$9.4\colon \mathsf{Does}\ \mathsf{you}\ \mathsf{results}\ \mathsf{in}\ \mathsf{parts}\ \mathsf{(a)}\ \mathsf{and}\ \mathsf{(c)}\ \mathsf{match?}\ \mathsf{If}\ \mathsf{not},\ \mathsf{why}\ \mathsf{not?}$

The results did not match due to aliasing

```
1 %Part B
x = [1 -1 0 2 1 0 0 3];
3 h = [1121-1];
5 %Part C
6 N=8;
7 X = fft(x,N);
8 H = fft(h,N);
  Y=X.\star H;
10 y = ifft(Y,N);
n = 0:7;
12 figure(1)
14 stem(n,y);
15 xlabel('samples[n]')
16 ylabel('y[n] = x[n]*h[n]')
17 title('Convolution y[n] = x[n]*h[n] | N = 8')
18 grid
19
  if FINALPLOTS
20
       print -deps PS9-4-1.eps
21
22 end
23
25 %its does not match due to aliasing
27 %part E
28 N=32;
29 \quad X = fft(x,N);
30 H = fft(h,N);
31 Y=X.*H;
y = ifft(Y,N);
33 n = 0:31;
34
35 figure(2)
36 stem(n,y);
37 xlabel('samples[n]')
38 ylabel('y[n] = x[n] *h[n]')
39 title('Convolution y[n] = x[n]*h[n] | N = 32')
40 grid
41
42 if FINALPLOTS
       print -deps PS9-4-2.eps
43
44 end
```

Code 1: matlab script for Problem 4

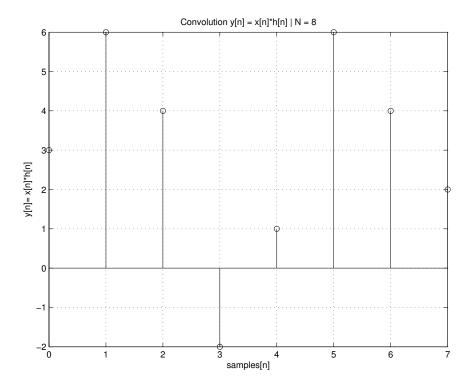


Figure 9.5-1: 4 Part C

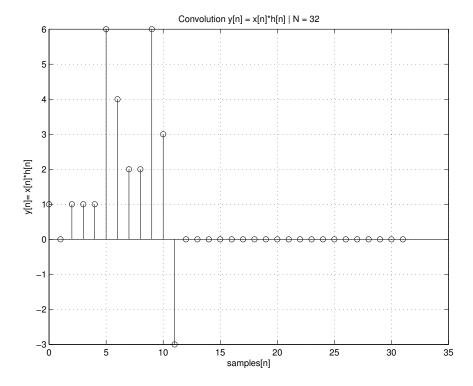


Figure 9.5-2: 4 Part E

A: Which filter needs the highest order? Which is the lowest?

Butterworth N: 11 Chebyshev N: 6 Elliptic N: 4

ButterWorth has the highest order while Elliptic has the Lowest.

C: Can you explain the features of the frequency responses from the poles and zeros?

For the ButterWorth Filter all the zeros corespond to real -1 while all the poles circle around real 1 and in the imaginary domain.

For the Chebyshev Filter the zeros wrapped around the imaginary 1 and -1 while the poles get closer to 0 in both the real and imaginary point.

For the Elliptic Filter the zeros are around the imaginary domain leaning towards the positive real side. The poles around the positive real.

Code: 1

```
%Problem 9.5 (b)
3 Omegap = 0.2;
4 Omegas = 0.3;
5 d1 = 0.02;
6 d2 = 0.05;
  Rp = -20 * log10 (1-d1);
   Rs = -20 * log10 (d2);
  %Butterworth:
   [N_butter, Omegan_butter] = buttord(Omegap, Omegas, Rp, Rs);
   [bbutter, abutter] = butter(N_butter, Omegan_butter);
14 disp('Butterworth N:')
15 disp(N_butter)
  [H_butter Omega_Butter] = freqz(bbutter, abutter, 8192);
17
18 figure (1)
19 clf
20 subplot (311)
21 plot(Omega_Butter/pi,20*log10(abs(H_butter)))
22 axis([0 1 -100 0]);
23 xlabel('Frequency (\omega/\pi)')
24 ylabel('|H(e^{j\omega})|')
25 title('Butterworth Filter')
26 grid
27 subplot (312)
28 plot (Omega_Butter/pi,abs(H_butter))
29 axis([0 Omegap 1-d1 1+d1])
30 xlabel('Frequency (\omega/\pi)')
31 ylabel('|H(e^{j\omega})|')
32 title('Butterworth Filter Passband Detail')
```

```
33 subplot (313)
34 plot(Omega_Butter/pi,abs(H_butter))
35 axis([Omegas 1 0 d2])
36 xlabel('Frequency (\omega/\pi)')
37 ylabel('|H(e^{j\omega})|')
38 title('Butterworth Filter Stopband Detail')
40
41
42 if FINALPLOTS
     print -deps PS9-5-1.eps
44 end
45
46
47 %Chebyshev Type II:
48 [N_Chebyshev, Omegan_Chebyshev] = cheb2ord(Omegap, Omegas, Rp, Rs);
49 [bcheby2, acheby2] = cheby2(N_Chebyshev, Rs, Omegan_Chebyshev);
50 [H_Chebyshev, Omega_Chebyshev] = freqz(bcheby2, acheby2, 8192);
51
52 disp('Chebyshev N')
53 disp(N_Chebyshev)
54
55 figure(2)
56 clf
57 subplot (311)
59 plot (Omega_Chebyshev/pi,20*log10(abs(H_Chebyshev)))
60 xlabel('Frequency (\omega/\pi)')
61 ylabel('|H(e^{j\omega})|')
62 title('Chebyshev Type 2 Filter')
63 axis([0 1 -100 0])
64 grid
65 subplot (312)
66 plot (Omega_Chebyshev/pi,abs(H_Chebyshev))
67 axis([0 Omegap 1-d1 1+d1])
68 xlabel('Frequency (\omega/\pi)')
69 ylabel('|H(e^{j\omega})|')
70 title('Chebyshev Type 2 Filter Passband Detail')
71 subplot (313)
72 plot (Omega_Chebyshev/pi,abs(H_Chebyshev))
73 axis([Omegas 1 0 d2])
74 xlabel('Frequency (\omega/\pi)')
75 ylabel('|H(e^{j\omega})|')
76 title('Chebyshev Type 2 Filter Stopband Detail')
   if FINALPLOTS
       print -deps PS9-5-2.eps
79
80
  end
81
82
83 %Elliptic filter:
84
  [N_Elliptic, Omegan_Elliptic] = ellipord(Omegap, Omegas, Rp, Rs);
85
86 [bElliptic,aElliptic] = ellip(N_Elliptic,Rp,Rs,Omegan_Elliptic);
  [H_Elliptic, Omega_Elliptic] = freqz(bElliptic, aElliptic, 8192);
87
88
89 disp('Elliptic N')
90 disp(N_Elliptic)
92 figure(3)
93 clf
94 subplot (311)
```

```
Code: 1 (continued)
95 plot(Omega_Elliptic/pi,20*log10(abs(H_Elliptic)))
96 xlabel('Frequency (\omega/\pi)')
98 title('Elliptic Filter')
99 axis([0 1 -100 0])
100 grid
101 subplot (312)
102 plot (Omega_Elliptic/pi,abs(H_Elliptic))
103 axis([0 Omegap 1-d1 1+d1])
104 xlabel('Frequency (\omega/\pi)')
105 ylabel('|H(e^{j\omega})|')
106 title('Elliptic Filter Passband Detail')
107 subplot (313)
108 plot(Omega_Elliptic/pi,abs(H_Elliptic))
109 axis([Omegas 1 0 d2])
110 xlabel('Frequency (\omega/\pi)')
111 ylabel('|H(e^{j\omega})|')
112 title('Elliptic Filter Stopband Detail')
113
114 if FINALPLOTS
    print -deps PS9-5-3.eps
115
116 end
117
118 %Part 3
119 %Butterworth
120 figure (4)
121 xlabel('Re(z)')
122 ylabel('Im(z)')
123 title('Dzplot of a ButterWorth Filter')
124 grid
125 dpzplot(bbutter, abutter)
126
127 if FINALPLOTS
       print -deps PS9-5-4.eps
128
129 end
130
131 %Chebyshev
132 figure (5)
133 xlabel('Re(z)')
134 ylabel('Im(z)')
135 title('Dzplot of a Chebyshev Filter')
137 dpzplot (bcheby2, acheby2)
   if FINALPLOTS
       print -deps PS9-5-5.eps
140
141 end
142
143 %Elliptic
144 figure (6)
145 xlabel('Re(z)')
146 ylabel('Im(z)')
147 title('Dzplot of a Elliptic Filter')
148 grid
149 dpzplot (bElliptic, aElliptic)
150
   if FINALPLOTS
151
```

Code 2: matlab script for Problem 5

print -deps PS9-5-6.eps

152 153 end

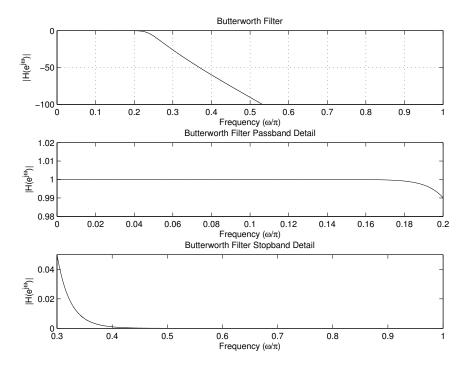


Figure 9.5-3: ButterWorth Filter

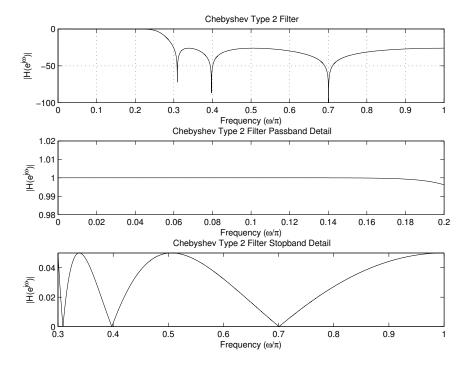


Figure 9.5-4: Chebyshev Filter

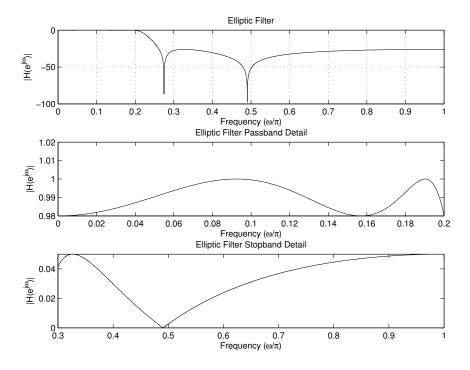


Figure 9.5-5: Elliptic Filter

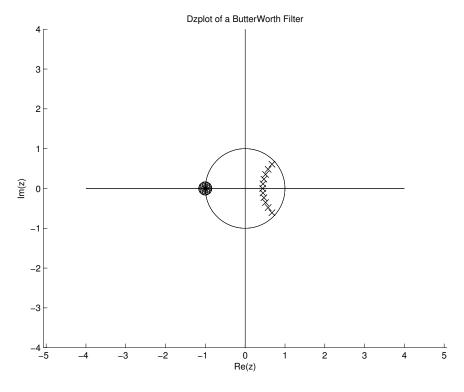


Figure 9.5-6: ButterWorth Zeroplot

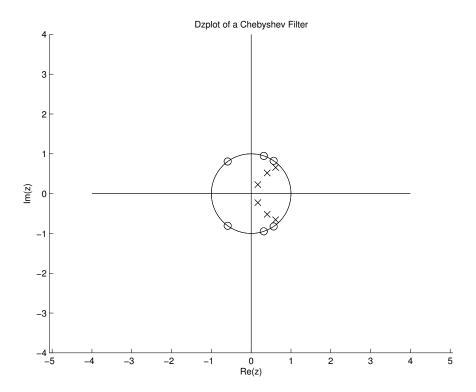


Figure 9.5-7: Chebyshev Zeroplot

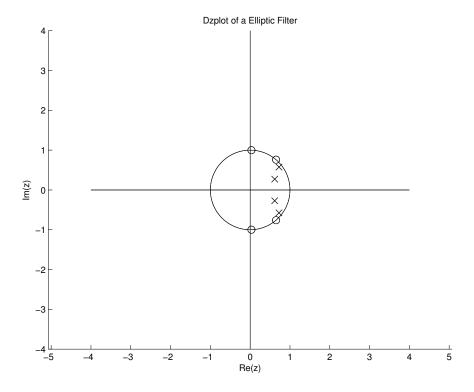


Figure 9.5-8: Elliptic Zeroplot