

107年公務人員特種考試司法人員、法務部  
調查局調查人員、國家安全局國家安全情報  
人員、海岸巡防人員及移民行政人員考試試題

考 試 別：移民行政人員

等 別：三等考試

類 科 組：移民行政（選試俄文）

科 目：外國文（俄文兼試移民專業英文）

考試時間：2小時

座號：\_\_\_\_\_

※注意：禁止使用電子計算器。

甲、申論題部分：(75分)

- (一)不必抄題，作答時請將試題題號及答案依照順序寫在申論試卷上，於本試題上作答者，不予計分。  
(二)請以藍、黑色鋼筆或原子筆在申論試卷上作答。

一、Переведите на китайский язык. (每小題 10 分，共 20 分)

(一) Многие считают, что легализация в РФ для иностранца начинается с оформления разрешительных документов по приезде в РФ, но это не так! На самом деле всё начинается ещё с пересечения границы! Там пограничники выдают иностранцу для заполнения миграционную карту. Миграционная карта, в первую очередь, отражает сведения об иностранце. Благодаря данной карте госорганы отслеживают его пребывание в РФ.

ВАЖНО! Если Вы собираетесь в последующем трудоустраиваться в РФ, Вам обязательно нужно выделить цель въезда «работа». Выбрав другую цель, Вы не сможете оформить необходимые для работы разрешительные документы.

(二) Сегодня Тайвань считается одним из мировых лидеров в сфере выпуска высокотехнологической продукции. Сельскохозяйственная отрасль уже много лет не является приоритетным источником наполнения бюджета, хотя по-прежнему важна. В стране развивается информационная индустрия, нефтехимия, биотехнология, металлургия, машиностроение, текстильная промышленность, финансовый рынок, туризм и в целом сфера услуг.

Практически в каждом из вышеперечисленных направлений найдётся работа для русских, украинцев, белорусов и других иностранцев в 2018 году. Кроме того, в страну приходит большое количество зарубежных инвестиций и функционирует множество международных компаний. Всё это создаёт благоприятные условия для трудоустройства иностранцев в Тайване.

二、Переведите на русский язык. (每小題 10 分，共 20 分)

(一)根據臺灣法律規定，如果外國人居留臺灣超過四個月，必須參加健保。他每個月繳納一定金額的費用—現在大概是 25 美元。需要就診時，他僅須給付少許費用，即可掛號看病。

(二)今天的臺灣有數十萬外國勞工，他們的存在大大解決臺灣勞力嚴重不足的問題。然而，外國勞工的進口也導致一連串的社會問題。例如，外國勞工抱怨，雇主常常違反契約條件，要求他們從事契約沒有規定的工作。另一方面，臺灣人則指控外勞搶奪他們的工作與薪水。

### 三、俄文作文：(35分)

Напишите сочинение на тему: «Чего хочет и о чём мечтает современная молодёжь?»

## 乙、測驗題部分：(25分)

代號：4901

(一) 本測驗試題為單一選擇題，請選出一個正確或最適當的答案，複選作答者，該題不予計分。

(二)共 20 題，每題 1.25 分，須用 2B 鉛筆在試卡上依題號清楚劃記，於本試題或申論試卷上作答者，不予計分。

請依下文回答第 11 題至第 15 題：

Roger White (2016) assumes that religion is a potential marker of cultural similarity between societies. Two societies that share a common religion or that 11 the same dominant religion are likely more culturally similar than are two societies that stick to different religious beliefs. Similar to language, which acts as a representation of culture and a means 12 culture can be transmitted, to the extent that religious views 13 or influence broader attitudes, norms, expectations, and mores, it can be viewed as a 14 that allows culture to be communicated across people and time periods. 15, the researcher employs two measures off religious distance between parent and host countries as a potential proxy variable for cultural differences. The results obtained from his study support his assumptions.

- |    |                |                  |                 |                  |
|----|----------------|------------------|-----------------|------------------|
| 11 | (A)adhere to   | (B)agonize       | (C)deter from   | (D)disregard     |
| 12 | (A)by which    | (B)even though   | (C)so as        | (D)in case       |
| 13 | (A)align with  | (B)conflict with | (C)deviate from | (D)separate from |
| 14 | (A)block       | (B)pedal         | (C)terminal     | (D)vessel        |
| 15 | (A)Accordingly | (B)Contrarily    | (C)Surprisingly | (D)Unexpectedly  |

請依下文回答第 16 題至第 20 題：

In April 1968, Britain was debating the Race Relations Act, which made it illegal to deny a person employment, housing or public services based on race or national origin. The law was intended to protect immigrants from Commonwealth nations, especially former colonies in the Caribbean, India, and Pakistan. The first of these immigrants, 492 Jamaicans, had arrived 20 years earlier. Hundreds of thousands followed.

"The immigrants were called over," says Sathnam Sanghera, an author whose Sikh parents emigrated from India during that time. "There was a labor shortage. There weren't enough people to run the factories after the war." The immigrants were granted British citizenship and helped rebuild Britain after World War II. But they faced racism. Landlords wouldn't rent to them. Some employers turned them away. The Race Relations Act was intended to protect immigrants.

The tension was especially obvious in Wolverhampton, one of the first cities in Britain to experience mass immigration. Enoch Powell, who represented Wolverhampton in Parliament, feared a race war coming because of mass immigration. On April 20, 1968, he took the stage at a Conservative Party event at the Midlands Hotel in Birmingham and gave an incendiary speech that would come to define him — and divide his country. In the speech, Powell warned, "that tragic and intractable phenomenon which we watch with horror on the other side of the Atlantic ... is coming upon us here by our own volition and our own neglect." He attacked the bill that outlawed discrimination. He said it was whites who were facing deprivation and that Britain "must be mad, literally mad, as a nation to be permitting" large numbers of immigrants to enter. *The Times* of London immediately labeled it an "evil speech." Conservative Party leader Edward Heath dismissed Powell from the party leadership. But polls showed a majority of Britons supported Powell. Many protested, saying, "Powell was right." The speech emboldened racists.

16 What is this passage mainly about?

- (A) Race Relations Act. (B) Wolverhampton's mass immigration.  
(C) Britain's making immigration laws. (D) Anti-immigration in Britain.

17 Which of the following best describes the intention of drafting the Race Relations Act?

- (A) To boost population growth of the country.  
(B) To welcome commonwealth nationals to become labors in Britain.  
(C) To safeguard immigrants from being treated based on race.  
(D) To trigger race war in Wolverhampton.

18 What is the main idea of the second paragraph?

- (A) Sathnam Sanghera's parents emigrated from India.  
(B) Factories did not have enough people after World War II.  
(C) Immigrants helped rebuild Britain but faced racism.  
(D) Details of the Race Relations Act are explained.

19 According to the third paragraph, why did Powell attack the bill?

- (A) Immigrants were being mistreated.  
(B) People neglected immigration laws.  
(C) Britain must permit large numbers of immigrants to enter.  
(D) White people were being discriminated.

20 Which of the following is true about Enoch Powell and his speech?

- (A) Powell's speech initiated Britain's immigration laws.  
(B) Powell's speech terminated the Race Relations Act.  
(C) Powell's political party did not support his racist view.  
(D) Powell was right about the prospect of improved race relations.