

OOP - Spring 2022

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1 Objectives

- Using BigInteger and BigDecimal classes
- Implement String class

2 Questions

2.1 Question 1

• Code

• Output

2.2 Question 2

• Code

```
import java.math.BigDecimal;
import java.math.RoundingMode;
public class Q2
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        BigDecimal twentyTwo = new BigDecimal("22");
        BigDecimal seven = new BigDecimal("7");
        System.out.println(twentyTwo.divide(seven, 200, RoundingMode.CEILING));
    }
}
```

• Output

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2.3 Question 3

• MyString1 Class

```
public class MyString1
  // data members
  private char[] chars;
  // methods
  public MyString1(char[] chars) //constructor
     this.chars = new char[chars.length];
     for (int i = 0; i < chars.length; i++)</pre>
        this.chars[i] = chars[i];
  }
  public char charAt(int index)
     return chars[index];
  public int length()
  {
     return chars.length;
  public MyString1 substring(int begin, int end)
     char[] c = new char[end - begin];
     int i = begin;
     for (int j = 0; i < end; i++, j++)
        c[j] = chars[i];
     return new MyString1(c);
  }
  public MyString1 toLowerCase()
     char[] c = new char[chars.length];
     for (int i = 0; i < chars.length; i++)</pre>
        if (chars[i] >= 'A' && chars[i] <= 'Z')</pre>
           c[i] = (char)(chars[i] + 32);
        else
           c[i] = chars[i];
     }
     return new MyString1(c);
  public boolean equals(MyString1 s)
  {
     if (chars.length != s.length())
        return false;
     for (int i = 0; i < chars.length; i++)</pre>
        if(chars[i] != s.charAt(i))
           return false;
     return true;
  }
```

```
public static MyString1 valueOf(int i)
{
    int length = 0;
    int n = i;
    while (n >= 1)
    {
        n /= 10;
        length++;
    }
    char[] ch = new char[length];

    for (int j = 0, k = (int)Math.pow(10, length - 1); j < length; j++, k /= 10)
    {
        ch[j] = Character.forDigit((i / k), 10);
        i %= k;
    }

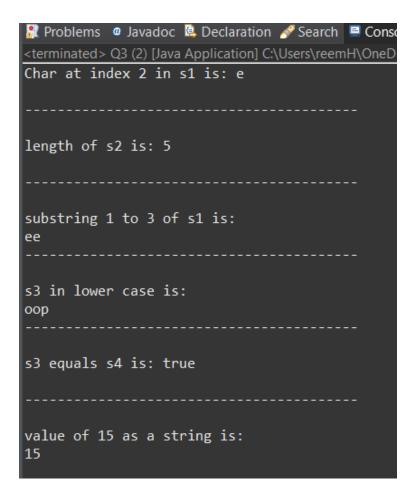
    return new MyString1(ch);
}</pre>
```

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• The main function

```
public class Q3
  public static void main(String[] args)
  {
    char[] c1 = {'R', 'e', 'e', 'm'};
    char[] c2 = {'H', 'e', 'l', 'l', 'o'};
    char[] c3 = {'0', '0', 'P'};
    MyString1 s1 = new MyString1(c1);
    MyString1 s2 = new MyString1(c2);
    MyString1 s3 = new MyString1(c3);
    MyString1 s4 = new MyString1(c3);
    System.out.println("Char at index 2 in s1 is: " + s1.charAt(2));
    System.out.println("\n----\n");
    System.out.println("length of s2 is: " + s2.length());
    System.out.println("\n----\n");
    System.out.println("substring 1 to 3 of s1 is: ");
    MyString1 sub = s1.substring(1,3);
    for (int i = 0; i < sub.length(); i++)</pre>
       System.out.print(sub.charAt(i));
    System.out.println("\n----\n");
    System.out.println("s3 in lower case is: ");
    MyString1 lower = s3.toLowerCase();
    for (int i = 0; i < lower.length(); i++)</pre>
       System.out.print(lower.charAt(i));
    System.out.println("\n----\n");
    System.out.println("s3 equals s4 is: " + s3.equals(s4));
    System.out.println("\n----\n");
    System.out.println("value of 15 as a string is: ");
    MyString1 myInt = MyString1.valueOf(15);
    for (int i = 0; i < myInt.length(); i++)</pre>
       System.out.print(myInt.charAt(i));
  }
}
```

• Output



3 Conclusion

This lab was very clear and helpful.