

# week1\_\_R\_\_solution.R

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Load libraries we will use.

```
library(data.table)
library(DMwR)
library(corrplot)
library(raster)
library(ggplot2)
```

Load the data; replace the placeholder -9 with NA. Throw out the dm column (history of diabetes) because almost all values are missing.

```
fn <- '/home/nate/Dropbox/MSDS/MSDS680_ncg_S8W1_18/week1/heart.disease.data'
dt <- fread(fn)
summary(dt)
```

```
##      age      sex      cp      trestbps
##  Min.   :29.00  Min.   :0.0000  Min.   :1.000  Min.   : 94.0
## 1st Qu.:48.00  1st Qu.:0.0000  1st Qu.:3.000  1st Qu.:120.0
## Median :55.00  Median :1.0000  Median :3.000  Median :130.0
## Mean   :54.41  Mean   :0.6773  Mean   :3.163  Mean   :131.6
## 3rd Qu.:61.00  3rd Qu.:1.0000  3rd Qu.:4.000  3rd Qu.:140.0
## Max.   :77.00  Max.   :1.0000  Max.   :4.000  Max.   :200.0
##      chol      cigs      years      fbs
##  Min.   :126.0  Min.   : -9.00  Min.   : -9.00  Min.   :0.0000
## 1st Qu.:213.0  1st Qu.:  0.00  1st Qu.:  0.00  1st Qu.:0.0000
## Median :244.0  Median :10.00  Median :15.00  Median :0.0000
## Mean   :249.1  Mean   :16.46  Mean   :14.83  Mean   :0.1489
## 3rd Qu.:277.0  3rd Qu.:30.00  3rd Qu.:30.00  3rd Qu.:0.0000
## Max.   :564.0  Max.   :99.00  Max.   :54.00  Max.   :1.0000
##      dm      famhist      restecg      thalach
##  Min.   : -9.000  Min.   :0.0000  Min.   :0.000  Min.   : 71.0
## 1st Qu.: -9.000  1st Qu.:0.0000  1st Qu.:0.000  1st Qu.:133.2
## Median : -9.000  Median :1.0000  Median :2.000  Median :153.5
## Mean   : -8.184  Mean   :0.6206  Mean   :1.014  Mean   :149.8
## 3rd Qu.: -9.000  3rd Qu.:1.0000  3rd Qu.:2.000  3rd Qu.:165.8
## Max.   :  1.000  Max.   :1.0000  Max.   :2.000  Max.   :202.0
##      exang      thal      num
##  Min.   :0.0000  Min.   : -9.000  Min.   :0.0000
## 1st Qu.:0.0000  1st Qu.:  3.000  1st Qu.:0.0000
## Median :0.0000  Median :  3.000  Median :0.0000
## Mean   :0.3262  Mean   :  4.582  Mean   :0.9078
## 3rd Qu.:1.0000  3rd Qu.:  7.000  3rd Qu.:2.0000
## Max.   :1.0000  Max.   :  7.000  Max.   :4.0000
```

```
str(dt)
```

```
## Classes 'data.table' and 'data.frame':  282 obs. of  15 variables:
## $ age      : int  63 67 67 37 41 56 62 57 63 53 ...
## $ sex      : int  1 1 1 1 0 1 0 0 1 1 ...
```

```
## $ cp      : int  1 4 4 3 2 2 4 4 4 4 ...
## $ trestbps: int 145 160 120 130 130 120 140 120 130 140 ...
## $ chol    : int 233 286 229 250 204 236 268 354 254 203 ...
## $ cigs     : int 50 40 20 0 0 20 0 0 0 20 ...
## $ years    : int 20 40 35 0 0 20 0 0 0 25 ...
## $ fbs      : int 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 ...
## $ dm       : int -9 -9 -9 -9 -9 -9 -9 -9 -9 -9 ...
## $ famhist  : int 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 1 ...
## $ restecg  : int 2 2 2 0 2 0 2 0 2 2 ...
## $ thalach  : int 150 108 129 187 172 178 160 163 147 155 ...
## $ exang    : int 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 ...
## $ thal     : int 6 3 7 3 3 3 3 7 7 ...
## $ num      : int 0 2 1 0 0 0 3 0 2 1 ...
## - attr(*, ".internal.selfref")=<externalptr>
```

```
dt <- dt[, lapply(.SD, as.numeric)]
# replace all -9 with NA
dt[dt == -9] <- NA
summary(dt)
```

```
##      age      sex      cp      trestbps
## Min.   :29.00  Min.   :0.0000  Min.   :1.000  Min.   : 94.0
## 1st Qu.:48.00  1st Qu.:0.0000  1st Qu.:3.000  1st Qu.:120.0
## Median :55.00  Median :1.0000  Median :3.000  Median :130.0
## Mean   :54.41  Mean   :0.6773  Mean   :3.163  Mean   :131.6
## 3rd Qu.:61.00  3rd Qu.:1.0000  3rd Qu.:4.000  3rd Qu.:140.0
## Max.   :77.00  Max.   :1.0000  Max.   :4.000  Max.   :200.0
##
##      chol      cigs      years      fbs
## Min.   :126.0  Min.   : 0.00  Min.   : 0.00  Min.   :0.0000
## 1st Qu.:213.0  1st Qu.: 0.00  1st Qu.: 0.00  1st Qu.:0.0000
## Median :244.0  Median :10.00  Median :15.00  Median :0.0000
## Mean   :249.1  Mean   :16.92  Mean   :15.26  Mean   :0.1489
## 3rd Qu.:277.0  3rd Qu.:30.00  3rd Qu.:30.00  3rd Qu.:0.0000
## Max.   :564.0  Max.   :99.00  Max.   :54.00  Max.   :1.0000
##
##      dm      famhist      restecg      thalach
## Min.   :1  Min.   :0.0000  Min.   :0.000  Min.   : 71.0
## 1st Qu.:1  1st Qu.:0.0000  1st Qu.:0.000  1st Qu.:133.2
## Median :1  Median :1.0000  Median :2.000  Median :153.5
## Mean   :1  Mean   :0.6206  Mean   :1.014  Mean   :149.8
## 3rd Qu.:1  3rd Qu.:1.0000  3rd Qu.:2.000  3rd Qu.:165.8
## Max.   :1  Max.   :1.0000  Max.   :2.000  Max.   :202.0
## NA's   :259
##
##      exang      thal      num
## Min.   :0.0000  Min.   :3.000  Min.   :0.0000
## 1st Qu.:0.0000  1st Qu.:3.000  1st Qu.:0.0000
## Median :0.0000  Median :3.000  Median :0.0000
## Mean   :0.3262  Mean   :4.679  Mean   :0.9078
## 3rd Qu.:1.0000  3rd Qu.:7.000  3rd Qu.:2.0000
## Max.   :1.0000  Max.   :7.000  Max.   :4.0000
##
##      NA's   :2
```

```
dim(dt)
```

```
## [1] 282 15
```

```
# almost all 'dm' values are missing, so throw out that column
```

```
dt[, dm:=NULL]
```

Impute NA values with KNN.

```
# impute missing values
```

```
dt.nona <- knnImputation(dt)
```

```
summary(dt.nona)
```

```
##      age      sex      cp      trestbps
##  Min.   :29.00  Min.   :0.0000  Min.   :1.000  Min.   : 94.0
## 1st Qu.:48.00  1st Qu.:0.0000  1st Qu.:3.000  1st Qu.:120.0
## Median :55.00  Median :1.0000  Median :3.000  Median :130.0
## Mean   :54.41  Mean   :0.6773  Mean   :3.163  Mean   :131.6
## 3rd Qu.:61.00  3rd Qu.:1.0000  3rd Qu.:4.000  3rd Qu.:140.0
## Max.   :77.00  Max.   :1.0000  Max.   :4.000  Max.   :200.0
##      chol      cigs      years      fbs
##  Min.   :126.0  Min.   : 0.00  Min.   : 0.00  Min.   :0.0000
## 1st Qu.:213.0  1st Qu.: 0.00  1st Qu.: 0.00  1st Qu.:0.0000
## Median :244.0  Median :11.98  Median :15.00  Median :0.0000
## Mean   :249.1  Mean   :16.96  Mean   :15.35  Mean   :0.1489
## 3rd Qu.:277.0  3rd Qu.:30.00  3rd Qu.:30.00  3rd Qu.:0.0000
## Max.   :564.0  Max.   :99.00  Max.   :54.00  Max.   :1.0000
##      famhist      restecg      thalach      exang
##  Min.   :0.0000  Min.   :0.000  Min.   : 71.0  Min.   :0.0000
## 1st Qu.:0.0000  1st Qu.:0.000  1st Qu.:133.2  1st Qu.:0.0000
## Median :1.0000  Median :2.000  Median :153.5  Median :0.0000
## Mean   :0.6206  Mean   :1.014  Mean   :149.8  Mean   :0.3262
## 3rd Qu.:1.0000  3rd Qu.:2.000  3rd Qu.:165.8  3rd Qu.:1.0000
## Max.   :1.0000  Max.   :2.000  Max.   :202.0  Max.   :1.0000
##      thal      num
##  Min.   :3.000  Min.   :0.0000
## 1st Qu.:3.000  1st Qu.:0.0000
## Median :3.000  Median :0.0000
## Mean   :4.677  Mean   :0.9078
## 3rd Qu.:7.000  3rd Qu.:2.0000
## Max.   :7.000  Max.   :4.0000
```

Examine the data with histograms.

```
# cholesterol and cigs appear to have large outliers
```

```
labels <- colnames(dt.nona)
```

```
for (i in seq(dim(dt)[2])) {
```

```
  col.data <- dt.nona[, get(labels[i])]
  nlevs <- nlevels(as.factor(col.data))
```

```
  if (nlevs <= 10) {
```

```
    barplot(table(col.data), main = NULL, xlab = labels[i])
```

```
    # axis(1, at=seq(nlevs), labels=levels(as.factor(col.data)))
```

```
  } else {
```

```
    hist(as.numeric(col.data), main = NULL, xlab = labels[i])
```

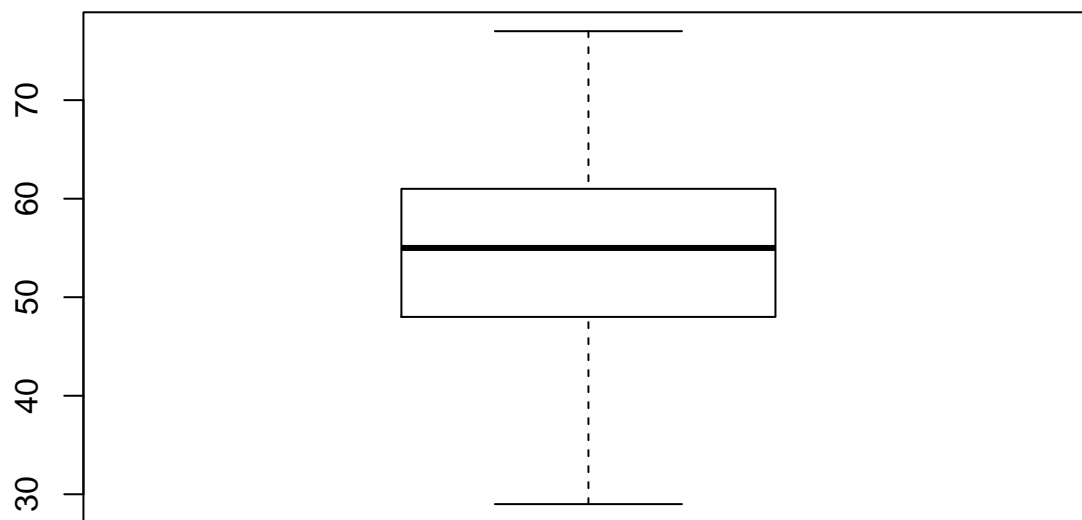
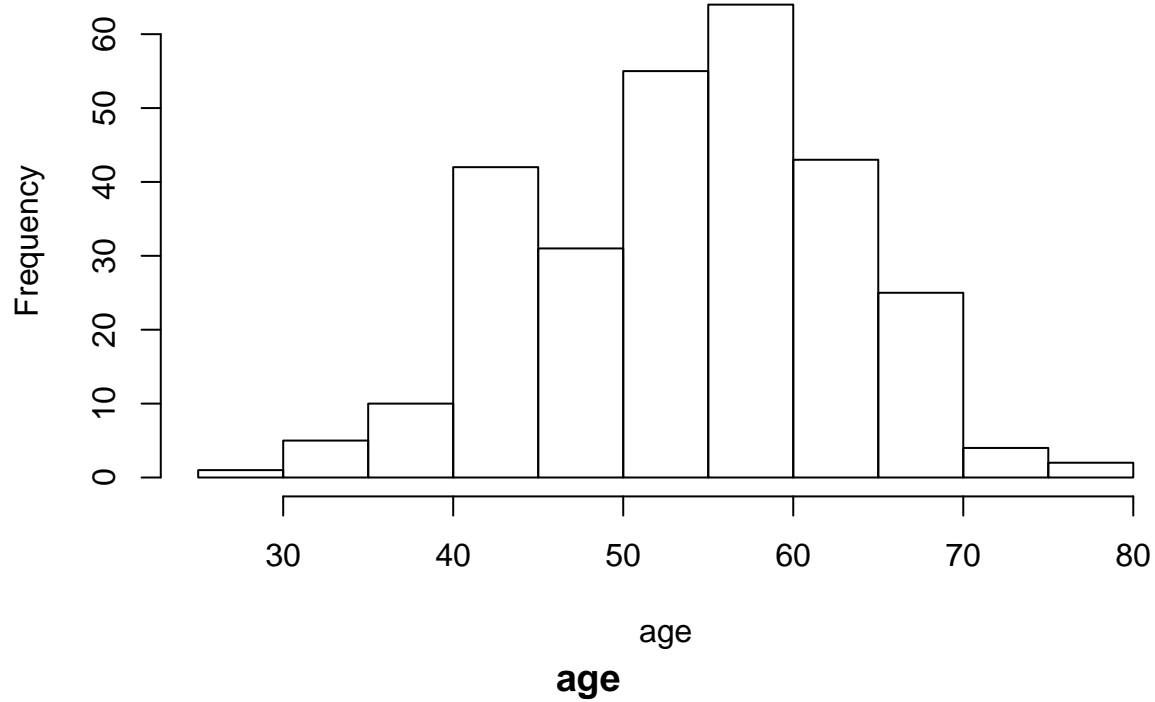
```
  }
```

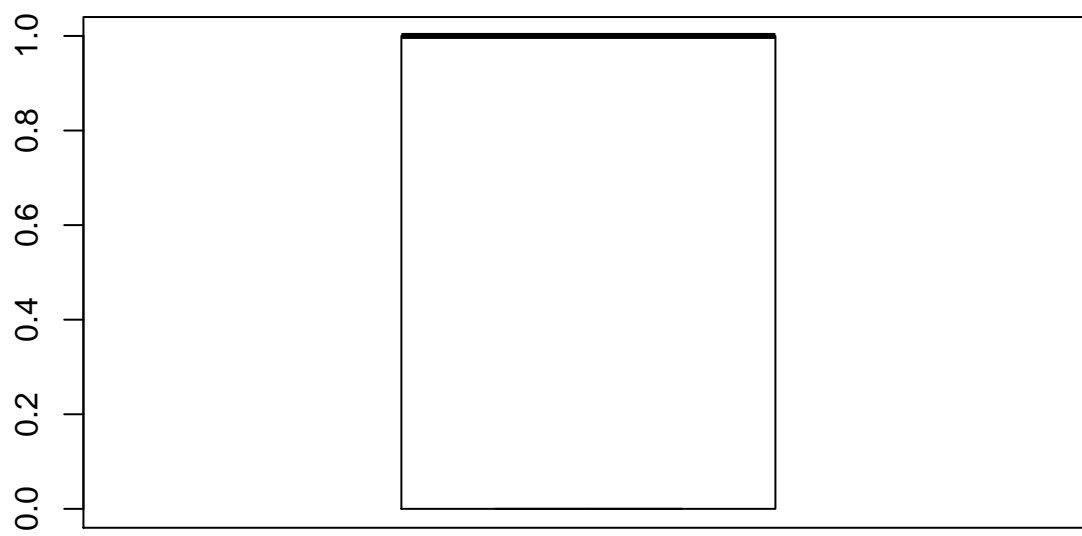
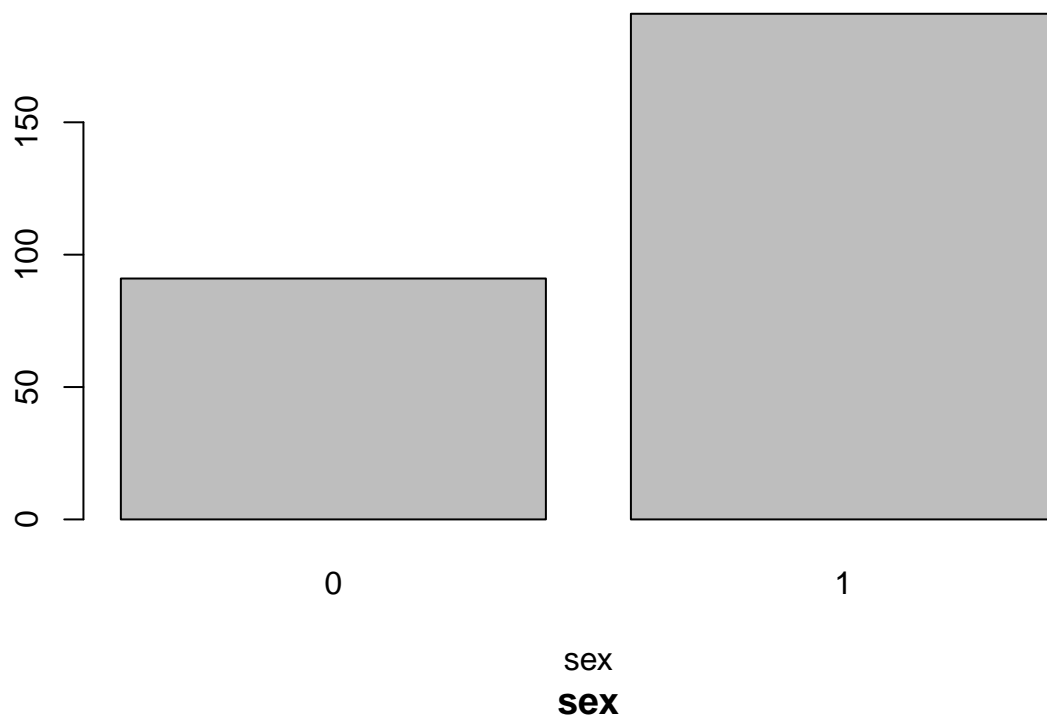
```
  cat('\n\n')
```

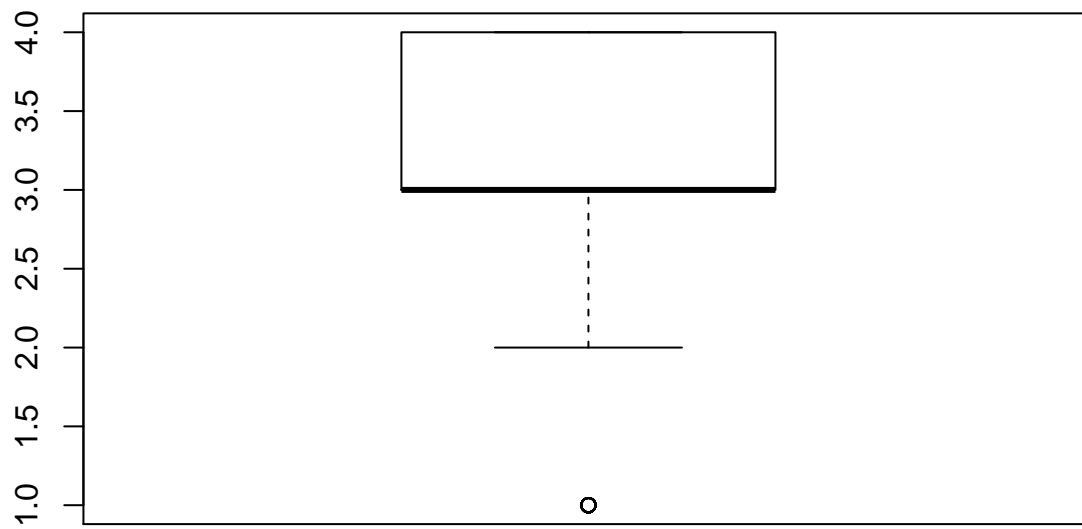
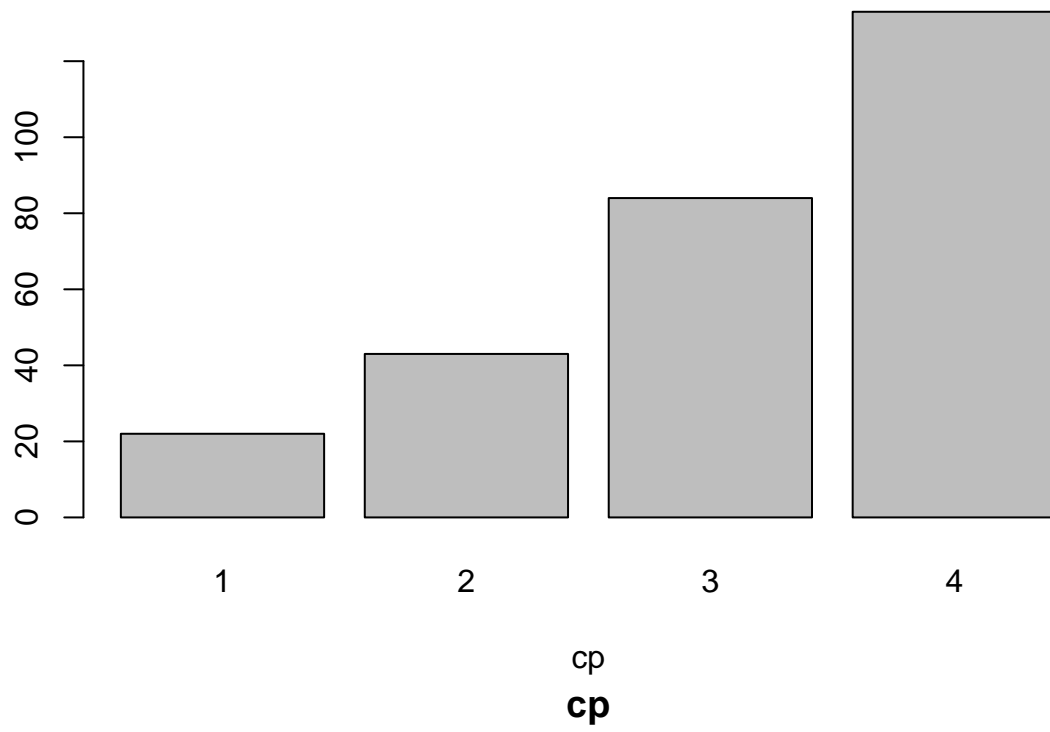
```

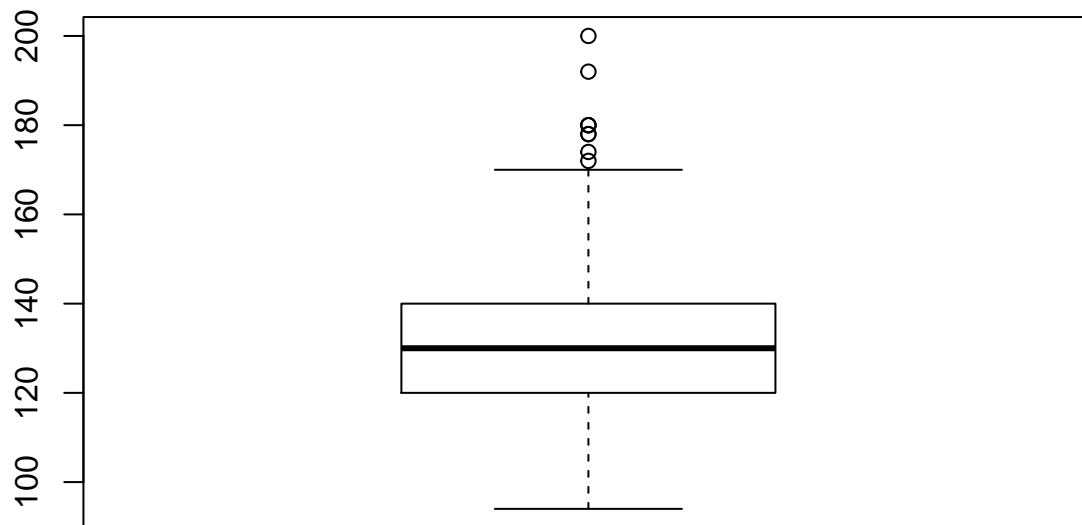
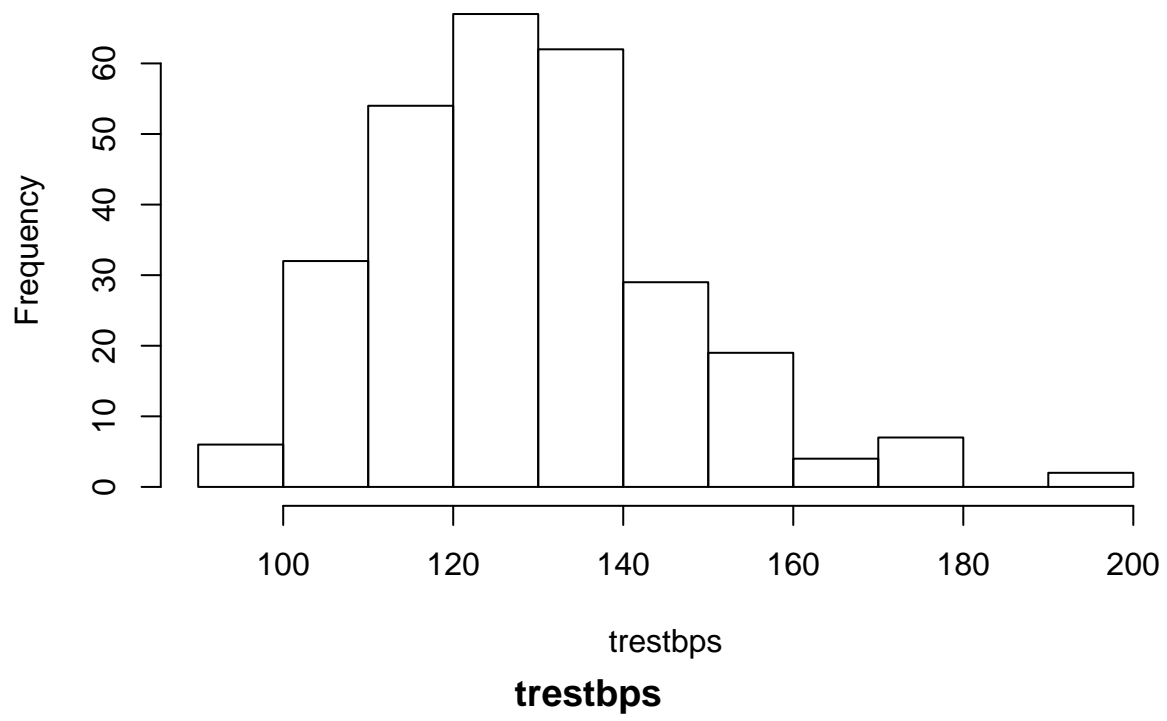
boxplot(col.data, main = labels[i])
cat('\n\n')
}

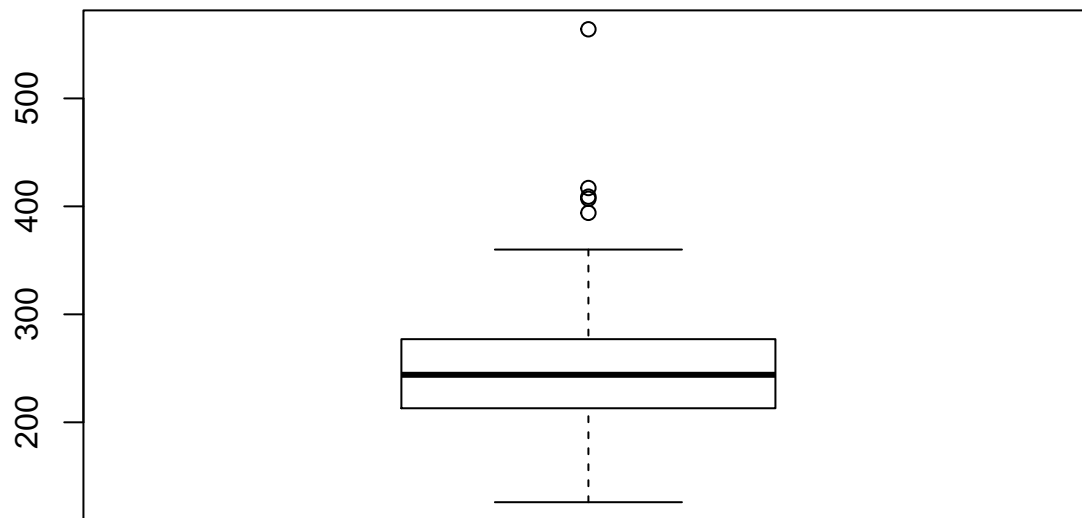
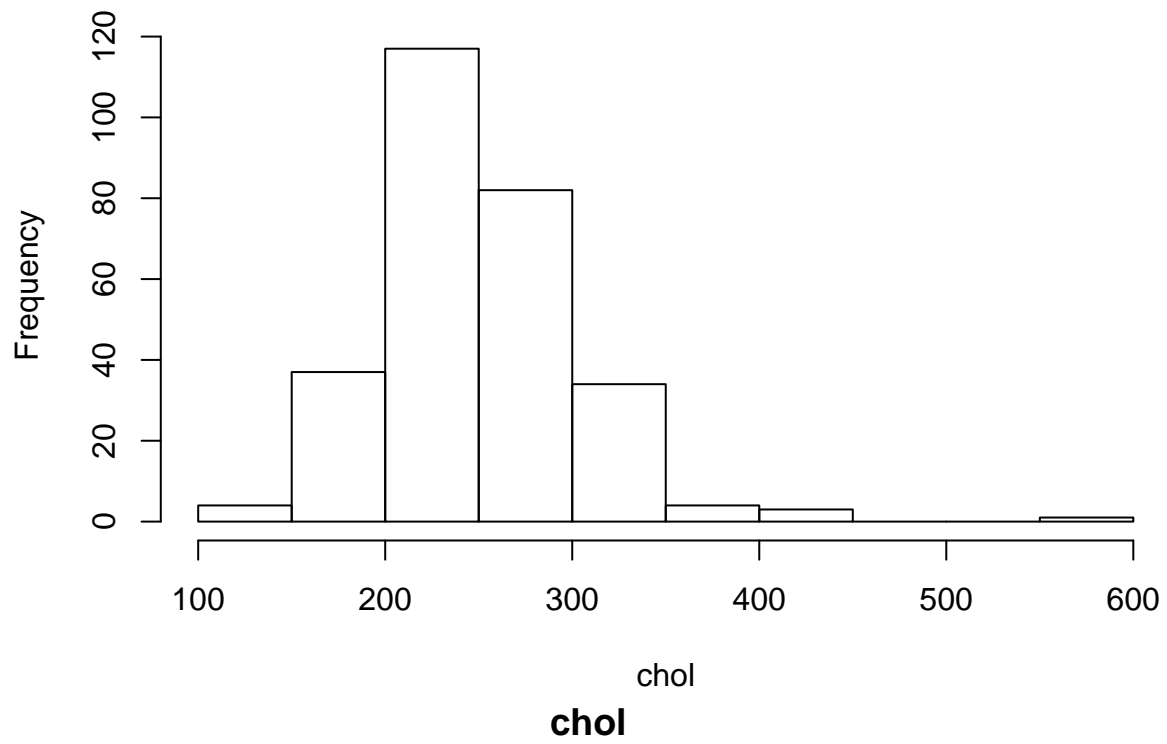
```



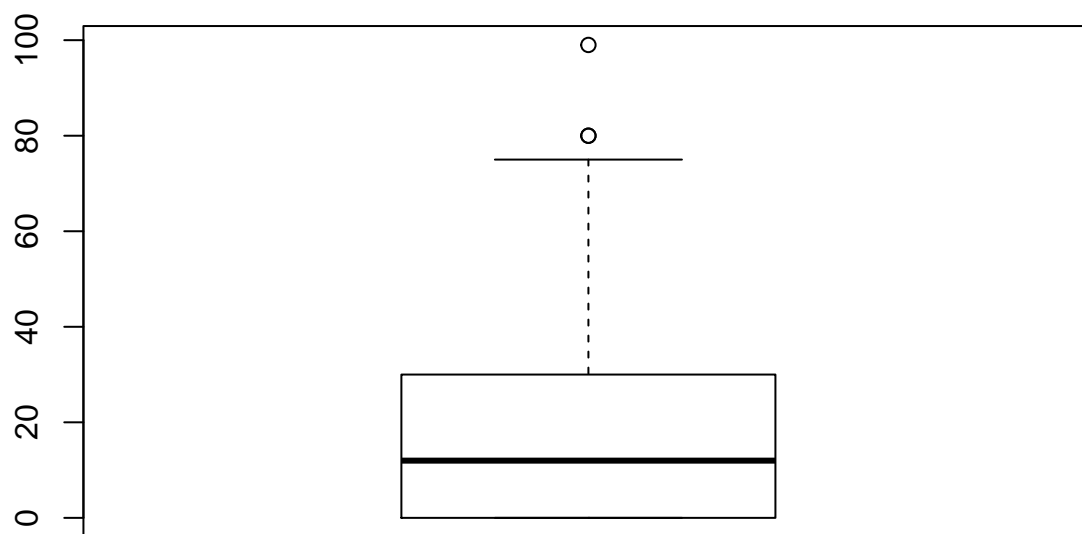
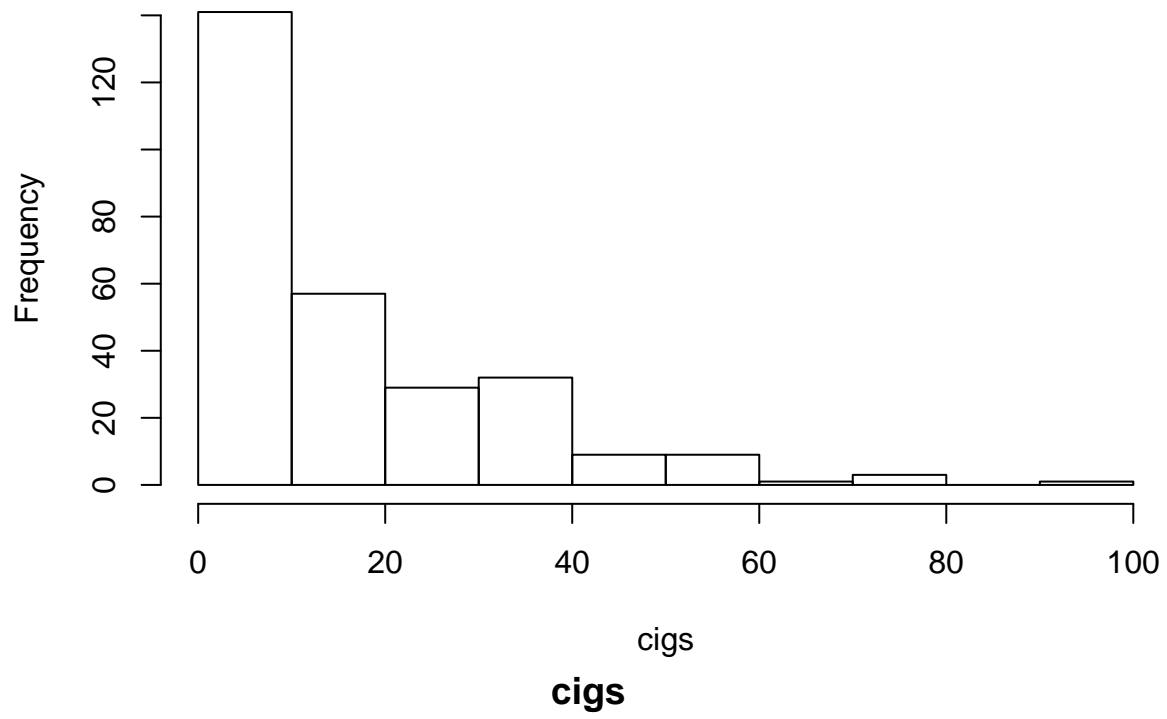


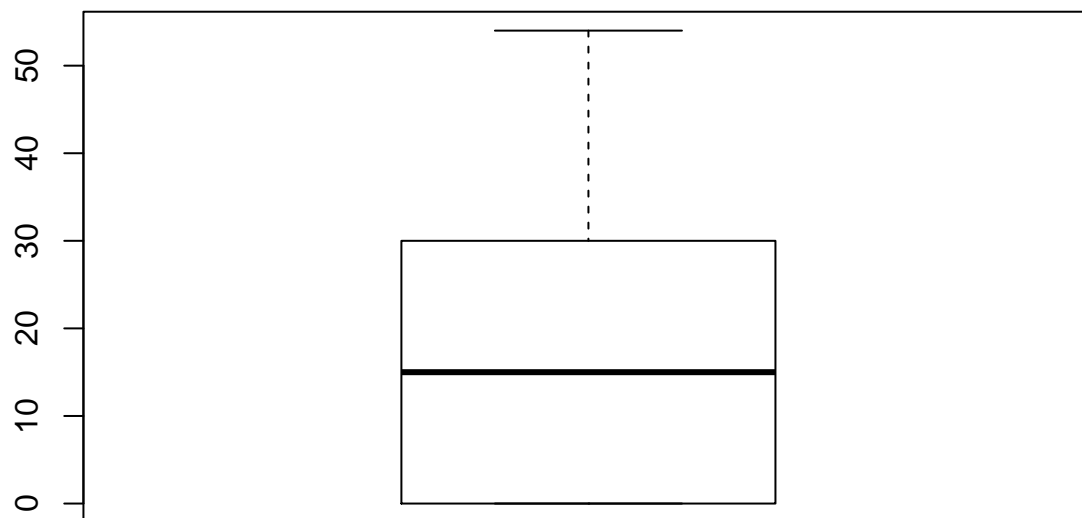
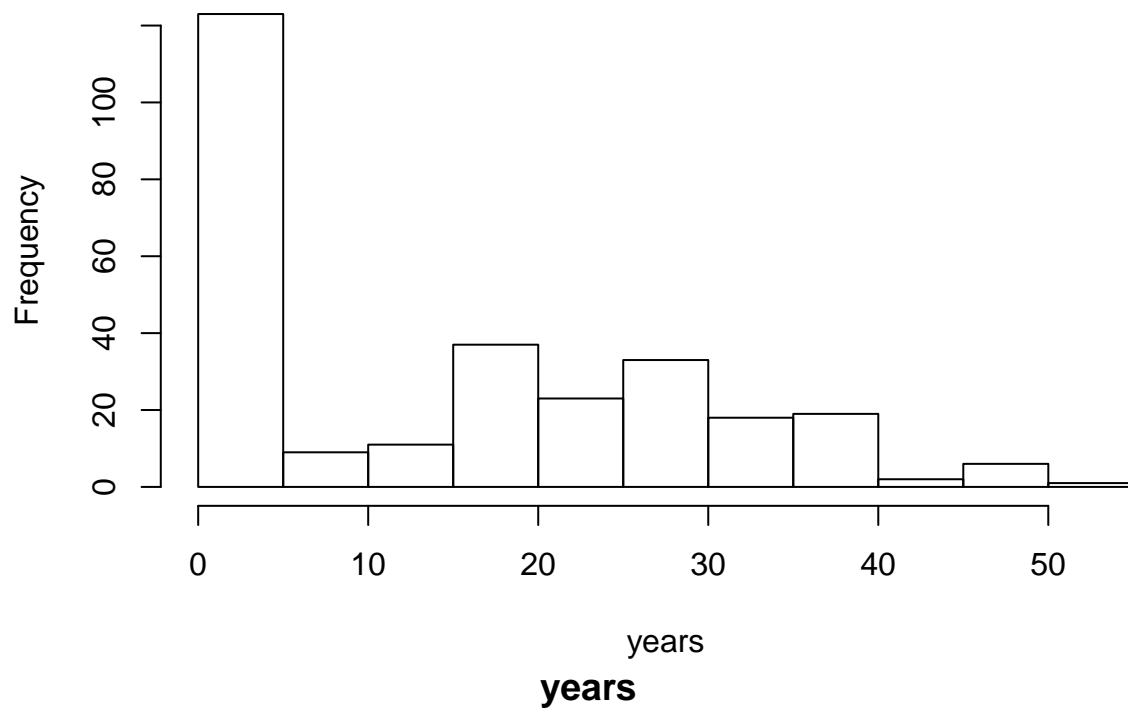


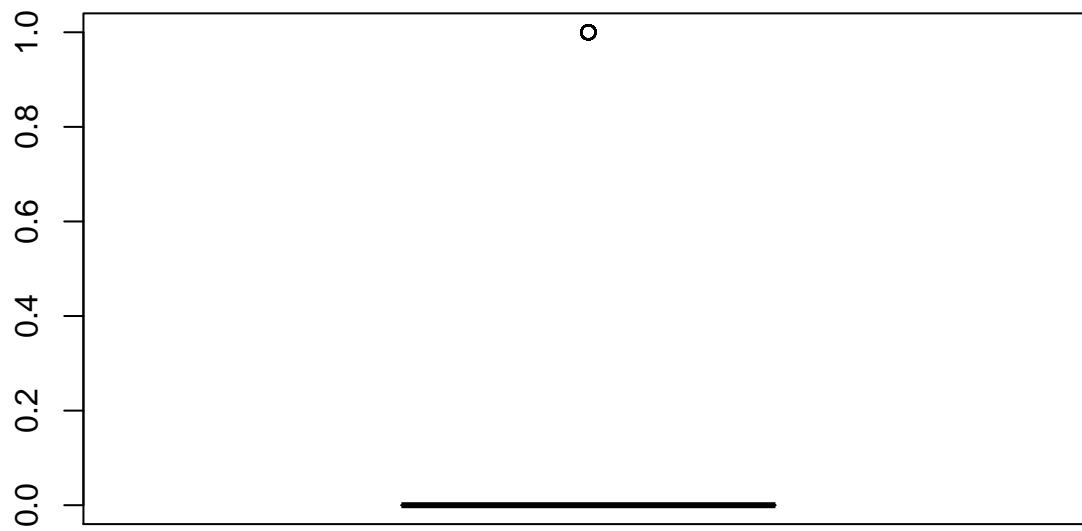
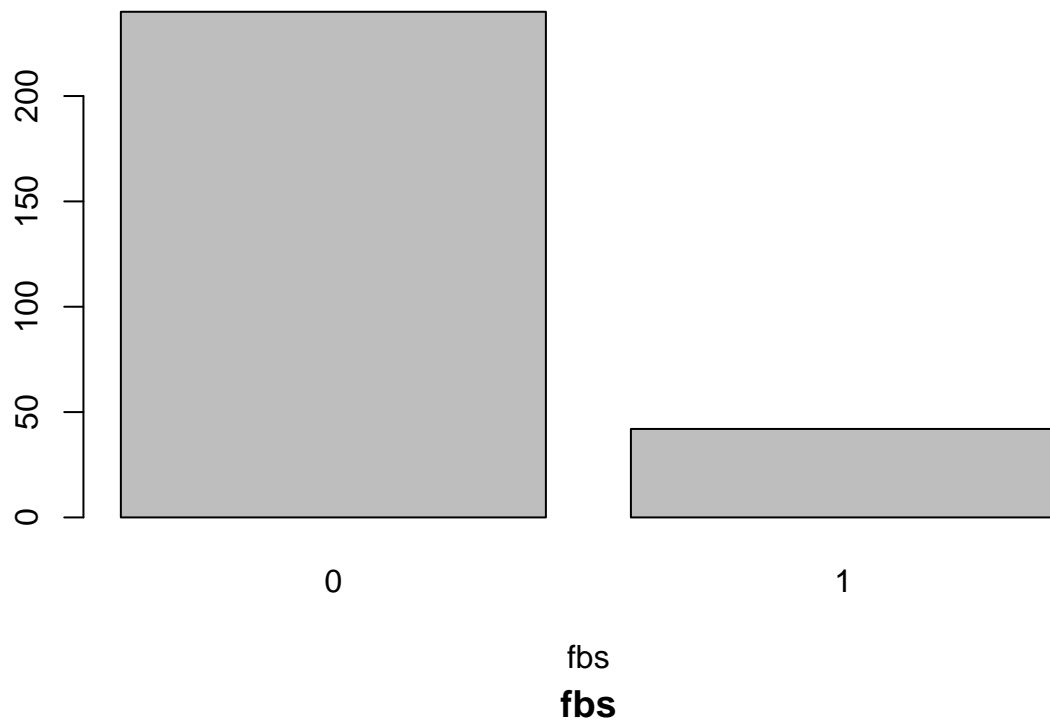


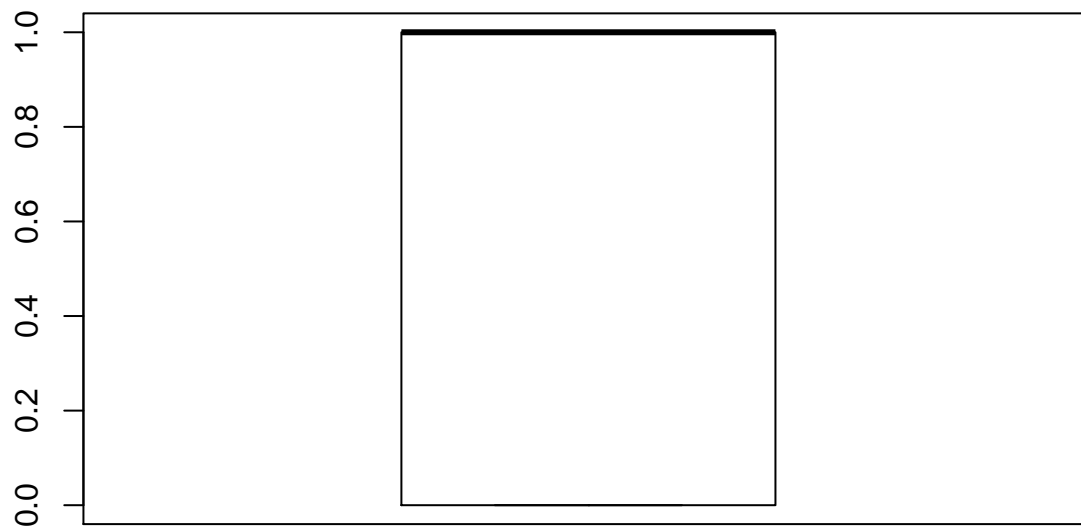
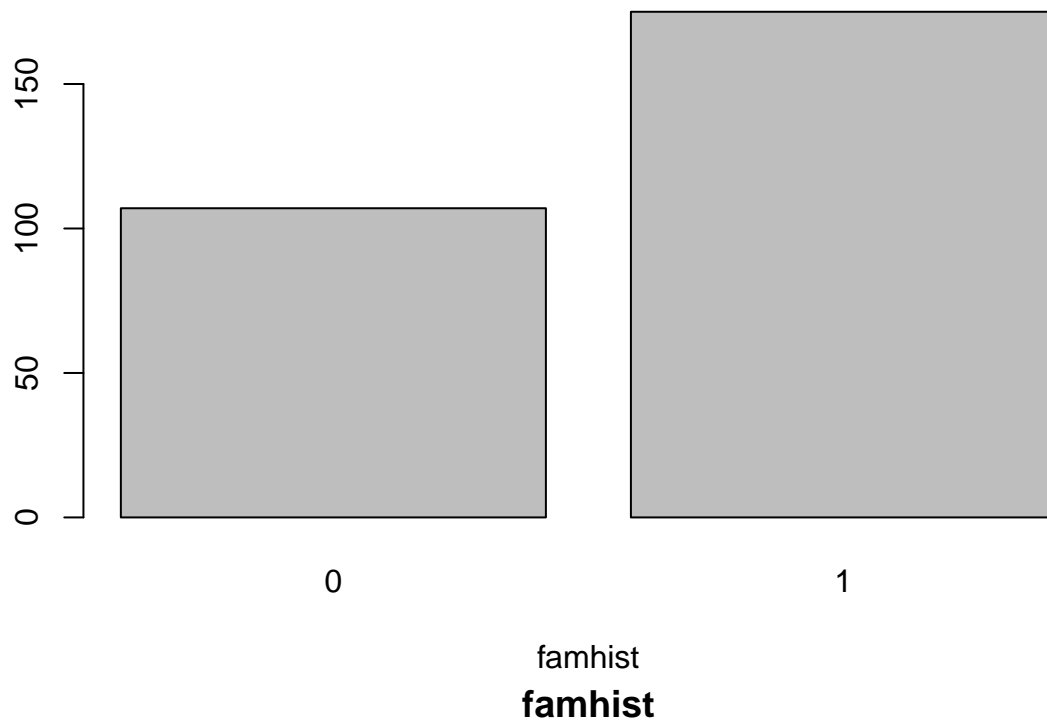


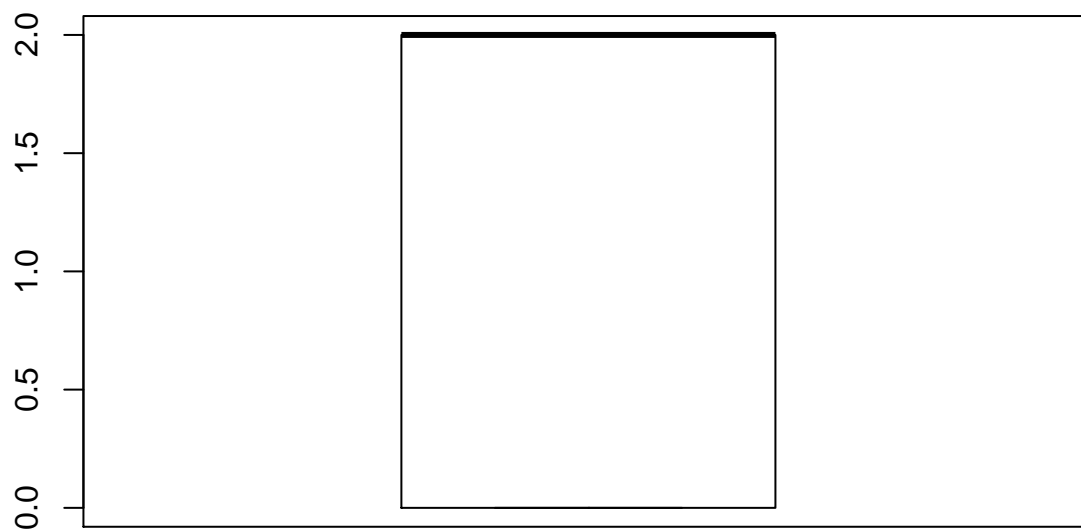
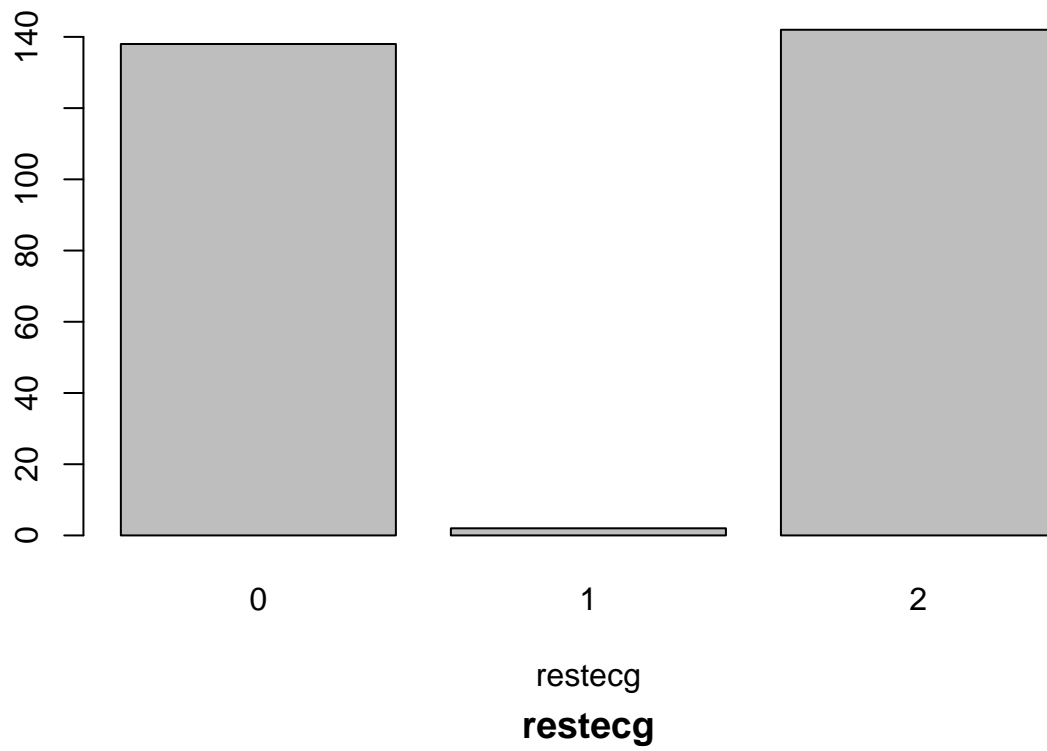


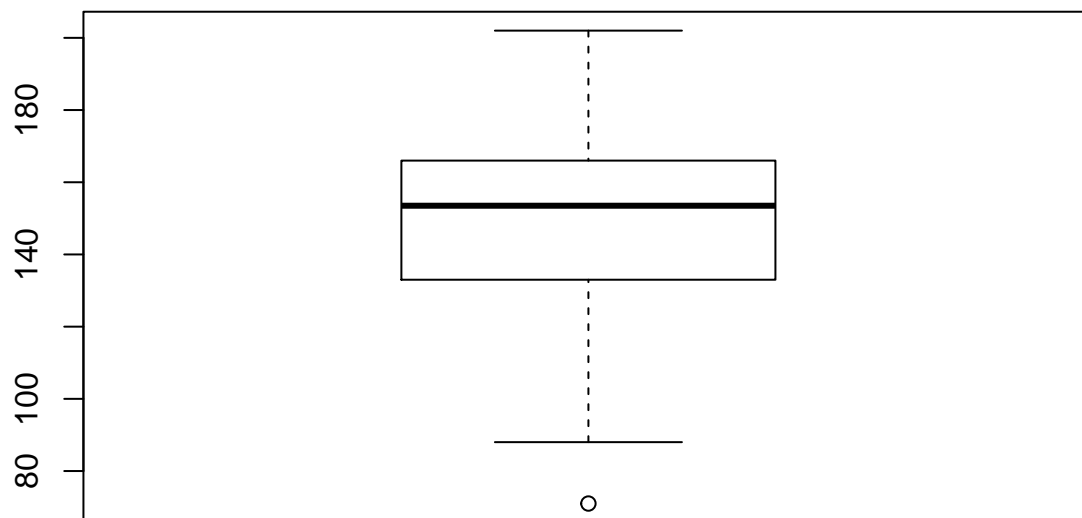
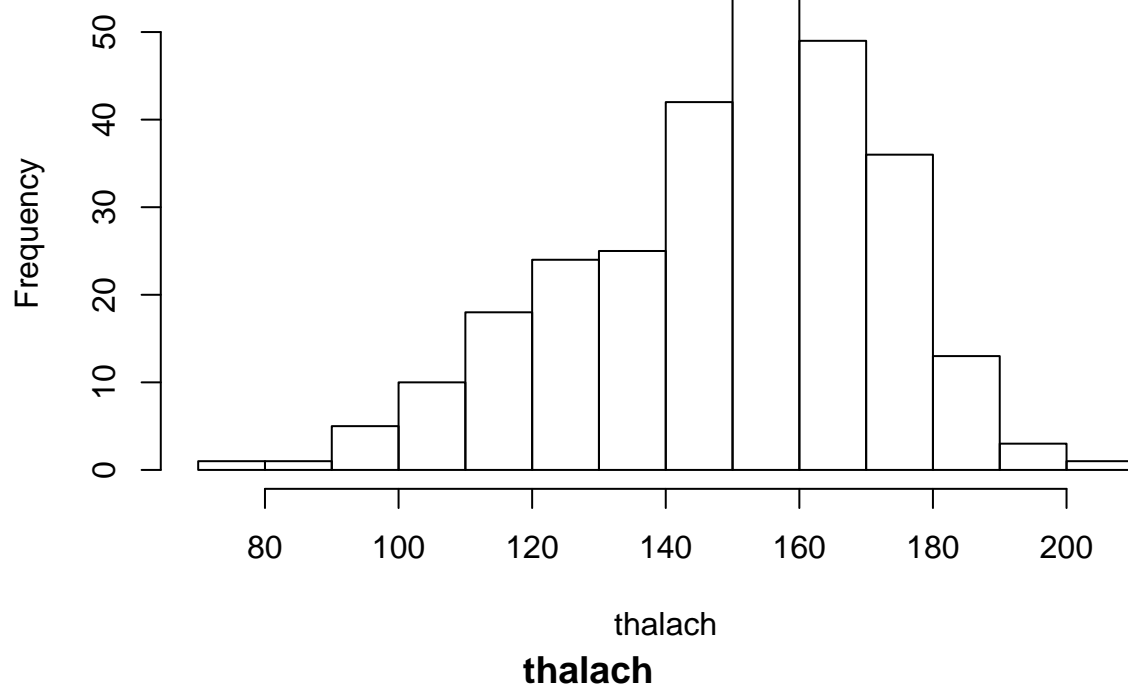


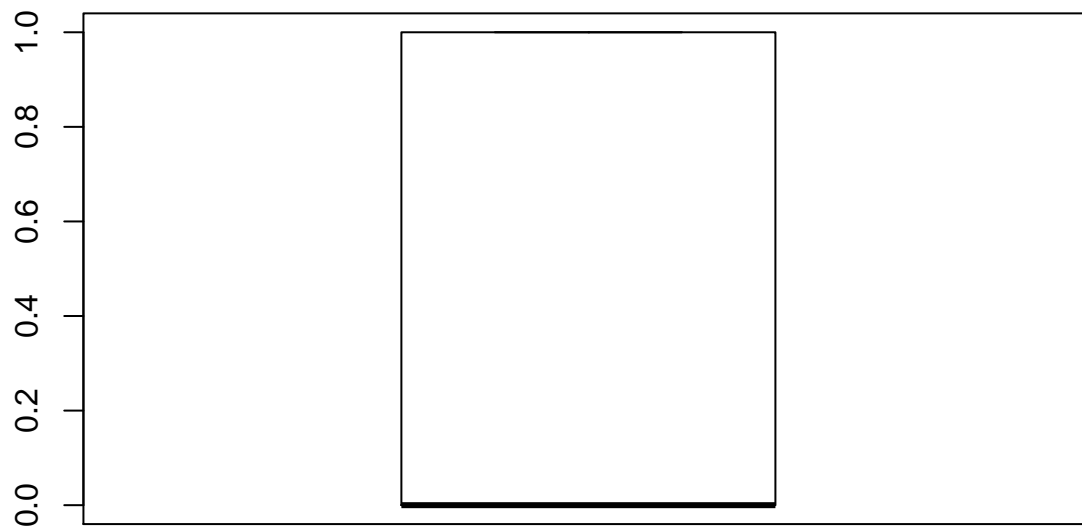
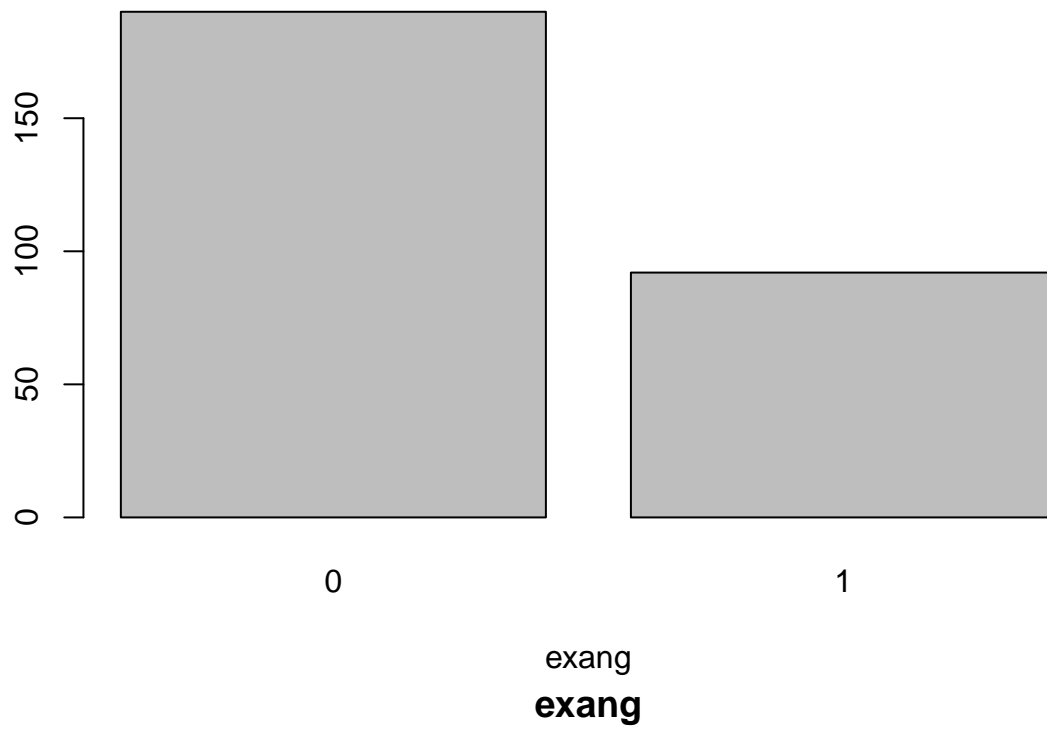


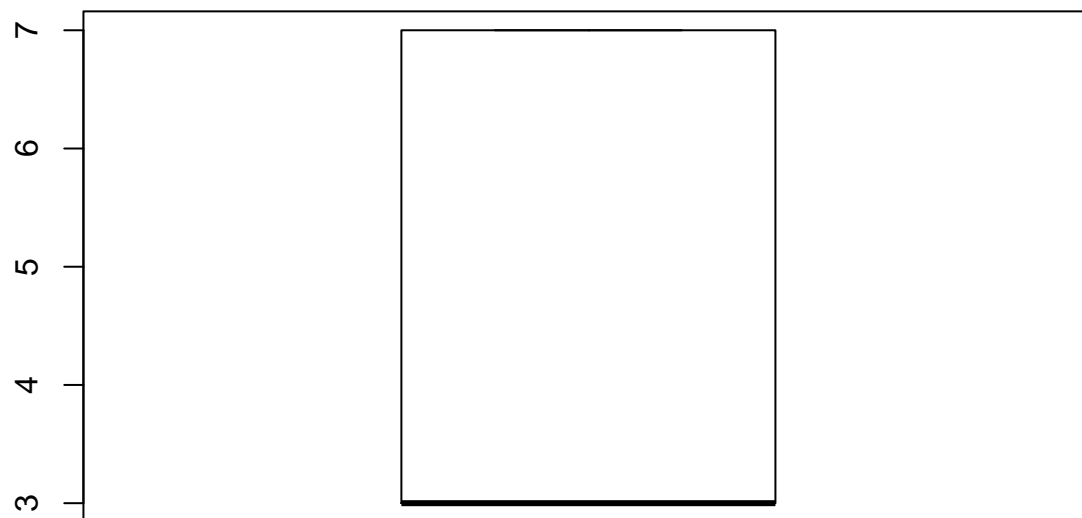
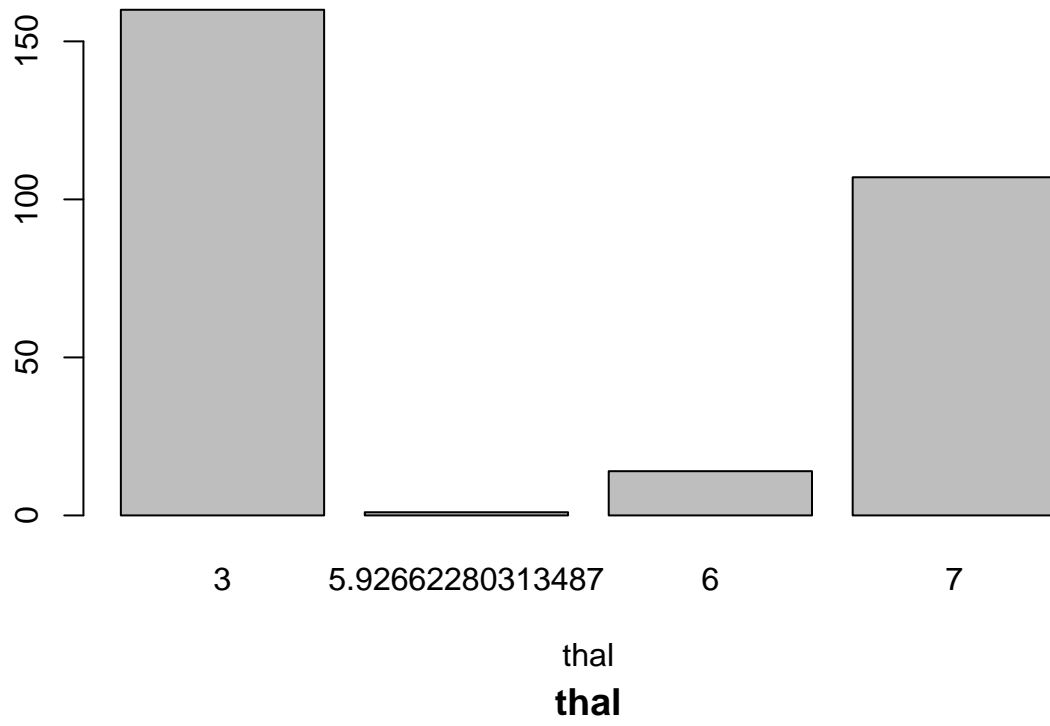




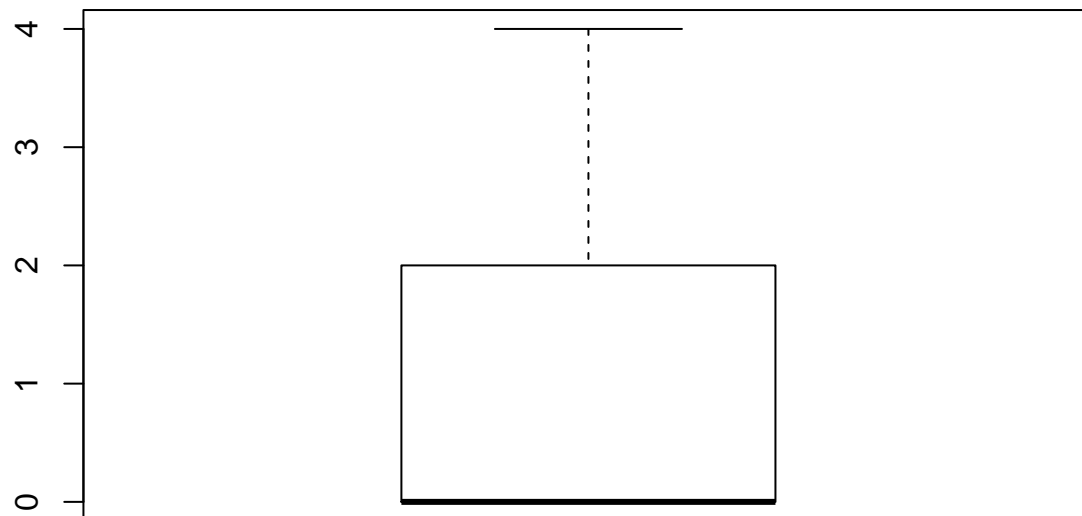
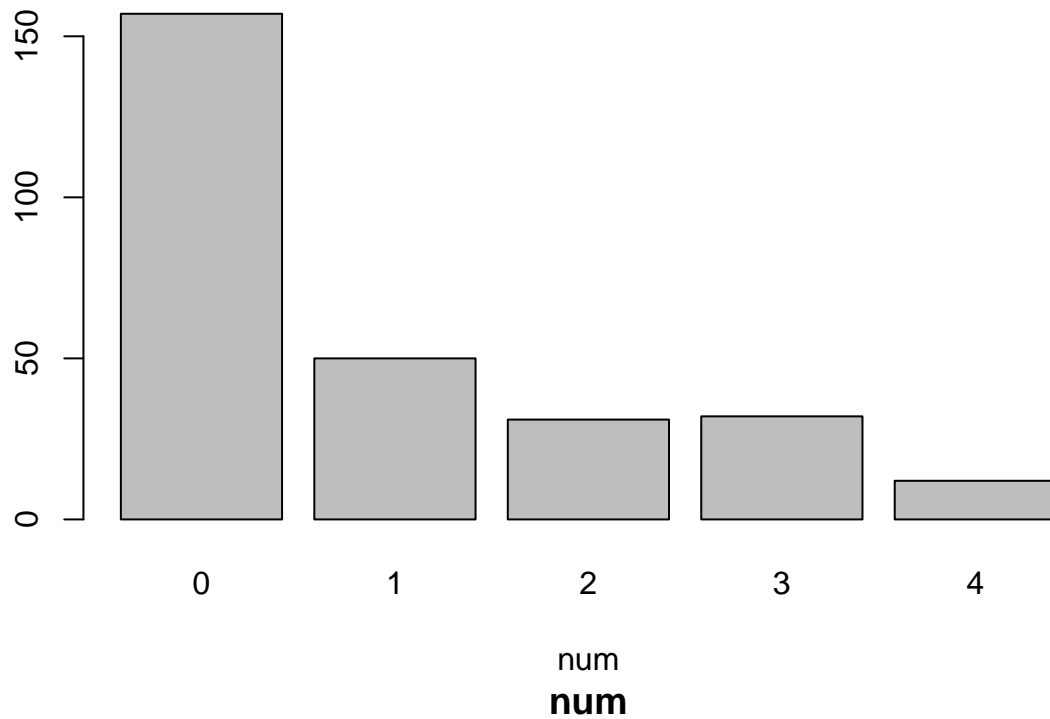










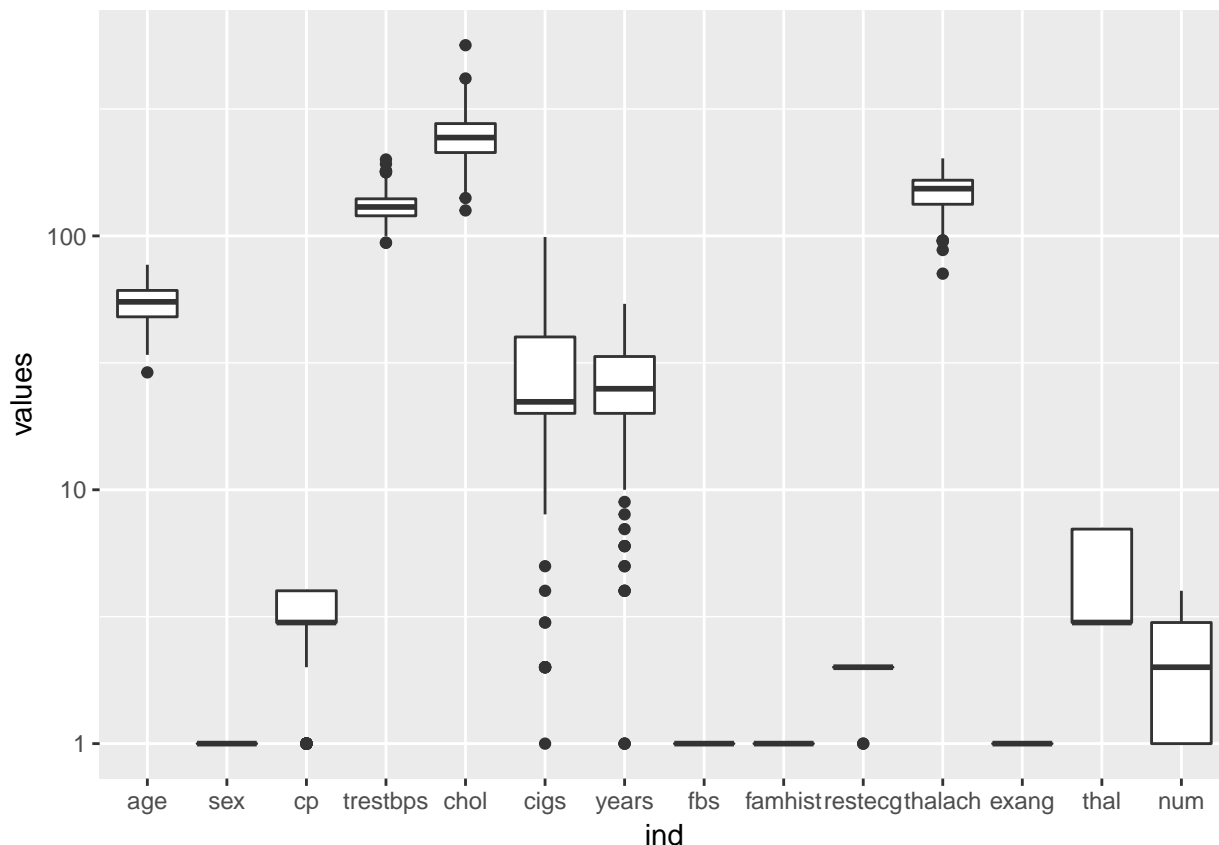


Looking at a log-scale boxplot of all variables, we can see some low outliers on trestbps, chol, and thalach.

```
ggplot(stack(dt.nona), aes(x = ind, y = values)) +  
  geom_boxplot() + scale_y_continuous(trans = 'log10')
```

```
## Warning: Transformation introduced infinite values in continuous y-axis
```

```
## Warning: Removed 1153 rows containing non-finite values (stat_boxplot).
```



Outliers seem to be one low in thalach, a few high on cigs, and few high/low on cholesterol and trestbps. Looking carefully, it seems there are some lower cigs outliers we don't want to remove, because these are probably accurate data. We removed the upper ones because 100 cigarettes a day seems like an error in the data. The assumption is the other outliers may be experiment/data errors.

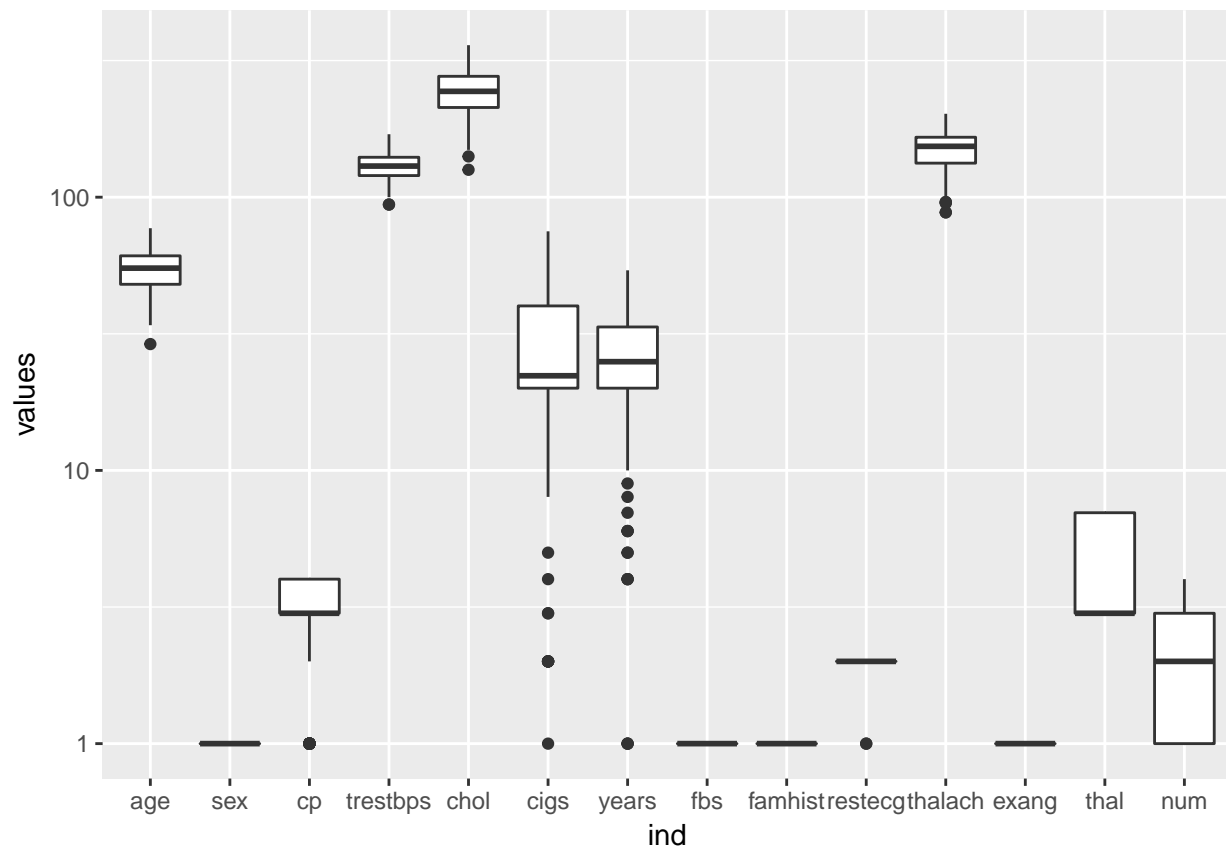
```
upper_outlier_cols <- c('trestbps', 'chol', 'cigs')
lower_outlier_cols <- c('thalach', 'chol', 'trestbps')
remove_outliers_up <- function(x) clamp(x, upper = boxplot.stats(x)$stats[5])
remove_outliers_low <- function(x) clamp(x, lower = boxplot.stats(x)$stats[1])

dt.nona[, upper_outlier_cols] <- dt.nona[, lapply(.SD, FUN = remove_outliers_up), .SDcols = upper_outlier_cols]
dt.nona[, lower_outlier_cols] <- dt.nona[, lapply(.SD, FUN = remove_outliers_low), .SDcols = lower_outlier_cols]

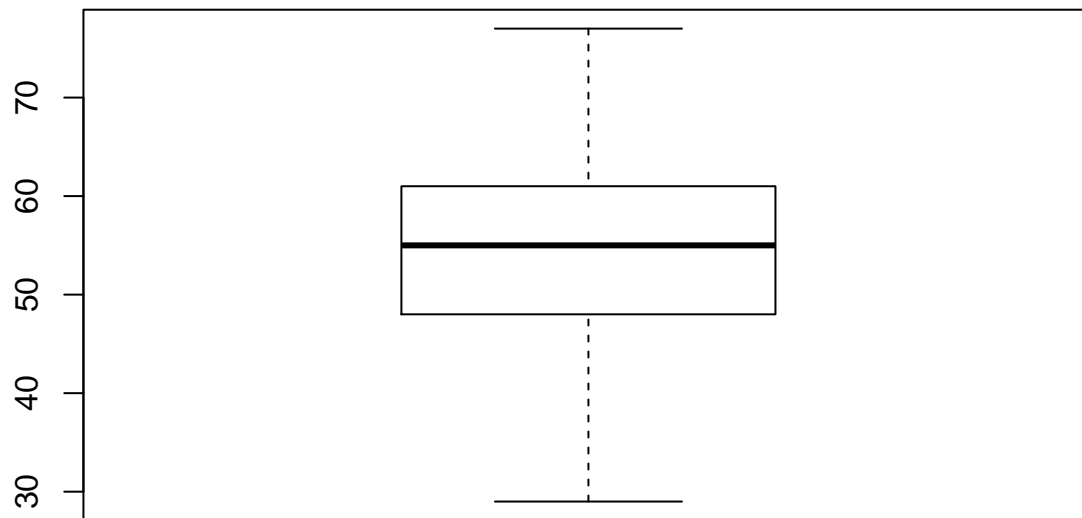
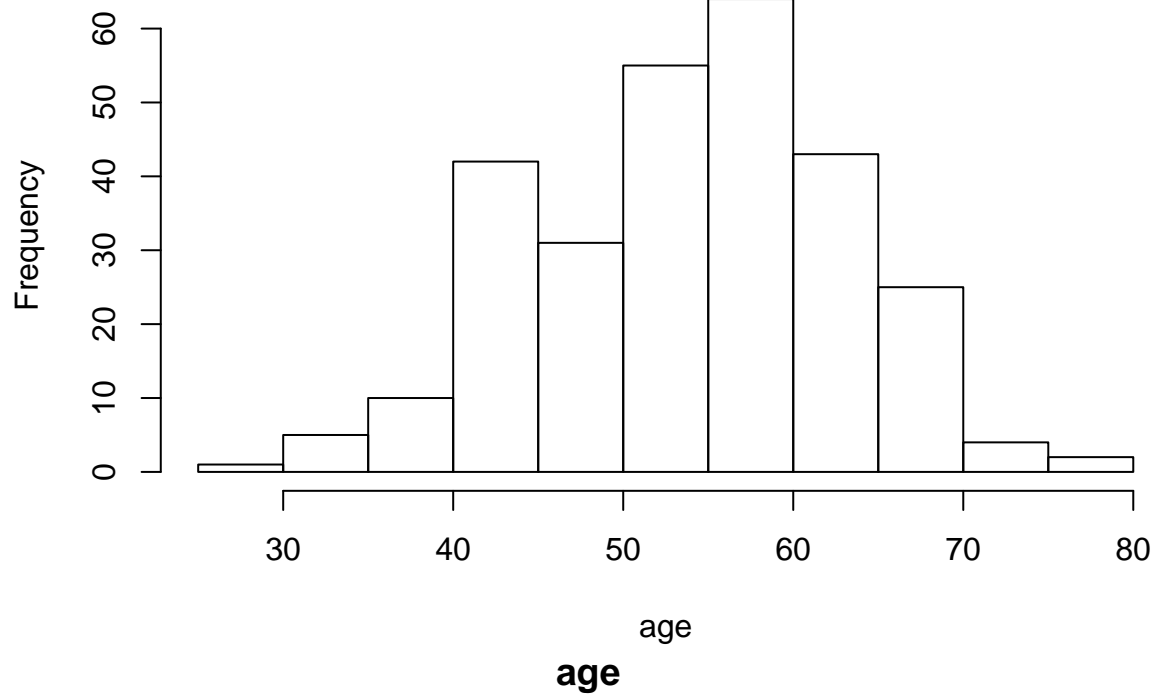
# you may have also noticed there is one weird 5.92... number in thal, this should be rounded to 6
dt.nona[, thal:=round(thal)]
# save data for later use
fn <- '~/Dropbox/MSDS/MSDS680_ncg_S8W1_18/week1/heart.disease.data.clean.csv'
fwrite(dt.nona, fn)

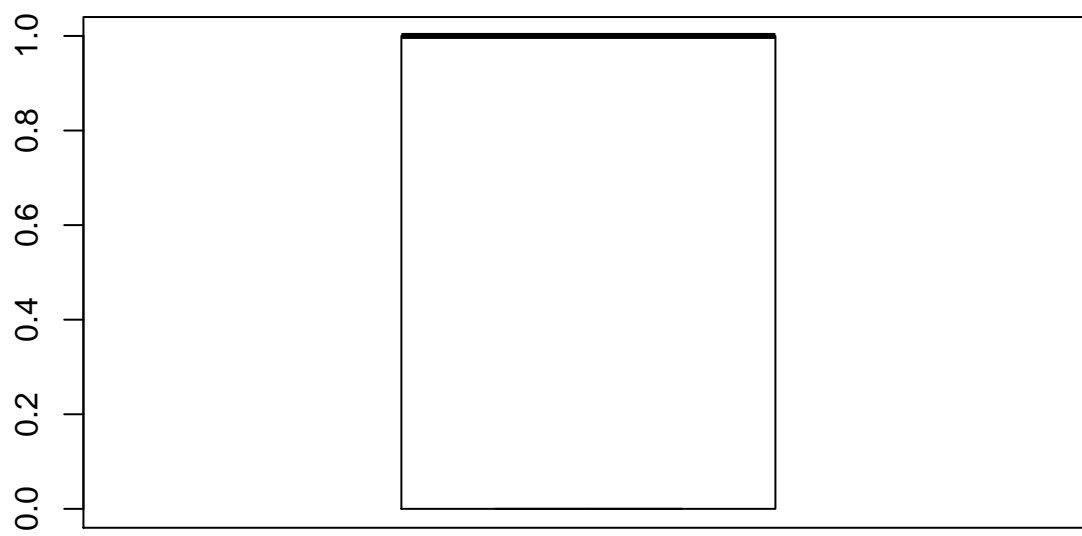
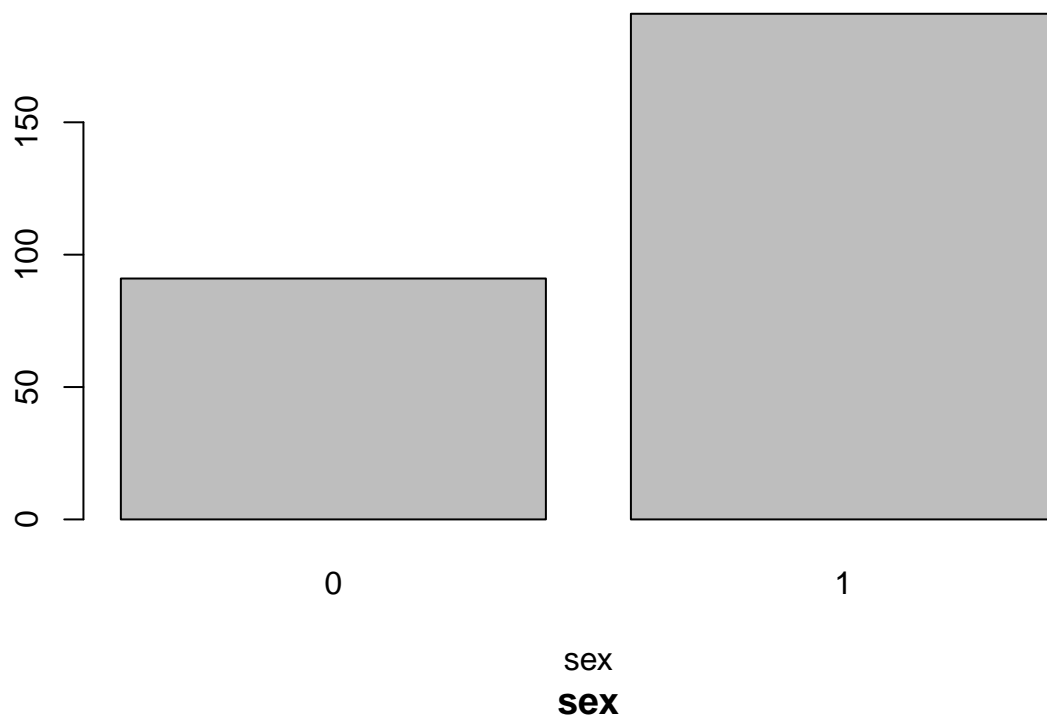
ggplot(stack(dt.nona), aes(x = ind, y = values)) +
  geom_boxplot() + scale_y_continuous(trans = 'log10')

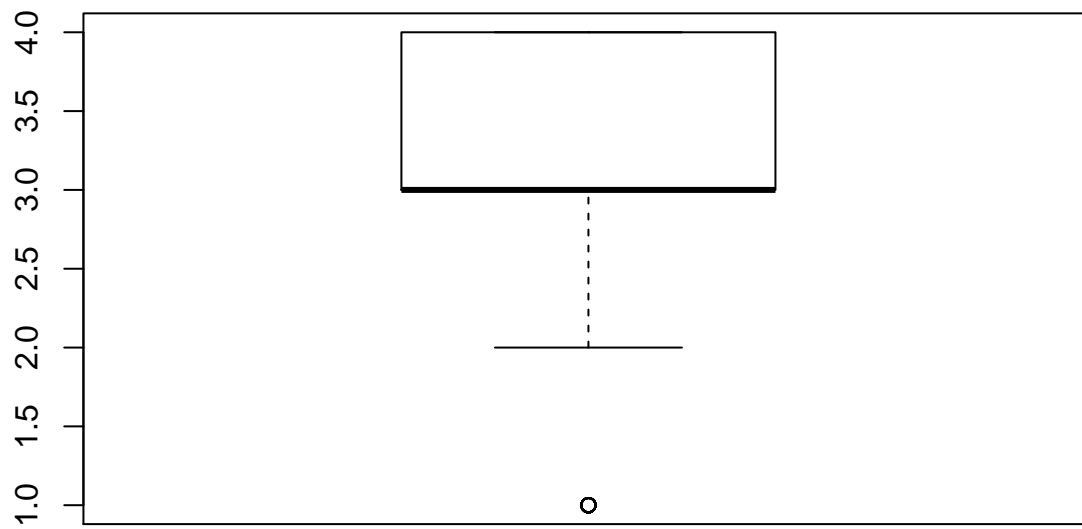
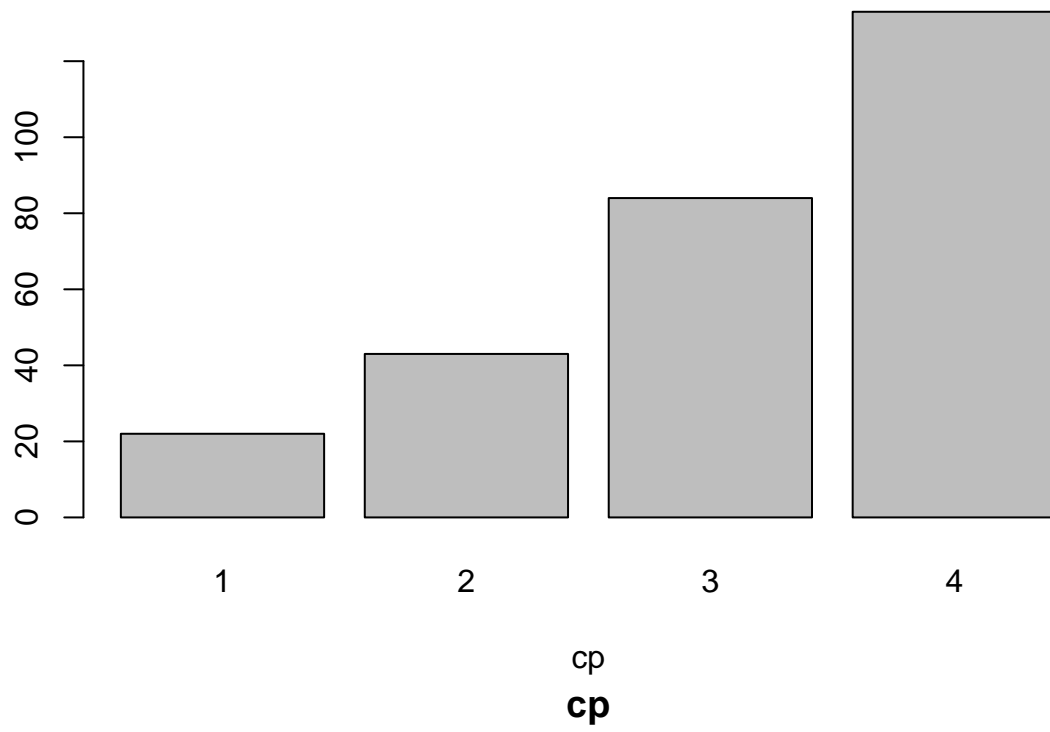
## Warning: Transformation introduced infinite values in continuous y-axis
## Warning: Removed 1153 rows containing non-finite values (stat_boxplot).
```

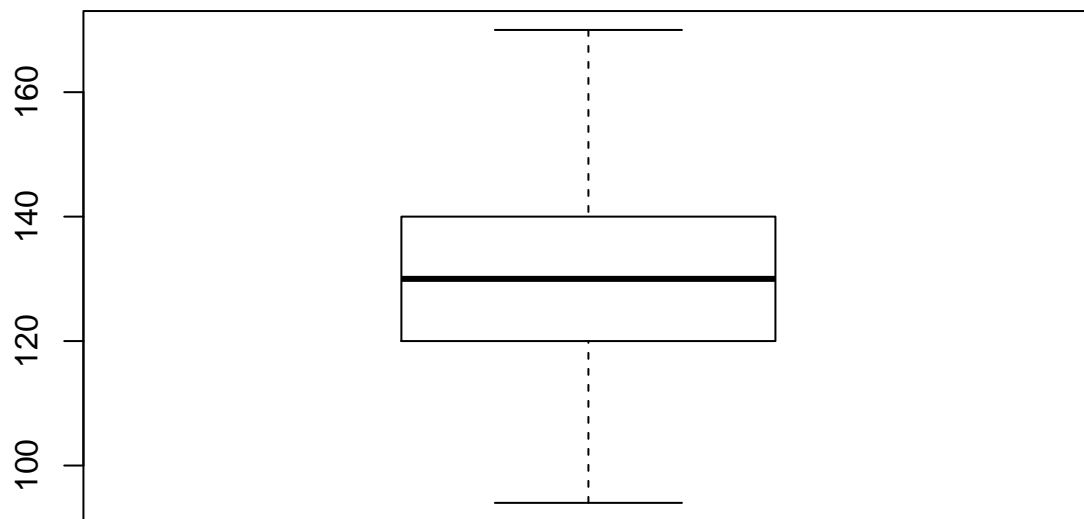
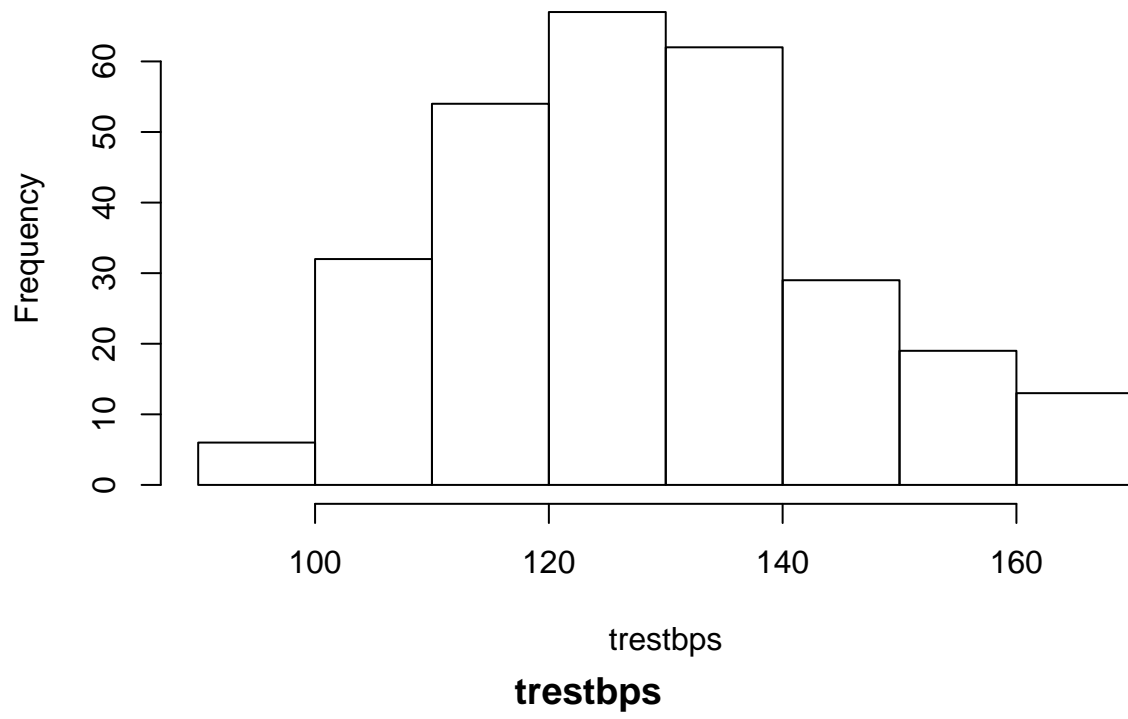


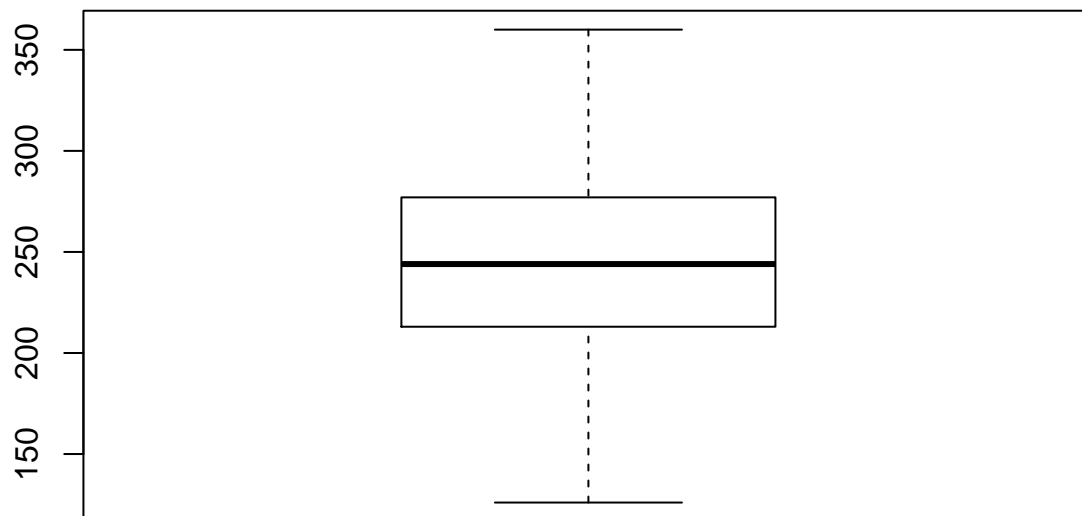
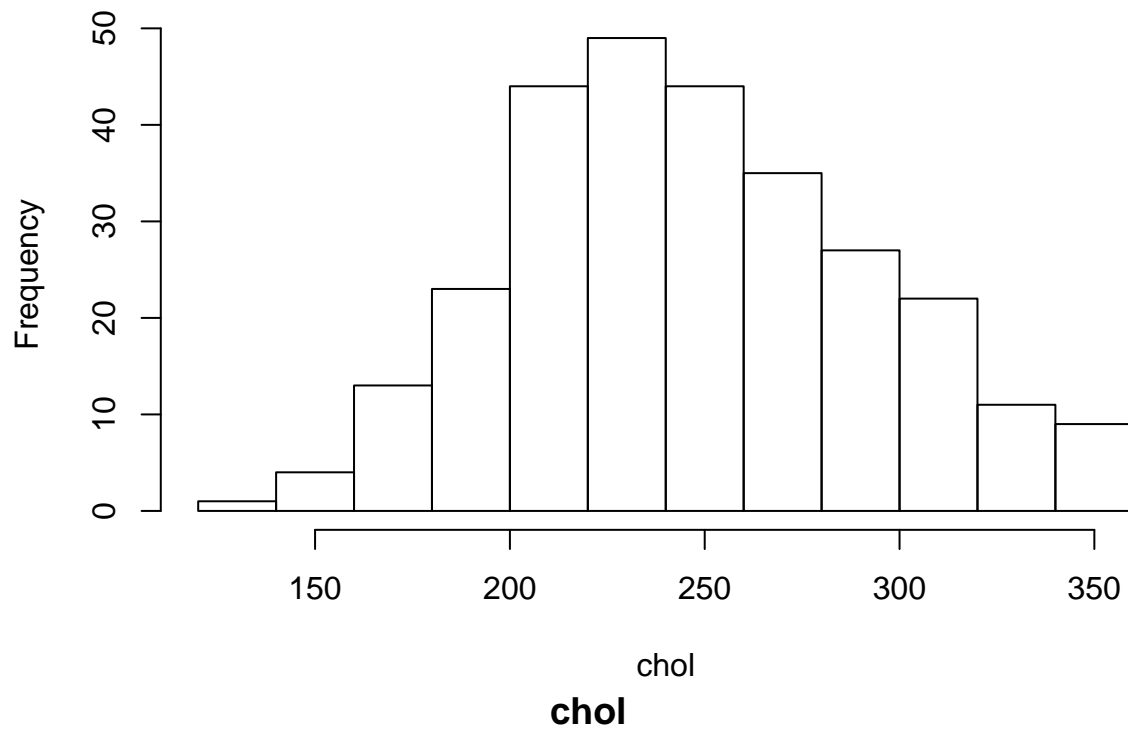
```
for (i in seq(dim(dt)[2])) {
  col.data <- dt.nona[, get(labels[i])]
  nlevs <- nlevels(as.factor(col.data))
  if (nlevs <= 10) {
    barplot(table(col.data), main = NULL, xlab = labels[i])
    # axis(1, at=seq(nlevs), labels=levels(as.factor(col.data)))
  } else {
    hist(as.numeric(col.data), main = NULL, xlab = labels[i])
  }
  cat('\n\n')
  boxplot(col.data, main = labels[i])
  cat('\n\n')
}
```



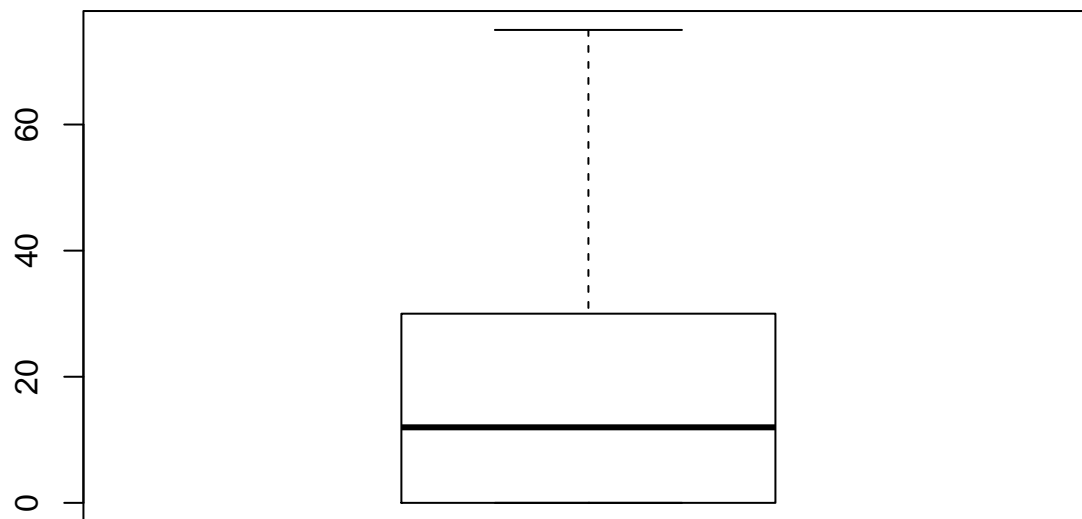
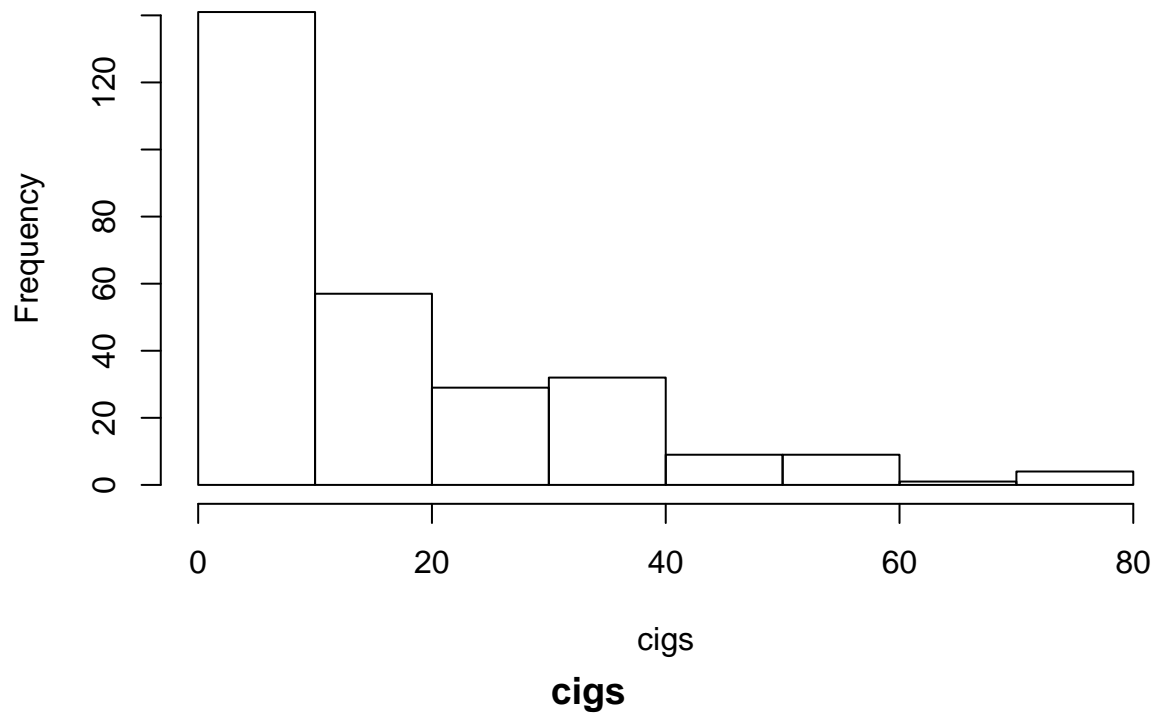


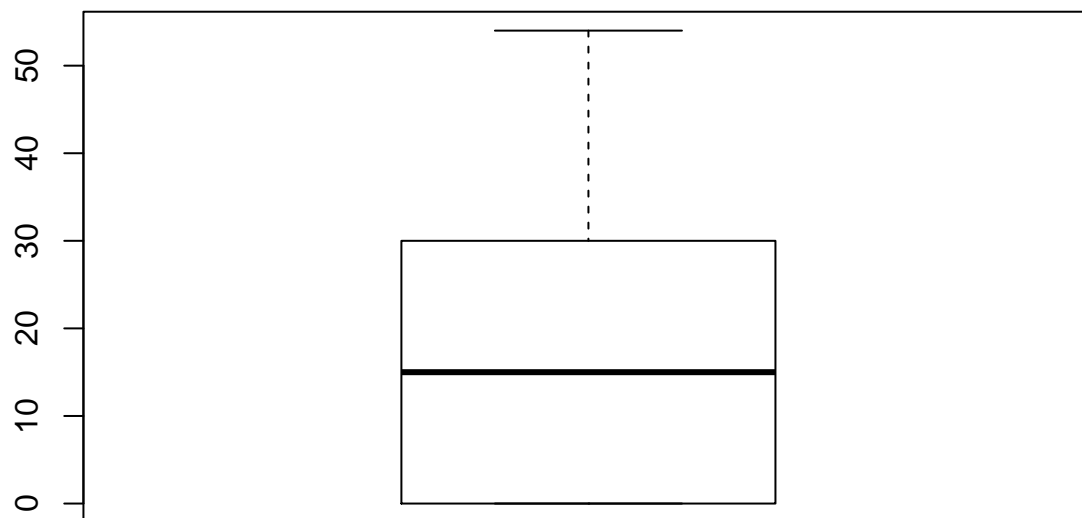
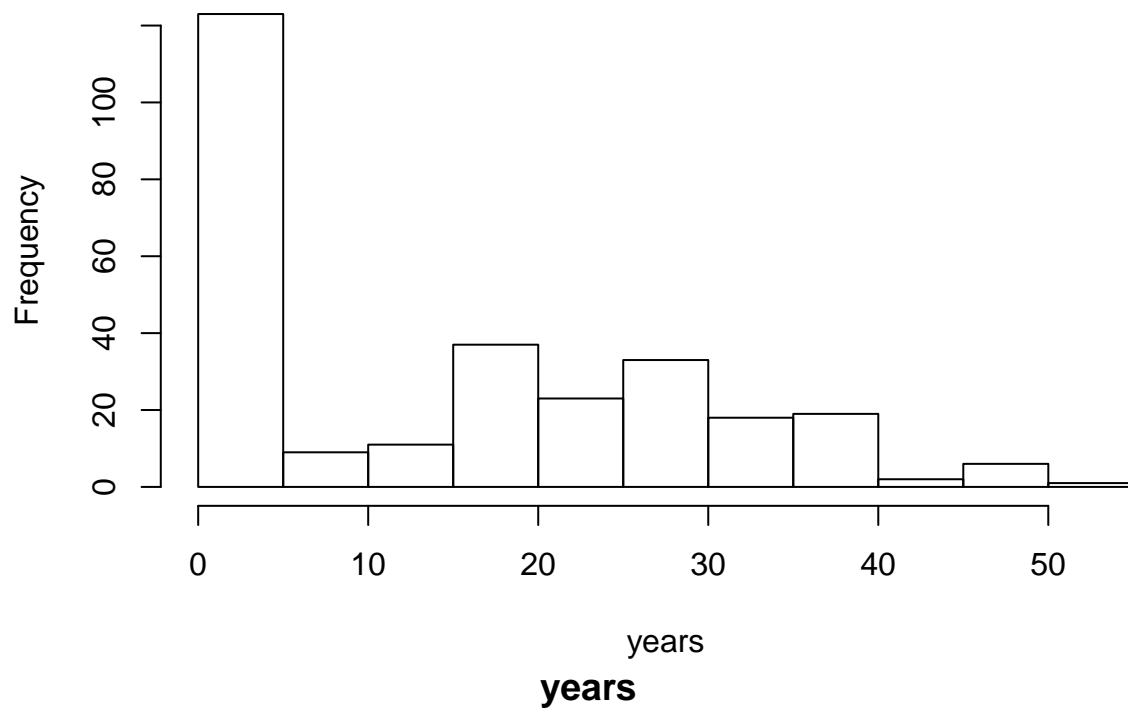


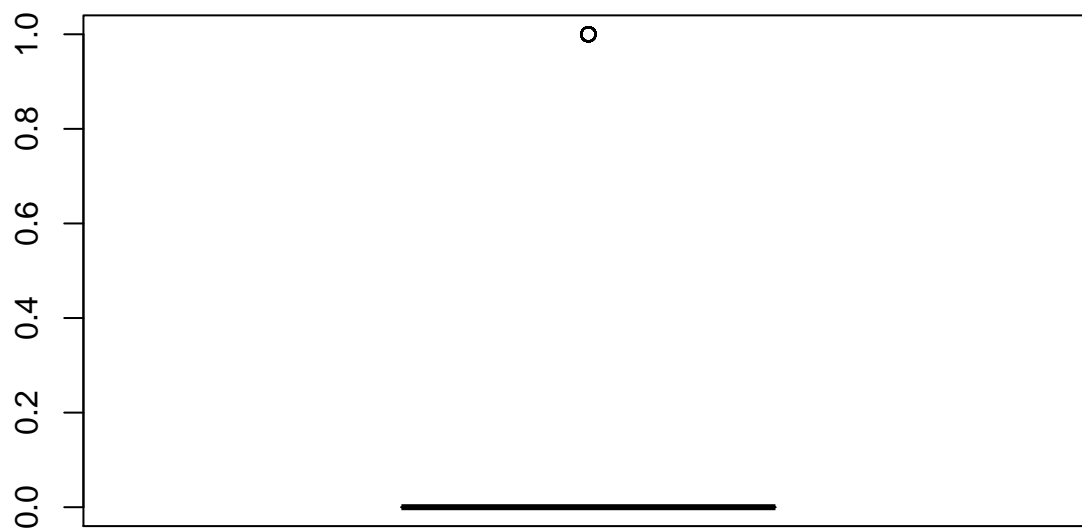
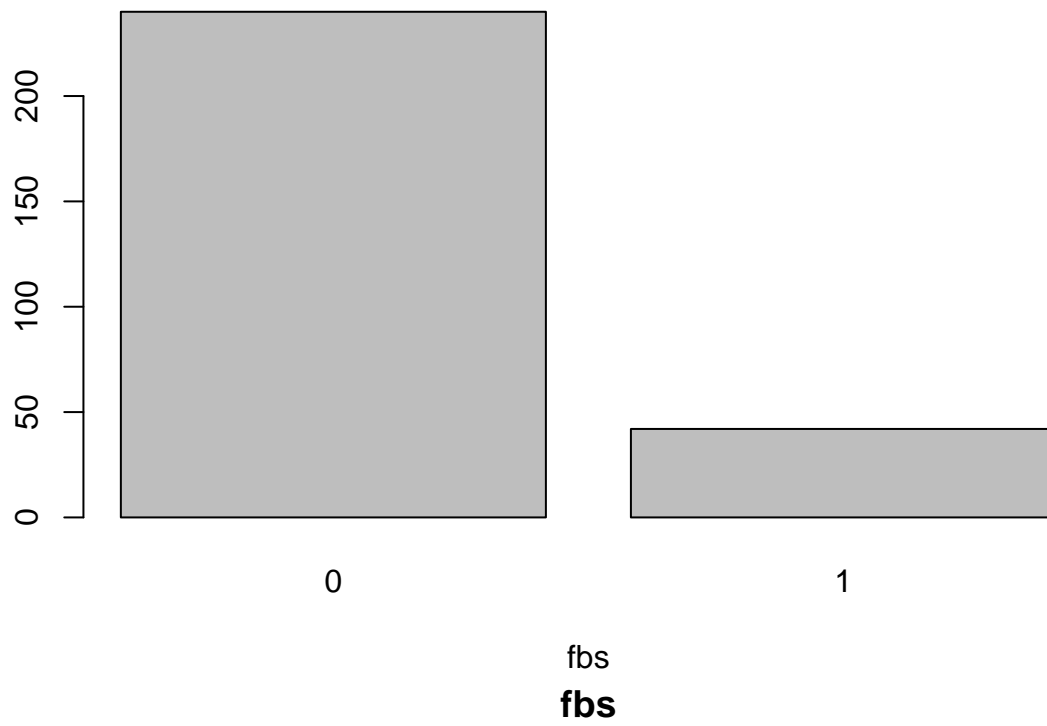


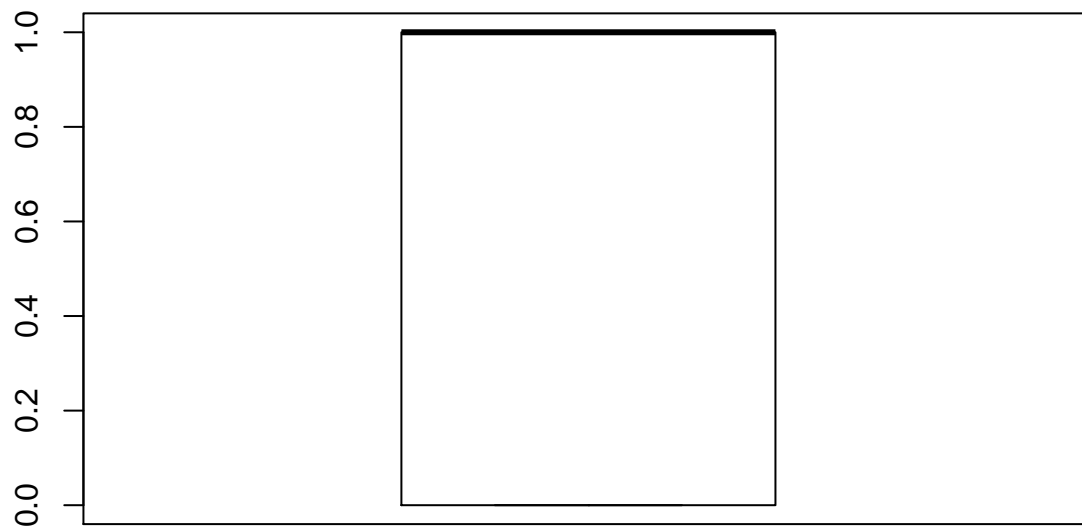
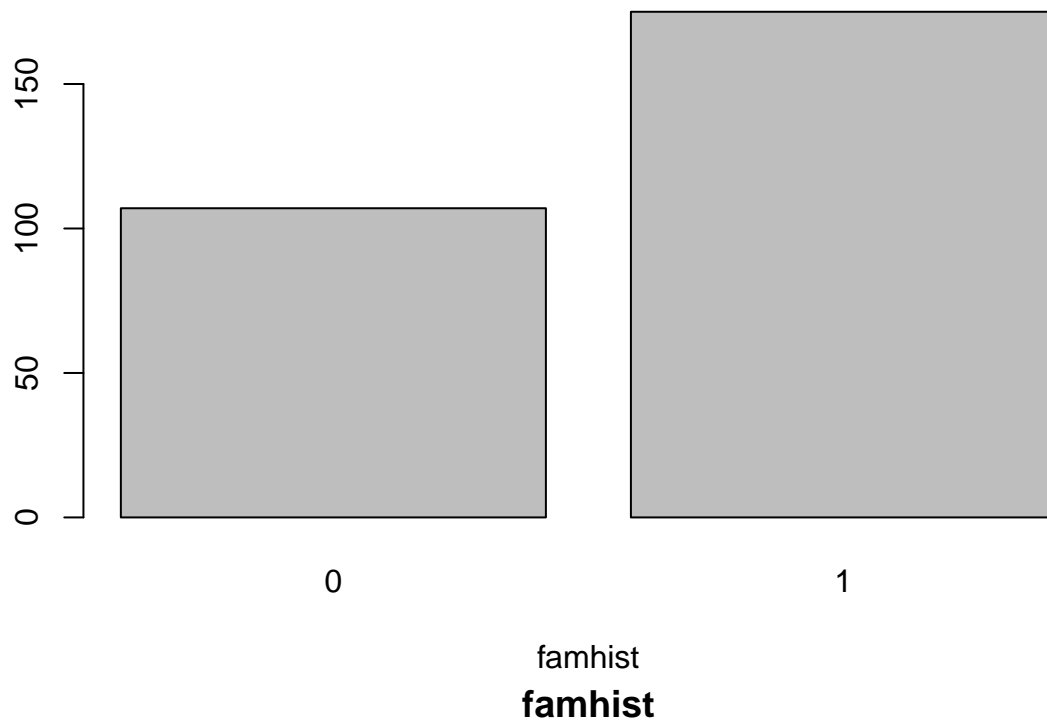


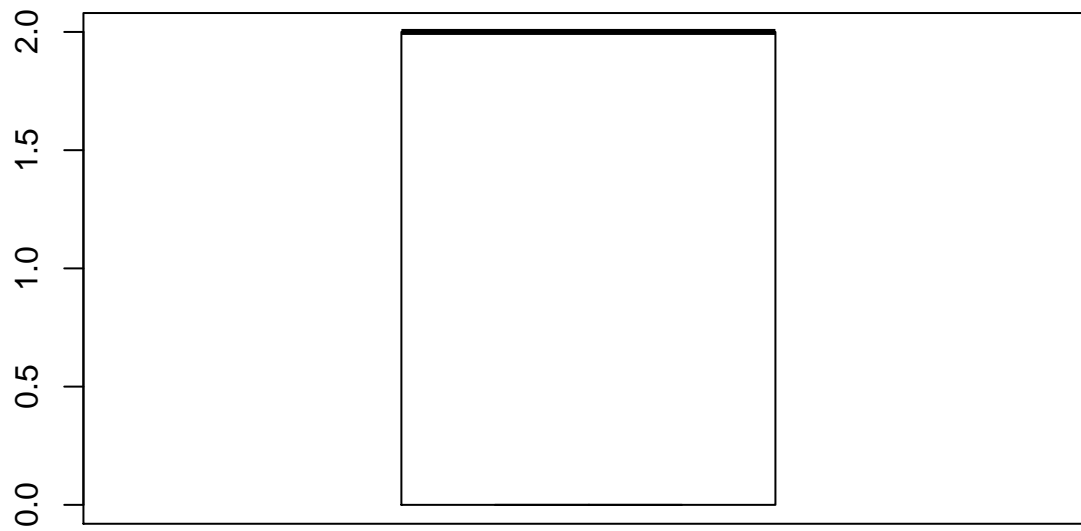
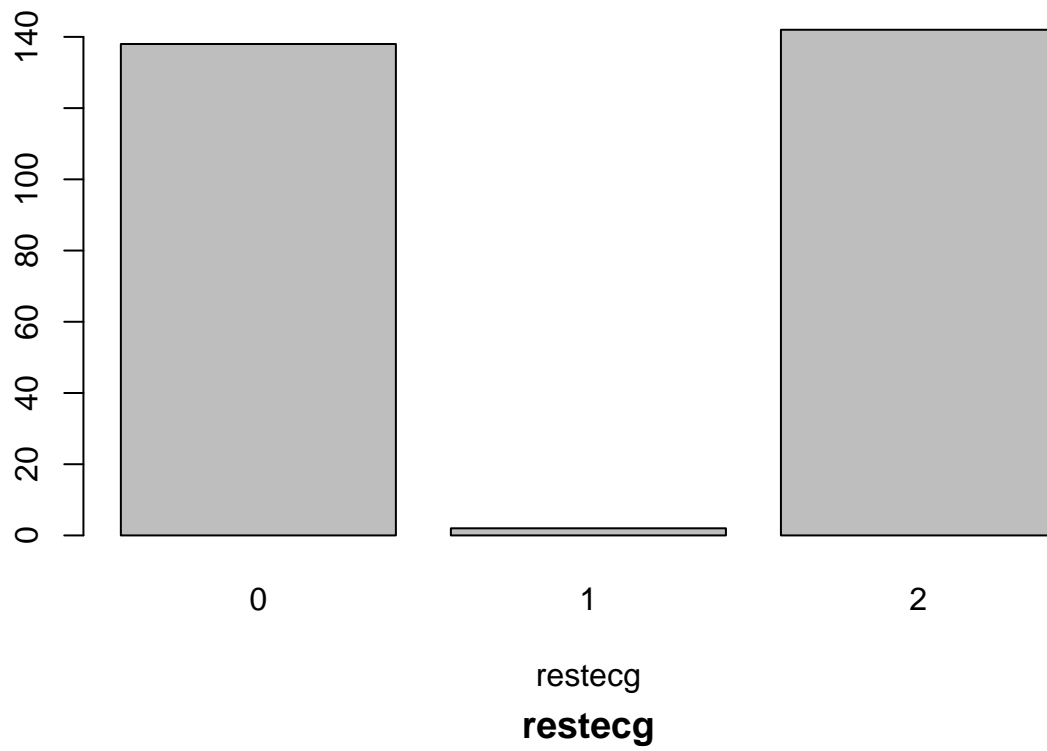


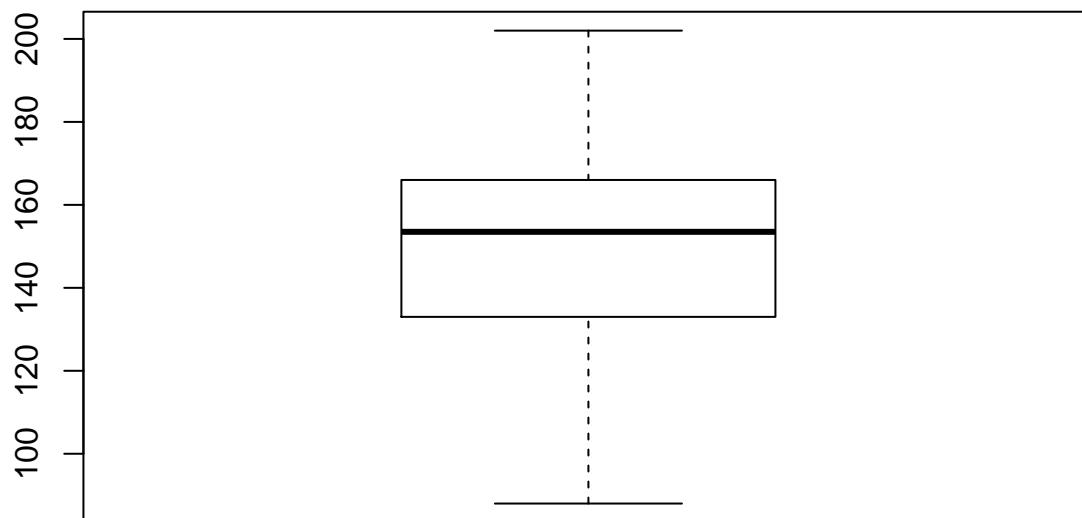
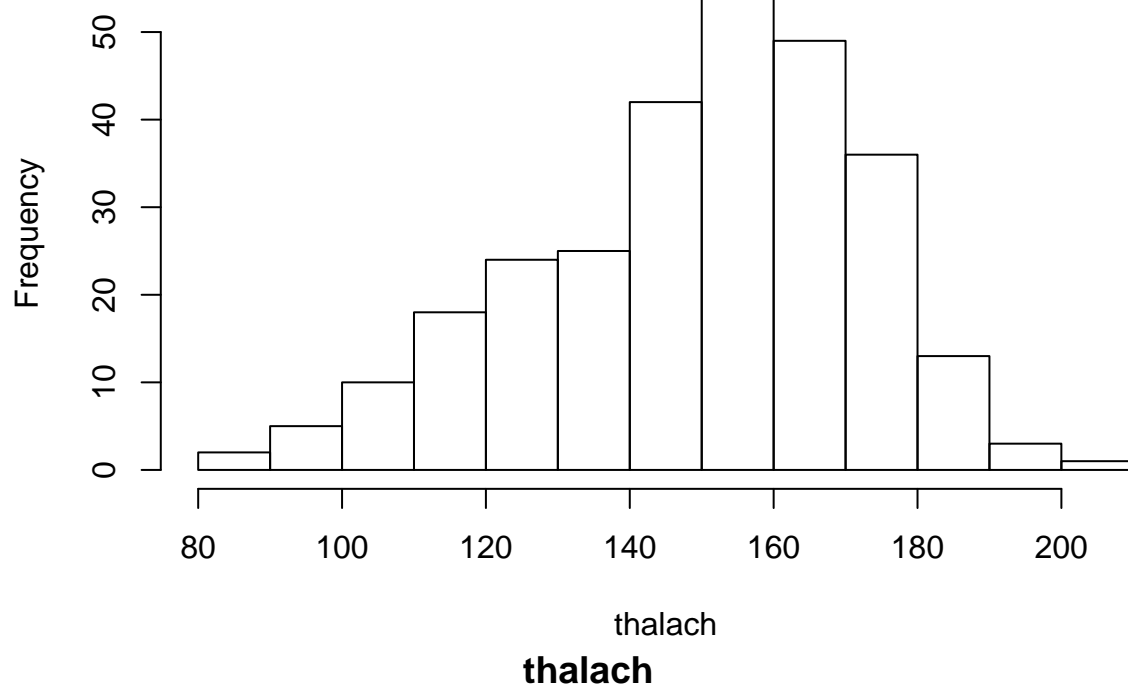


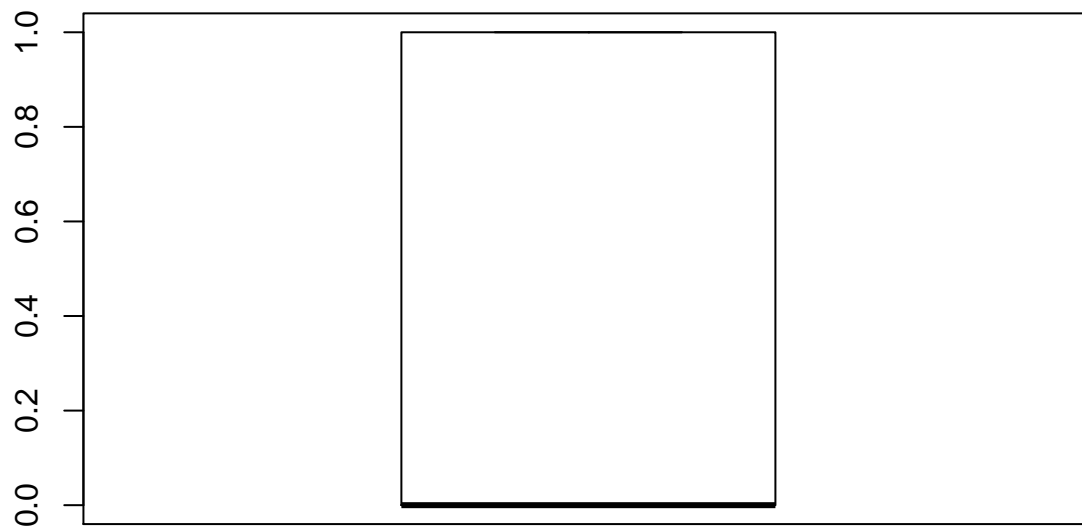
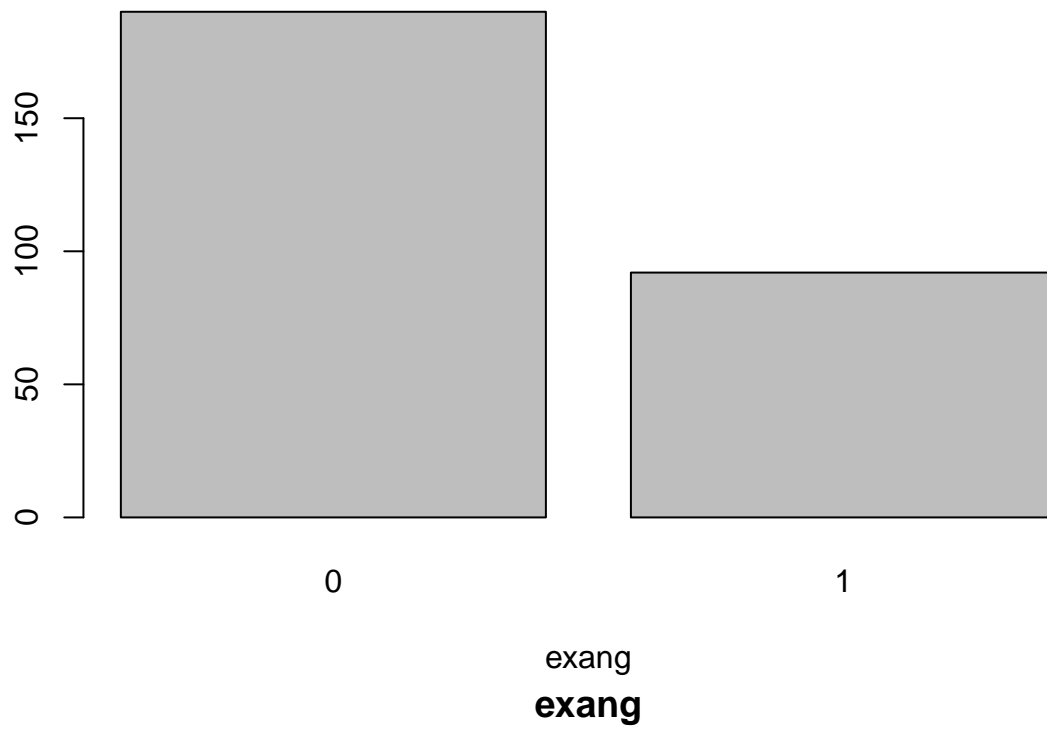


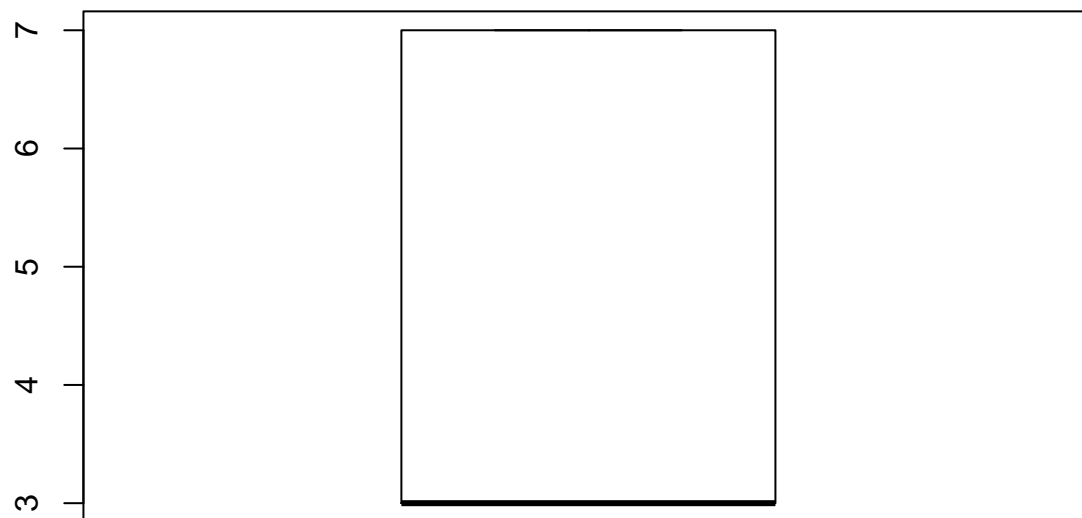
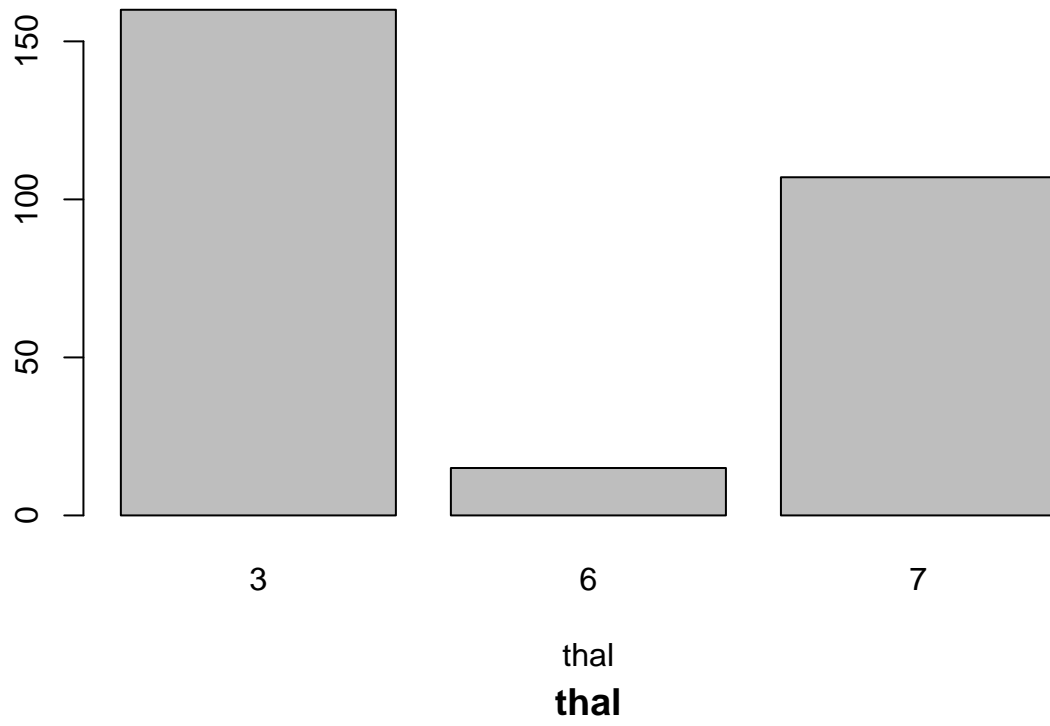




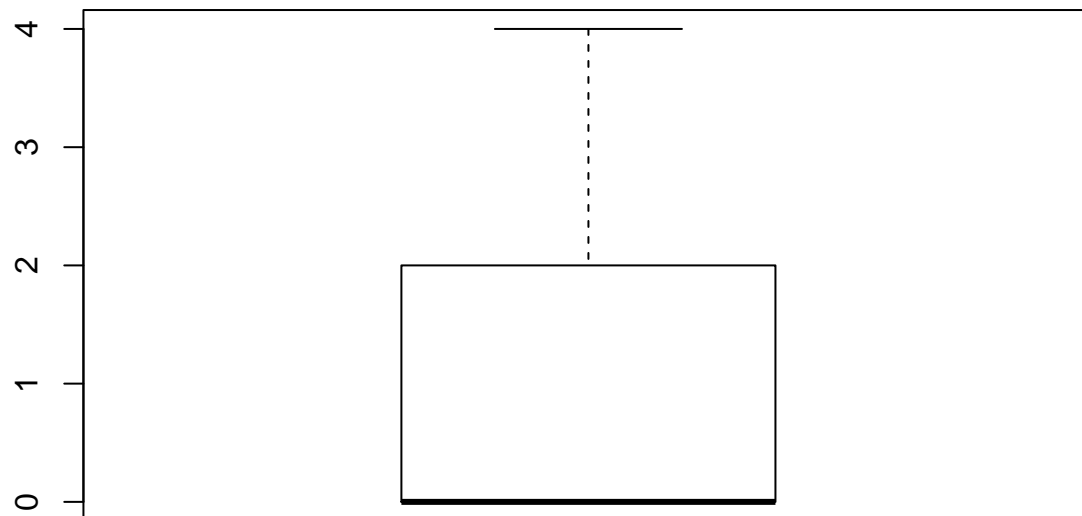
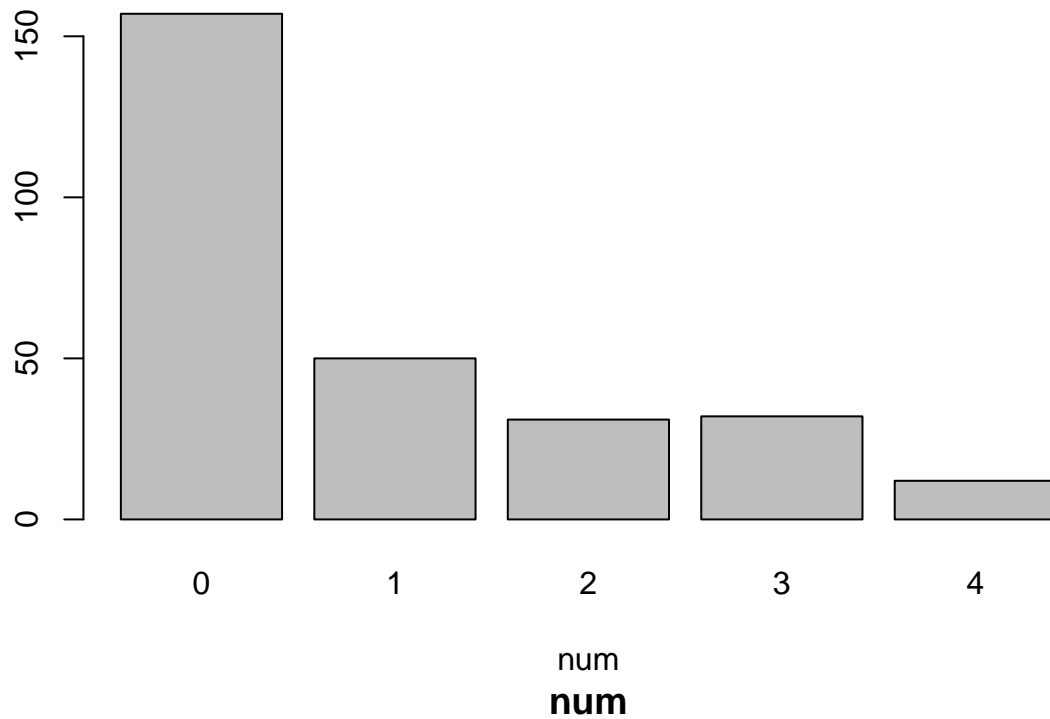












We can see a number of things are positively correlated to the diagnosis, all except fasting blood sugar and cholesterol. Heart rate is the only thing negatively correlated, so the higher the heart rate (during exercise) the less chance of heart disease.

```
corrplot(cor(dt.nona), mar=c(3, 1, 1, 1)) # play around with margin parameters till it fits the screen
```

