

Analysis Harvard Library Data

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2025-11-25

```
# Load necessary libraries
pacman::p_load(ggplot2, dplyr, tidyr, dslabs, car, pastecs, broom, performance, see)

# Load the Harvard library dataset
data <- read.csv("all_data_02.csv")

#head(data)

data <- read.csv("all_data_02.csv")

#rename language column
colnames(data)[colnames(data) == "languge"] <- "language"

#keep only text resources and drop rows with missing essential fields

data_clean <- data %>%
  filter(
    resource_type == "text",
    !is.na(title),
    !is.na(author),
    !is.na(publication_date),
    !is.na(language),
    !is.na(genre),
    !is.na(creation_date),
    publication_date != "")

#remove "No linguistic content & Not applicable"

data_clean <- data_clean %>%
  filter(language != "No linguistic content; Not applicable")

#save csv clean
write.csv(data_clean, "data_cleaned.csv", row.names = FALSE)

#unique(data_clean$language)

#count english books
english_books <- data_clean %>%
  filter(language == "English") %>% nrow()
```

```
english_books
```

```
[1] 4690
```

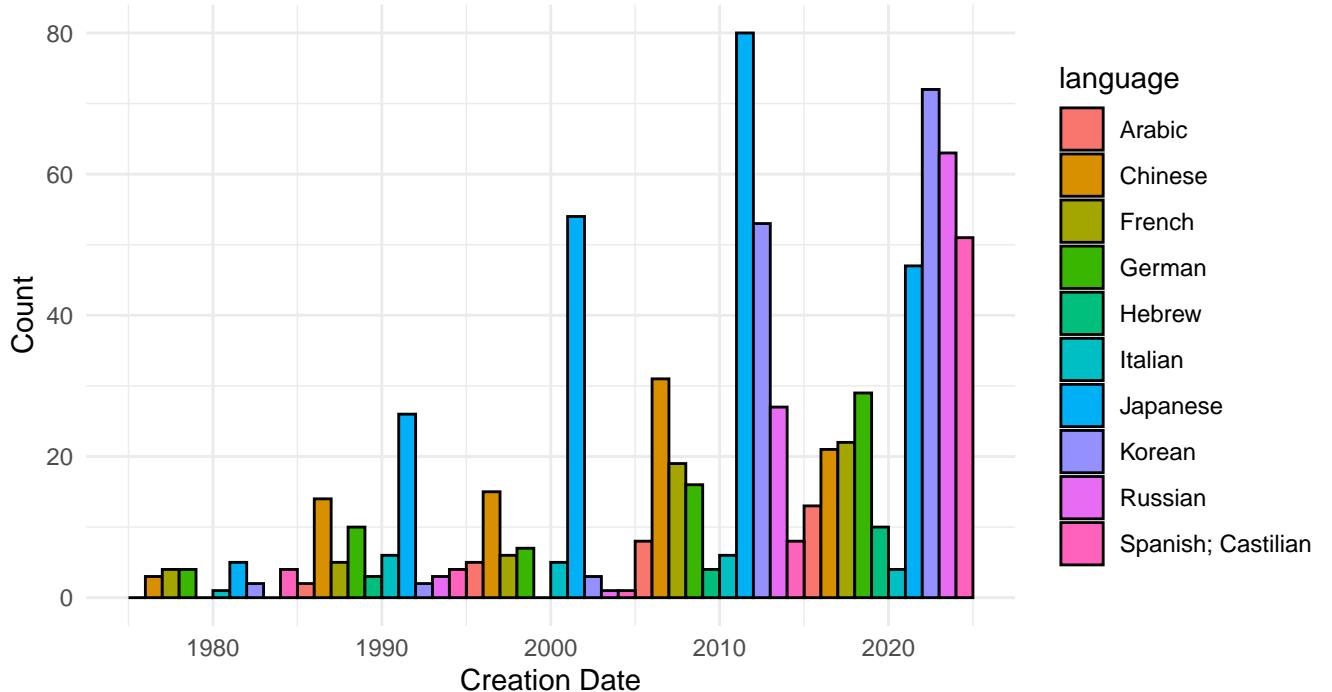
```
#publication date format  
  
data_clean <- data_clean %>%  
mutate(  
  creation_date = gsub("[^0-9]", "", creation_date),  
  creation_date = ifelse(nchar(creation_date) == 4, creation_date, NA),  
  creation_date = as.integer(creation_date))  
  
range(data_clean$creation_date, na.rm = TRUE)
```

```
[1] 1969 2027
```

```
#filter for 1980 - 2025  
  
data_clean <- data_clean %>%  
  filter(creation_date >= 1980 & creation_date <= 2025)
```

```
#plot number of books in selected languages by publication date  
  
top_languages <- data_clean %>%  
  count(language, sort = TRUE) %>%  
  slice_head(n = 11) %>%  
  pull(language)  
  
data_top <- data_clean %>%  
  filter(language %in% top_languages, language != "English")  
  
ggplot(data_top, aes(x = creation_date, fill = language)) +  
  geom_histogram(binwidth = 10, position = "dodge", color = "black") +  
  labs(title = "Books by Creation Date and Language",  
       x = "Creation Date",  
       y = "Count") +  
  theme_minimal()
```

Books by Creation Date and Language



```

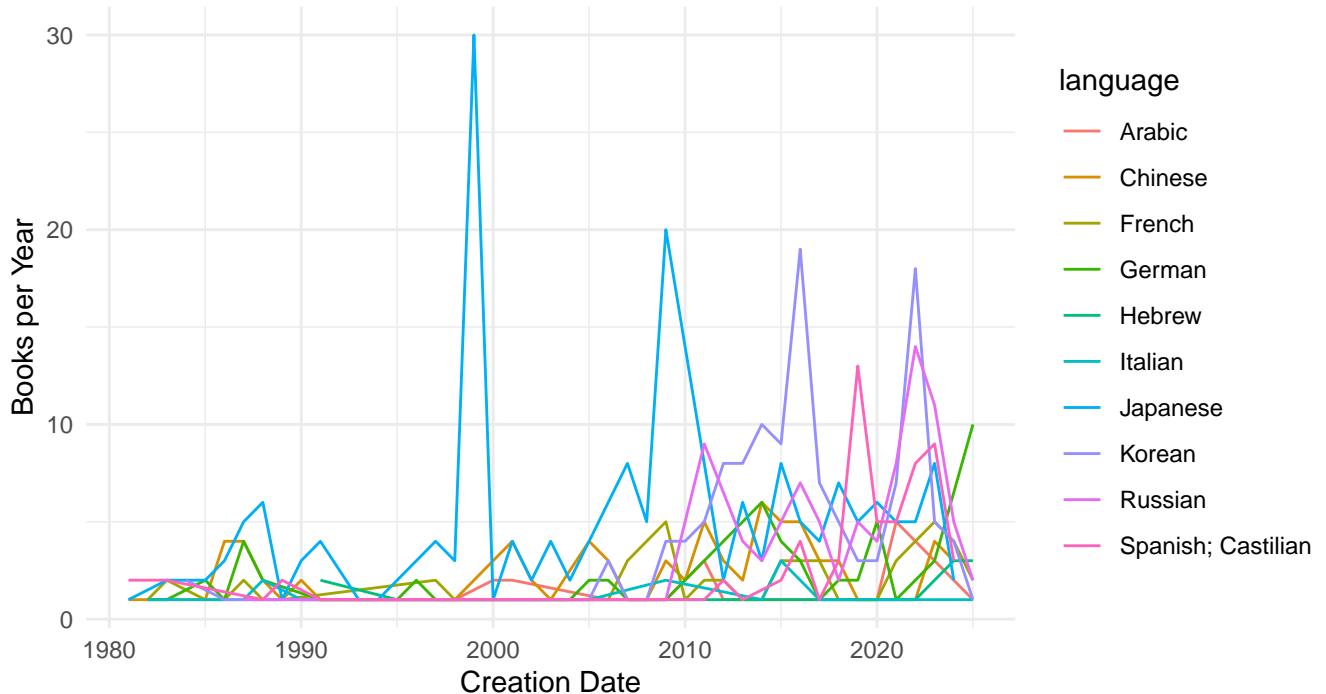
data_yearly <- data_clean %>%
  count(creation_date, name = "total_books")

data_language_yearly <- data_clean %>%
  count(creation_date, language, name = "language_books")

trend_data <- data_language_yearly %>%
  filter(creation_date >= 1980, creation_date <= 2025,
         language %in% top_languages, language != "English")

ggplot(trend_data, aes(x = creation_date, y = language_books, color = language)) +
  geom_line() +
  labs(title = "Trends in Book Creation (2000-2025)",
       x = "Creation Date",
       y = "Books per Year") +
  theme_minimal()
  
```

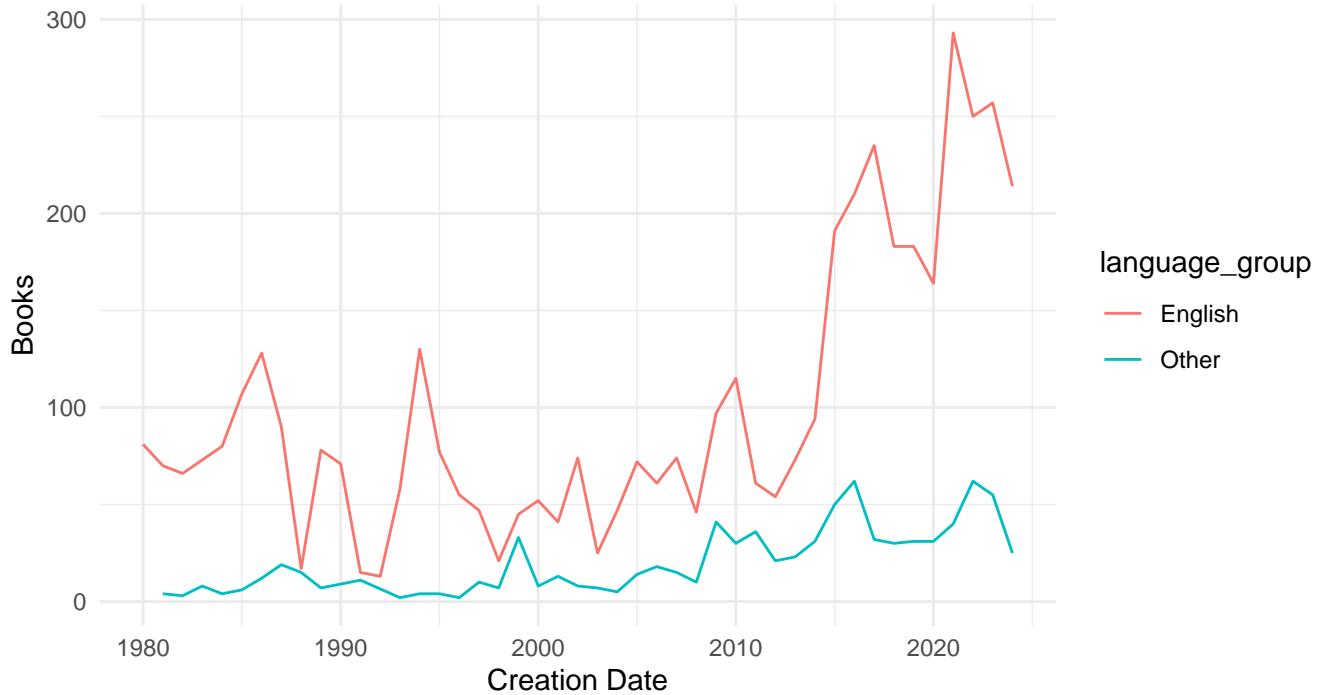
Trends in Book Creation (2000–2025)



```
data_grouped <- data_clean %>%
  mutate(language_group = ifelse(language == "English", "English", "Other")) %>%
  count(creation_date, language_group) %>%
  filter(between(creation_date, 1980, 2024))

ggplot(data_grouped, aes(x = creation_date, y = n, color = language_group)) +
  geom_line() +
  labs(title = "English vs Other Languages (1980–2024)",
       x = "Creation Date",
       y = "Books") +
  theme_minimal()
```

English vs Other Languages (1980–2024)



```

demographics <- read.csv("harvard_demographics - corrected.csv") %>%
  mutate(non_resident_ratio = non_resident / total_nr,
        resident_ratio = (total_nr - non_resident) / total_nr)

data_grouped <- data_grouped %>%
  left_join(demographics, by = c("creation_date" = "year"))

data_yearly <- data_clean %>%
  count(creation_date, name = "total_books")

# collapse languages into English vs Foreign
data_pooled <- data_clean %>%
  mutate(language_group = ifelse(language == "English", "English", "Foreign")) %>%
  count(creation_date, language_group, name = "books")

# reshape into wide form: English, Foreign per year
data_pooled <- data_pooled %>%
  tidyr::pivot_wider(
    names_from = language_group,
    values_from = books,
    values_fill = 0
  )

# join totals
data_pooled <- data_pooled %>%
  left_join(data_yearly, by = "creation_date")

# compute shares
  
```

```

data_pooled <- data_pooled %>%
  mutate(
    english_share = English / total_books,
    foreign_share = Foreign / total_books
  )

# join demographics
data_pooled <- data_pooled %>%
  filter(creation_date %in% demographics$year) %>%
  left_join(demographics, by = c("creation_date" = "year"))

model <- lm(foreign_share ~ non_resident_ratio + creation_date, data = data_pooled)

summary(model)

```

Call:
`lm(formula = foreign_share ~ non_resident_ratio + creation_date,
 data = data_pooled)`

Residuals:

Min	1Q	Median	3Q	Max
-0.113651	-0.043566	-0.000739	0.040440	0.170705

Coefficients:

	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t)
(Intercept)	-7.450165	24.201236	-0.308	0.761
non_resident_ratio	-1.335717	2.943780	-0.454	0.655
creation_date	0.003942	0.012338	0.319	0.753

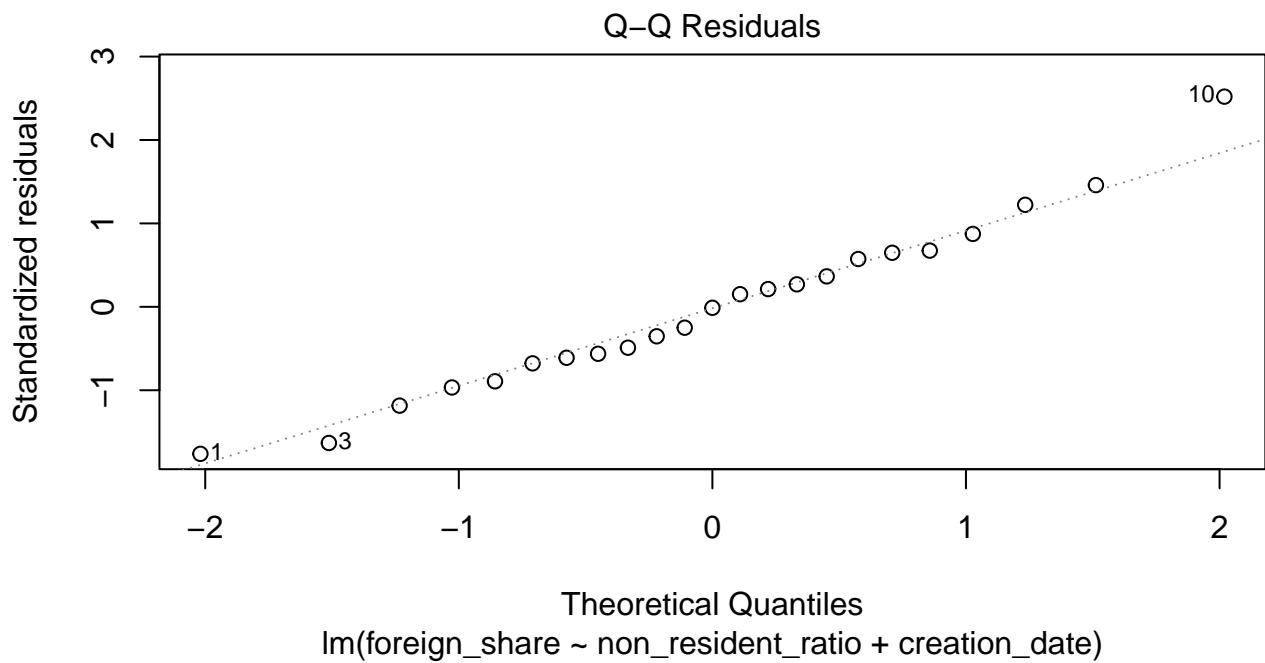
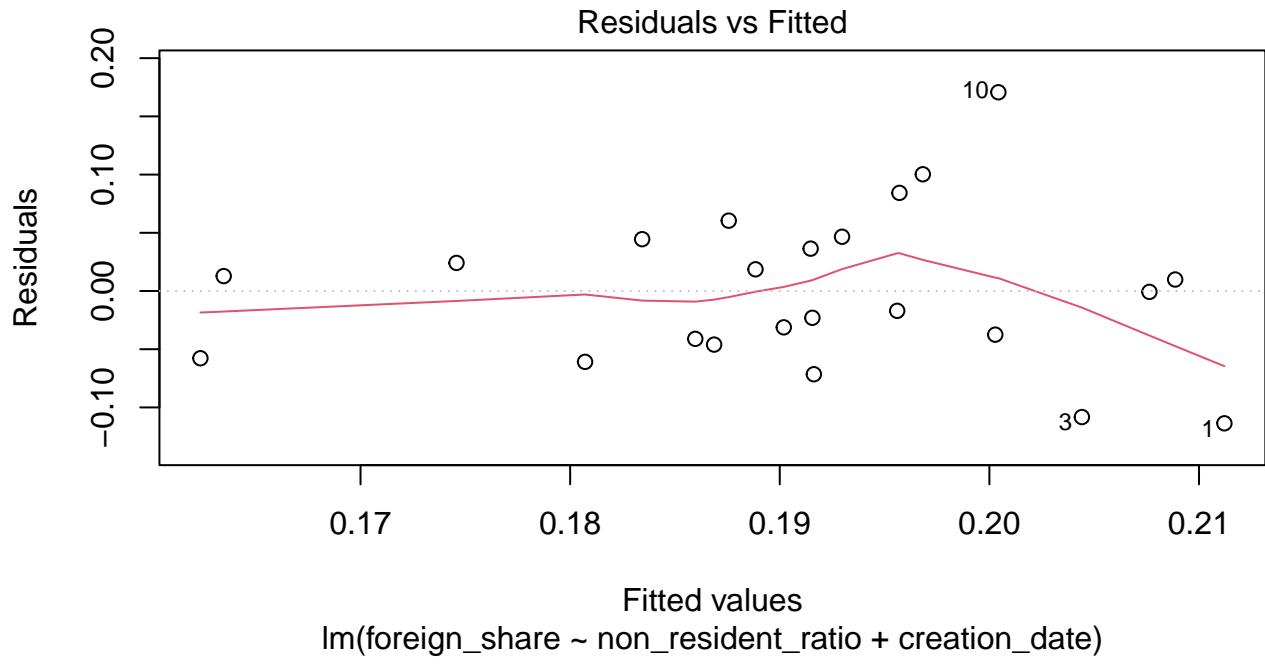
Residual standard error: 0.07086 on 20 degrees of freedom
 Multiple R-squared: 0.03379, Adjusted R-squared: -0.06283
 F-statistic: 0.3497 on 2 and 20 DF, p-value: 0.7091

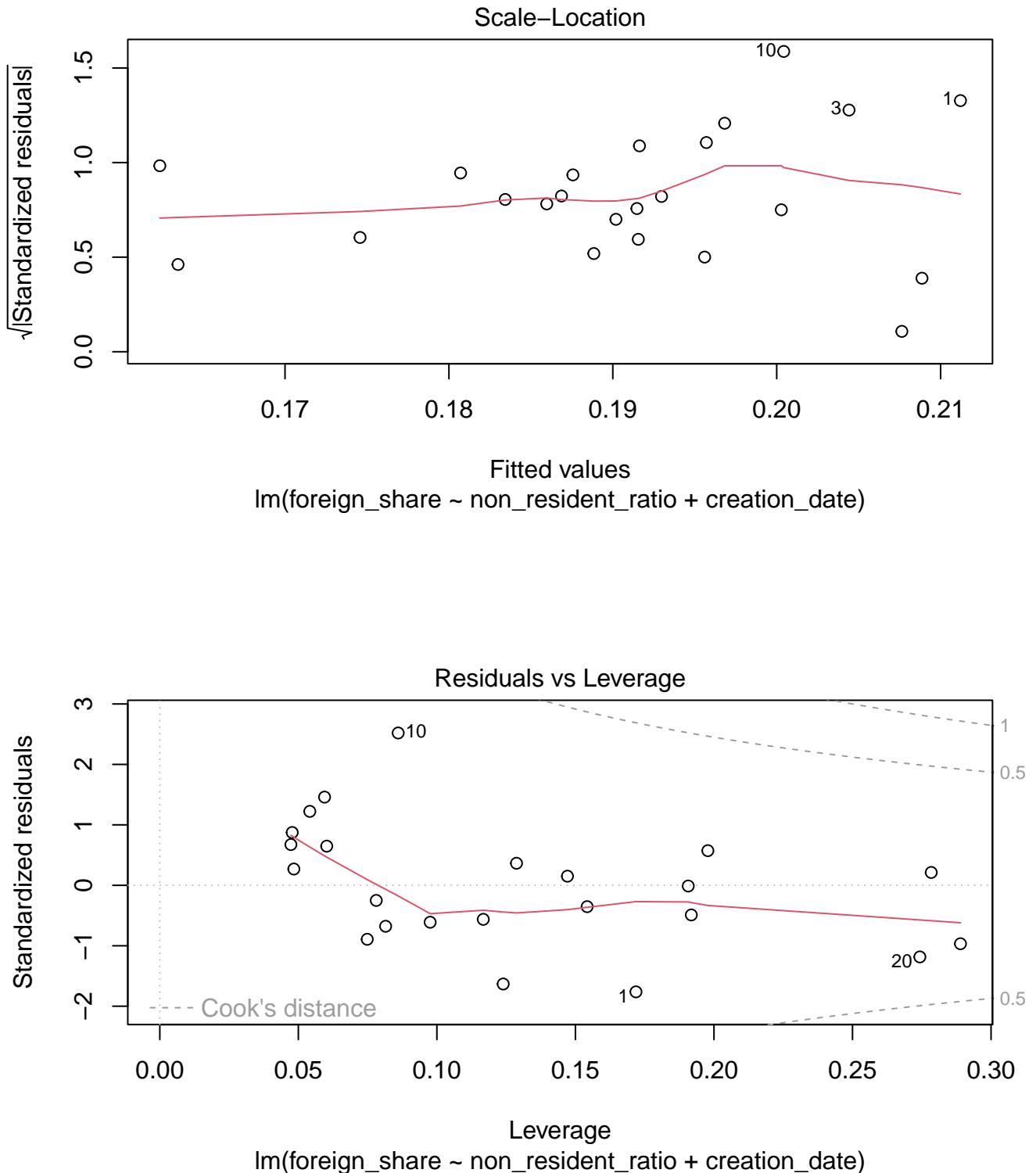
```

#check assumptions 1 by 1

plot(model)

```





```
combined <- data_pooled %>%
  select(year = creation_date, foreign_share) %>%
```

```

left_join(
  demographics %>% select(year, non_resident_ratio),
  by = "year"
) %>%
pivot_longer(
  cols = c(foreign_share, non_resident_ratio),
  names_to = "variable",
  values_to = "value"
)

# plot both lines together
ggplot(combined, aes(x = year, y = value, color = variable)) +
  geom_line(size = 0.5) +
  geom_point(size = 1) +
  scale_color_manual(
    values = c(
      foreign_share = "red",
      non_resident_ratio = "blue"
    ),
    labels = c(
      foreign_share = "Foreign Book Share",
      non_resident_ratio = "Non-resident Student Ratio"
    )
  ) +
  labs(
    title = "Foreign Language Book Ratio vs Non-resident Student Ratio",
    x = "Year",
    y = "Ratio (0-1)",
    color = "Variable"
  ) +
  theme_minimal()

```

Foreign Language Book Ratio vs Non–resident Student Ratio

