## Lab 0

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#### 1 Code

#### 1.1 ListItem.java

A public class (listItem) hold two parameters, an integer value and an instance of a listItem. This is done to allow each listItem to hold an individual value while also being connected to another listItem instance so that A chain of "nodes" can be created. This chain of "nodes" can then be used to something like a a binary search tree for example.

#### 1.2 Main.java

In main I created a small example of linked listItems. The final listItem is linked to "null" meaning that it is the "end node". I also print out the attached values of the listItems using the "getValue" command defined in listItem.java.

### 2 Appendix

#### 2.1 ListItem.java

```
public class listItem {
      int value;
      listItem listItem;
      //item holds a value and is linked to another list item
      public listItem(int value, listItem listItem){
          this.value = value;
          this.listItem = listItem;
          getValue();
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      //gets value of node
      public int getValue(){
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          return value;
14
15
  }
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```

#### 2.2 Main.java

```
public class Main {
      public static void main(String[] args) {
           //creates the linked listItems
           // {\tt node4 \ does \ not \ link \ to \ another \ listItem}
           listItem node4 = new listItem(1, null);
           listItem node3 = new listItem(2, node4);
           listItem node2 = new listItem(3, node3);
           listItem node1 = new listItem(4, node2);
           //{\rm gets} values of nodes and prints it
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11
           System.out.println(node1.getValue());
           System.out.println(node2.getValue());
12
13
           System.out.println(node3.getValue());
           System.out.println(node4.getValue());
14
15
16 }
```