GUVI-Task 2

- 1.1) Create a class Person with properties (name and age) with following features.
- a. Default age of person should be 18;
- b. A person object can be initialized with name and age;
- c. Method to display name and age of person

```
package Task_2.Solution_1;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Person {
  String name;
  int age;
  Person(String name){
    this.name=name;
    this.age=18;
    this.display();
  }
  Person(String name, int age){
    this.name=name;
    this.age=age;
    this.display();
  }
  void display(){
    System.out.println("Name:" + name);
    System.out.println("Age:" + age);
  }
}
class Main{
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
      Person p1 = new Person("Regin", 22);
      Person p2 = new Person("Regin");
  }
}
```

Output:

Name:Regin Age:22 Name:Regin Age:18

- 1.2). Create class Product (pid, price, quantity) with parameterized constructor.

 Create a main function in different class (say ProductMain) and perform following task:
- a. Accept five product information from user and store in an array
- b. Find Pid of the product with the highest price.
- c. Create method (with array of product's object as argument) in ProductMain class to calculate and return the total amount spent on all products. (amount spent on single product-price of product* quantity of product

```
package Task_2.Solution_2;
public class Product {
  int pld;
  double price;
  int quantity;
  Product(int pld,double price,int quantity){
    this.pld=pld;
    this.price=price;
    this.quantity=quantity;
  }
  static double costOfSIngleProducts(double price,int quantity){
    return price*quantity;
  }
}
package Task_2.Solution_2;
import java.util.Scanner;
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
    Product products[] =new Product[5];
    for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
      System.out.println("Enter the details of product "+ (i+1) +":");
```

```
System.out.println("Enter Product ID :");
      int pld=sc.nextInt();
      System.out.println("Enter Product price :");
      double price=sc.nextDouble();
      System.out.println("Enter Product quantity:");
      int quantity=sc.nextInt();
      products[i]=new Product(pld,price,quantity);
    Product highestPriceProduct= products[0];
    for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
      if(products[i].price>highestPriceProduct.price){
         highestPriceProduct= products[i];
      }
    }
    System.out.println("The highest priced product's pID is :"+highestPriceProduct.pld);
    System.out.println("Total amount of all the products is "+ totalAmount(products));
  }
  static double totalAmount(Product p[]){
    double total=0;
    for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
      total+=Product.costOfSIngleProducts(p[i].price,p[i].quantity);
    }
    return total;
  }
}
Output:
Enter the details of product 1:
Enter Product ID:
Enter Product price:
Enter Product quantity:
Enter the details of product 2:
Enter Product ID:
2
Enter Product price:
20
Enter Product quantity:
2
```

```
Enter the details of product 3:
Enter Product ID:
Enter Product price:
30
Enter Product quantity:
Enter the details of product 4:
Enter Product ID:
4
Enter Product price:
40
Enter Product quantity:
Enter the details of product 5:
Enter Product ID:
Enter Product price:
50
Enter Product quantity:
The highest priced product's pID is :5
Total amount of all the products is 550.0
```

- 1.3) Create Class Account with data member as Balance. Create two constructors (no argument, and with argument) and perform following task a. method to deposit the amount to the account.
- b. method to withdraw the amount from the account.
- C. method to display the Balance

```
package Task_2.Solution_3;

public class Account {
   private double balance;
   Account(){
     balance=0.0;
   }

   Account(double balance){
```

```
this.balance=balance;
  }
  void displayBalance(){
    System.out.println("Available Balance: "+balance);
  }
  void withdrawAmount(double amount){
    if(amount<=balance){</pre>
      balance=balance-amount;
      System.out.println("Amount Withdrawn: "+amount);
    }
  }
  void depositAmount(double amount){
    if(amount>0){
      balance=balance+amount;
      System.out.println("Amount deposited: "+amount);
    }else {
      System.out.println("Insufficient Balance.");
    }
  }
}
class Main{
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    Account a1=new Account();
    a1.displayBalance();
    a1.depositAmount(25000.0);
    a1.withdrawAmount(12500.50);
    a1.displayBalance();
System.out.println("****************
*****");
    Account a2=new Account(20000.50);
    a2.displayBalance();
    a2.depositAmount(25000.0);
    a2.withdrawAmount(12500.50);
    a2.displayBalance();
  }
}
```

Output:

Available Balance: 0.0

Amount deposited: **25000.0**Amount Withdrawn: **12500.5**Available Balance: **12499.5**

Available Balance: 20000.5 Amount deposited: 25000.0 Amount Withdrawn: 12500.5 Available Balance: 32500.0

1.4) Define a base class Person with attributes name and age.

Create a subclass Employee that inherits from Person and adds attributes like employeeID and salary.

Use the super keyword to initialize the Person attributes in the Employee constructor.

```
package Task 2. Solution 4;
public class Person {
  String name;
  int age;
  public Person(String name, int age) {
    this.name=name;
    this.age=age;
  }
}
class Employee extends Person{
  int empID;
  double salary;
  Employee(String name, int age, int emplD, double salary){
    super(name,age);
    this.empID=empID;
    this.salary=salary;
  }
}
class Main{
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    Employee p1=new Employee("Regin",22,8,45000.00);
    System.out.println(p1.name);
    System.out.println(p1.age);
    System.out.println(p1.empID);
```

```
System.out.println(p1.salary);

}
Output:
Regin
22
8
45000.0
```