CS3530 COMPUTER NETWORKS SOCKET PROGRAMMING ASSIGNMENT

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Question #1:

Integrate getaddrinfo() as part of your client software so that the hostname of the server can be given as the command line option.

Command: \$ python3 client_1.py <hostname> <port number>

The client gets the ip address using getaddrinfo() and then sends a GET request to that corresponding IP address to verify the IP address.

1) the screenshot of successful execution of your client software with hostname

```
havya@havya-Lenovo-ideapad-330-15IKB:~/Downloads/Final_files$ python3 client 1.p
www.google.com 80
IP address of www.google.com is 142.250.67.68
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Date: Thu, 17 Dec 2020 11:16:54 GMT
Expires: -1
Cache-Control: private, max-age=0
Content-Type: text/html; charset=ISO-8859-1
P3P: CP="This is not a P3P policy! See q.co/p3phelp for more info."
Server: gws
X-XSS-Protection: 0
X-Frame-Options: SAMEORIGIN
Set-Cookie: 1P_JAR=2020-12-17-11; expires=Sat, 16-Jan-2021 11:16:54 GMT; path=/;
domain=.google.com; Secure
Set-Cookie: NID=205=TQRq71Hm3wFu7dcB7ifqCHCY0ZC1EtUANzUHt Z8Sd1RR8ugqx 31QxbDiJ0
nanqHJLbvcm78iCCYT1MmQ0LpwXjYjri7b9gylNmVtU1LfBJ8cDj0EXA4kDKfxJFAnGq5qxG5GwsSHJ9
35tGVmvD39mK0v-jA4tl1Wascnq-6II; expires=Fri, 18-Jun-2021 11:16:54 GMT; path=/;
domain=.google.com; HttpOnly
Accept-Ranges: none
Vary: Accept-Encoding
Transfer-Encoding: chunked
```

2) the screenshot of wireshark/tcpdump to prove that your client software sends a DNS query and receives a response.

■ udp.port==53 Expression							
No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length Info		
	20 13.114383545	192.168.1.9	192.168.1.1	DNS	85 Standard query 0xa6d3 A www.iith.ac.in OPT		
	21 13.201460949	192.168.1.1	192.168.1.9	DNS	171 Standard query response 0xa6d3 A www.iith.ac.in A 218.248.6.135 NS dns1.iith.ac.in NS dns		
	57 37.919850947	192.168.1.9	192.168.1.1	DNS	98 Standard query 0xe77c A star-mini.c10r.facebook.com OPT		
	62 37.986866384	192.168.1.1	192.168.1.9	DNS	114 Standard query response 0xe77c A star-mini.c10r.facebook.com A 157.240.23.35 OPT		
	171 115.255833265	192.168.1.9	192.168.1.1	DNS	87 Standard query 0x612d A www.google.co.in OPT		
<u>.L.</u>	172 115.324978632	192.168.1.1	192.168.1.9	DNS	103 Standard query response 0x612d A www.google.co.in A 142.250.76.67 OPT		
	209 151.946917640	192.168.1.9	192.168.1.1	DNS	100 Standard query 0xe8ac AAAA connectivity-check.ubuntu.com OPT		
	210 152.081487149	192.168.1.1	192.168.1.9	DNS	161 Standard query response 0xe8ac AAAA connectivity-check.ubuntu.com SOA ns1.canonical.com 0		

References:

https://docs.python.org/3/library/socket.html
https://gitlab.com/wireshark/wireshark/-/wikis/CaptureFilters

Question #2:

Add at least two features to Echo Client /Server, and demonstrate them.

Feature 1 : Execute shell commands on client side from server.

Feature 2 : Timestamp of message exchanges

Feature 3: Chat box

Server command:

\$ python3 server 2.py --port <port number>

Creates a socket on the server and you are prompted to enter a feature which can be of two types:

1. **shell**: The server gets access to the remote client's shell

The server also prints the timestamp for every message sent to the client.

Clients command:

\$ python3 client_2.py --port <port number> --ipaddr <ip address of server>

Server:

```
root@ubuntu-s-1vcpu-1gb-blr1-01:~# python3 server_d.py --port 9999
Feature: shell
Binding the Port: 9999
```

Client 0:

```
dkprio@dkprio-Aspire-A715-75G:~/Downloads/Networks$ python3 client_d.py --port 9
999 --ipaddr 157.245.108.19
Im inside IPV4.....
Feature: shell
```

• A message appears saying that client-server connection is established when a connection request sent by the client is accepted by the server.

Server:

```
root@ubuntu-s-1vcpu-1gb-blr1-01:~# python3 server_d.py --port 9999
Feature: shell
Binding the Port: 9999
zsh> Connection has been established : 183.83.146.137
zsh> Connection has been established : 103.10.133.111
zsh> Connection has been established : 103.57.133.42
zsh>
```

• If we type "list", all the connected client ips are listed

Server:

• If we type "select < serial number>", the server is connected to the client we selected and the server can now access the shell of the selected client and execute commands like cd, ls, mkdir, pwd, etc... remotely on its shell.

```
zsh> select 0
You are now connected to :183.83.146.137
183.83.146.137@zsh> ls
Timestamp : 02:40:47
client_d.py
file_1.txt
file_2.txt
file_3.txt
folder_1
folder 2
folder 3
Current Directory : /home/dkprio/Downloads/Networks>
Timestamp : 02:40:47
183.83.146.137@zsh> cd folder_1
Timestamp : 02:41:04
Current Directory : /home/dkprio/Downloads/Networks/folder 1>
Timestamp : 02:41:04
183.83.146.137@zsh>
```

Client 0:

```
dkprio@dkprio-Aspire-A715-75G:~/Downloads/Networks$ python3 client_d.py --port 9
999 --ipaddr 157.245.108.19
Im inside IPV4......
Feature: shell

client_d.py
file_1.txt
file_2.txt
file_3.txt
folder_1
folder_2
folder_3

Current Directory : /home/dkprio/Downloads/Networks/folder_1>
```

• If we type "unselect" then the clients shell will be unselected and the server will be ready to select other clients again.

Server:

• If we type "close" then the client socket will be closed.

Server:

Client 2:

```
dheekshitha@dheekshitha-MacBookPro:~/Downloads$ python3 client_d.py --port 9999
--ipaddr 157.245.108.19
Im inside IPV4.....
Feature: SHELL

Coonection closed with server
dheekshitha@dheekshitha-MacBookPro:~/Downloads$
```

• If we type "exit" when we aren't in control of any of the client's shells, then all the clients socket will be closed and the server socket closes its socket and the program ends.

Server:

```
zsh> exit
root@ubuntu-s-1vcpu-1gb-blr1-01:~#
```

Client 0:

```
Coonection closed with server dkprio@dkprio-Aspire-A715-75G:~/Downloads$
```

Client 1:

```
havya@havya-Lenovo-ideapad-330-15IKB:~/Downloads$ python3 client_d.py --port 999
9 --ipaddr 157.245.108.19
Im inside IPV4......
Feature: shell

Coonection closed with server
havya@havya-Lenovo-ideapad-330-15IKB:~/Downloads$
```

2. **chatbox**: Two clients can chat with each other via our server

Client 1 command:

\$ python3 client_2.py --port <port number> --ipaddr <ipv4 address of server>
Client 2 command:

\$ python3 client_2.py --port <port number> --ipaddr <ipv6 address of server>

• Server waits for the 2 clients to connect.

Server:

```
dheekshitha@dheekshitha-MacBookPro:~/Downloads$ python3 server_d.py --port 9999
Feature: chatbox
Enter action: start
Waiting for clients.....
```

• For two clients to connect, one has to give IPv4 address while other has to give IPv6 address of the server as argument.

Client 1:

```
dheekshitha@dheekshitha-MacBookPro:~/Downloads$ python3 client_d.py --port 9999
--ipaddr localhost
Im inside IPV4......
Feature: chatbox
You:
```

Client 2:

```
dheekshitha@dheekshitha-MacBookPro:~/Downloads$ python3 client_d.py --port 9999
--ipaddr ip6-localhost
Im inside IPV6......
Feature: chatbox
```

Server:

```
dheekshitha@dheekshitha-MacBookPro:~/Downloads$ python3 server_d.py --port 9999
Feature: chatbox
Enter action: start
Waiting for clients.....
Connected to: 127.0.0.1: 51362 and to: ::1: 38882
0
```

• Clients can now chat with each other and server keeps track of the number of messages sent by the server

Client 1:

```
dheekshitha@dheekshitha-MacBookPro:~/Downloads$ python3 client_d.py --port 9999
--ipaddr localhost
Im inside IPV4......
Feature: chatbox
You: Hello,I am client 1
client-2: Hello,I am client 2
You: How are you doing?
client-2: I am good,how about you?
You: I am fine.
client-2: Bye.
You: Bye.
```

Client 2:

```
dheekshitha@dheekshitha-MacBookPro:~/Downloads$ python3 client_d.py --port 9999
--ipaddr ip6-localhost
Im inside IPV6......
Feature: chatbox
client-1: Hello,I am client 1
You: Hello,I am client 2
client-1: How are you doing?
You: I am good,how about you?
client-1: I am fine.
You: Bye.
client-1: Bye.
```

Server:

```
dheekshitha@dheekshitha-MacBookPro:~/Downloads$ python3 server_d.py --port 9999
Feature: chatbox
Enter action: start
Waiting for clients.....
Connected to: 127.0.0.1: 51362 and to: ::1: 38882
0
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
```

• If we type "close" in any of the clients, the clients will be closed and the server will be waiting for its next action.

Client 1:

```
dheekshitha@dheekshitha-MacBookPro:~/Downloads$ python3 client_d.py --port 9999
--ipaddr localhost
Im inside IPV4......
Feature: chatbox
You: Hello,I am client 1
client-2: Hello,I am client 2
You: How are you doing?
client-2: I am good,how about you?
You: I am fine.
client-2: Bye.
You: Bye.
client-2: close
dheekshitha@dheekshitha-MacBookPro:~/Downloads$
```

Client 2:

```
dheekshitha@dheekshitha-MacBookPro:~/Downloads$ python3 client_d.py --port 9999
--ipaddr ip6-localhost
Im inside IPV6.......
Feature: chatbox
client-1: Hello,I am client 1
You: Hello,I am client 2
client-1: How are you doing?
You: I am good,how about you?
client-1: I am fine.
You: Bye.
client-1: Bye.
You: close
dheekshitha@dheekshitha-MacBookPro:~/Downloads$
```

Server:

• If we again type "start" in the server, it will wait for the any two clients to join.

```
dheekshitha@dheekshitha-MacBookPro:~/Downloads$ python3 server_d.py --port 9999
Feature: chatbox
Enter action: start
Waiting for clients.....
Connected to : 127.0.0.1 : 51770 and to: ::1 : 39288
0
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
Enter action: start
Waiting for clients.....
```

• If we type "exit" in the server, the server closes the socket and the program ends.

Server:

```
dheekshitha@dheekshitha-MacBookPro:~/Downloads$ python3 server_d.py --port 9999
Feature: chatbox
Enter action: start
Waiting for clients.....
Connected to : 127.0.0.1 : 51792 and to: ::1 : 39310
0
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
Enter action: exit
dheekshitha@dheekshitha-MacBookPro:~/Downloads$
```

• If we type anything other than "exit" or "start" in the server, the server prints an error message and waits for the user to give a valid action.

```
dheekshitha@dheekshitha-MacBookPro:~/Downloads$ python3 server_d.py --port 9999
Feature: chatbox
Enter action: start
Waiting for clients....
Connected to: 127.0.0.1: 51764 and to: ::1: 39282
0
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
Enter action: who
Invalid action
Enter action:
```

References:

- Threading in Python
- https://docs.python.org/3/howto/argparse.html#id1
- https://docs.python.org/3/library/queue.html

Question #3:

Revise echo client and server to be protocol independent (support both IPv4 and IPv6).

Command:

```
$ python server_3.py <port_number>
$ python client 3.py <port number> <ipv4/ipv6 address>
```

Example:

- 1. python server_3.py 1500 python client 3.py 1500 127.0.0.1
- 2. python server_3.py 1500 python client_3.py 1500 ::1
- If you have given IPv4 and this correctly creates a socket, binds to it then you can see successful creation along with the message I'm in IPv4.
- If you have given IPv6 and this correctly creates a socket, binds to it then you can see successful creation along with the message I'm in IPv6.
- Server is executed on two threads. One for IPv4 and the other for IPv6.
- It prompts to type a message in the client, after which that message is displayed on the server. Basically enabled messaging operations between server and client.

Connecting to a IPv4:

• Creating a socket on the server.

Server:

```
(base) reethu@Reethu:~/Desktop/socket_prog/Final_files$ python server_3.py
2020
Socket successfully created
```

• Connecting to an IPv4 client.

Server:

```
(base) reethu@Reethu:~/Desktop/socket_prog/Final_files$ python server_3.py
2020
Socket successfully created
Connected to : 127.0.0.1 : 37784
```

Client:

```
(base) reethu@Reethu:~/Desktop/socket_prog/Final_files$ python client_3.py
  2020 localhost
Im inside IPV4
Type your message:
```

• Typing some messages from client to server.

```
(base) reethu@Reethu:~/Desktop/socket_prog/Final_files$ python server_3.py
2020
Socket successfully created
Connected to : 127.0.0.1 : 37784
Hey! there
Seems like I got connected to server! : )
Ok then my work is done bye! :P
```

Client:

```
(base) reethu@Reethu:~/Desktop/socket_prog/Final_files$ python client_3.py
2020 localhost
Im inside IPV4
Type your message:
Hey! there
Recieved: Hey! there
Type your message:
Seems like I got connected to server! : )
Recieved: Seems like I got connected to server! : )
Type your message:
Ok then my work is done bye! :P
Recieved: Ok then my work is done bye! :P
Type your message:
```

• If we type "close" then the client socket will be closed.

```
(base) reethu@Reethu:~/Desktop/socket_prog/Final_files$ python server_3.py
2020
Socket successfully created
Connected to : 127.0.0.1 : 37784
Hey! there
Seems like I got connected to server! : )
Ok then my work is done bye! :P
Socket Closed
```

Client:

```
(base) reethu@Reethu:~/Desktop/socket_prog/Final_files$ python client_3.py
2020 localhost
Im inside IPV4
Type your message:
Hey! there
Recieved: Hey! there
Type your message:
Seems like I got connected to server! : )
Recieved: Seems like I got connected to server! : )
Type your message:
Ok then my work is done bye! :P
Recieved: Ok then my work is done bye! :P
Type your message:
close
Closing...
(base) reethu@Reethu:~/Desktop/socket prog/Final files$
```

Connecting to a IPv6:

• Creating a socket on the server.

Server:

```
(base) reethu@Reethu:~/Desktop/socket_prog/Final_files$ python server_3.py
2000
Socket successfully created
```

• Connecting to an IPv6 client.

```
(base) reethu@Reethu:~/Desktop/socket_prog/Final_files$ python server_3.py
2040
Socket successfully created
Connected to : ::1 : 45916
```

Client:

```
(base) reethu@Reethu:~/Desktop/socket_prog/Final_files$ python client_3.py
2040 ip6-localhost
Im inside IPV6
Type your message:
```

• Typing some messages from client to server.

Server:

```
(base) reethu@Reethu:~/Desktop/socket_prog/Final_files$ python server_3.py
2040
Socket successfully created
Connected to : ::1 : 45916
Hello
Hurray! got connected to server!
Ok then bye!
```

Client:

```
(base) reethu@Reethu:~/Desktop/socket_prog/Final_files$ python client_3.py
  2040 ip6-localhost
Im inside IPV6
Type your message:
Hello
Recieved: Hello
Type your message:
Hurray! got connected to server!
Recieved: Hurray! got connected to server!
Type your message:
Ok then bye!
Recieved: Ok then bye!
Type your message:
```

• If we type "close" then the client socket will be closed.

Server:

```
(base) reethu@Reethu:~/Desktop/socket_prog/Final_files$ python server_3.py
2040
Socket successfully created
Connected to : ::1 : 45916
Hello
Hurray! got connected to server!
Ok then bye!
Socket Closed
```

Client:

```
(base) reethu@Reethu:~/Desktop/socket_prog/Final_files$ python client_3.py
2040 ip6-localhost
Im inside IPV6
Type your message:
Hello
Recieved: Hello
Type your message:
Hurray! got connected to server!
Recieved: Hurray! got connected to server!
Type your message:
Ok then bye!
Recieved: Ok then bye!
Type your message:
close
Closing...
(base) reethu@Reethu:~/Desktop/socket prog/Final files$
```

References:

- Arg Parse
- Socket Programming with Multithreading in Python
- Threading library in Python

.