CS1115/CS5002

Web Development 1

Dr Derek Bridge

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Administrivia: The lecturer

Derek Bridge: Room G-61, Western Gateway Building d stop bridge amphora cs plip ucc plop ie www.cs.ucc.ie/dbridge.html

Administrivia: Module delivery

Credit weighting: 5 credit module	5 credit module
Lectures:	2×1 hr per week (on average)
Labs:	1×2 hr per week
Private study:	At least 2 hrs per week
Course web site:	www.cs.ucc.ie/~dgb/courses/wd1.html
	Contains copies of some of the slides
	N.B. Slides, not notes!

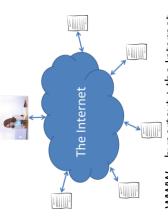
Administrivia: Assessment

Examination:	1.5 hr written exam (75% of the marks)
Continuous assessment:	Web site project (25% of the marks)
How to fail:	Skip lectures & labs; avoid private study; cram the night before the exam; expect the exam to be a memory test
How to pass:	Attend lectures & labs; take notes; organize your notes; tackle the lab activities properly; expect a problemsolving exam

Plagiarism

- 1. Plagiarism is presenting someone else's work as your own. It is a violation of
- 2. You must read and comply with the UCC Policy on Plagiarism www.ucc.ie/en /exams/procedures-regulations/
- 3. The Policy applies to all work submitted, including software.
- 4. You can expect that your work will be checked for evidence of plagiarism or
- 5. In some circumstances it may be acceptable to reuse a small amount of work by others, but only if you provide explicit acknowledgement and justification.
- 6. If in doubt ask your module lecturer prior to submission. Better safe than sorry!

What the web was for — originally

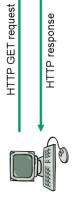


WWW = hypertext + the Internet

Servers and clients

- Web client computers
- o run web client software (e.g. browsers)
- HTML files, CSS files, image files, videos, programs, ...) o the software make requests for web resources (e.g.
- Web server computers
- o host web resources (e.g. HTML files, CSS files, image files, videos, programs, ...)
- run web server software that responds to requests

Web requests and responses





web client software, e.g. web browser

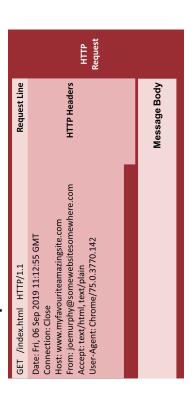
web client hardware,

web server hardware web server software

Protocols

- If two computers are to exchange messages, we need to specify and agree the rules of communication
- In computer networking, such a set of rules is called a communications protocol
- HTTP HyperText Transfer Protocol
- o The protocol used for web requests and responses
- The protocol is defined by the Internet Engineering Task Force (IETF)

HTTP requests



HTTP responses

HTTP				
Status Line	HTTP Headers	Message Body		
HTTP/1.1 200 OK	Date: Fri, 06 Sep 2019 11:12:55 GMT Connection: Close Server: Apache Accept-Ranges: bytes Content-Type: text/html Content-Length: 170 Last-Modified: Tue, 19 Feb 2019 11:15:49 GMT	html <html lang="en"></html>		

HTTP response status codes

e.g. 100 Continue 1XX: Informational:

2XX: Success:

e.g. 200 OK, 206 Partial Content

3XX: Redirection:

e.g. 301 Moved Permanently

4XX: Client error:

e.g. 400 Bad Request, 403 Forbidden, 404 Not Found 5XX: Server error: e.g. 500 Internal Server Error, 503 Service Unavailable

Web standards

- Web resources must also comply with rules otherwise browsers won't know what to do with them
- The World Wide Web Consortium (W3C) is responsible for specifying, e.g.,
- o HTML, the HyperText Markup Language
- Other organizations specify other types of resource (images, video, audio, server-side programming languages, client-side programming languages, ...) o CSS, Cascading StyleSheets