Notes: Layers of the Earth

<u>Crust</u>

Outer layer; covers the whole earth; varies in thickness from 5 to 60 Km. Together with the upper mantle, is part of a zone called the **lithosphere**.

There are 2 kinds of crust: **continental crust** and **oceanic crust**.

Continental Crust

- Exists under continents
- Average thickness is <u>30-50 Km</u> (thickest under mountains), although it can be as thin as 10 Km in places
- Chemical composition: <u>rocks rich in calcium and aluminum</u> silicates
 - **Note: a silicate contains the molecule, SiO₂
- Common rock types: granite and rhyolite
- Rocks are less dense, lighter in color than oceanic crust

Oceanic Crust

- Exists under oceans
- Average thickness is <u>7 Km</u>
- Chemical composition: <u>rocks rich in iron and magnesium silicates</u>
- Common rock types: basalt, obsidian, gabbro
- Rocks are more dense, darker in color than continental crust

Mantle (Chemical Composition: iron & magnesium silicates)

- Lies underneath the crust
- 2900 Km thick
- The <u>lithosphere</u> is a <u>zone</u> made of the <u>upper mantle</u> and <u>entire</u> <u>crust</u>. It is made of cool, hard rock.
- Most (but not the very upper part) of the mantle is <u>plastic rock</u>: is both solid and molten at the same time. This <u>zone</u> is called the <u>asthenosphere.</u>
- Underneath the asthenosphere is the mesosphere, which is solid.

The **asthenosphere** has **convection currents**, where matter rises to the top, cools, then comes back down again, in a **continuous** cycle.

Core

Center of the Earth; ~ 3500 Km thick

Outer Core

- Made of molten iron and nickel
- 2270 Km thick

Inner Core

- Made of <u>solid</u> iron and <u>nickel</u>. Is solid because of <u>the extreme</u> pressures it is under.
- 1220 Km thick

As we progress from the exterior to the interior of the Earth:

- <u>Temperature increases</u>
- Pressure increases
- Density increases
- Chemical compsition changes

Earth may be divided into 3 layers based on chemical composition

- Crust
- Mantle
- Core

Earth may be divided into 5 layers based on physical properties

- <u>Lithosphere</u>
- <u>Asthenosphere</u>
- <u>Mesosphere</u>
- Outer core
- Inner core