Go Stone Puzzle Problem ID: gostonepuzzle

There are N+2 cells arranged in a row. Let cell i denote the i-th cell from the left.

There is one stone placed in each of the cells from cell 1 to cell N. For each $1 \le i \le N$, the stone in cell i is white if S_i is \mathbb{N} , and black if S_i is \mathbb{B} . Cells N+1 and N+2 are empty.

You can perform the following operation any number of times (possibly zero):

• Choose a pair of adjacent cells that both contain stones, and move these two stones to the empty two cells while preserving their order. More precisely, choose an integer x such that $1 \le x \le N+1$ and both cells x and x+1 contain stones. Let k and k+1 be the empty two cells. Move the stones from cells x and x+1 to cells k and k+1, respectively.

Determine if it is possible to achieve the target state, T, and if so, find the minimum number of operations required. Each of the cells from cell 1 to cell N contains one stone, and for each $1 \le i \le N$, the stone in cell i is white if T_i is \mathbb{W} , and black if T_i is \mathbb{B} .

Input

The first line of input contains N ($2 \le N \le 14$). The second line of input contains the string S of length N consisting of characters $\mathbb W$ and $\mathbb B$, representing the initial state of the stones. The third line of input contains the string T of length N consisting of characters $\mathbb W$ and $\mathbb B$, representing the target state of the stones.

Output

If it is possible to achieve the desired state, print the minimum number of operations required. If it is impossible, print -1.

Sample Input 1	Sample Output 1
6	4
BWBWBW	
WWWBBB	
Sample Input 2	Sample Output 2
6	-1
BBBBBB	
WWWWWW	
Sample Input 3	Sample Output 3
14	7
ВВВИВИИИВВИИВИ	
WBWWBBWWWBWBBB	