

# README – Pokémon Card Collection Tracker

## 1. Overview

The Pokémon Card Collection Tracker is a C++ console program that helps users manage a small personal inventory of Pokémon trading cards.

The program allows users to:

- Add new Pokémon cards
- Remove cards
- Search cards by name
- Sort the collection by card value (using Bubble Sort)
- Display all stored cards

This project demonstrates structured data management, searching, sorting, and user-driven menu operations.

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## 2. Design Decisions

### Structured Data (Structs)

I used a struct named PokemonCard to group:

- card name
- category
- value
- condition

Using a struct makes the data organized and easier to pass to functions.

## Programming Constructs Used

### The project uses:

- arrays
- loops
- conditionals
- functions
- structs
- input validation

These are required components of the assignment and help keep the code modular and readable.

### Searching Method

- Linear Search  
I used linear search because:
  - the list is small
  - it is simple to implement
  - sorting is not required before searching  
It scans each element until the card is found.

### Sorting Method

- Bubble Sort (ONLY)  
Bubble sort was chosen because:
- the assignment requires a sorting algorithm
- bubble sort is easy to implement

- the dataset is small, so performance is not an issue

The sort organizes the cards by value from lowest to highest.

#### Data Persistence

No file usage was required, so data is stored only in memory during program execution.  
When the program closes, the data resets.

#### Alternative Approaches Considered

I considered:

- selection sort
- binary search
- file storage

I did not use them because:

- bubble sort was sufficient
- binary search requires sorted data, while linear search works without sorting
- assignment instructions allowed programs without file I/O

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### 3. Testing Summary

#### Testing Log

<u>Test Case</u>	<u>Input</u>	<u>Expected Output</u>	<u>Actual Output</u>	<u>Pass/Fail</u>
<u>Add Card</u>	<u>Pikachu, Electric,</u> <u>50, Mint</u>	<u>Card added</u> <u>successfully</u>	<u>Same</u>	<u>Pass</u>

<u>Search Existing Card</u>	<u>Pikachu</u>	<u>Found at index X</u>	<u>Same</u>	<u>Pass</u>
<u>Search Missing Card</u>	<u>Charmander</u>	<u>"Card not found"</u>	<u>Same</u>	<u>Pass</u>
<u>Remove Existing Card</u>	<u>Pikachu</u>	<u>Pikachu removed</u>	<u>Same</u>	<u>Pass</u>
<u>Remove Non-existent Card</u>	<u>MissingName</u>	<u>Error message</u>	<u>Same</u>	<u>Pass</u>
<u>Sort Cards</u>	<u>Values: 40, 10, 30</u>	<u>Sorted: 10, 30, 40</u>	<u>Same</u>	<u>Pass</u>
<u>Bad Input (string for value)</u>	<u>"abc"</u>	<u>Ask to re-enter</u>	<u>Same</u>	<u>Pass</u>

#### Testing Methods Used

- Manual testing for each menu option
- Edge-case testing (empty list, full list, incorrect inputs)
- Repeated add/remove cycles to check stability

#### Example Invalid Inputs

- Entering letters for value → program re-prompts
- Removing card when list is empty → prints error
- Adding card when list is full → prints warning

## 4. Technical Walkthrough

### Main Functionalities

- addCard() – adds a new Pokémon card to the array

- removeCard() – removes card by searching its name
- displayCards() – prints all stored cards
- linearSearch() – finds card index by name
- bubbleSort() – sorts by value (ascending)
- displayMenu() – shows user options

### Program Flow

1. Program displays menu
2. User selects an action
3. Program executes function
4. Menu repeats until user quits

### Video Demonstration

<https://youtu.be/ouZq2vbKnck>

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## 5. Challenges and Lessons Learned

### Challenges

- Designing the menu loop and preventing input crashes
- Deciding between sorting algorithms
- Managing array size limits
- Removing elements by shifting the array

## Lessons Learned

- Structs make data cleaner and easier to manage
  - Modularity (functions) prevents messy and repetitive code
  - Sorting and searching algorithms are useful in real programs
  - Planning the program flow saves time in debugging
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## 6. Future Improvements

If I had more time, I would add:

- File storage to save data between runs
- Binary search (after sorting) for faster lookups
- Ability to edit card details