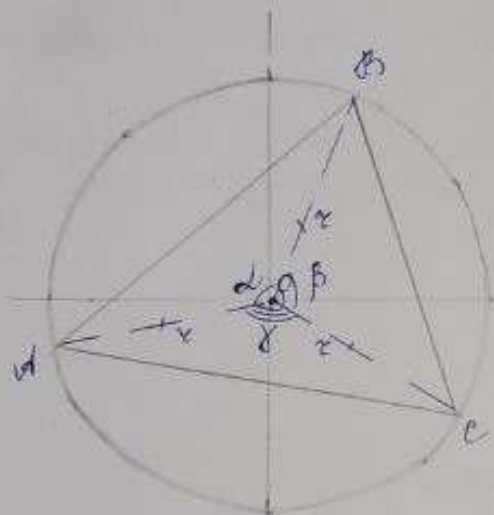


Don n 5

Вариант 12

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 и 5130904/30002



$$AO = BO = CO = r$$

$$\angle AOB = \alpha, \angle BOC = \beta, \angle AOC = \gamma$$

$$S_{AOB} = S_1 = \frac{1}{2} AO BO \sin \angle AOB = \frac{1}{2} r^2 \sin \alpha$$

$$S_{BOC} = S_2 = \frac{1}{2} BO CO \sin \angle BOC = \frac{1}{2} r^2 \sin \beta$$

$$S_{COA} = S_3 = \frac{1}{2} CO AO \sin \angle AOC = \frac{1}{2} r^2 \sin \gamma$$

$$S = S_1 + S_2 + S_3 = \frac{1}{2} r^2 (\sin \alpha + \sin \beta + \sin \gamma)$$

Значение максимуме

$$\alpha + \beta + \gamma = 2\pi, \text{ где } \alpha, \beta, \gamma > 0 - \text{ углы в треугольнике}$$

Функция

$$F(\alpha, \beta, \gamma, \lambda) = \frac{1}{2} r^2 (\sin \alpha + \sin \beta + \sin \gamma) + \lambda (\alpha + \beta + \gamma - 2\pi)$$

$$\begin{cases} \frac{\partial F}{\partial \alpha} = \frac{1}{2} r^2 \cos \alpha + \lambda \\ \frac{\partial F}{\partial \beta} = \frac{1}{2} r^2 \cos \beta + \lambda \\ \frac{\partial F}{\partial \gamma} = \frac{1}{2} r^2 \cos \gamma + \lambda \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2} r^2 \cos \alpha + \lambda = 0 \\ \frac{1}{2} r^2 \cos \beta + \lambda = 0 \\ \frac{1}{2} r^2 \cos \gamma + \lambda = 0 \\ \alpha + \beta + \gamma = 2\pi \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} \lambda = -\frac{1}{2} r^2 \cos \alpha \\ \lambda = -\frac{1}{2} r^2 \cos \beta \\ \lambda = -\frac{1}{2} r^2 \cos \gamma \\ \alpha + \beta + \gamma = 2\pi \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} 0 = -\frac{1}{2} r^2 (\cos \alpha - \cos \beta) \quad | : (-\frac{1}{2} r^2) \\ 0 = -\frac{1}{2} r^2 (\cos \beta - \cos \gamma) \quad | : (-\frac{1}{2} r^2) \\ 0 = -\frac{1}{2} r^2 (\cos \gamma - \cos \alpha) \quad | : (-\frac{1}{2} r^2) \\ \alpha + \beta + \gamma = 2\pi \end{cases} \quad \text{где } r \neq 0$$

$$\begin{cases} \cos \alpha = \cos \beta \\ \cos \beta = \cos \gamma \\ \cos \alpha = \cos \gamma \\ \alpha + \beta + \gamma = 2\pi \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} \alpha = \beta \\ \beta = \gamma \\ \alpha = \gamma \\ \alpha = \beta = \gamma = \frac{2\pi}{3} \end{cases} \Rightarrow \alpha = \beta = \gamma = \frac{2\pi}{3}$$

$$F''_{\alpha\alpha} = -\frac{1}{2} r^2 \sin \alpha \quad F''_{\alpha\beta} = 0$$

$$F''_{\beta\beta} = -\frac{1}{2} r^2 \sin \beta \quad F''_{\alpha\gamma} = 0$$

$$F''_{\gamma\gamma} = -\frac{1}{2} r^2 \sin \gamma \quad F''_{\beta\gamma} = 0$$

$$\text{в точке } (\frac{2\pi}{3}, \frac{2\pi}{3}, \frac{2\pi}{3})$$

$$F''_{\alpha\alpha} = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} r^2$$

$$F''_{\beta\beta} = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} r^2$$

$$F''_{\gamma\gamma} = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} r^2$$

$$-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} d\alpha^2 - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} d\beta^2 - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} d\gamma^2 < 0 \Rightarrow \text{точка максимума}$$

Тогда $AO = BO = CO = r$ и $\angle AOB = \angle BOC = \angle COA \Rightarrow$
 $\triangle AOB = \triangle BOC = \triangle COA \Rightarrow AB = BC = AC \Rightarrow \triangle ABC$ - равносторонний.

Значит, треугольник, вписанный в круг, имеет наибольший периметр, когда он равносторонний.