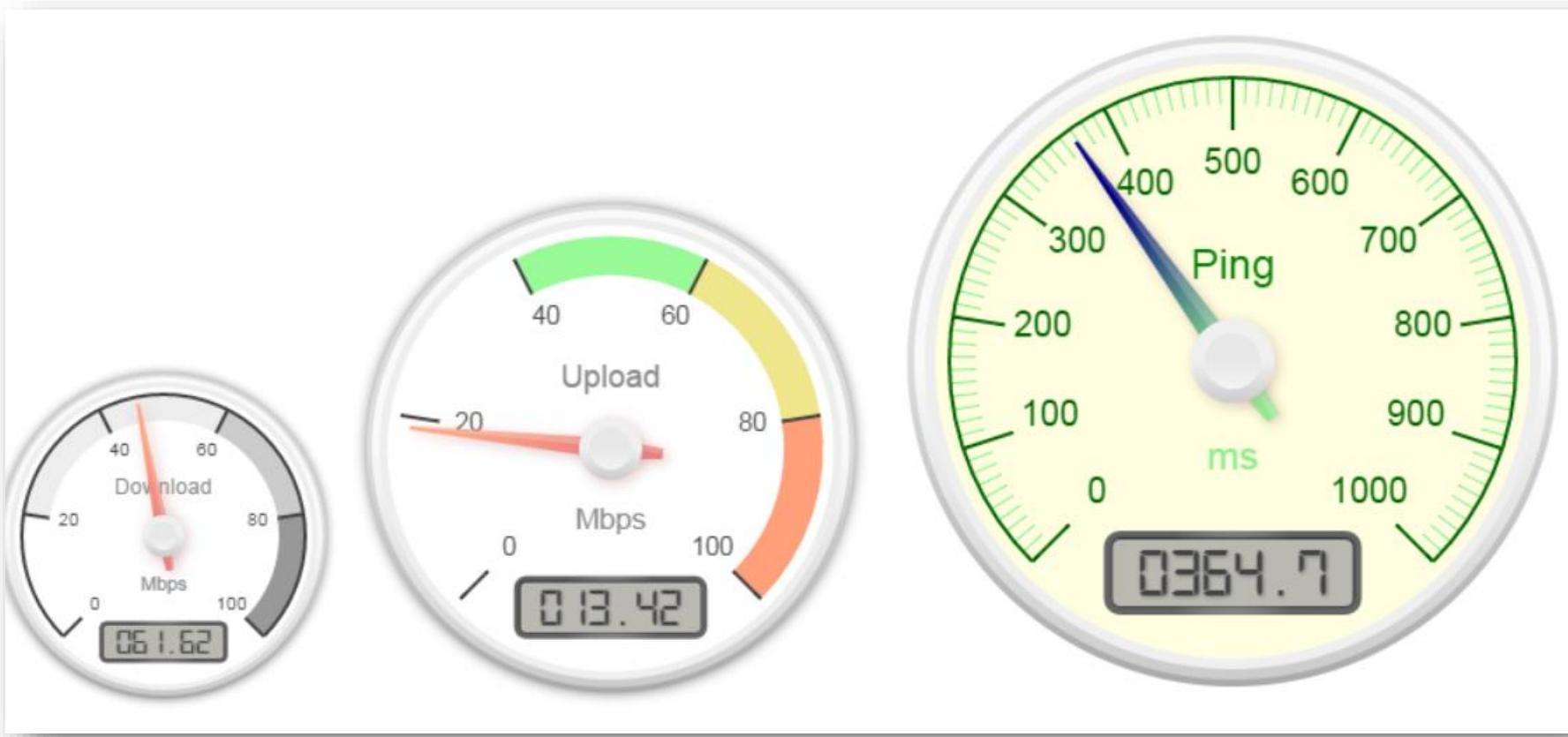
```
AA00,2017-11-22 10:43:11.859,149
AA00,2017-11-22 10:43:12.851,149
AA00,2017-11-22 10:43:13.845,21
AA00,2017-11-22 10:43:14.854,36
AA00,2017-11-22 10:43:15.844,27
AA00,2017-11-22 10:43:16.837,25
AA00,2017-11-22 10:43:17.846,148
AA00,2017-11-22 10:43:18.839,148
AA00,2017-11-22 10:43:19.847,147
```





Canvas Gauge

[1] Canvas gauge javascript library : example



<http://ru.smart-ip.net/gauge.html>



A5.5.9.3 RT sensor-data streaming in Arduino

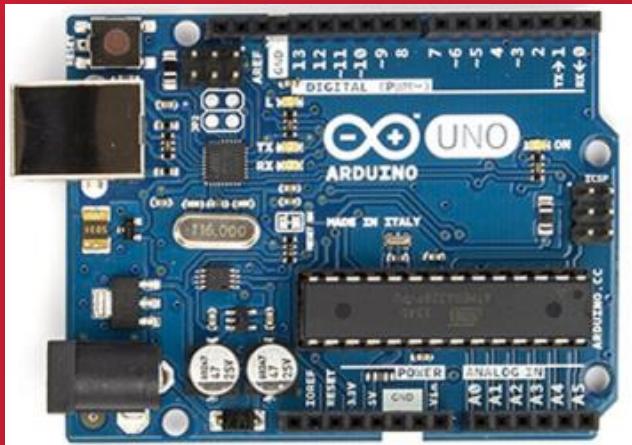
[DIY] Client html : [client_cds_change.html \(detecting change\)](#)



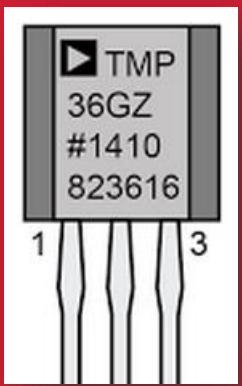
측정되는 주변광의 밝기가 일정 시간 유지되다가 변하는
그래프를 캡처하여 [HSnn_cds_change.png](#)로 저장



Multiple sensors



CdS + TMP36
+ plotly.js

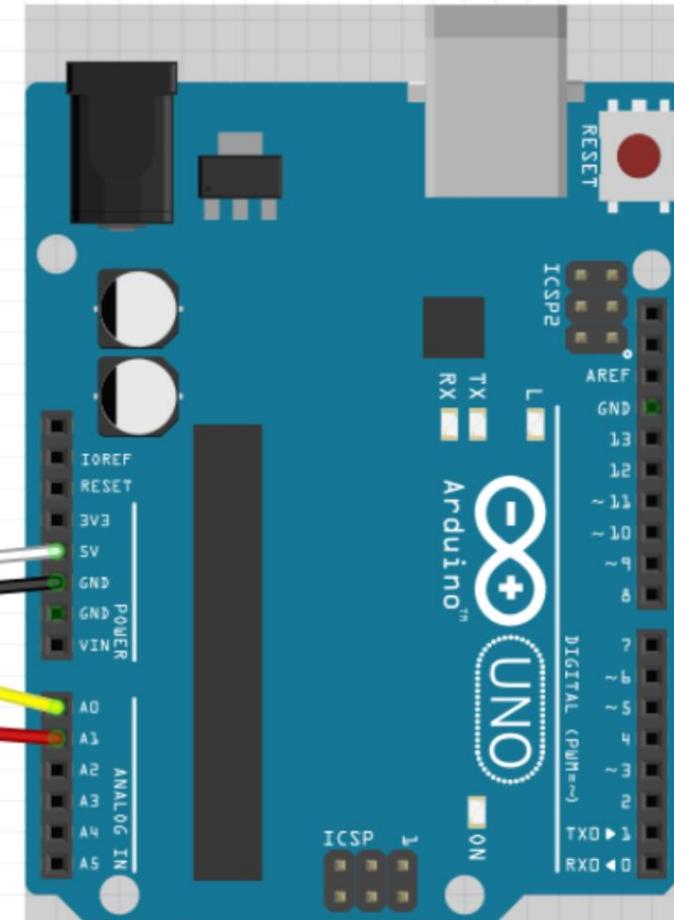
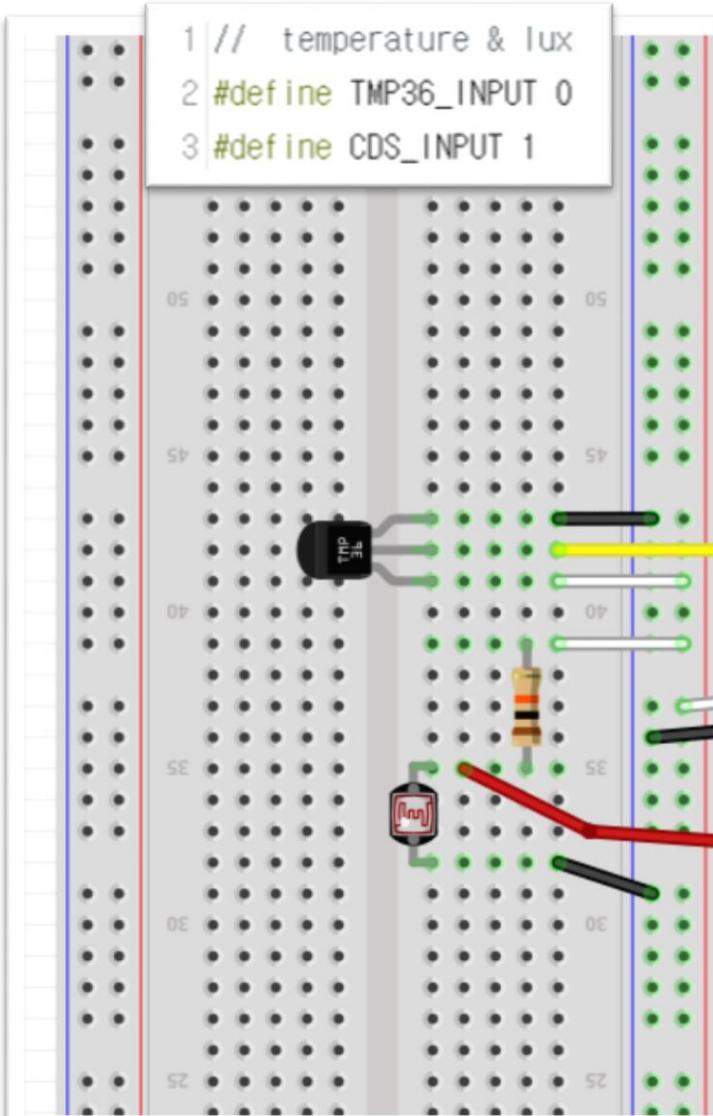


Node project



A4.3.1 TMP36 + CdS : circuit

```
1 // temperature & lux  
2 #define TMP36_INPUT 0  
3 #define CDS_INPUT 1
```





A4.3.2 TMP36 + CdS : code

AAnn_TMP36_Cds \$

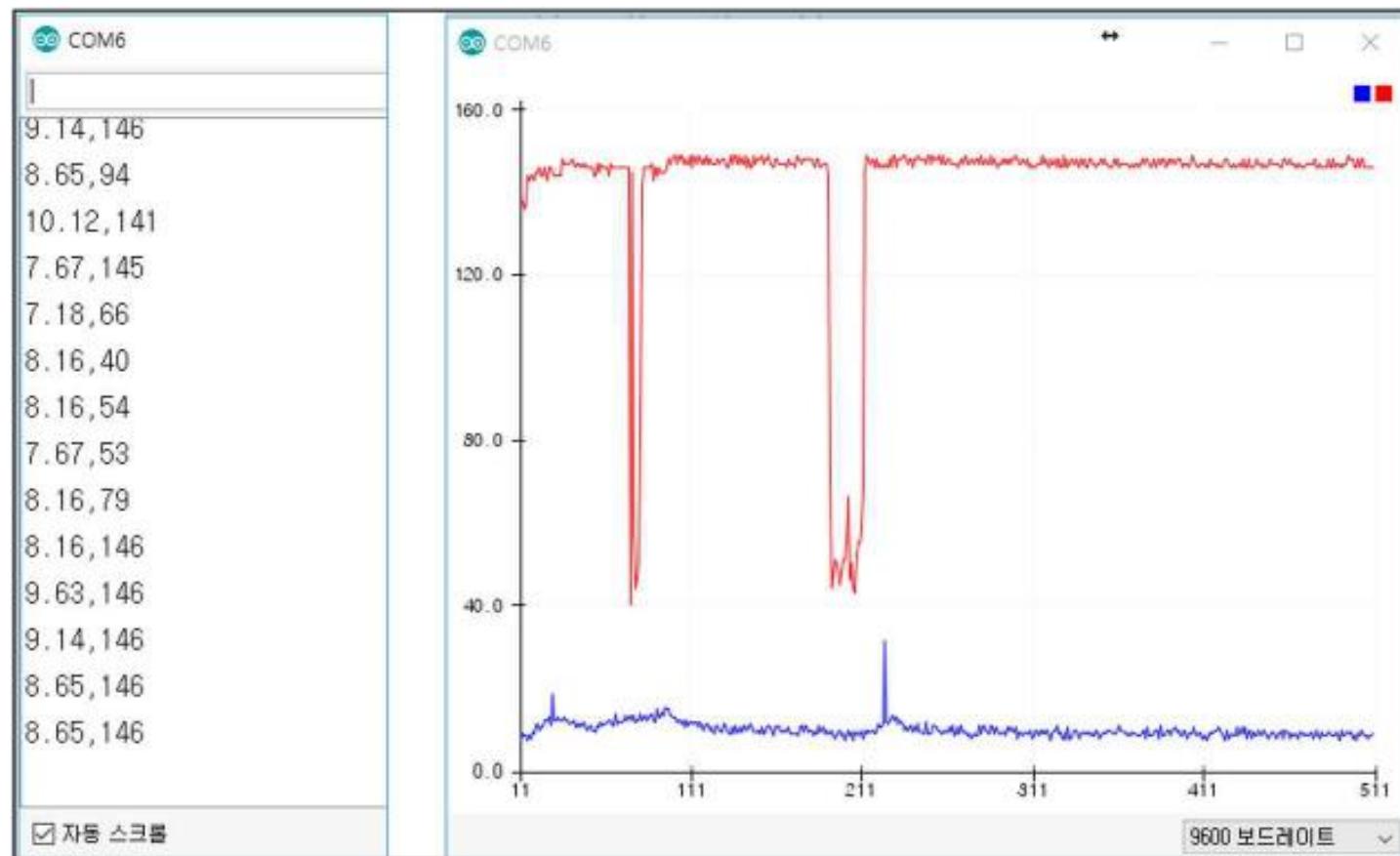
```
1 // temperature & lux
2 #define TMP36_INPUT 0
3 #define CDS_INPUT 1
4
5 void setup() {
6   Serial.begin(9600);
7 }
```

HSnn_tmp36_cds.ino

```
8 void loop() {
9   // Temperature from TMP36
10  int temp_value = analogRead(TMP36_INPUT);
11  // converting that reading to voltage
12  float voltage = temp_value * 5.0 * 1000; // in mV
13  voltage /= 1023.0;
14  float tempC = (voltage - 500) / 10 ;
15
16  // Lux from CdS (LDR)
17  int cds_value = analogRead(CDS_INPUT);
18  int lux = int(luminosity(cds_value));
19 // Serial.print("HSnn,");
20 Serial.print(tempC);
21 Serial.print(",");
22 Serial.println(lux);
23
24 delay(1000);
25 }
26
27 //Voltage to Lux
28 double luminosity (int RawADC0){
29   double Vout=RawADC0*5.0/1023.0; // 5/1023 (Vin = 5 V)
30   int lux=(2500/Vout-500)/10;
31   // lux = 500 / Rldr, Vout = Ildr*Rldr = (5/(10 + Rldr))*Rldr
32   return lux;
33 }
```



A4.3.2 TMP36 + CdS : result





A4.5.1 CdS + TMP36 + Node project

1. Make **cds_tmp36** node project
 - **md cds_tmp36 in iot folder**
 - **cd cds_tmp36**
2. Go to **cds_tmp36** subfolder
 - **npm init**

```
"main":  
"cds_tmp36_node.js"  
"author": "hsnn"
```

name : cds_tmp36

description : cds-tmp36-node project

entry point : cds_tmp36_node.js

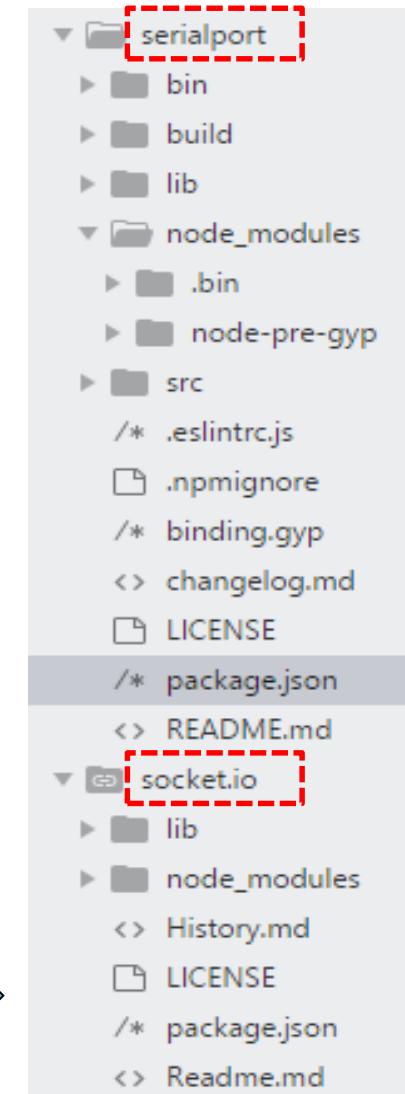
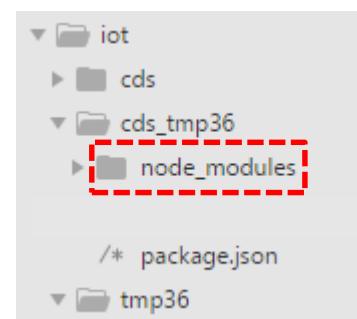
author : hsnn



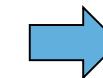
A4.5.2 CdS + TMP36 + Node project

1. Make cds_tmp36 node project

- md cds_tmp36 in iot folder
 - cd cds_tmp36
- ## 2. Go to cds_tmp36 subfolder
- npm init
 - npm install –save serialport@4.0.7
 - npm install –save socket.io@1.7.3



You can check version of each module by browsing package.json in each module subfolder.





A4.5.3 CdS + TMP36 + Node project

1. Make cds_tmp36 node project

- **md cds_tmp36**
- **cd cds_tmp36**

2. Go to cds_tmp36 subfolder

- **npm init**
- **npm install --save serialport@4.0.7**
- **npm install --save socket.io@1.7.3**

package.json

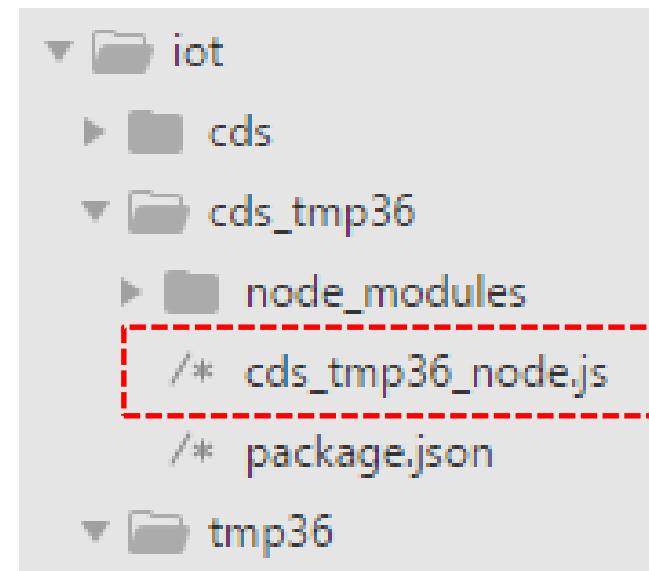
```
{  
  "name": "cds_tmp36",  
  "version": "1.0.0",  
  "description": "cds-tmp36-node project",  
  "main": "cds_tmp36_node.js",  
  "scripts": {  
    "test": "echo \\\"Error: no test specified\\\" && exit 1"  
  },  
  "keywords": [  
    "cds",  
    "tmp36",  
    "node"  
  ],  
  "author": "hs00",  
  "license": "MIT",  
  "dependencies": {  
    "serialport": "^4.0.7",  
    "socket.io": "^1.7.3"  
  }  
}
```



A4.5.4 CdS + TMP36 + Node project

Recycling code:

Save cds_node.js as
cds_tmp36_node.js





A4.5.5.1 CdS + TMP36 + Node project : code-1

cds_tmp36_node.js

```
cds_tmp36_node.js
1 // cds_tmp36_node.js
2
3 var serialport = require('serialport');
4 var portName = ['COM6']; // check your COM port!!
5 var port      = process.env.PORT || 3000;
6
7 var io = require('socket.io').listen(port);
8
9 // serial port object
10 var sp = new serialport(portName, {
11     baudRate: 9600,    // 9600 38400
12     dataBits: 8,
13     parity: 'none',
14     stopBits: 1,
15     flowControl: false,
16     parser: serialport.parsers.readline('\r\n')
17 });
```



A4.5.5.2 CdS + TMP36 + Node project : code-2

cds_tmp36_node.js – parsing data

```
18 var dStr = '';
19 var readData = '';// this stores the buffer
20 var temp = '';
21 var lux = '';
22 var mdata = [];// this array stores date and data from multiple sensors
23 var firstcommaidx = 0;
24
25▼ sp.on('data', function (data) {// call back when data is received
26    readData = data.toString();// append data to buffer
27    firstcommaidx = readData.indexOf(',');
28
29    // parsing data into signals
30    if (firstcommaidx > 0) {
31      temp = readData.substring(0, firstcommaidx);
32      lux = readData.substring(firstcommaidx + 1);
33      readData = '';
34
35      dStr = getDateString();
36      mdata[0]=dStr;// Date
37      mdata[1]=temp;// temperature data
38      mdata[2]=lux;// luminosity data
39      console.log("HSnn," + mdata);
40      io.sockets.emit('message', mdata);// send data to all clients
41
42    } else { // error
43      console.log(readData);
44    }
45});
```

Parsing
Data



cds_tmp36_node.js

```
32 // helper function to get a nicely formatted date string for IOT
33 function getDateString() {
34     var time = new Date().getTime();
35     // 32400000 is (GMT+9 Korea, GimHae)
36     // for your timezone just multiply +/-GMT by 3600000
37     var datestr = new Date(time +32400000).
38     toISOString().replace(/T/, ' ').replace(/Z/, '');
39     return datestr;
40 }
41
42 io.sockets.on('connection', function (socket) {
43     // If socket.io receives message from the client browser then
44     // this call back will be executed.
45     socket.on('message', function (msg) {
46         console.log(msg);
47     });
48     // If a web browser disconnects from Socket.IO then this callback is called.
49     socket.on('disconnect', function () {
50         console.log('disconnected');
51     });
52 });
```



A4.5.6 CdS + TMP36 + Node project : result

Node cmd에서 실행

node cds_tm36_node

```
c:\ NodeJS - node cds_tm36_node
D:\Portable\NodeJSPortable\Data\aa00\iot\cds_tm36>node cds_tm36_node
AA00 2018-01-15 15:50:06.345 10.12,141
AA00 2018-01-15 15:50:07.337 9.63,141
AA00 2018-01-15 15:50:08.344 9.63,138
AA00 2018-01-15 15:50:09.352 9.63,138
AA00 2018-01-15 15:50:10.359 10.61,139
AA00 2018-01-15 15:50:11.367 10.12,32
```

IOT data format

시간, 온도,조도



A5.6.1 TMP36 + CdS streaming project

[DIY] Client html : [client_cds_tmp36.html](#) (data from multi sensors)

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<head>
  <meta charset="utf-8">
  <title>plotly.js client: Real time signals from sensors</title>
  <script src="https://cdn.plot.ly/plotly-latest.min.js"></script>
  <script type="text/javascript" src="https://cdnjs.cloudflare.com/ajax/libs/
socket.io/1.3.6/socket.io.js"></script>

  <script src="gauge.min.js"></script>

  <style>body{padding:0;margin:30;background:#fff}</style>
</head>

<body>  <!-- style="width:100%;height:100%" -->
<!-- Plotly chart will be drawn inside this DIV -->
<h1 align="center">Real-time Temperature(°C) and Luminosity(lux) from sensors</h1>
<div align="center">
  <!-- 1st gauge -->
  <canvas id="gauge1"> </canvas>
  <!-- 2nd gauge -->
  <canvas id="gauge2"> </canvas>
</div>

<h3 align="center"> on Time: <span id="time"> </span> </h3>

<div id="myDiv"></div> <!-- graph here! -->
<hr>
```



A5.6.2 TMP36 + CdS streaming project

[DIY] Client html : [client_cds_tmp36.html](#) (data from multi sensors)

```
<script>
/* JAVASCRIPT CODE GOES HERE */
var streamPlot = document.getElementById('myDiv');
var ctime = document.getElementById('time');

var tArray = [], // time of data arrival
    xTrack = [], // value of sensor 1 : temperature
    yTrack = [], // value of sensor 2 : Luminosity
    numPts = 50, // number of data points in x-axis
    dtfa = [], // 1 x 3 array : [date, data1, data2] from sensors
    preX = -1,
    preY = -1,
    initFlag = true;
```



A5.6.3 TMP36 + CdS streaming project

[DIY] Client html : [client_cds_tmp36.html](#) (data from multi sensors)

```
var socket = io.connect('http://localhost:3000'); // port = 3000
socket.on('connect', function () {
  socket.on('message', function (msg) {
    // initial plot
    if(msg[0]!='' && initFlag){
      dtfa[0]=msg[0];
      dtfa[1]=parseFloat(msg[1]); // temperature
      dtfa[2]=parseInt(msg[2]); // Luminosity
      init(); // start streaming
      initFlag=false;
    }
    dtfa[0]=msg[0];
    dtfa[1] = parseFloat(msg[1]);
    dtfa[2] = parseInt(msg[2]);
  });
});
```



A5.6.4 TMP36 + CdS streaming project

[DIY] Client html : [client_cds_tmp36.html \(data from multi sensors\)](#)

```
// Only when any of temperature or Luminosity is different from
// the previous one, the screen is redrawed.
if (dtda[1] != preX || dtda[2] != preY) { // any change?
    preX = dtda[1];
    preY = dtda[2];

    ctime.innerHTML = dtda[0];
    gauge_temp.setValue(dtda[1]) // temp gauge
    gauge_lux.setValue(dtda[2]); // lux gauge
    //nextPt();
    tArray = tArray.concat(dtda[0]); // time
    tArray.splice(0,1);
    xTrack = xTrack.concat(dtda[1]) // temp
    xTrack.splice(0, 1) // remove the oldest data
    yTrack = yTrack.concat(dtda[2]) // lux
    yTrack.splice(0, 1)

    var update = {
        x: [tArray, tArray],
        y: [xTrack, yTrack]
    }
    Plotly.update(streamPlot, update);
}
});
```



A5.6.5 TMP36 + CdS streaming project

[DIY] Client html : [client_cds_tmp36.html \(data from multi sensors\)](#)

```
function init() { // initial screen ()  
    // starting point : first data (temp, lux)  
    for ( i = 0; i < numPts; i++) {  
        tArray.push(dtda[0]); // date  
        xTrack.push(dtda[1]); // sensor 1 (temp)  
        yTrack.push(dtda[2]); // sensor 2 (lux)  
    }  
  
    Plotly.plot(streamPlot, data, layout);  
}
```



A5.6.6 TMP36 + CdS streaming project

[DIY] Client html : [client_cds_tmp36.html](#) (data from multi sensors)

```
// data
var data = [
    {
        x : tArray,
        y : xTrack,
        name : 'temperature',
        mode: "markers+lines", // "l
        line: {
            color: "#1f77b4",
            width: 1
        },
        marker: {
            color: "rgb(255, 0, 0)",
            size: 6,
            line: {
                color: "black",
                width: 0.5
            }
        }
    },
    {
        x : tArray,
        y : yTrack,
        name : 'luminosity',
        xaxis: 'x2',
        yaxis : 'y2',
        mode: "markers+lines", // "l
        line: {
            color: "#1f77b4",
            width: 1
        },
        marker: {
            color: "rgb(0, 0, 255)",
            size: 6,
            line: {
                color: "black",
                width: 0.5
            }
        }
    }
];
```

```
var layout = {
   .xaxis : {
        title : 'time',
        domain : [0, 1]
    },
    yaxis : {
        title : 'temperature (°C)',
        domain : [0, 0.4],
        range : [-30, 50]
    },
    xaxis2 : {
        title : '',
        domain : [0, 1],
        position : 0.6
    },
    yaxis2 : {
        title : 'luminosity (lux)',
        domain : [0.65, 1],
        range : [0, 500]
    }
};
```



A5.6.7 TMP36 + CdS streaming project

[DIY] Client html : [client_cds_tmp36.html \(data from multi sensors\)](#)

```
// gauge configuration
var gauge_temp = new Gauge({
  renderTo : 'gauge1',
  width    : 300,
  height   : 300,
  glow     : true,
  units    : '°C',
  valueFormat : { int : 1, dec : 1 },
  title    : "Temperature",
  minValue : -30,
  maxValue : 50,
  majorTicks: ['-30', '-20', '-10', '0', '10', '20', '30', '40', '50'],
  minorTicks: 10,
  strokeTicks: false,
  highlights: [
    { from : -30, to : -20, color : 'rgba(0, 0, 255, 1)' },
    { from : -20, to : -10, color : 'rgba(0, 0, 255, .5)' },
    { from : -10, to : 0, color : 'rgba(0, 0, 255, .25)' },
    { from : 0, to : 10, color : 'rgba(0, 255, 0, .1)' },
    { from : 10, to : 20, color : 'rgba(0, 255, 0, .25)' },
    { from : 20, to : 30, color : 'rgba(255, 0, 0, .25)' },
    { from : 30, to : 40, color : 'rgba(255, 0, 0, .5)' },
    { from : 40, to : 50, color : 'rgba(255, 0, 0, 1)' }
  ],
  colors   : {
    plate    : '#fff',
    majorTicks: '#000',
    minorTicks: '#444',
    title    : '#000',
    units    : '#f00',
    numbers  : '#777',
    needle   : { start : 'rgba(240, 128, 128, 1)', end : 'rgba(255, 160, 122, .9)' }
  }
});
gauge_temp.draw();
```

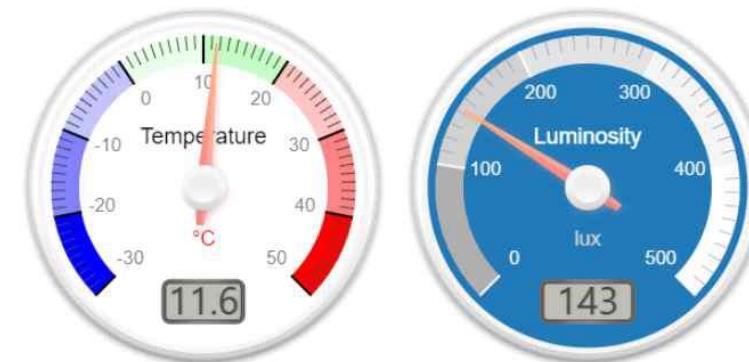
```
var gauge_lux = new Gauge({
  renderTo : 'gauge2',
  width    : 300,
  height   : 300,
  glow     : true,
  units    : 'lux',
  valueFormat : { int : 3, dec : 0 },
  title    : "Luminosity",
  minValue : 0,
  maxValue : 500, // new
  majorTicks: ['0', '100', '200', '300', '400', '500'],
  minorTicks: 10,
  strokeTicks: false,
  highlights: [
    { from : 0, to : 100, color : '#aaa' },
    { from : 100, to : 200, color : '#ccc' },
    { from : 200, to : 300, color : '#ddd' },
    { from : 300, to : 400, color : '#eee' },
    { from : 400, to : 500, color : '#fff' }
  ],
  colors   : {
    plate    : '#1f77b4',
    majorTicks: '#f5f5f5',
    minorTicks: '#aaa',
    title    : '#fff',
    units    : '#ccc',
    numbers  : '#eee',
    needle   : { start : 'rgba(240, 128, 128, 1)', end : 'rgba(255, 160, 122, .9)' }
  }
});
gauge_lux.draw();
```



A5.6.8 TMP36 + CdS streaming project

[DIY] Client html : [client_cds_tmp36.html \(result\)](#)

Real-time Temperature(°C) and Luminosity(lux) from sensors



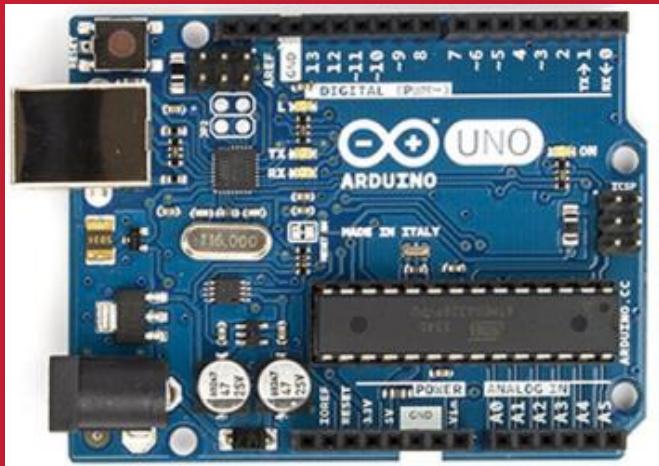
on Time: 2018-01-22 10:05:30.813



[HSnn_DS_cds_tmp36.png](#)로 저장



CdS + DHT22

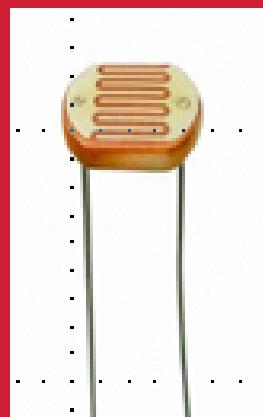


+ plotly.js

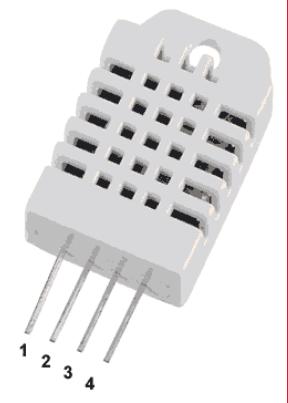
Node project

Multi-sensors

DHT22 + CdS



DHT22 pins	
1	VCC
2	DATA
3	NC
4	GND





DHT22 pins	
1	VCC
2	DATA
3	NC
4	GND

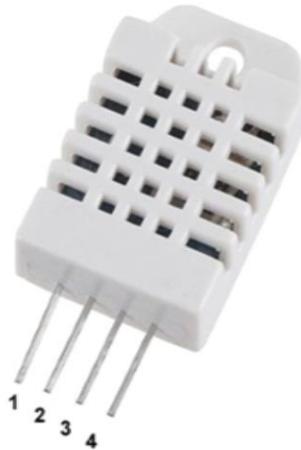


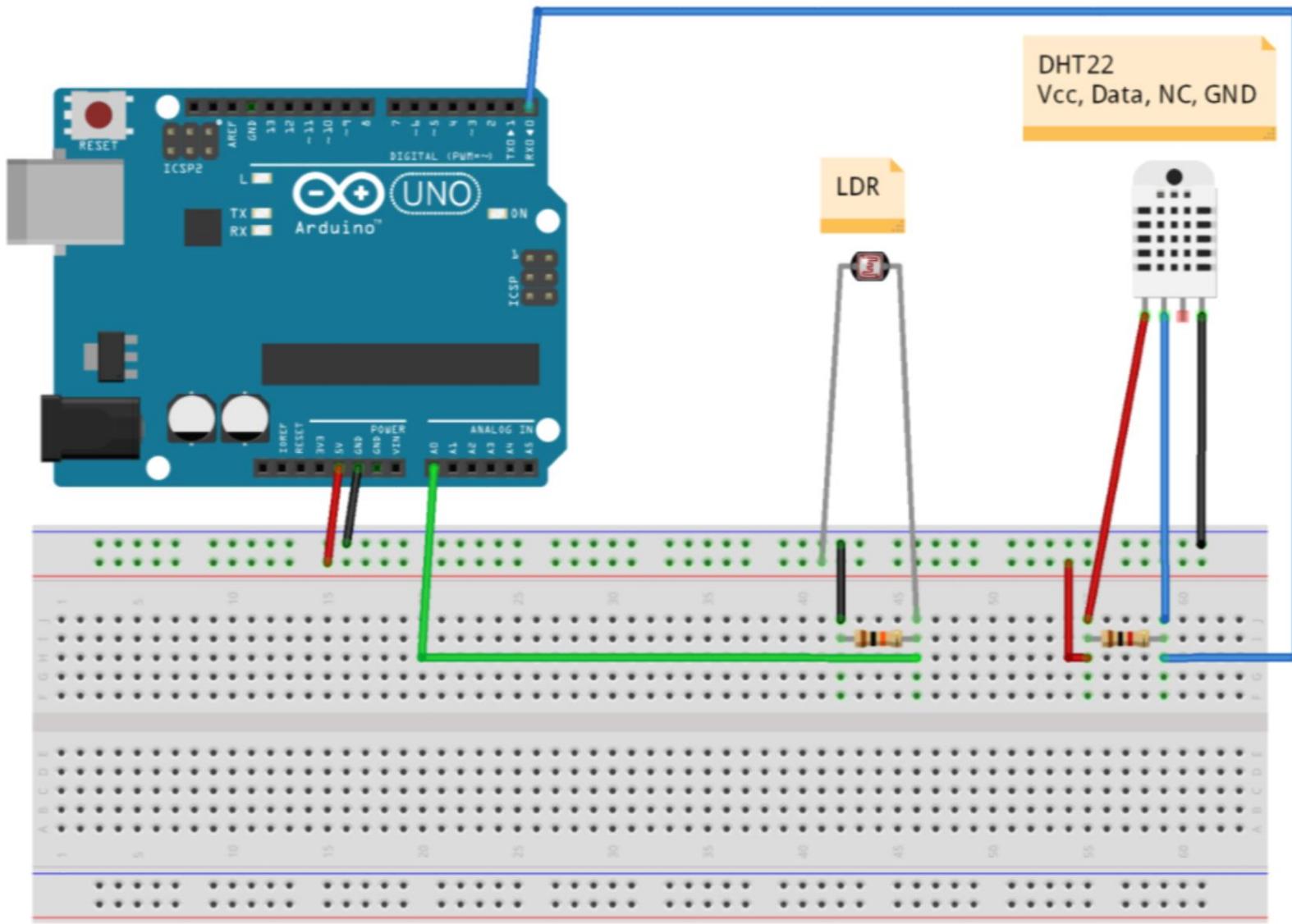
그림 8-7 DHT22 pin 구조

- 3 ~ 5V power and I/O
- 2.5mA max current
- [0-100%] humidity readings with 2-5% accuracy
- [-40 to 80°C] temperature readings $\pm 0.5^{\circ}\text{C}$ accuracy
- 0.5 Hz sampling rate

<https://learn.adafruit.com/dht/overview>

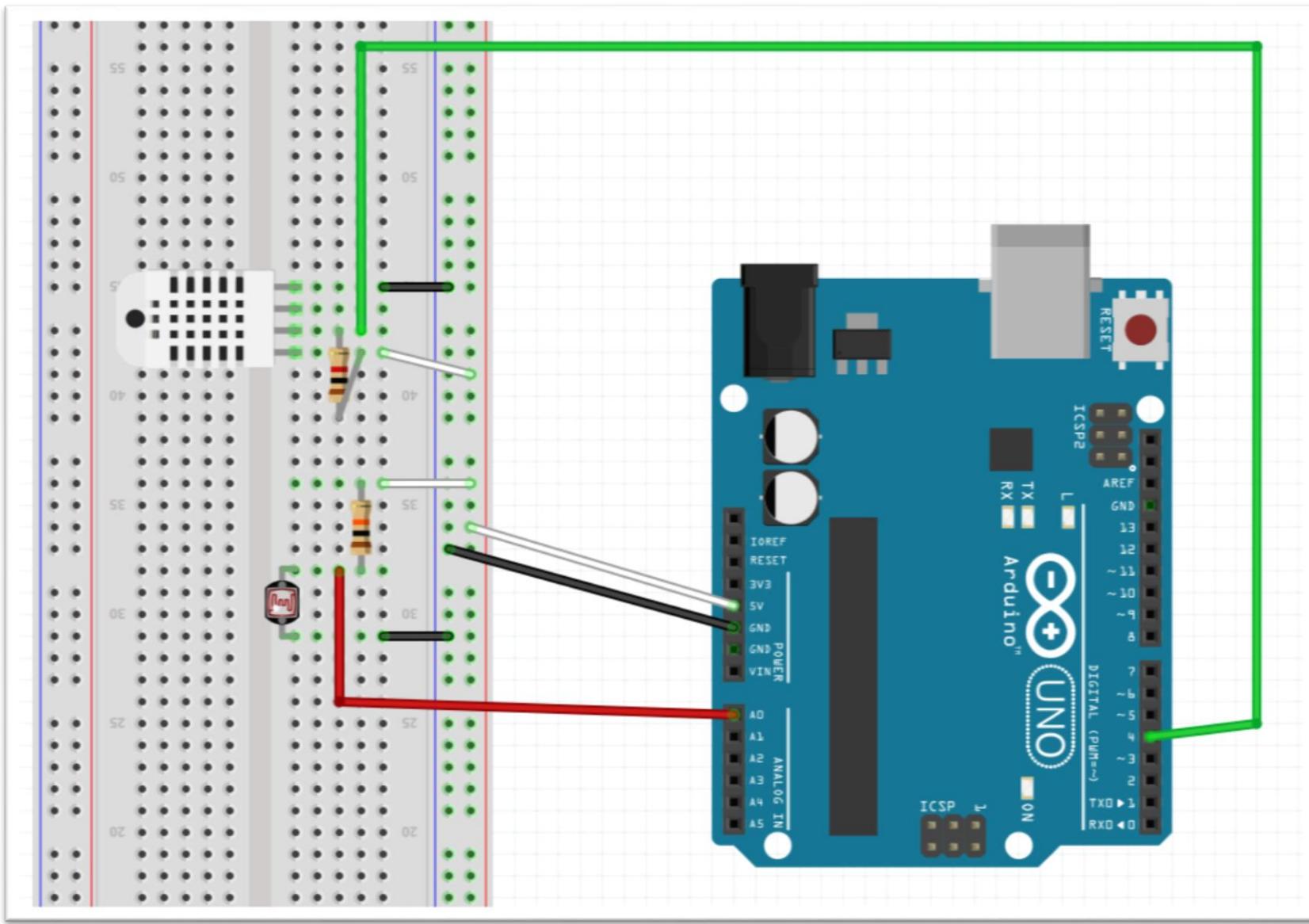


A5.7 DHT22 + CdS streaming project





A5.7.1 DHT22 + CdS circuit





A5.7.2 DHT22 + CdS : DHT library

Features Business Explore Marketplace Pricing This repository S

adafruit / DHT-sensor-library

Code Issues 21 Pull requests 15 Projects 0 Wiki Insights

Arduino library for DHT11DHT22, etc Temp & Humidity Sensors <http://www.ladyada.net>

54 commits 1 branch 8 releases

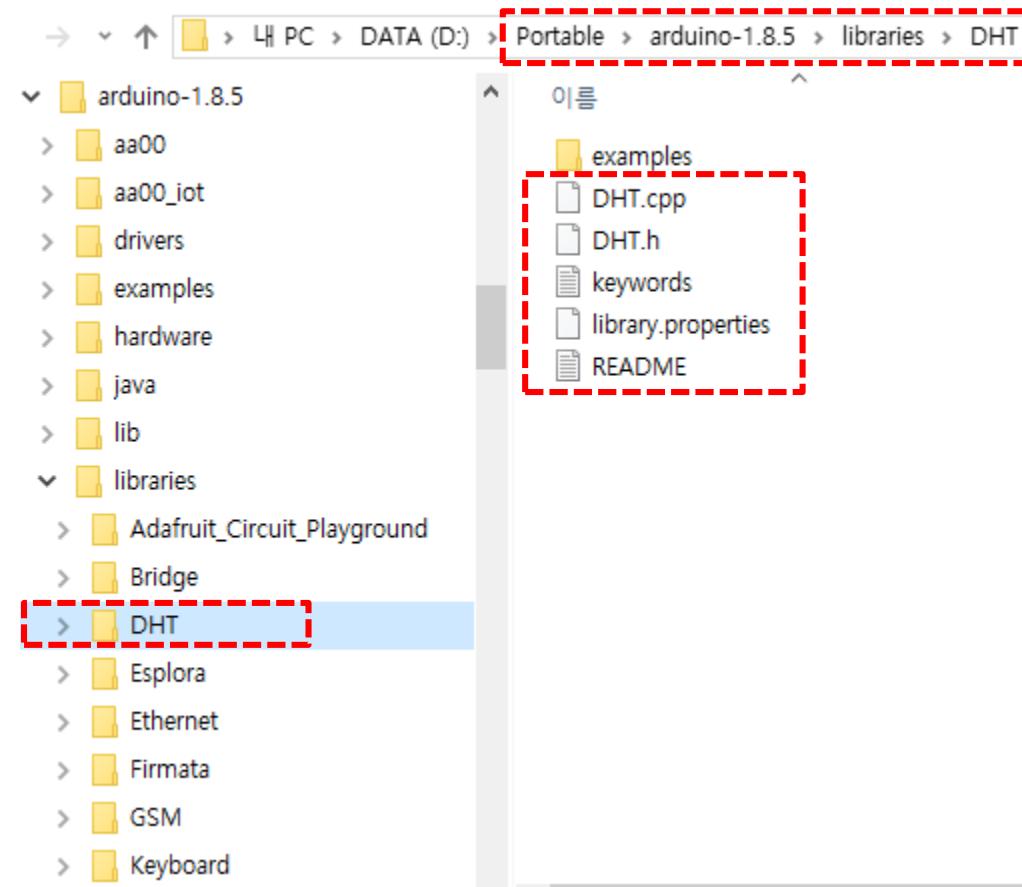
Branch: master ▾ New pull request

microbuilder Merged unified and raw libraries

.github	Add GitHub issue template
examples	Merged unified and raw libraries
DHT.cpp	Fix #44 by conditionally excluding unused port and bitmask state on n...
DHT.h	Fix #44 by conditionally excluding unused port and bitmask state on n...
DHT_U.cpp	Merged unified and raw libraries
DHT_U.h	Merged unified and raw libraries



A5.7.3 DHT22 + CdS : DHT library





A5.7.4 DHT22 + CdS : circuit

[1] Arduino code: HSnn_CdS_DHT22.ino

```
HSnn_CdS_DHT22

1 // DHT22
2 #include "DHT.h"
3 #define DHTPIN 4
4 #define DHTTYPE DHT22
5 DHT dht(DHTPIN, DHTTYPE);
6 // CdS (LDR)
7 #define CDS_INPUT 0
8
9 void setup() {
10   dht.begin();
11   Serial.begin(9600);
12 }
13
14 //Voltage to Lux
15 double luminosity (int RawADC0){
16   double Vout=RawADC0*5.0/1023.0; // 5/1023
17   double lux=(2500/Vout-500)/10;
18   // lux = 500 / Rldr,
19   // Vout = Ildr*Rldr = (5/(10 + Rldr))*Rldr
20   return lux;
21 }
```

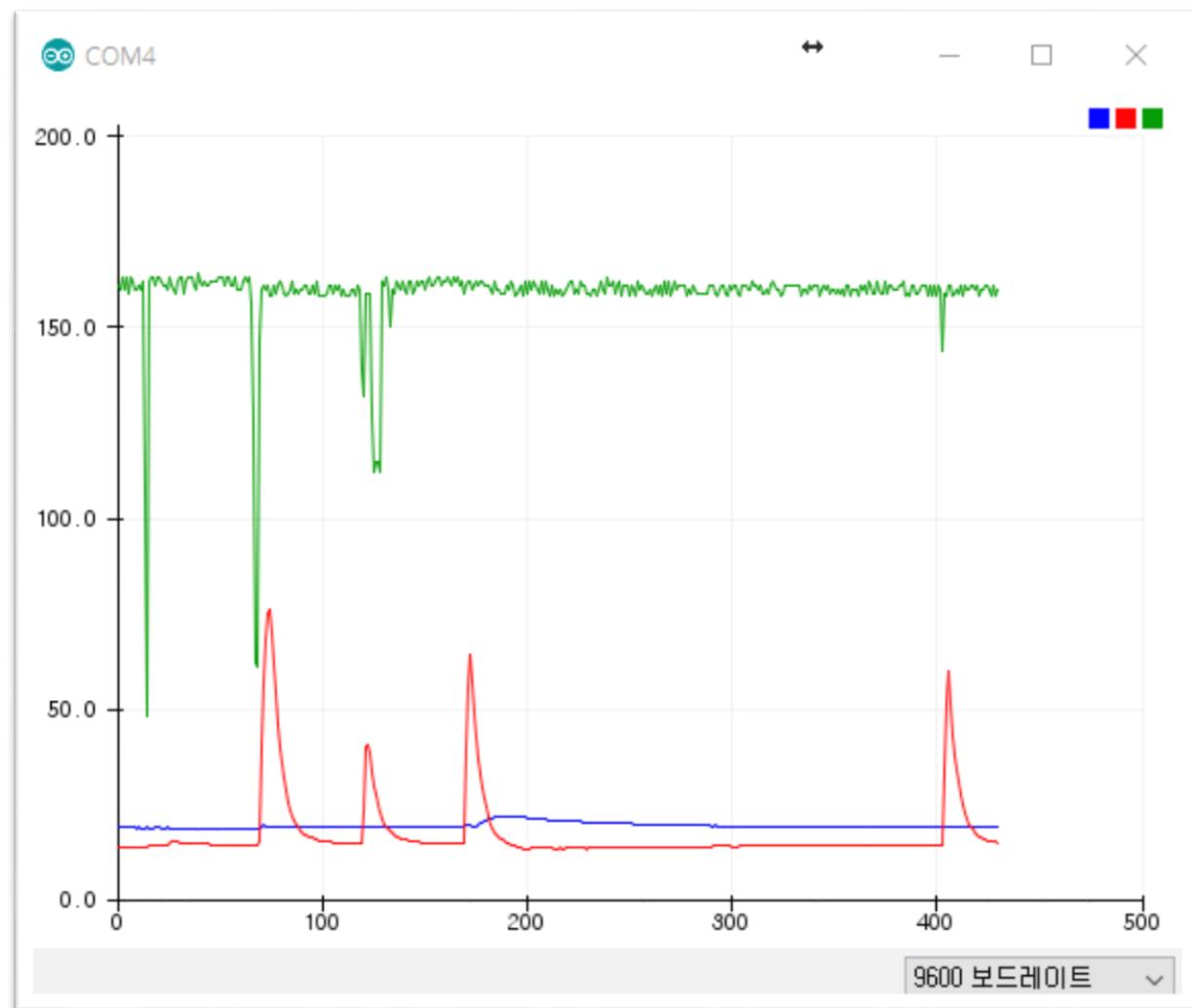
```
14 void loop() {
15   int cds_value, lux;
16   float temp, humi;
17   // Lux from CdS (LDR)
18   cds_value = analogRead(CDS_INPUT);
19   lux = int(luminosity(cds_value));
20   // Reading temperature or humidity takes a given interval!
21   // Sensor readings may also be up to 2 seconds 'old'
22   humi = dht.readHumidity();
23   // Read temperature as Celsius (the default)
24   temp = dht.readTemperature();
25
26   // Check if any reads failed and exit early (to try again).
27   if (isnan(humi) || isnan(temp) || isnan(lux)) {
28     Serial.println("Failed to read from DHT sensor or CdS!");
29     return;
30   }
31   else {
32     Serial.print("HS00,");
33     Serial.print(temp,1); // temperature, float
34     Serial.print(",");
35     Serial.print(humi,1); // humidity, float
36     Serial.print(",");
37     Serial.println(lux); // luminosity, int
38   }
39   delay(2000); // 2000 msec, 0.5 Hz
40 }
```



A5.7.5 DHT22 + CdS : Serial monitor

[1] Arduino code: [HSnn_CdS_DHT22.ino](#)

```
COM4
AA00,21.5,12.1,156
AA00,21.5,12.2,158
AA00,21.5,12.3,158
AA00,21.4,12.3,156
AA00,21.4,12.3,157
AA00,21.3,12.4,157
AA00,21.3,12.5,113
AA00,21.3,12.6,41
AA00,21.2,12.7,157
AA00,21.2,12.7,158
AA00,21.2,12.7,157
AA00,21.1,12.7,157
AA00,21.0,12.6,158
AA00,21.0,12.6,158
AA00,21.0,12.6,157
```





A5.7.6 DHT22 + CdS + Node.js

[2.1] NodeJS project: "cds-dht22-node project" → package.json

```
1  {
2    "name": "cds_dht22",
3    "version": "1.0.0",
4    "description": "cds-dht22-node project",
5    "main": "cds_dht22_node.js",
6    "scripts": {
7      "test": "echo \\\"Error: no test specified\\\" && exit 1"
8    },
9    "author": "hs00",
10   "license": "MIT",
11   "dependencies": {
12     "serialport": "^4.0.7",
13     "socket.io": "^1.7.3"
14   }
15 }
```



A5.7.7 DHT22 + CdS + Node.js

[2.2] NodeJS code: [cds_dht22_node.js](#) ([← cds_tmp36_node.js](#))

```
1 // cds_dht22_node.js
2
3 var serialport = require('serialport');
4 var portName = ['COM4'; // check your COM port!!]
5 var port      = process.env.PORT || 3000;
6
7 var io = require('socket.io').listen(port);
8
9 // serial port object
10 var sp = new serialport(portName, {
11   baudRate: 9600,    // 9600 38400
12   dataBits: 8,
13   parity: 'none',
14   stopBits: 1,
15   flowControl: false,
16   parser: serialport.parsers.readline('\r\n')
17 });
```



A5.7.8 DHT22 + CdS + Node.js

[2.3] NodeJS code: cds_dht22_node.js (Complete your parser code)

```
19 var readData = ''; // this stores the buffer
20 var temp = '';
21 var humi = '';
22 var lux = '';
23 var mdata =[]; // this array stores date and data from multiple sensors
24 var firstcommaidx = 0;
25
26 sp.on('data', function (data) { // call back when data is received
27     readData = data.toString(); // append data to buffer
28     firstcommaidx = readData.indexOf(',');
29
30     // parsing data into signals
31
32
33     Complete your parser code!!
34
35 //console.log(firstcolonidx + "," + readData.indexOf(":", firstcolonidx+1))
36 readData = '';
37
38 dStr = getDateString();
39 mdata[0]=dStr; // Date
40 mdata[1]=temp; // temperature data
41 mdata[2]=humi; // humidity data
42 mdata[3]=lux; // luminosity data
43 console.log(mdata);
44 io.sockets.emit('message', mdata); // send data to all clients
45 } else { // error
46     console.log(readData);
47 }
48});
```



A5.7.9 DHT22 + CdS + Node.js

[2.3] NodeJS code: cds_dht22_node.js (Complete your parser code)

```
19 var readData = ''; // this stores the buffer
20 var temp = '';
21 var humi = '';
22 var lux = '';
23 var mdata =[]; // this array stores date and data from multiple sensors
24 var firstcommaidx = 0;
25
26 sp.on('data', function (data) { // call back when data is received
27     readData = data.toString(); // append data to buffer
28     firstcommaidx = readData.indexOf(',');
29
30     // parsing data into signals
31     if (readData.lastIndexOf(',') > firstcommaidx && firstcommaidx > 0) {
32         temp = readData.substring(firstcommaidx + 1, readData.indexOf(',',firstcommaidx+1));
33         humi = readData.substring(readData.indexOf(',',firstcommaidx+1) + 1, readData.lastIndexOf(',')); 
34         lux = readData.substring(readData.lastIndexOf(',')+1);
35         //console.log(firstcolonidx + "," + readData.indexOf(':', firstcolonidx+1))
36         readData = '';
37
38         dStr = getDateString();
39         mdata[0]=dStr; // Date
40         mdata[1]=temp; // temperature data
41         mdata[2]=humi; // humidity data
42         mdata[3]=lux; // luminosity data
43         console.log(mdata);
44         io.sockets.emit('message', mdata); // send data to all clients
45     } else { // error
46         console.log(readData);
47     }
48});
```



A5.7.10 DHT22 + CdS + Node.js

[3] Result: Parsed streaming data from dht22 & CdS (Run in Node cmd)

```
COM4  
|  
AA00,20.9,21.9,117  
AA00,20.9,21.8,117  
AA00,20.9,21.8,118  
AA00,20.9,21.8,118  
AA00,20.9,21.8,119  
AA00,20.9,21.8,118  
AA00,20.9,21.8,118  
AA00,20.9,21.8,118  
AA00,20.9,21.9,118  
AA00,20.9,21.9,118  
AA00,20.8,21.9,118  
AA00,20.9,22.0,118  
AA00,20.9,22.0,118  
AA00,20.8,21.8,119  
  
 자동 스크롤
```



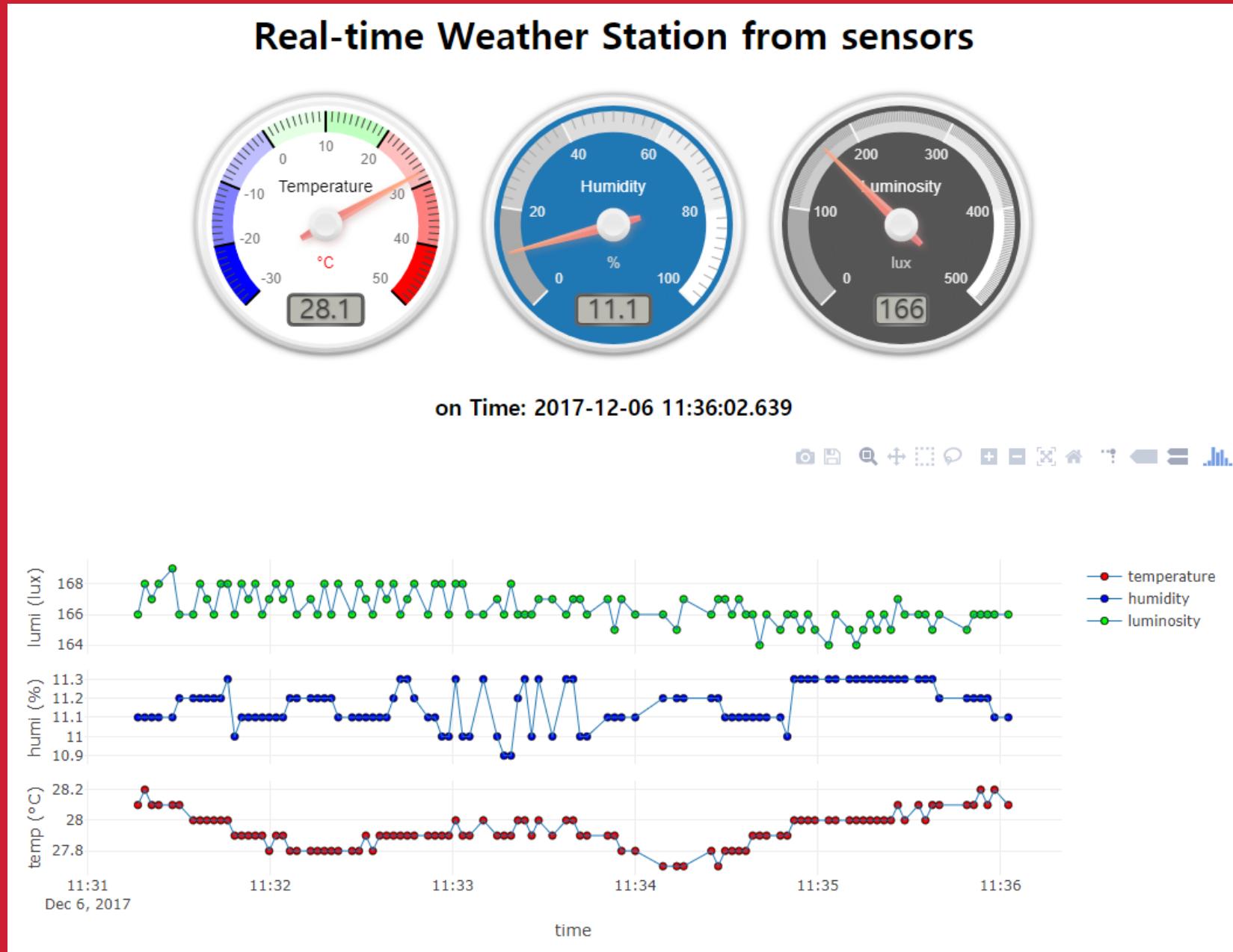
NodeJS - node cds_dht22_node

```
D:\Portable\NodeJSPortable\Data\aa00\iot\cds_dht22>node cds_dht22_node  
[ '2018-01-22 17:22:47.683', '20.7', '23.2', '118' ]  
[ '2018-01-22 17:22:49.954', '20.6', '23.2', '116' ]  
[ '2018-01-22 17:22:52.227', '20.7', '23.2', '117' ]  
[ '2018-01-22 17:22:54.486', '20.7', '23.2', '116' ]  
[ '2018-01-22 17:22:56.757', '20.6', '23.2', '117' ]  
[ '2018-01-22 17:22:59.031', '20.7', '23.3', '117' ]  
[ '2018-01-22 17:23:01.306', '20.7', '23.3', '117' ]  
[ '2018-01-22 17:23:03.577', '20.7', '23.3', '117' ]  
[ '2018-01-22 17:23:05.851', '20.7', '23.3', '118' ]  
[ '2018-01-22 17:23:08.109', '20.6', '23.2', '115' ]  
[ '2018-01-22 17:23:10.381', '20.6', '23.2', '113' ]  
[ '2018-01-22 17:23:12.655', '20.7', '23.5', '114' ]  
[ '2018-01-22 17:23:14.928', '20.7', '23.7', '38' ]  
[ '2018-01-22 17:23:17.201', '20.6', '23.9', '117' ]  
[ '2018-01-22 17:23:19.475', '20.7', '24.5', '117' ]  
[ '2018-01-22 17:23:21.732', '20.7', '25.9', '73' ]  
[ '2018-01-22 17:23:24.004', '20.7', '34.2', '118' ]  
[ '2018-01-22 17:23:26.277', '21.3', '55.5', '117' ]  
[ '2018-01-22 17:23:28.553', '21.0', '68.1', '117' ]  
[ '2018-01-22 17:23:30.825', '20.9', '76.1', '117' ]  
[ '2018-01-22 17:23:33.083', '21.0', '74.0', '116' ]  
[ '2018-01-22 17:23:35.355', '21.0', '65.7', '117' ]  
[ '2018-01-22 17:23:37.628', '21.0', '57.7', '116' ]  
[ '2018-01-22 17:23:39.901', '21.0', '51.2', '116' ]  
[ '2018-01-22 17:23:42.175', '21.0', '45.9', '117' ]  
[ '2018-01-22 17:23:44.448', '21.0', '41.6', '117' ]  
[ '2018-01-22 17:23:46.706', '21.0', '38.3', '116' ]  
[ '2018-01-22 17:23:48.979', '21.0', '35.8', '118' ]
```

Save as

HSnn_cds_dht22_data.png

WEB client : client_cds_dht22.html





A5.8.1 DHT22 + CdS + Node.js

[4.1] WEB client: client_cds_dht22.html

```
client_CdS_DHT22.html •
1 <!DOCTYPE html>
2 <head>
3   <meta charset="utf-8">
4   <title>plotly.js Project: Real time signals from multiple sensors</title>
5   <script src="https://cdn.plot.ly/plotly-latest.min.js"></script>
6   <script type="text/javascript" src="https://cdnjs.cloudflare.com/ajax/libs/
socket.io.js"></script>
7
8   <script src="gauge.min.js"></script>
9
10  <style>body{padding:0;margin:30;background:#fff}</style>
11 </head>
12
13 <body>  <!-- style="width:100%;height:100%" -->
14  <!-- Plotly chart will be drawn inside this DIV -->
15  <h1 align="center">Real-time Weather Station from sensors</h1>
16  <!-- 1st gauge -->
17  <div align="center">
18    <canvas id="gauge1"> </canvas>
19    <!-- 2nd gauge -->
20    <canvas id="gauge2"> </canvas>
21    <!-- 3rd gauge -->
22    <canvas id="gauge3"> </canvas>
23  </div>
24  <!-- <div id="console"> </div> -->
25  <h3 align="center"> on Time: <span id="time"> </span> </h3>
26  <div id="myDiv"></div>
27  <hr>
```



A5.8.2 DHT22 + CdS + Node.js

[4.2] WEB client: client_cds_dht22.html

```
29 <script>
30     /* JAVASCRIPT CODE GOES HERE */
31     var streamPlot = document.getElementById('myDiv');
32     var ctime = document.getElementById('time');
33     var tArray = [], // time of data arrival
34     y1Track = [], // value of sensor 1 : temperature
35     y2Track = [], // value of sensor 2 : humidity
36     y3Track = [], // value of sensor 3 : Luminosity
37     numPts = 50, // number of data points in x-axis
38     dtdata = [], // 1 x 4 array : [date, data1, data2, data3] from sensors
39     preX = -1,
40     preY = -1,
41     preZ = -1,
42     initFlag = true;
```

Check points: tArray

xTrack → y1Track, yTrack → y2Track

& add y3Track & preZ



A5.8.3 DHT22 + CdS + Node.js

[4.3] WEB client: client_cds_dht22.html

```
var socket = io.connect('http://localhost:3000'); // port = 3000
socket.on('connect', function () {
  socket.on('message', function (msg) {
    // initial plot
    if(msg[0]!='' && initFlag){
      dtda[0]=msg[0];
      dtda[1]=parseFloat(msg[1]); // temperature
      dtda[2]=parseFloat(msg[2]); // Humidity
      dtda[3]=parseInt(msg[3]); // Luminosity
      init();
      initFlag=false;
    }

    dtda[0]=msg[0];
    dtda[1] = parseFloat(msg[1]);
    dtda[2] = parseFloat(msg[2]);
    dtda[3] = parseInt(msg[3]);
  });
});
```

**Update
to include three signals:
temp, humi, lux**



A5.8.4 DHT22 + CdS + Node.js

[4.4] WEB client: client_cds_dht22.html

```
// Only when any of data is different from the previous one,  
// the screen is redrawed.  
if (dtda[1] != preX || dtda[2] != preY || dtda[3] != preZ) { // any change?  
    preX = dtda[1];  
    preY = dtda[2];  
    preZ = dtda[3];  
  
    // when new data is coming, keep on streaming  
    ctime.innerHTML = dtda[0];  
    gauge_temp.setValue(dtda[1]); // temp gauge  
    gauge_humi.setValue(dtda[2]); // humi gauge  
    gauge_lux.setValue(dtda[3]); // lux gauge  
    //nextPt();  
    tArray = tArray.concat(dtda[0]);  
    tArray.splice(0, 1); // remove the oldest data  
    y1Track = y1Track.concat(dtda[1]);  
    y1Track.splice(0, 1); // remove the oldest data  
    y2Track = y2Track.concat(dtda[2]);  
    y2Track.splice(0, 1);  
    y3Track = y3Track.concat(dtda[3]);  
    y3Track.splice(0, 1);  
  
    var update = {  
        x: [tArray, tArray, tArray],  
        y: [y1Track, y2Track, y3Track]  
    }  
  
    Plotly.update(streamPlot, update);  
}
```

Update
to include three signals:
temp, humi, lux



A5.8.5 DHT22 + CdS + Node.js

[4.5] WEB client: client_dht22_ldr.html → init()

```
function init() { // initial screen ()  
    // starting point : first data (temp, lux)  
    for ( i = 0; i < numPts; i++) {  
        tArray.push(dtda[0]); // date  
        y1Track.push(dtda[1]); // sensor 1 (temp)  
        y2Track.push(dtda[2]); // sensor 2 (humi)  
        y3Track.push(dtda[3]); // sensor 3 (lux)  
    }  
  
    Plotly.plot(streamPlot, data, layout);  
}
```

**Update
to include three signals:
temp, humi, lux**



A5.8.6 DHT22 + CdS + Node.js

[4.6] WEB client: client_cds_dht22.html - data

```
// data
var data = [
    {
        x : tArray,
        y : y1Track,
        name : 'temperature',
        mode: "markers+lines", // "
        line: {
            color: "#1f77b4",
            width: 1
        },
        marker: {
            color: "rgb(255, 0, 0)",
            size: 6,
            line: {
                color: "black",
                width: 0.5
            }
        }
    },
    {
        x : tArray,
        y : y2Track,
        name : 'humidity',
        xaxis: 'x2',
        yaxis : 'y2',
        mode: "markers+lines", // "
        line: {
            color: "#1f77b4",
            width: 1
        },
        marker: {
            color: "rgb(0, 0, 255)",
            size: 6,
            line: {
                color: "black",
                width: 0.5
            }
        }
    },
    {
        x : tArray,
        y : y3Track,
        name : 'luminosity',
        xaxis: 'x3',
        yaxis : 'y3',
        mode: "markers+lines", // "
        line: {
            color: "#1f77b4",
            width: 1
        },
        marker: {
            color: "rgb(0, 255, 0)",
            size: 6,
            line: {
                color: "black",
                width: 0.5
            }
        }
    }
];
```

**Update data
to include three signals:
temp, humi, lux**



A5.8.7 DHT22 + CdS + Node.js

[4.6] WEB client: client_cds_dht22.html - data

```
// data
var data = [
    {
        x : tArray,
        y : y1Track,
        name : 'temperature',
        mode: "markers+lines", // "
        line: {
            color: "#1f77b4",
            width: 1
        },
        marker: {
            color: "rgb(255, 0, 0)",
            size: 6,
            line: {
                color: "black",
                width: 0.5
            }
        }
    },
    {
        x : tArray,
        y : y2Track,
        name : 'humidity',
        xaxis: 'x2',
        yaxis : 'y2',
        mode: "markers+lines", // "
        line: {
            color: "#1f77b4",
            width: 1
        },
        marker: {
            color: "rgb(0, 0, 255)",
            size: 6,
            line: {
                color: "black",
                width: 0.5
            }
        }
    },
    {
        x : tArray,
        y : y3Track,
        name : 'luminosity',
        xaxis: 'x3',
        yaxis : 'y3',
        mode: "markers+lines", // "
        line: {
            color: "#1f77b4",
            width: 1
        },
        marker: {
            color: "rgb(0, 255, 0)",
            size: 6,
            line: {
                color: "black",
                width: 0.5
            }
        }
    }
];
```

**Update data
to include three signals:
temp, humi, lux**



A5.8.7 DHT22 + CdS + Node.js

[4.7] WEB client: client_cds_dht22.html - layout

```
var layout = {  
   .xaxis : {  
        title : 'time',  
        domain : [0, 1]  
    },  
   .yaxis : {  
        title : 'temp (°C)',  
        domain : [0, 0.3],  
        range : [-30, 50]  
    },  
   .xaxis2 : {  
        title : '',  
        domain : [0, 1],  
        position : 0.35  
    },  
   .yaxis2 : {  
        title : 'humi (%)',  
        domain : [0.35, 0.65],  
        range : [0, 100]  
    },  
   .xaxis3 : {  
        title : '',  
        domain : [0, 1],  
        position : 0.7  
    },  
   .yaxis3 : {  
        title : 'lumi (lux)',  
        domain : [0.7, 1],  
        range : [0, 500]  
    }  
}
```

1. Update layout
to include three signals:
temp, humi, lux.

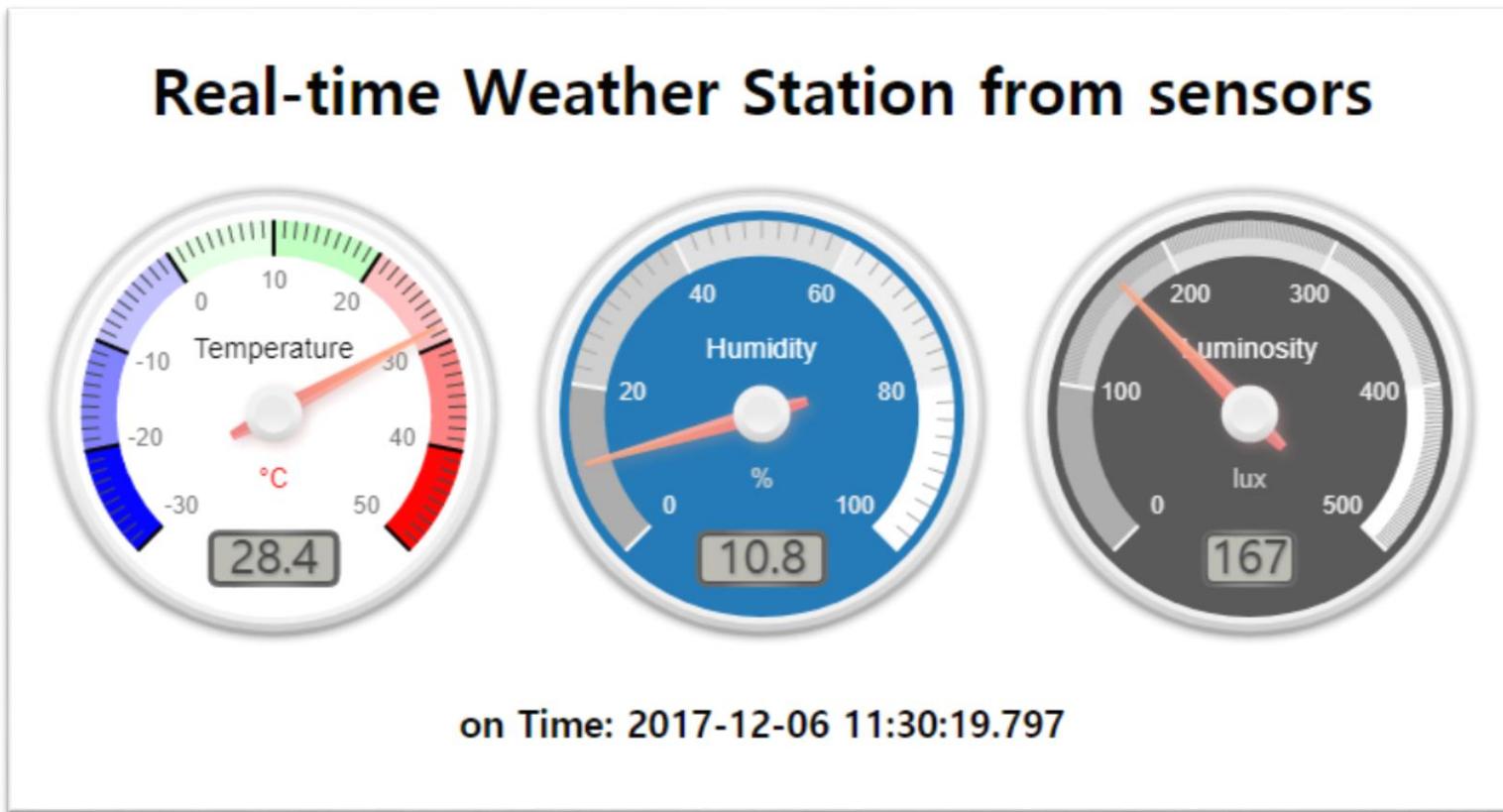
2. Check the domain & position.

Save the complete code as
HSnn_cds_dht22.html



A5.8.8 DHT22 + CdS + Node.js

[4.8] WEB client: client_dht22_ldr.html – [Design your gauges](#)

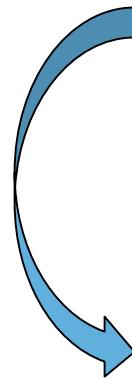
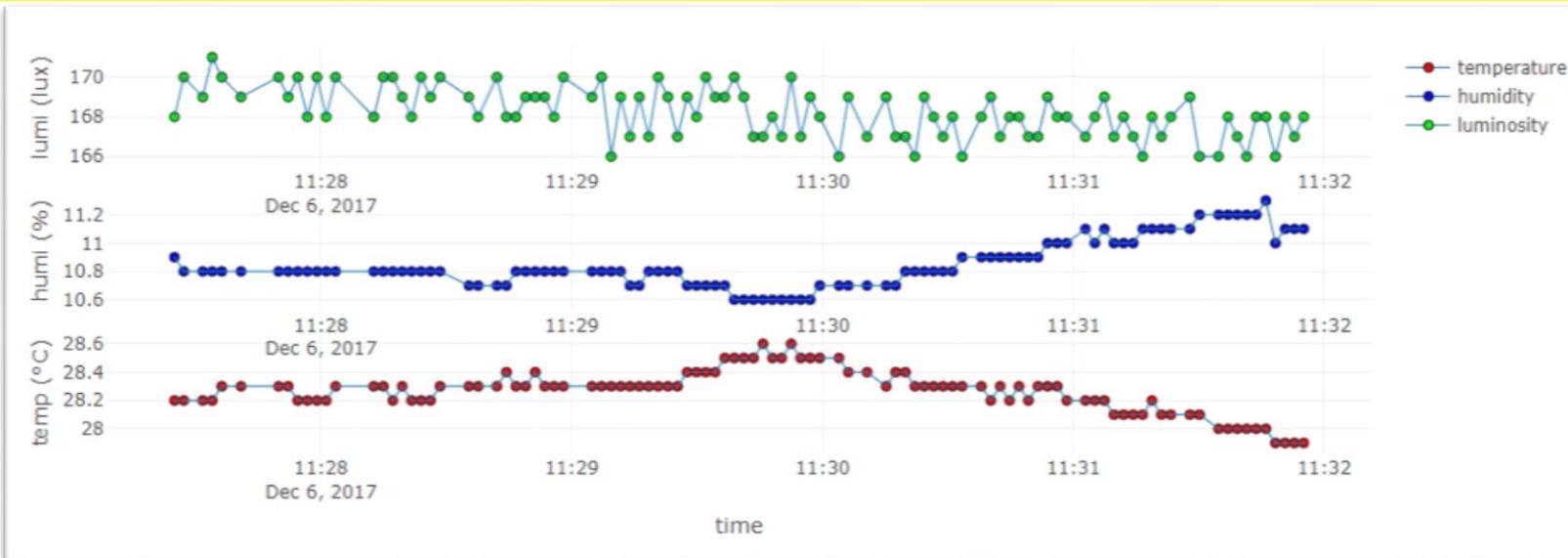


**Save the complete
code as
[HSnn_cds_dht22.html](#)**



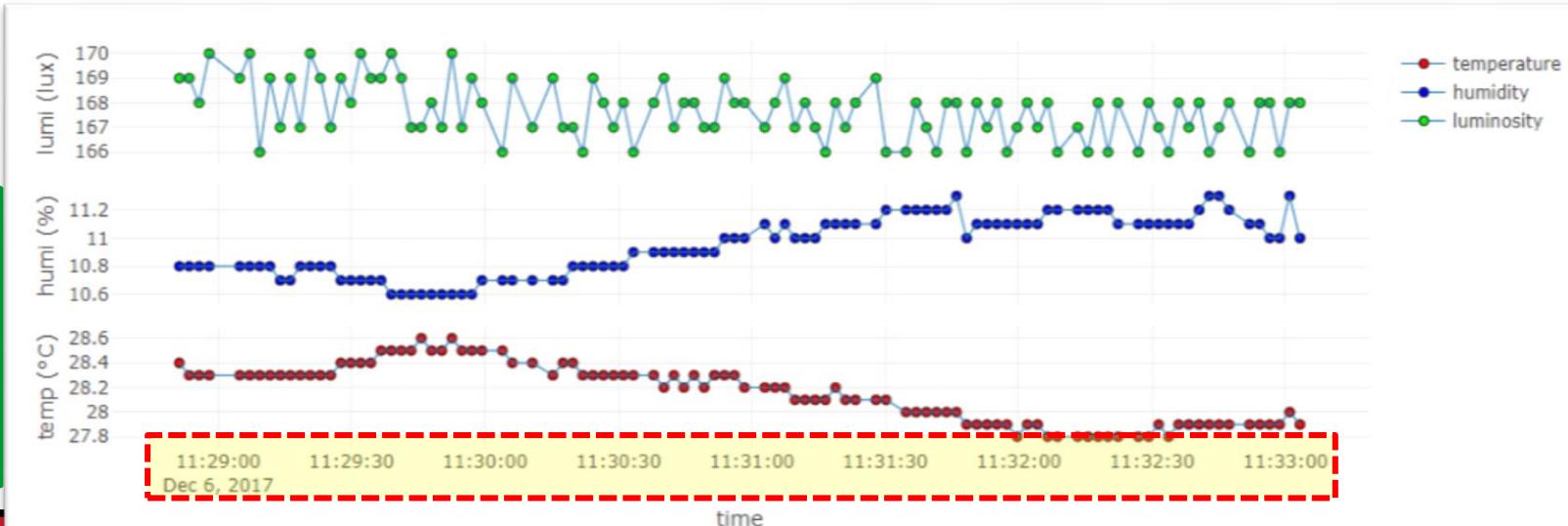
A5.8.9 DHT22 + CdS + Node.js

[4.9] WEB client: Design layout (show date at lower axis)

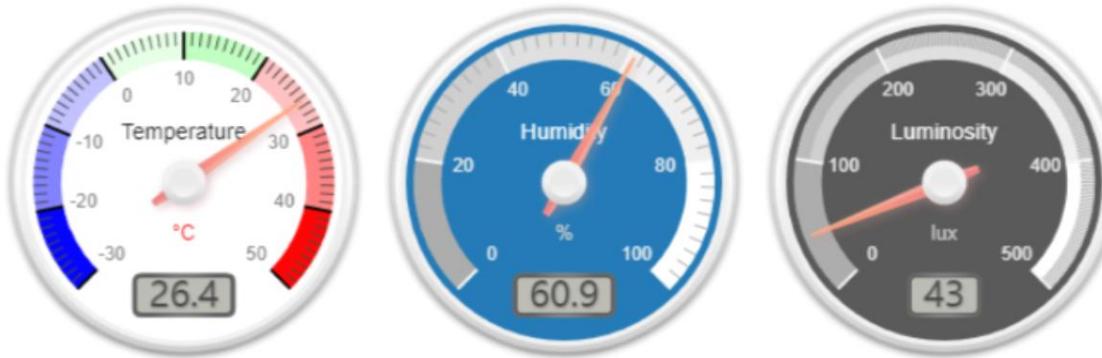


[Hint]

[Plot.ly](#)



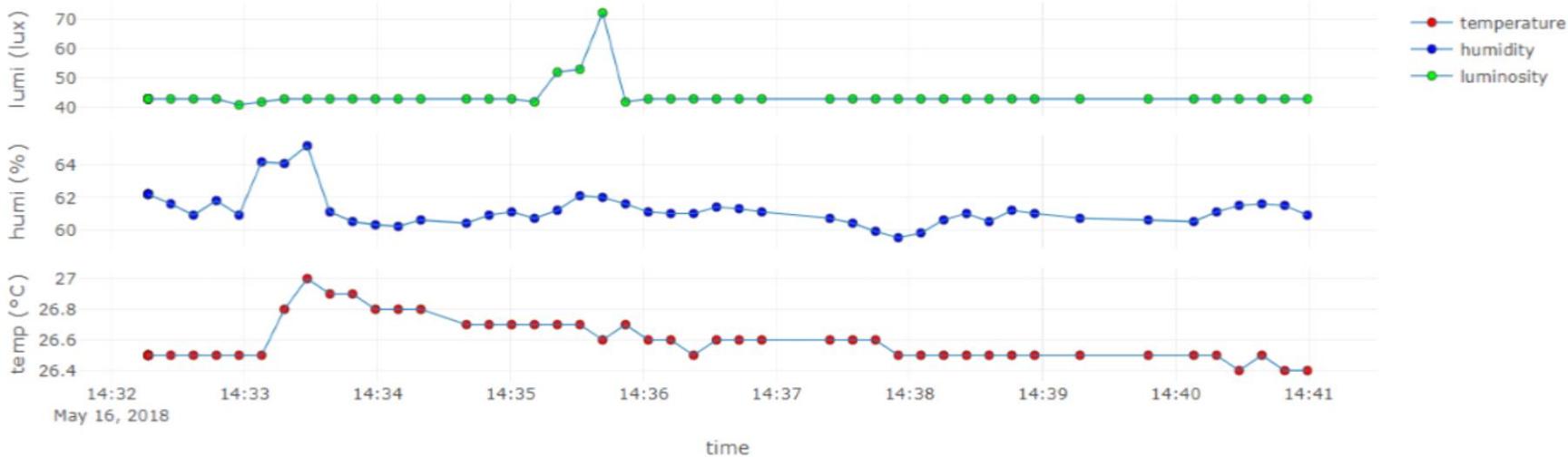
Real-time Weather Station from sensors



on Time: 2018-05-16 14:40:59.402

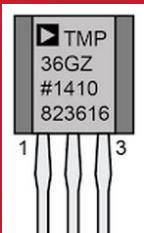
Save as

HSnn_cds_dht22.png



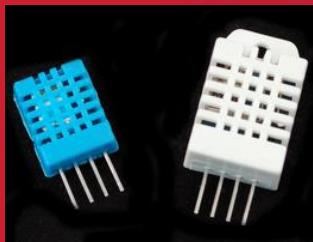


[Practice]



◆ [wk11]

- RT Data Visualization with node.js
- Multi-sensor circuits
- Complete your real-time WEB clients
- Upload file name : HSnn_Rpt09.zip



◆ [Target of this week]

- Complete your charts
- Save your outcomes and compress them.

제출파일명 : **HSnn_Rpt09.zip**

- 압축할 파일들

- ① **HSnn_DS_cds_tmp36.png**
- ② **HSnn_cds_dht22_data.png**
- ③ **HSnn_cds_dht22.html**
- ④ **HSnn_cds_dht22.png**

Email : chaos21c@gmail.com

[제목 : **id**, 이름 (수정)]

Lecture materials



● References & good sites

- ✓ <http://www.nodejs.org/ko> Node.js
- ✓ <http://www.arduino.cc> Arduino Homepage
- ✓ <http://www.w3schools.com> By w3schools
- ✓ <http://www.github.com> GitHub
- ✓ <http://www.google.com> Googling

< > | N GitHub, Inc. [US] | https://github.com Redwoods (Redwoods Yi) - GitHub

Search GitHub

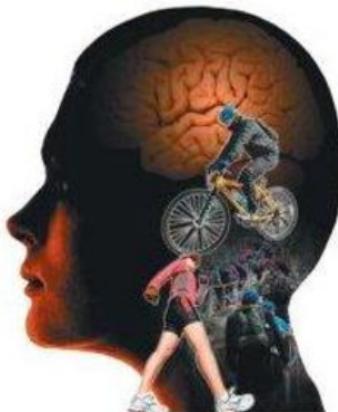
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📍 GimHae, Republic of Korea

Overview

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Pinned repositories

dht22-iot-project

Iot project to monitor data streaming from DHT22 wired at Arduino.

HTML

Lec

All lectures by Redwoods in Inje University

arduino-nodejs-plotly-streaming

This repo introduces a simple and efficient way to plot the streaming data from Arduino with Easy Pulse ppg sensor or DHT11 sensor.

HTML

hw-coding

Resource for lecture of Hardware Programming (2017, Inje university)

Arduino

Redwoods / Lec

Unwatch ▾

1

Code

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0 releases

Branch: master ▾

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 Redwoods 2018 wk01 upload	Lat
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 ev3	wk16 final exam. answers
 healthcare-signal-iot	2018 wk01 upload
 html5-basic	2018 wk01 upload
 html5-mobile-simulation	wk15 lec upload
 Lec.Rproj	2018 wk01 upload
 README.md	wk03 upload and fix links

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src	2018 wk03 upload
README.md	2018 wk01 upload
wk01_hs_Intro.pdf	2018 wk01 upload-2
wk01_hs_Intro.pptx	2018 wk01 upload-2
wk02_hs_nodejs.pdf	2018 wk02 upload
wk03_hs_node_express.pdf	2018 wk03 upload

README.md

Lec : Introduction to Healthcare Signal Visualization

All lectures by Redwoods in Inje University from 2018 and 2017.



1.0 What is node.js?

← → ⌂ ⌂ 🔒 안전함 | https://www.w3schools.com/nodejs/nodejs_intro.asp

HOME CSS JAVASCRIPT SQL PHP BOOTSTRAP HOW TO JQUERY MORE ▾

Node.js Tutorial
Node.js HOME
Node.js Intro
Node.js Get Started
Node.js Modules
Node.js HTTP Module
Node.js File System
Node.js URL Module
Node.js NPM
Node.js Events
Node.js Upload Files
Node.js Email

Node.js MySQL
MySQL Get Started
MySQL Create Database
MySQL Create Table

Node.js Introduction

< Previous

What is Node.js?

- Node.js is an open source server framework
- Node.js is free
- Node.js runs on various platforms (Windows, Linux, Unix, Mac OS X, etc.)
- Node.js uses JavaScript on the server

Why Node.js?

Node.js uses asynchronous programming!

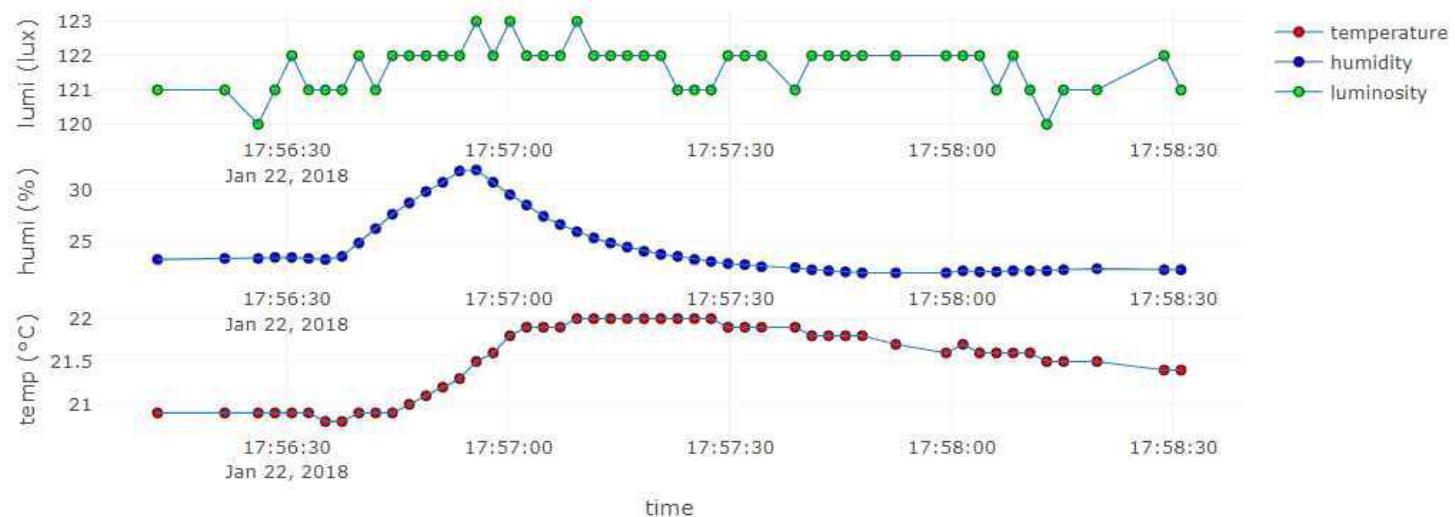
https://www.w3schools.com/nodejs/nodejs_intro.asp

Target of this class

Real-time Weather Station from sensors

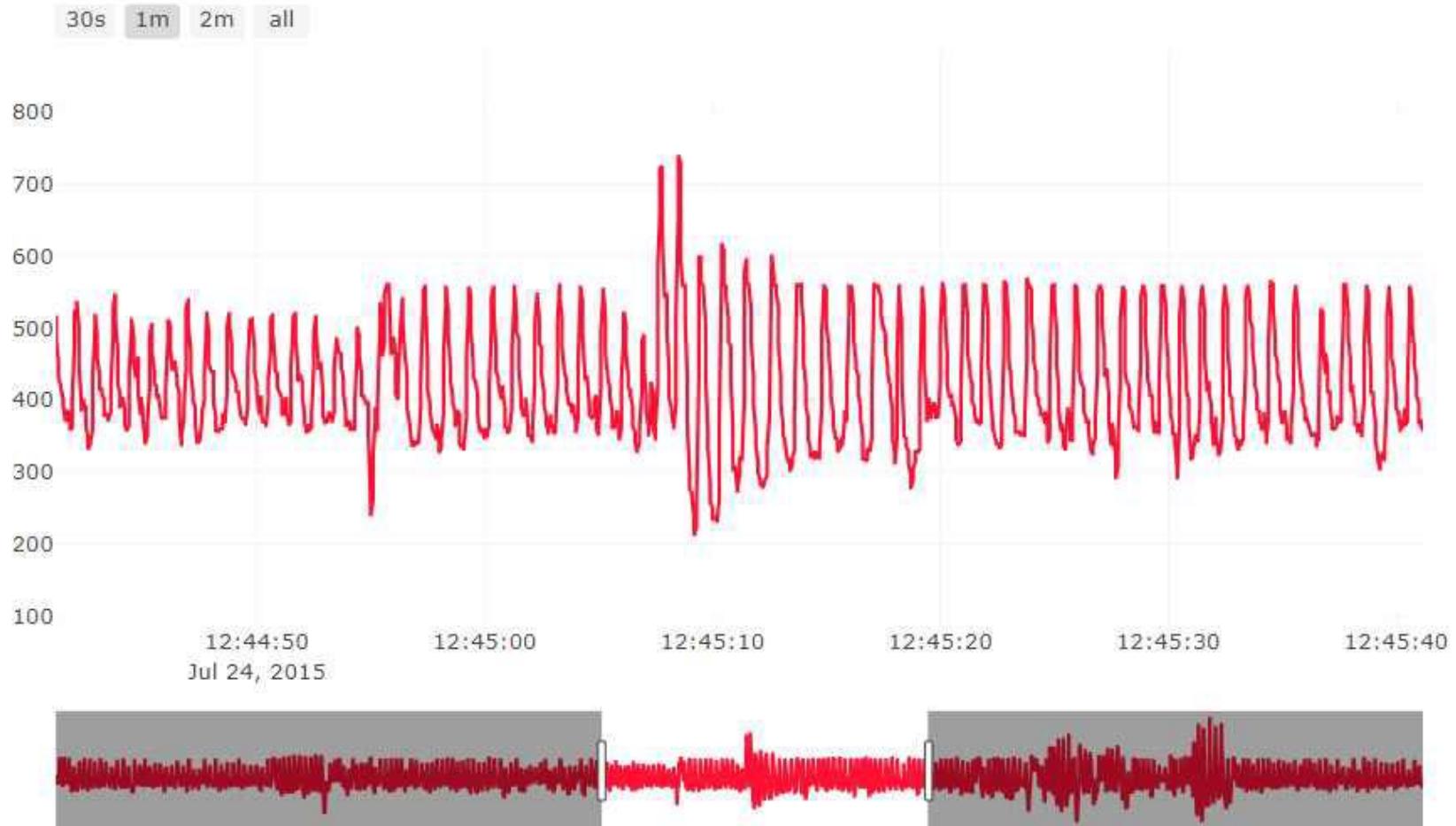


on Time: 2018-01-22 17:58:31.012



Project of this class

PPG with rangeslider





주교재

아두이노와 Node.js에 기반한

IOT 신호 시각화

| 저자 이상훈 |

인제대학교 출판부

아두이노와 Node.js에 기반한 IOT 신호 시각화

| 저자 이상훈 |



인제대학교 출판부