

# Linear Maps

## 1.1 Linearity

**Definition 1.1** (Linear Map). A map  $T : V \rightarrow W$  is linear if  $T(au + bv) = aT(u) + bT(v)$  for all  $a, b \in \mathbb{F}$  and  $u, v \in V$ .

**Theorem 1.1.** If  $\{v_1, v_2, \dots, v_n\}$  is a basis of  $V$ ,

$$T(a_1v_1 + a_2v_2 + \dots + a_nv_n) = a_1T(v_1) + a_2T(v_2) + \dots + a_nT(v_n)$$

A linear map can be defined just by declaring the images of a vector spaces basis vectors as the map has to obey linearity over a basis. This leads to a natural formulation of a linear map as a matrix where the columns are the images of the basis vectors under  $T$ .