CONTACT INFORMATION University of Washington Department of Economics Seattle, WA, United States E-mail: monicagr@uw.edu Web: econmonicagr.github.io LinkedIn: // monicagao Cell: +1 (865) 951-8189

**EDUCATION** 

# **University of Washington**

Seattle, WA

Ph.D. in Economics

2015 - 2021 expected

• Dissertation Title: Policies as Determinants for Economic Performance

University of Tennessee, Knoxville
M.S. in Agricultural Economics, Minor in Statistics
Huazhong University of Science & Technology

Knoxville, TN 2009 – 2011

**Huazhong University of Science & Technology**B.S. in International Economics & Trade
2004 – 2009

**FIELDS** 

## **International Macroeconomics, Macro-Finance, and Applied Econometrics**

#### RESEARCH

# **Working Papers**

The Accuracy of IMF Crises Nowcasts. Job Market Paper (with Theo Eicher)

Exchange Rates and Domestic Credit – Can Macroprudential Policy Reduce the Link?, 2020, IMF Working Paper No. 20/187 (with Erlend Walter Nier and Thorvardur Tjoervi Olafsson)

## **Policy Papers**

The State of Emerging Markets: A New Perspective on Clusters and Taxonomies., 2015, IMF Working Paper No. 15/155 (with Zhang, Z.)

Rethinking Financial Deepening: Stability and Growth in Emerging Markets., 2015, IMF Staff Discussion Note 15/08 (with Sahay, R, M. Cihak, P. N'Diaye, A. Barajas, R. Bi, D. Ayala, A. Kyobe, L. Nguyen, C. Saborowski, K. Svirydzenka, and S.R. Yousefi)

Emerging Markets in Transition: Growth Prospects and Challenges., 2014, IMF Staff Discussion Note 14/6 (with Cubeddu, L., A. Culiuc, G. Fayad, K. Kochhar, A. Kyobe, C. Oner, R. Perrelli, S. Sanya, E. Tsounta, Z. Zhang, et al.)

Assessing Reserve Adequacy – Further Considerations., 2013, IMF Policy Paper (with Porter, N., S. DAS, P, De Imus, G. Fayad, S. Hara, A. Khachatryan, K. Moriyama, N. Mwase, R. Perrelli, P. Sharma, et al.)

WORK Experience

# **International Monetary Fund (IMF)**

Washington, DC 6/2018–9/2018

**Summer Intern** (Monetary and Capital Markets Department)

Research focus: Macroprudential Policy, Capital Flow, Panel Analysis

• Co-authored a working paper to examine the role of macroprudential policy in addressing the effects of external shocks on financial stability.

# **International Monetary Fund (IMF)**

Washington, DC 12/2012-8/2015

Research Analyst (Strategy, Policy, and Review Department)

Research focus: International Trade and Finance, Monetary Policy

Researched emerging markets issues in growth, capital flows, foreign-exchange reserves, financial crisis, and monetary & fiscal policies, using data from macro panel dataset (IMF WEO/IFS, WB WDI, UNStats) and financial data platforms (Bloomberg, Haver, Datastream). Provided technical assistance to economists to prepare technical notes, policy papers, and presentations.

# **International Food Policy Research Institute (IFPRI)**

Washington, DC

**Senior Research Assistant** (Market, Trade, and Institutions Division)

9/2011-11/2012

Research focus: International Trade and Macroeconomics

• Conducted quantitative analysis on trade liberalization, biofuels, and economic growth in Africa. Assisted with large dataset consolidation, and programming in GAMS, using data and model platforms such as UN Comtrade, WTO Trade&Tariff, GTAP, MIRAGE and MacMap.

#### **HONORS**

Graduate Teach Assistant Scholarship, University of Washington

Outstanding Master's Thesis Award, Southern Agricultural Economics Association

Graduate Research Assistant Scholarship, University of Tennessee

Intern of Season Award, AIESEC Local Committee in Lodz, Poland

Outstanding Student Leadership Scholarship, Huazhong University of Sci & Tech

2015 – Present

2012

2013

2015 – Present

2015 – Present

2016

2017

2018

2019 – 2011

2007

2007

# TEACH EXPERIENCE

Instructor

(Evaluation: 4.1 / 5)

• SOC/STAT 221 (Statistical Methods for the Social Sciences)

Sum2020

**Teach Assistant** 

(Avg Evaluation: 4.4 / 5)

Foster School of Business

• IS 300 (Intro. to Information Systems), Lab (Excel, Access, MySQL) Aut2017, Aut2020

• QMETH 201 (Introduction to Statistical Methods)

Aut2018

Department of Sociology & Department of Statistics

• SOC 225 (Data and Society), Lab section (Introduction to RStudio)

Spr2020

• SOC/STAT 221 (Statistical Methods for the Social Sciences) Spr2019, Aut2019, Win2020

Department of Economics

• ECON 300 (Intermediate Microeconomics)

Win2017, Spr2017, Win2018, Spr2018

• ECON 201 (Introductory Macroeconomics)

Spr2016, Aut2016

• ECON 200 (Introductory Microeconomics)

Win2016

#### Consultant

• Econometric Consultant for Honors Students Theses in Economics

Win2019, Spr2019

# SKILLS

Programming: Stata, R, LATEX, Matlab, EViews, Gauss, GAMS, SAS

Other: Tableau, Bloomberg, Datastream, Keynote, ArcGIS

Language: Chinese (native), English (full professional), French (beginner)

#### **OTHER**

• Nationality of Chinese

INFORMATION

• Permanent resident of United States

#### REFERENCES

## **Professor Theo Eicher** (committee chair)

Department of Economics University of Washington Seattle, WA, USA +1 (206) 685-8082 te@uw.edu

# **Professor Thomas Gilbert** (committee)

Department of Finance, Business School University of Washington Seattle, WA, USA +1 (206) 616-7184 gilbertt@uw.edu

## **Dr. Tayfun Keskin** (teaching reference)

Dept of Information Systems, Business School University of Washington Seattle, WA, USA +1 (425) 780-5375 keskin@uw.edu

## **Professor Chang-Jin Kim** (committee)

Department of Economics University of Washington Seattle, WA, USA +1 (206) 685-1382 changjin@uw.edu

Erlend W Nier (Deputy Division Chief) Monetary and Capital Markets Department International Monetary Fund Washington, DC, USA +1 (202) 623-4483 ENier@imf.org

# RESEARCH ABSTRACTS

# The Accuracy of IMF Crises Nowcasts. Job Market Paper

(with Theo Eicher)

The International Monetary Fund (IMF) provides loans to countries in economic crises as lender of last resort. Loan approvals are tied to policy reforms and quantitative targets whose scopes are contingent on IMF crisis assessments. An extensive literature scrutinizes the efficacy of IMF loan programs, instead we examine the accuracy of the underlying IMF nowcasts that predicate program design. Analyzing 600 IMF loan programs from 1992 to 2019, we find IMF nowcasts of crisis conditions differ substantially from the actual outcomes. Nowcasts systematically overestimate low GDP growth events and underestimate high growth recoveries to produce, on average, excessively optimistic and inefficient nowcasts. This result is shown to be driven by bias and inefficiency in nowcasts for Low Income countries. Interestingly, shorter nowcast horizons do not improve accuracy. We identify factors that were not properly integrated by inefficient IMF nowcasts including (i) program objectives, (ii) program conditionality, (iii) geographic regions, and (iv) international crises. The accuracy of IMF crises nowcasts for GDP growth improved since 2013, while inflation nowcasts continue to struggle with efficiency.

# Exchange Rates and Domestic Credit – Can Macroprudential Policy Reduce the Link?

(with Erlend Walter Nier and Thorvardur Tjoervi Olafsson)

This paper examines empirically the role of macroprudential policy in addressing the effects of external shocks on financial stability. In a sample of 62 economies over the period of 2000:Q1–2016:Q4, our dynamic panel regressions show that an appreciation of the local exchange rate is associated with a subsequent increase in the domestic credit gap, while a prior tightening of macroprudential policies dampens this effect. These results are strong for small open economies, and robust when we explicitly account for potential simultaneity and reverse causality biases. We also examine a feedback effect where strong domestic credit pulls in additional cross-border funding, potentially further increasing systemic risk, and find that targeted capital controls can play a complementary role in alleviating this effect.