Assignment 2

Assignment Policy: Read all the instructions below carefully before you start working on the assignment, and before you make a submission.

- This assignment is divided into two parts: theoretical and programming. We strongly advise you to typeset your entries in Latex. With your submission, please include your name and student code. Late submissions will incur a 5% penalty per day, up to a maximum of three days, beyond which submissions will be rejected.
- For the programming questions, please include the plots required and answers to subparts in the same file which contains solutions to the theory problems. Use the name Colab assignment2.ipynb for programming questions.

Problem 1: Language models (5 points)

Assume you are given the following corpus of text:

I like dogs You like some cats I hate some cats You like white dogs I like you

Provide the equation for bigram probabilities and estimate all bigram probabilities for this corpus (ignore casing, e.g., treat you and You as the same token). Present the probabilities in a tabular format:

Bigram	Probability
P(like I)	·
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Programming 2: Sentiment analysis: 10 points

This problem will require programming in Python 3. The goal is to build a feedforward NN model that you learnt from the class on a real-world sentiment classification dataset. The dataset you will be using is collected from IMDB movie reviews datasetn(https://drive.google.com/file/d/13Rn9m_6dKPpImqeMGXpRwfQgBCrULL6 i/view?usp=sharing). The dataset has been split into a training, a development and a test set.

First, implement and train a feedforward NN model with TF-IDF. And then train your model using word2vec embedding. Report both training and development accuracy on the dataset. *Try to use stochastic gradient descent or (mini-batch) stochastic gradient descent!*

Your implementation should be structured like this.

```
# load dataset into memory
def load_data (filename):

# turn a dataset into clean tokens
def clean_data(doc, vocab):

# preprocess the dataset
def process_data():

# define the model
def define_model():

classify a review as negative or positive.
def predict sentiment():
```