Year 7 Geometry Cheat Sheet

1. Angles

Key Terms:

• Acute Angle: Less than 90°

Right Angle: Exactly 90° (⊾)

Obtuse Angle: Between 90° and 180°

• Straight Angle: Exactly 180° (looks like a line)

Reflex Angle: Between 180° and 360°

Angle Rules:

Angles on a straight line add up to 180°.

Angles around a point add up to 360°.

• Vertically opposite angles are equal.

• Parallel lines (with a transversal):

Corresponding angles are equal (F shape)

- Alternate angles are equal (Z shape)

- Co-interior angles add to 180° (C shape)

2. 2D Shapes & Their Properties

Types of Triangles:

• Equilateral: All sides & angles equal (60° each).

Isosceles: Two equal sides & angles.

• Scalene: All sides & angles different.

Types of Quadrilaterals:

Square: 4 equal sides, 4 right angles.

Rectangle: Opposite sides equal, 4 right angles.

• Parallelogram: Opposite sides parallel & equal.

• Rhombus: 4 equal sides, opposite angles equal.

• Trapezium: One pair of parallel sides.

3. Perimeter & Area

Perimeter: Total distance around a shape

Square - $P = 4 \times side$

Rectangle - $P = 2 \times (length + width)$

Triangle - P = a + b + c

Area: The space inside a shape

Square: A = side²

Rectangle: A = length x width **Triangle:** A = $\frac{1}{2}$ x base x height

Parallelogram: A = base x height

Circle: $A = \pi r^2$

4. Circles

Diameter: Double the radius (d = 2r) **Circumference:** Perimeter of a circle

- $C = \pi d$ or $2\pi r$

Area: $A = \pi r^2$

5. Geometry Tips & Tricks

Area vs Perimeter: Area is inside, perimeter is outside.

Missing Angles: Use known angles (e.g., triangles always add to 180°).

 π (Pi): Approx 3.14 (or use the π button on your calculator).

6. Practice Problems (Answers Below)

Find the area of a rectangle with length 7cm and width 3cm.

A triangle has angles 50° and 60°. What is the third angle?

Calculate the circumference of a circle with radius 10cm (use π =3.14).

Answers:

21cm²

70°

62.8cm