

BRAC UNIVERSITY
Department of Computer Science and Engineering

Examination: Mid Term
 Duration: 1 hour 15 minutes

Semester: Spring 2023
 Full Marks: 25

CSE 340: Computer Architecture

Answer the following questions.
 Figures in the right margin indicate marks.
 Understanding the question is part of the exam.

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1. CO1 a) Is MIPS a RISC or CISC architecture? **State** the differences between these two architectures based on what we have learned about MIPS. 3
- b) Consider an implementation of MIPS ISA with a 500 MHz clock and 3
- each ALU instruction takes 2 clock cycles,
 - each branch/jump instruction takes 3 clock cycles,
 - each *sw* instruction takes 5 clock cycles,
 - each *lw* instruction takes 4 clock cycles.
- Also, consider a program that, during its execution, executes:
- x = 200 million ALU instructions
 - y = 55 million branch/jump instructions
 - z = 20 million *sw* instructions
 - w = 25 million *lw* instructions
- Identify the CPU time.**
- c) Suppose you are developing two new machine learning systems where System 1 takes 3 days, and System 2 takes 5 days. System 2 heavily depends on text processing, which takes 67% of the total time. What will be the new execution time for System 2 if you want to improve that specific process by 4 times? 3
- If the Reference time for both System 1 and 2 is 7 days, what is the SPEC Ratio for System 1 and System 2 after the improvement? *Find their Geometric mean.*
2. CO2 a) **Convert** the following MIPS instruction to 32-bit machine code. Show your answer in hex format. 2
- sll \$17, \$18, 11
- Consider the identifying value for the instruction is 56. *Correction 5*
- b) **Calculate** the target address in hexadecimal for the given instruction: 3
- j Label_Exit
- Consider PC contains 0xD7A431BF; and the offset value (in decimal) is 455.

- c) Suppose, C[] is a character array. Convert the following C code to MIPS code. Assume a, b, and the base address of C[] is located in \$s1, \$s2, and \$s0, respectively. Your code should be as optimized as possible. 5

```
for (int a = 3; C[a] >= C[a + 7]; a = a + 2){
    int b = 1
    while ( b < 7 ) {
        C[b + 9] = C[b];
        b++;
    }
}
```

- d) Translate the following code written in C programming language into MIPS Assembly instructions. You may assume that the values in the variables a and b inside the maze function are stored in the argument registers \$a0 and \$a1, respectively. Also, the value in the variable z is in \$s7. 6

```
int maze(int a, int b){
    if (a < b){
        int z = 0xBE031C71;
        b = (b * 33) + 2;
        if (z == b){
            return z;
        }
        else{
            return b;
        }
    }

    return a;
}
```

Breathe. Smile. It may be a bad day, not a bad life...