

CS1117 – Introduction to Programming

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**A TRADITION OF
INDEPENDENT
THINKING**



UCC

University College Cork, Ireland
Coláiste na hOllscoile Corcaigh

While Recap

We introduced **While** loops as a mechanism for repeating code

We use **While** loop when we don't know how long the loops will last

While the condition remains True we continue to execute the statement block of code

But... we need some mechanism to make the condition false, otherwise we loop forever...

While Recap

Counters are very important to **While** loops

They not only allow us to loop in the
While a certain number of times

But they also allow us to use list indexing
to gather and set information

Incorrect counting can cause the majority
of the bugs seen in **While** loops

While

`break`

Is a Python mechanism for stopping loops

It terminates the execution of the
statement block code in the loop

And Python moves out of the `while` loop and
to the next location in the code

```
print("Phew. The While has stopped")
```

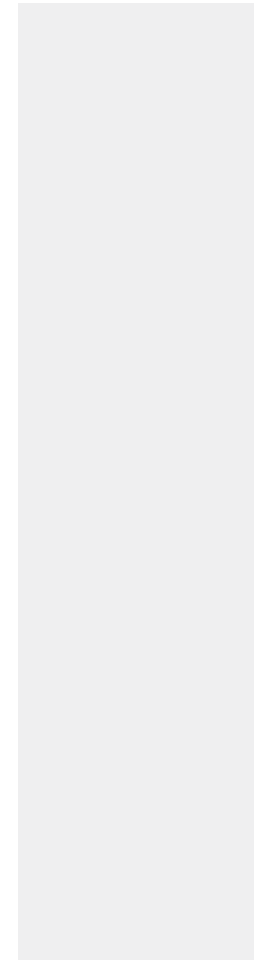
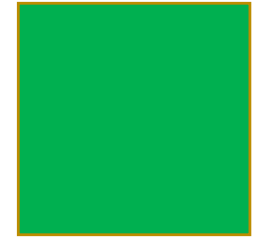
While

We add a Boolean check

```
import time
i = 0
# time in seconds since January 1, 1970 - when time began
# known as "epoch date" - unix start of time
start_time = time.time()

print("start time:", start_time)
while i < 10:
    print(i)
    # i += 1
    # get the current time
    current_time = time.time()
    print("current time:", current_time)
    # if the current time less start time is greater than 3 seconds
    if current_time - start_time > 3:
        print("forced end time:", time.time())
        print("break")
        # break - stops the while loop and continues to next line of code
        break

print("Phew. The While has stopped")
```



While

Let's look at output

```
# Output
# start time: 1570258881.0076082
# 0
# current time: 1570258881.007679
# 0
# current time: 1570258881.007693
# ...
# 0
# current time: 1570258884.007602
# 0
# current time: 1570258884.007634
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# break
# Phew. The While has stopped
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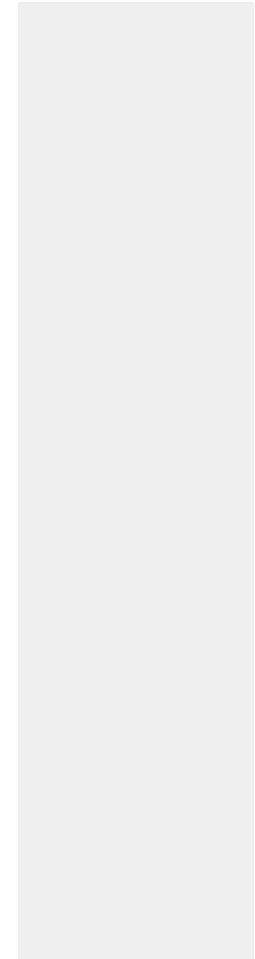
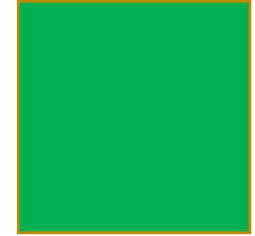
While

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`continue`

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specific runs through the loops

`continue`

`continue` tells Python to ignore the rest of code in the
statement block for the current loop

And move to the next loop (iteration)

While

continue example

```
print("Printing odd numbers")
limit = int(input("Provide a maximum number >>> "))

i = 1
while i < limit:
    if i % 2 == 0:
        i += 1
        continue
    print(i, end=" ")
    i += 1

print("\nPhew. The While has stopped")
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continue example

```
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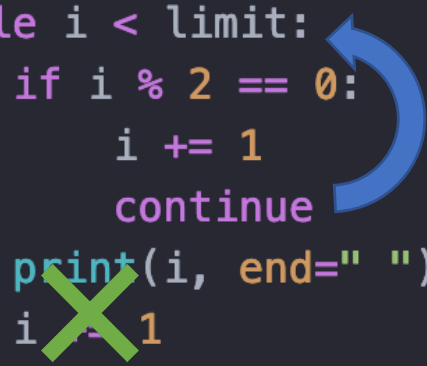
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print("\nPhew. The While has stopped")
```


While

continue example - output

```
print("Printing odd numbers")
limit = int(input("Provide a maximum number >>> "))

i = 1
while i < limit:
    if i % 2 == 0:
        i += 1
        continue
    print(i, end=" ")
    i += 1

print("\nPhew. The While has stopped")

# Output
# Provide a maximum number >> > 10
# 1 3 5 7 9
# Phew. The While has stopped
```

While

Let's look at that "Phew"... one last time

```
print("Printing odd numbers")
limit = int(input("Provide a maximum number >>> "))

i = 1
while i < limit:
    if i % 2 == 0:
        i += 1
        continue
    print(i, end=" ")
    i += 1

print("\nPhew. The While has stopped")

# Output
# Provide a maximum number >> > 10
# 1 3 5 7 9
# Phew. The While has stopped
```



While

As `while` is so like `if`, we can actually use `else` 😊

```
print("Printing odd numbers - v2")
limit = int(input("Provide a maximum number >>> "))

i = 1
while i < limit:
    if i % 2 == 0:
        i += 1
        continue
    print(i, end=" ")
    i += 1
else:
    print("\nPheew. The While has stopped")
```

```
# Output
# Provide a maximum number >> > 12
# 1 3 5 7 9 11
# Pheew. The While has stopped
```

While

As `while` is so like `if`, we can actually use `else` 😊

```
print("Printing odd numbers - v2")
limit = int(input("Provide a maximum number >>> "))

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while i < limit:
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else:
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```

```
# Output
# Provide a maximum number >> > 12
# 1 3 5 7 9 11
# Pheew. The While has stopped
```

So `while`
True
Repeat the
statement
block

While



As **while** is so like **if**, we can actually use **else** 😊

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else:
    print("\nPheew. The While has stopped")
```

```
# Output
# Provide a maximum number >> > 12
# 1 3 5 7 9 11
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```

But when
while is
False
execute the
else code

While



As **while** is so like **if**, we can actually use **else** 😊

```
print("Printing odd numbers - v2")
limit = int(input("Provide a maximum number >>> "))

i = 1
while i < limit:
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else:
    print("\nPhew. The While has stopped")
```

```
# Output
# Provide a maximum number >> > 12
# 1 3 5 7 9 11
# Phew. The While has stopped
```

Else is a
form of “do
this when
the loop
ends”

While

If we can use `else`, can we use `elif` 😞

```
print("Printing odd numbers – v3 – elif")
limit = int(input("Provide a maximum number >>> "))

i = 1
while i < limit:
    if i % 2 == 0:
        i += 1
        continue
    print(i, end=" ")
    i += 1
elif i == limit:
    #print("i is equal to limit")
else:
    print("\nPheew. The While has stopped")

# Output
# elif i == limit:
#     ^
# SyntaxError: invalid syntax
```

While

If we can use `else`, can we use `elif` 😞

```
print("Printing odd numbers - v3 - elif")
limit = int(input("Provide a maximum number >>> "))

i = 1
while i < limit:
    if i % 2 == 0:
        i += 1
        continue
    print(i, end=" ")
    i += 1
elif i == limit:
    #print("i is equal to limit")
else:
    print("\nPheew. The While has stopped")

# Output
# elif i == limit:
#     ^
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While

If we can use `else`, can we use `elif` 😞

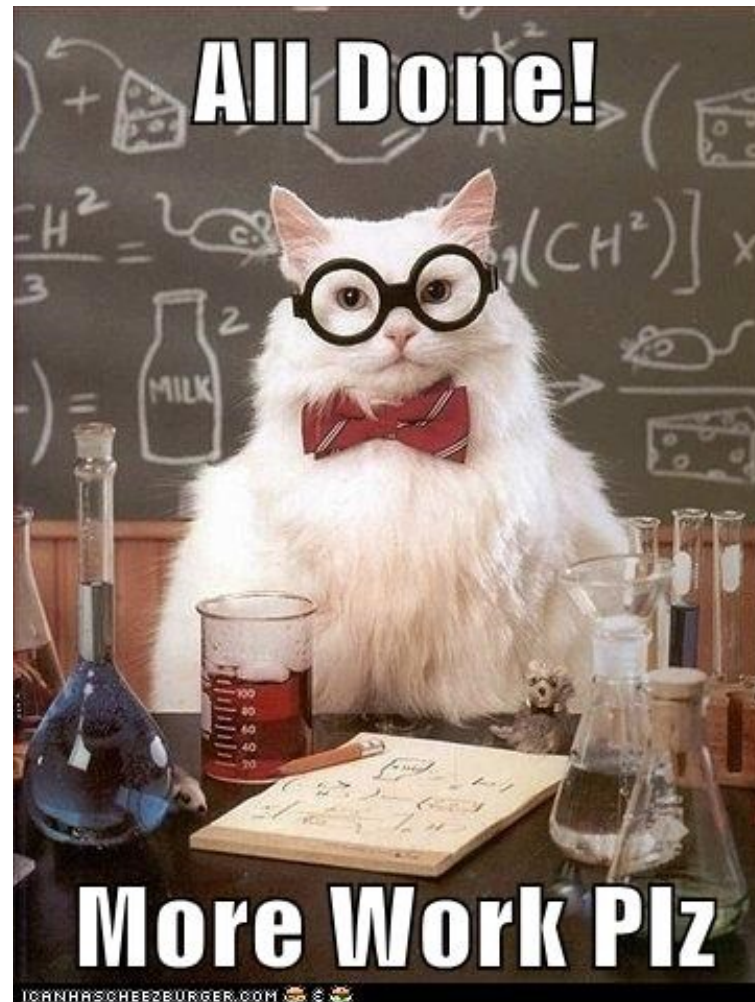
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Canvas Student App

Let's Sign into this lecture now



While



Does `break` influence `else`?

```
print("Printing even numbers up to maximum of value of 8 – v2")
limit = int(input("Provide a maximum number >>> "))

i = 1
max_value = 8
while i < limit:
    if i % 2 == 0:
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```

`i` is now 10

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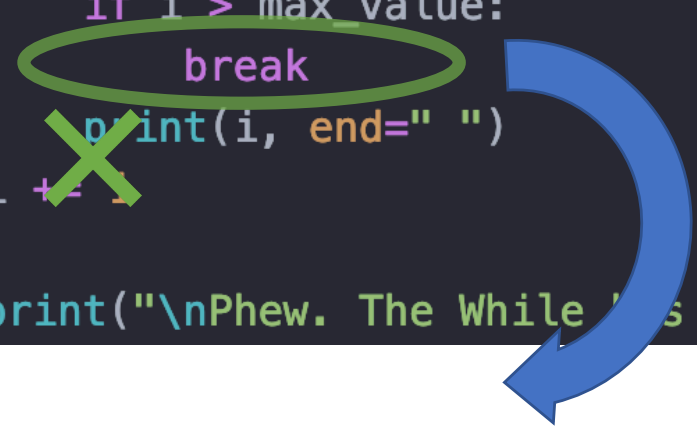
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By-passes the `else`

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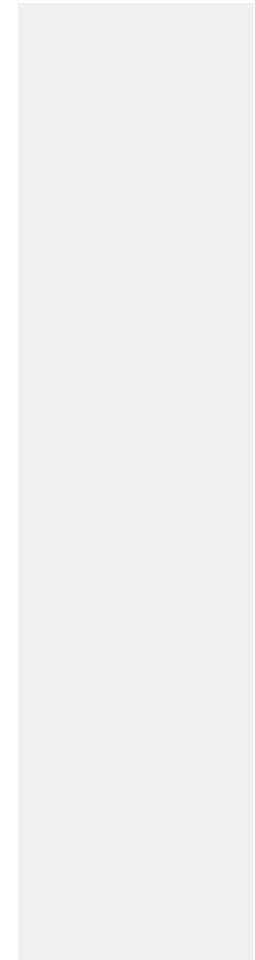
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Output

Provide a maximum number >> > 12

2 4 6 8



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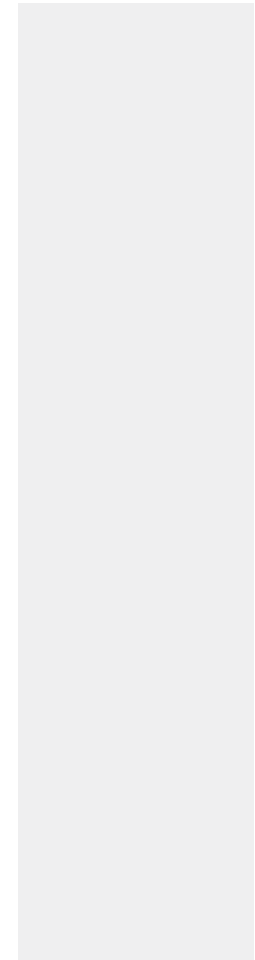
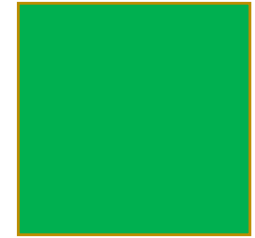
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    if i % 2 == 0:
        if i > max_value:
            break
        print(i, end=" ")
    i += 1
else:
    print("\nPhew. The While has stopped")
```

Output

Provide a maximum number >> > 12

2 4 6 8|

Unless while can end properly, the else is never called

While Recap

We saw how to use `break`, `continue` and `else`

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To influence the flow of the loops

`break` – terminates the loop

`continue` – ignore code within a specific loop and
moves to the next loop

`else` – runs code when the loop ends properly (`break` can
cause `else` not to be called)

While



One last example of **while** and **lists**...

How to reverse a **list**

```
def reverse(a_list):  
  
    reversed_list = []  
    i = 0  
  
    while i < len(a_list):  
  
        reversed_list = [a_list[i]] + reversed_list  
        i += 1  
  
    return reversed_list  
  
my_list = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]  
print(reverse(my_list))
```

Output

[5, 4, 3, 2, 1]

While



One last example of **while** and **lists**...

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```
def reverse(a_list):  
    reversed_list = []  
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    while i < len(a_list):  
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    return reversed_list
```

```
my_list = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]  
print(reverse(my_list))
```

Output

```
# [5, 4, 3, 2, 1]
```

Start with
an empty
list

While



One last example of **while** and **lists**...

How to reverse a **list**

```
def reverse(a_list):  
  
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    i = 0  
  
    while i < len(a_list):  
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        i += 1  
  
    return reversed_list
```

```
my_list = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]  
print(reverse(my_list))
```

Output

```
# [5, 4, 3, 2, 1]
```

Create a
single
element list
containing
the current
value from
the
parameter
a_list

While



One last example of **while** and **lists**...

How to reverse a **list**

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def reverse(a_list):  
  
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    return reversed_list
```

```
my_list = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]  
print(reverse(my_list))
```

Output

```
# [5, 4, 3, 2, 1]
```

Reverse the
order in
which we
add them

While



One last example of **while** and **lists**...

How to reverse a **list**

```
def reverse(a_list):  
  
    reversed_list = []  
    i = 0  
  
    while i < len(a_list):  
  
        reversed_list = [a_list[i]] + reversed_list  
        i += 1  
  
    return reversed_list
```

```
my_list = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]  
print(reverse(my_list))
```

Output

```
# [5, 4, 3, 2, 1]
```

Don't forget
to
increment
the counter

Live Coding Time...

