Safe Food Handling for Recipients

Quick Reference Guide for Donated Food Safety

1. Inspecting Donated Food

✓ Check Before Accepting:

- Packaging: Intact, unopened, no dents/swelling (for canned goods).
- Temperature:
 - o Cold food ≤40°F / Hot food ≥140°F (if applicable).
 - Frozen food should be solid.
- **Expiration**: Avoid items past "use by" or "best by" dates (except non-perishables like dry pasta/rice).
- Appearance/Smell: No mold, off-doors, or discoloration.

X Do Not Accept If:

- Damaged, leaking, or bloated packaging.
- Perishable food left unrefrigerated >2 hours (or >1 hour if above 90°F).

2. Storing Donated Food Safely

Perishables (Dairy, Meat, Produce, Prepared Meals)

- **Refrigerate** (≤40°F) within 2 hours of receipt.
- Freeze (≤0°F) if not using within 3–4 days.
- Separate raw meat from ready-to-eat foods to avoid cross-contamination.

Non-Perishables (Canned/Dry Goods)

- Store in a cool, dry place away from sunlight.
- · Discard cans with rust, dents, or bulging lids.

Pantry Staples (Bread, Pastries, Dry Goods)

- Keep in airtight containers to prevent pests.
- Consume bakery items within 3–5 days (or freeze for longer storage).

3. Preparing & Consuming Donated Food

Thawing Frozen Food

- Refrigerator: Thaw overnight (safest method).
- Microwave: Use "defrost" setting and cook immediately.
- **Never thaw** at room temperature!

Reheating Prepared Meals

- Heat to ≥165°F (use a food thermometer).
- Stir soups/sauces to ensure even heating.

Food Allergies

- Check labels for allergens (e.g., nuts, dairy, gluten).
- When in doubt, **do not consume**.

4. Food Safety Red Flags

Discard Immediately If:

- Unusual odor, texture, or color.
- Perishable food left unrefrigerated too long.
- Signs of pests or tampering.