CHE101_03_QUIZ_2_Fall_2023

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SECTION *

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For the reaction $2NO_2 + F_2 \rightarrow 2NO_2F$, following mechanism has been provided,

$$NO_2 + F_2 \rightarrow NO_2F + F \dots$$
 (Slow)

$$NO_2 + F \rightarrow NO_2F \dots$$
 (Fast)

The rate law expression for the reaction is:

$$r = K [NO_2]^2 [F_2]$$

 $r = K [F_2]$

Option 1

Option 2

$$r = K [NO_2]$$

r = K [NO₂] [F₂]

Option 3

Option 4

If the initial concentration of a reactant was reduced from 4M to 2M in 1 hour 1 point and from 2M to 1M in 0.5 hours, the order of the reaction is
One One
O Two
Zero
○ Three
The addition of a catalyst during a chemical reaction alters which of the following quantities?
Entropy
O Internal energy
Enthalpy
Activation energy

A reaction is first-order with respect to A and second-order with respect to B. The concentration of B is increased three times. The new rate of the reaction would:	
O Decrease 9 times	
O Increase 9 times	
O Increase 6 times	
O Decrease 6 times	
Order of a reaction can have a fractional value.	1 point
O True	
○ False	
	1 point
K for a zero-order reaction is 2×10^{-2} mol L ⁻¹ s ⁻¹ . If the concentration of the reactant after 25 sec is 0.5 M, the initial concentration must have been:	
O.5 M	
O 1.25 M	
O 12.5 M	
○ 1.0 M	

1 point

In the reaction, $A + 2B \rightarrow 6C + 2D$, if the initial rate -d[A]/dt at t = 0 is 2.6×10^{-2} M s⁻¹, what will be the value of -d[B]/dt at t = 0?

- 0.085 M/s
- 0.025 M/s
- 0.052 M/s
- 0.075 M/s

Which of the following expressions is correct for zero order and first order 1 point respectively [where 'a' is the initial concentration]? $t_{1/2} \propto a; \, t_{1/2} \propto 1/a$ $t_{1/2} \propto a$; $t_{1/2} \propto a^0$ Option 1 Option 2 $t_{1/2} \propto a^0; \, t_{1/2} \propto a$ $t_{1/2} \propto a; t_{1/2} \propto 1/a^2$ Option 3 Option 4

Consider the following rate expression, Rate = $K[C_2H_5OH]^{7/2}$. The order of reaction and unit of the rate constant are, respectively-

$$7/2$$
; K = mol⁻¹ L s⁻¹

5/2; K = mol⁻¹ L s⁻¹

Option 1

Option 2

$$7/2$$
; K = mol^{5/2} L^{-5/2} s⁻¹

7/2; K = mol^{-5/2} L^{5/2} s⁻¹

Option 3

Option 4

The nature of the reaction represented in the graph is: 1 point Activated complex Potential energy Activation energy ΔH. $H_{2} + I_{2}$ Reaction coordinate Endothermic reaction Exothermic reaction Both endothermic and exothermic reactions are represented by the same graph None of the above

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