

MY SQL Practice

Create a database.

Use the same database.

```
Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement.
```

```
mysql> create database sju;  
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
```

```
mysql> use sju;  
Database changed  
mysql> |
```

Create a table employee with fields/attributes “ emp_id, emp_name, designation, years_of_exp, age, city”.

```
mysql> create table employee(emp_id int,emp_name varchar(20),designation varchar(20),yrs_exp int ,age int ,city varchar (20));  
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.03 sec)
```

Insert 5 records into employee.

```
mysql> insert into employee values(01,'rekha','analyst',2, 19, "banglore");  
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)  
  
mysql> insert into employee values (02,'rohan','manager',3,20,'manglore');  
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)  
  
mysql> insert into employee values (03,'gagan','hr',2.3,18,'mysore');  
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)  
  
mysql> insert into employee values (04,'arjun','devloper',3,21,'mandya');  
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)  
  
mysql> insert into employee values (05,'kiran','gamer',7,25,'delhi');  
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
```

Display the data from employee table

```
mysql> select * from employee;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| emp_id | emp_name | designation | yrs_exp | age | city |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|      1 | rekha   | analyst    |      2 | 19 | banglore |
|      2 | rohan   | manager    |      3 | 20 | manglore |
|      3 | gagan   | hr         |      2 | 18 | mysore |
|      4 | arjun   | devloper   |      3 | 21 | mandya |
|      5 | kiran   | gamer      |      7 | 25 | delhi |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Display emp_id from employee table.

```
mysql> select emp_id from employee;
+-----+
| emp_id |
+-----+
|      1 |
|      2 |
|      3 |
|      4 |
|      5 |
+-----+
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Display emp_id and emp_name.

```
mysql> select emp_id, emp_name from employee;
+-----+-----+
| emp_id | emp_name |
+-----+-----+
|      1 | rekha   |
|      2 | rohan   |
|      3 | gagan   |
|      4 | arjun   |
|      5 | kiran   |
+-----+-----+
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Display the details of employee where the designation is "Manager",

```
mysql> select * from employee where designation = 'manager';
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| emp_id | emp_name | designation | yrs_exp | age | city |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|      2 | rohan    | manager    |      3  | 20 | manglore |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

Display the emp_id and emp_name of "Bangalore" employees.

```
mysql> select emp_id, emp_name from employee where city='bangalore';
+-----+-----+
| emp_id | emp_name |
+-----+-----+
|      1 | rekha    |
+-----+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

Display the name of employees with age < 35.

```
mysql> select emp_name from employee where age<20;
+-----+
| emp_name |
+-----+
| rekha    |
| gagan    |
+-----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Display the employee data according to data name.

```
mysql> select * from employee order by emp_name;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| emp_id | emp_name | designation | yrs_exp | age | city |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|      4 | arjun    | devloper    |      3  | 21 | mandya |
|      3 | gagan    | hr          |      2  | 18 | mysore |
|      5 | kiran    | gamer       |      7  | 25 | delhi |
|      1 | rekha    | analyst     |      2  | 19 | banglore |
|      2 | rohan    | manager     |      3  | 20 | manglore |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Sort the data in ascending order.

```
mysql> select * from employee order by emp_id;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| emp_id | emp_name | designation | yrs_exp | age | city |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 1 | rekha | analyst | 2 | 19 | banglore |
| 2 | rohan | manager | 3 | 20 | manglore |
| 3 | gagan | hr | 2 | 18 | mysore |
| 4 | arjun | devloper | 3 | 21 | mandya |
| 5 | kiran | gamer | 7 | 25 | delhi |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Create a table employee3 with the same structure and data of the employee table.

```
mysql> create table employee3 as select *from employee;
Query OK, 5 rows affected (0.02 sec)
Records: 5 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

mysql> select * from employee3;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| emp_id | emp_name | designation | yrs_exp | age | city |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 1 | rekha | analyst | 2 | 19 | banglore |
| 2 | rohan | manager | 3 | 20 | manglore |
| 3 | gagan | hr | 2 | 18 | mysore |
| 4 | arjun | devloper | 3 | 21 | mandya |
| 5 | kiran | gamer | 7 | 25 | delhi |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Create a table employee4 with the structure of employee and specific rows.

```
mysql> create table employee4 as select * from employee where age>20;
Query OK, 2 rows affected (0.02 sec)
Records: 2 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

mysql> select * from employee4;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| emp_id | emp_name | designation | yrs_exp | age | city |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 4 | arjun | devloper | 3 | 21 | mandya |
| 5 | kiran | gamer | 7 | 25 | delhi |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Create a database student.

```
mysql> create database stud;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)

mysql> use stud;
Database changed
```

Display the details of a student where the name is "Rohan" and the reg_no is 3

```
mysql> insert into stud_info values( 03,"rohan");
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> select * from stud_info;
```

reg_no	name
1	abhi
2	rohan
3	hemu
3	rohan

```
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> select * from stud_info where name ="rohan" and reg_no =03;
```

reg_no	name
3	rohan

```
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

Find out if we can have multiple columns with distinct.

```
mysql> select distinct name from stud_info;
+-----+
| name |
+-----+
| abhi |
| rohan |
| hemu |
+-----+
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> select distinct name,reg_no from stud_info;
+-----+-----+
| name | reg_no |
+-----+-----+
| abhi | 1 |
| rohan | 2 |
| hemu | 3 |
| rohan | 3 |
+-----+-----+
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> select distinct reg_no from stud_info;
+-----+
| reg_no |
+-----+
| 1 |
| 2 |
| 3 |
+-----+
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Can we use star(*) with distinct..?

```
mysql> select distinct * from stud_info;
+-----+-----+
| reg_no | name |
+-----+-----+
| 1 | abhi |
| 2 | rohan |
| 3 | hemu |
| 3 | rohan |
+-----+-----+
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Insert the entered values into capital letters(changing case).


```
mysql> update employee_231bcada34 set city=upper(city);
Query OK, 5 rows affected (0.00 sec)
Rows matched: 5  Changed: 5  Warnings: 0
```

```
mysql> select * from employee_231bcada34;
```

emp_id	emp_name	designation	yrs_exp	age	city
1	rekha	analyst	2	19	BANGLORE
2	rohan	manager	2	20	MANGLORE
3	gagan	hr	2	18	MYSORE
4	arjun	developer	3	21	MANDYA
5	kiran	gamer	7	25	DELHI

5 rows in set (0.00 sec)

Check whether the values entered into a table id case sensitive or not

```
mysql> select * from EMPLOYEE_231bcada34 WHERE city = "BANGLORE";
```

emp_id	emp_name	designation	yrs_exp	age	city
1	rekha	analyst	2	19	BANGLORE

1 row in set (0.00 sec)

```
mysql> select * from EMPLOYEE_231bcada34 WHERE city = "banglore";
```

emp_id	emp_name	designation	yrs_exp	age	city
1	rekha	analyst	2	19	BANGLORE

1 row in set (0.00 sec)

21. Find out whether 2 columns can be sorted together or not.

```
mysql> select * from employee_231bcada34 order by emp_name,city;
```

emp_id	emp_name	designation	yrs_exp	age	city
4	arjun	developer	3	21	MANDYA
3	gagan	hr	2	18	MYSORE
5	kiran	gamer	7	25	DELHI
1	rekha	analyst	2	19	BANGLORE
2	rohan	manager	2	20	MANGLORE

5 rows in set (0.00 sec)

22. Find out whether we can sort the column values.

```
mysql> select emp_name,city from employee_231bcada34 order by emp_name,city;
+-----+-----+
| emp_name | city |
+-----+-----+
| arjun    | MANDYA |
| gagan    | MYSORE |
| kiran    | DELHI  |
| rekha    | BANGLORE |
| rohan    | MANGLORE |
+-----+-----+
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Create a database SJU_student

Use the same database.

Show all the databases created by the user.

```
mysql> create database sju;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)

mysql> use sju;
Database changed
mysql> show databases;
+-----+
| Database |
+-----+
| employee_34 |
| information_schema |
| mysql |
| performance_schema |
| sju |
| sys |
+-----+
6 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

26.Create a table student with fields/attributes “ stud_id, stud_name, age, city, course, year(1,2,3), college_name, add_cred”.

```
mysql> create table student (s_id int, s_name varchar(20), age int, city varchar(20),course char(20),yr int,clg varchar(20), additional_credit int);
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.03 sec)

mysql> select* from student;
Empty set (0.00 sec)
```

27.Insert 5 values.


```
mysql> insert into student values(01, "rekha",19, "bengaluru","data analyti
cs",2,"sju",4)
-> ;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)

mysql> insert into student values(02, "rohan",20, "mysore","data analytics",2,"sju",4);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)

mysql> insert into student values(03, "gagan",21, "mandya","data science",1
,"sju",3);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)

mysql> insert into student values(04, "yogana",23, "hassan","bcom",4,"mcc",
5);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)

mysql> insert into student values(05, "sanju",25, "manglore","bba",4,"kjc",
2);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)

mysql> select* from student;
```

s_id	s_name	age	city	course	yr	clg	additional_credit
1	rekha	19	bengaluru	data analytics	2	sju	4
2	rohan	20	mysore	data analytics	2	sju	4
3	gagan	21	mandya	data science	1	sju	3
4	yogana	23	hassan	bcom	4	mcc	5
5	sanju	25	manglore	bba	4	kjc	2

```
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

28.Display the structure of table.

```
mysql> desc student;
```

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
s_id	int	YES		NULL	
s_name	varchar(20)	YES		NULL	
age	int	YES		NULL	
city	varchar(20)	YES		NULL	
course	char(20)	YES		NULL	
yr	int	YES		NULL	
clg	varchar(20)	YES		NULL	
additional_credit	int	YES		NULL	

```
8 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

29.Display the information of 2nd year students from the city "Mysore".

```
mysql> select * from student where yr =2 and city ="mysore";
```

s_id	s_name	age	city	course	yr	clg	additional_credit
2	rohan	20	mysore	data analytics	2	sju	4

```
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

30.Display the information of student where the age < 20 or year is 1st year.

```
mysql> select * from student where age<20 or yr=1;
```

s_id	s_name	age	city	course	yr	clg	additional_credit
1	rekha	19	bengaluru	data analytics	2	sju	4
3	gagan	21	mandya	data science	1	sju	3

```
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

31.Display the details of 1st year and 2nd year students.

```
mysql> select * from student where yr=2 or yr=1;
```

s_id	s_name	age	city	course	yr	clg	additional_credit
1	rekha	19	bengaluru	data analytics	2	sju	4
2	rohan	20	mysore	data analytics	2	sju	4
3	gagan	21	mandya	data science	1	sju	3

```
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

32.Display the different types of city.

```
mysql> select distinct city from student;
```

city
bengaluru
mysore
mandya
hassan
manglore

```
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

33.Display the stud_id, stud_name and age according to their name in the descending order.

```
mysql> select s_id,s_name,age from student order by s_name desc;
```

s_id	s_name	age
4	yogana	23
5	sanju	25
2	rohan	20
1	rekha	19
3	gagan	21

```
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

34.Display the details of student except SJU.

```
mysql> select * from student where clg != "sju";
```

s_id	s_name	age	city	course	yr	clg	additional_credit
4	yogana	23	hassan	bcom	4	mcc	5
5	sanju	25	mangalore	bba	4	kjc	2

2 rows in set (0.00 sec)

35. Find orderby for all the columns

```
mysql> select * from student order by s_id;
```

s_id	s_name	age	city	course	yr	clg	additional_credit
1	nehha	19	bengaluru	data analytics	2	sju	4
2	rohan	20	mysore	data analytics	2	sju	4
3	gagan	21	sandy	data science	1	sju	2
4	yogana	22	hassan	bcom	4	mcc	5
5	sanju	25	mangalore	bba	4	kjc	2

5 rows in set (0.00 sec)

```
mysql> select * from student order by s_name;
```

s_id	s_name	age	city	course	yr	clg	additional_credit
3	gagan	21	sandy	data science	1	sju	2
1	nehha	19	bengaluru	data analytics	2	sju	4
2	rohan	20	mysore	data analytics	2	sju	4
5	sanju	25	mangalore	bba	4	kjc	2
4	yogana	22	hassan	bcom	4	mcc	5

5 rows in set (0.00 sec)

```
mysql> select * from student order by age;
```

s_id	s_name	age	city	course	yr	clg	additional_credit
1	nehha	19	bengaluru	data analytics	2	sju	4
2	rohan	20	mysore	data analytics	2	sju	4
3	gagan	21	sandy	data science	1	sju	2
4	yogana	22	hassan	bcom	4	mcc	5
5	sanju	25	mangalore	bba	4	kjc	2

5 rows in set (0.00 sec)

```
mysql> select * from student order by city;
```

s_id	s_name	age	city	course	yr	clg	additional_credit
1	nehha	19	bengaluru	data analytics	2	sju	4
4	yogana	22	hassan	bcom	4	mcc	5
3	gagan	21	sandy	data science	1	sju	2
5	sanju	25	mangalore	bba	4	kjc	2
2	rohan	20	mysore	data analytics	2	sju	4

5 rows in set (0.00 sec)

```
mysql> select * from student order by course;
```

s_id	s_name	age	city	course	yr	clg	additional_credit
5	sanju	25	mangalore	bba	4	kjc	2
4	yogana	22	hassan	bcom	4	mcc	5
1	nehha	19	bengaluru	data analytics	2	sju	4
2	rohan	20	mysore	data analytics	2	sju	4
3	gagan	21	sandy	data science	1	sju	2

5 rows in set (0.00 sec)

```
mysql> select * from student order by yr;
```

s_id	s_name	age	city	course	yr	clg	additional_credit
3	gagan	21	sandy	data science	1	sju	2
1	nehha	19	bengaluru	data analytics	2	sju	4
2	rohan	20	mysore	data analytics	2	sju	4
4	yogana	22	hassan	bcom	4	mcc	5
5	sanju	25	mangalore	bba	4	kjc	2

5 rows in set (0.00 sec)

```
mysql> select * from student order by clg;
```

s_id	s_name	age	city	course	yr	clg	additional_credit
5	sanju	25	mangalore	bba	4	kjc	2
4	yogana	22	hassan	bcom	4	mcc	5
1	nehha	19	bengaluru	data analytics	2	sju	4
2	rohan	20	mysore	data analytics	2	sju	4
3	gagan	21	sandy	data science	1	sju	2

5 rows in set (0.00 sec)

```
mysql> select * from student order by additional_credit;
```

s_id	s_name	age	city	course	yr	clg	additional_credit
5	sanju	25	mangalore	bba	4	kjc	2
3	gagan	21	sandy	data science	1	sju	2
1	nehha	19	bengaluru	data analytics	2	sju	4
2	rohan	20	mysore	data analytics	2	sju	4
4	yogana	22	hassan	bcom	4	mcc	5

5 rows in set (0.00 sec)

Show all existing databases

```
mysql> show databases;
+-----+
| Database |
+-----+
| employee_34 |
| information_schema |
| mysql |
| performance_schema |
| sju |
| sys |
+-----+
6 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Create a database student_04 and use the same database

```
mysql> create database stud_34;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)

mysql> use stud_34;
Database changed
mysql> |
```

Create a table student with id , name, year, department, college and city ,insert 5 values

(note : I already have similar table create in another database so here im creating a table with same structure and data of the table from another database

```
mysql> create table stud_34.student_34 like sju.student;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)

mysql> insert into stud_34.student_34 select * from sju.student;
Query OK, 5 rows affected (0.01 sec)
Records: 5 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

mysql> select * from student_34;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| s_id | s_name | age | city | course | yr | clg | additional_credit |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 1 | rekha | 19 | bengaluru | data analytics | 2 | sju | 4 |
| 2 | rohan | 20 | mysore | data analytics | 2 | sju | 4 |
| 3 | gagan | 21 | mandya | data science | 1 | sju | 3 |
| 4 | yogana | 23 | hassan | bcom | 4 | mcc | 5 |
| 5 | sanju | 25 | mangalore | bba | 4 | kjc | 2 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Display all the details

update the college names to sju and display all details

```
mysql> update student_34 set clg="sju";
Query OK, 2 rows affected (0.00 sec)
Rows matched: 5 Changed: 2 Warnings: 0

mysql> select * from student_34;
```

s_id	s_name	age	city	course	yr	clg	additional_credit
1	rekha	19	bengaluru	data analytics	2	sju	4
2	rohan	20	mysore	data analytics	2	sju	4
3	gagan	21	mandya	data science	1	sju	3
4	yogana	23	hassan	bcom	4	sju	5
5	sanju	25	manglore	bba	4	sju	2

```
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Update city into Bengaluru where city is Bangalore and then display

```
mysql> update student_34 set city="banglore" where city="bengaluru";
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0

mysql> select * from student_34;
```

s_id	s_name	age	city	course	yr	clg	additional_credit
1	rekha	19	banglore	data analytics	2	sju	4
2	rohan	20	mysore	data analytics	2	sju	4
3	gagan	21	mandya	data science	1	sju	3
4	yogana	23	hassan	bcom	4	sju	5
5	sanju	25	manglore	bba	4	sju	2

```
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Display all the details of student whose name starts with a

Name ends with a

1st and last letter is a

2nd character is n

3rd character is e

Name with 6 characters

Name with 6 characters and has 2nd letter as n

Name which has letter a in between

Insert a new row with first and last name and fetch the details using last name


```
mysql> select * from student_34 where s_name like "a%";
Empty set (0.00 sec)

mysql> select * from student_34 where s_name like "%a";
+----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| s_id | s_name | age | city | course | yr | clg | additional_credit |
+----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 1 | rekha | 19 | banglore | data analytics | 2 | sju | 4 |
| 4 | yogana | 23 | hassan | bcom | 4 | sju | 5 |
+----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> select * from student_34 where s_name like "a%a";
Empty set (0.00 sec)

mysql> select * from student_34 where s_name like "_n";
Empty set (0.00 sec)

mysql> select * from student_34 where s_name like "__e";
Empty set (0.00 sec)

mysql> select * from student_34 where s_name like "____";
+----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| s_id | s_name | age | city | course | yr | clg | additional_credit |
+----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 4 | yogana | 23 | hassan | bcom | 4 | sju | 5 |
+----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> select * from student_34 where s_name like "_n____";
Empty set (0.00 sec)

mysql> select * from student_34 where s_name like "%a%";
+----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| s_id | s_name | age | city | course | yr | clg | additional_credit |
+----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 1 | rekha | 19 | banglore | data analytics | 2 | sju | 4 |
| 2 | rohan | 20 | mysore | data analytics | 2 | sju | 4 |
| 3 | gagan | 21 | mandya | data science | 1 | sju | 3 |
| 4 | yogana | 23 | hassan | bcom | 4 | sju | 5 |
| 5 | sanju | 25 | manglore | bba | 4 | sju | 2 |
+----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> insert into student_34 values(6,"rekha shree",20,"hydrabad","business analyst",3,"sju",5);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)

mysql> select * from student_34 where s_name like "%shree";
+----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| s_id | s_name | age | city | course | yr | clg | additional_credit |
+----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 6 | rekha shree | 20 | hydrabad | business analyst | 3 | sju | 5 |
+----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)

mysql>
```

Adding a new column country and then display

```
mysql> alter table student_34 add country varchar(20);
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

mysql> select * from student_34;
+----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| s_id | s_name | age | city | course | yr | clg | additional_credit | country |
+----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 1 | rekha | 19 | banglore | data analytics | 2 | sju | 4 | NULL |
| 2 | rohan | 20 | mysore | data analytics | 2 | sju | 4 | NULL |
| 3 | gagan | 21 | mandya | data science | 1 | sju | 3 | NULL |
| 4 | yogana | 23 | hassan | bcom | 4 | sju | 5 | NULL |
| 5 | sanju | 25 | manglore | bba | 4 | sju | 2 | NULL |
| 6 | rekha shree | 20 | hydrabad | business analyst | 3 | sju | 5 | NULL |
+----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
6 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Display the structure of the table

```
mysql> desc student_34;
```

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
s_id	int	YES		NULL	
s_name	varchar(20)	YES		NULL	
age	int	YES		NULL	
city	varchar(20)	YES		NULL	
course	char(20)	YES		NULL	
yr	int	YES		NULL	
clg	varchar(20)	YES		NULL	
additional_credit	int	YES		NULL	
country	varchar(20)	YES		NULL	

9 rows in set (0.00 sec)

Update the values for country column to india and display

```
mysql> update student_34 set country ="india";
Query OK, 6 rows affected (0.01 sec)
Rows matched: 6  Changed: 6  Warnings: 0

mysql> select * from student_34;
```

s_id	s_name	age	city	course	yr	clg	additional_credit	country
1	rekha	19	bangalore	data analytics	2	sju	4	india
2	rohan	20	mysore	data analytics	2	sju	4	india
3	gagan	21	mandya	data science	1	sju	3	india
4	yogana	23	hassan	bcom	4	sju	5	india
5	sanju	25	mangalore	bba	4	sju	2	india
6	rekha shree	20	hydrabad	business analyst	3	sju	5	india

6 rows in set (0.00 sec)

Rename a column name

```
mysql> alter table student_34 rename column additional_credit to add_cred;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)
Records: 0  Duplicates: 0  Warnings: 0
```

Demonstrate in statemant

```
mysql> select * from student_34 where city in ("mangalore","hydrabad");
```

s_id	s_name	age	city	course	yr	clg	add_cred	country
5	sanju	25	mangalore	bba	4	sju	2	india
6	rekha shree	20	hydrabad	business analyst	3	sju	5	india

2 rows in set (0.00 sec)

13.Create a table student 1 with the colname of datatype varchar(7),enter a value to it with more than 5 char

```
mysql> create table student_1(name varchar(7));
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)

mysql> insert into student_1 values("rekhashree");
ERROR 1406 (22001): Data too long for column 'name' at row 1
mysql>
```

14. Modify the column and change the datatype to varchar(2)

```
mysql> alter table student_1 modify name varchar(20);
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

mysql> insert into student_1 values("rekhashree");
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
```

Q1) Show all the databases created by the user.

```
mysql> show databases;
+-----+
| Database |
+-----+
| ex       |
| information_schema |
| lab_1    |
| mysql    |
| performance_schema |
| sys      |
| world    |
+-----+
7 rows in set (0.02 sec)
```

Q2) Create new database lab1.

```
mysql> CREATE DATABASE LAB__1;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.03 sec)
```

Q3) Create table employee_231BCADA58(your reg. no.) with the following attributes.

Empid varchar(10)	Ename varchar(20)	DOB date	Designatio n Varchar(30)	Dept Char(20)	Salary Decimal(7,2)	City Varchar(20)	Gender Char(8)

Q4) Insert 10 records.

```
mysql> insert into emp_231bcada34 values("E130", "Jack", "1997-01-30", "CFO", "Accountst", 75000, "Davangere", "Male");
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)

mysql> insert into emp_231bcada34 values("E131", "Peter", "1988-01-30", "Ct0", "IT", 34000, "Chittur", "Male");
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
```

Q5) Display the data.

```
mysql> select * from emp_231bcada34;
```

emp_id	name	dob	designation	dept	salary	city	gender	pincode
E123	Rahul	1990-01-30	Manager	HR	80000.00	Bengaluru	Male	56
E124	Rohan	1991-01-30	Dept.Manager	HR	70000.00	Mysore	Male	76
E125	Ramya	1992-01-30	Vice-president	Corporation	72000.00	Hassan	Female	86
E126	Ananya	1993-01-30	ceo	C-Suite	57000.00	Chennai	Female	26
E127	Bhavya	1994-01-30	cmo	Marketing	28000.00	Chitradurga	Female	23
E128	Akhil	1995-01-30	Ass.Vice president	corporation	29000.00	Manglore	Male	46
E129	Nishitha	1996-01-30	MD	Management	60000.00	Udupi	Female	26
E130	Jack	1997-01-30	CFO	Accountst	75000.00	Davangere	Male	86
E131	Peter	1988-01-30	CtO	IT	34000.00	Chittur	Male	46

```
9 rows in set (0.03 sec)
```

Q6) Display the structure of the table.

```
mysql> desc emp_231bcada34;
```

Field	Type	Null	Key	Default	Extra
emp_id	varchar(10)	YES		NULL	
name	varchar(20)	YES		NULL	
dob	date	YES		NULL	
designation	varchar(40)	YES		NULL	
dept	char(20)	YES		NULL	
salary	decimal(7,2)	YES		NULL	
city	varchar(20)	YES		NULL	
gender	char(15)	YES		NULL	

```
8 rows in set (0.02 sec)
```

Q7) Add a column pincode and insert values in it.

```
mysql> alter table emp_231bcada34 add pincode int;
```

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.03 sec)
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

```
mysql> update emp_231bcada34 set pincode=case
-> when city = "bengaluru" then 56
-> when city = "chennai" then 26
-> when city = "chitradurga" then 23
-> when city = "manglore" then 46
-> when city = "udupi" then 26
-> when city = "davangere" then 86
-> when city = "chittur" then 46
-> end;
```

Query OK, 3 rows affected (0.01 sec)
Rows matched: 9 Changed: 3 Warnings: 0

Q8) Display the different designation.


```
mysql> select distinct designation from emp_231bcada34;
```

designation
Manager
Dept.Manager
Vice-president
ceo
cmo
Ass.Vice president
MD
CFO
CtO

```
9 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Q9) Arrange data according to empid , descending order.

```
mysql> select * from emp_231bcada34 order by emp_id desc;
```

emp_id	name	dob	designation	dept	salary	city	gender	pincode
E131	Peter	1988-01-30	CtO	IT	34000.00	Chittur	Male	46
E130	Jack	1997-01-30	CFO	Accountst	75000.00	Davangere	Male	86
E129	Nishitha	1996-01-30	MD	Management	60000.00	Udupi	Female	26
E128	Akhil	1995-01-30	Ass.Vice president	corporation	29000.00	Manglore	Male	46
E127	Bhavya	1994-01-30	cmo	Marketing	28000.00	Chitradurga	Female	23
E126	Ananya	1993-01-30	ceo	C-Suite	57000.00	Chennai	Female	26
E125	Ramya	1992-01-30	Vice-president	Corporation	72000.00	Hassan	Female	86
E124	Rohan	1991-01-30	Dept.Manager	HR	70000.00	Mysore	Male	76
E123	Rahul	1990-01-30	Manager	HR	80000.00	Bengaluru	Male	56

```
9 rows in set (0.01 sec)
```

Q10) Arrange the data according to names of the employee, ascending order.

```
mysql> select * from emp_231bcada34 order by name;
```

emp_id	name	dob	designation	dept	salary	city	gender	pincode
E128	Akhil	1995-01-30	Ass.Vice president	corporation	29000.00	Manglore	Male	46
E126	Ananya	1993-01-30	ceo	C-Suite	57000.00	Chennai	Female	26
E127	Bhavya	1994-01-30	cmo	Marketing	28000.00	Chitradurga	Female	23
E130	Jack	1997-01-30	CFO	Accountst	75000.00	Davangere	Male	86
E129	Nishitha	1996-01-30	MD	Management	60000.00	Udupi	Female	26
E131	Peter	1988-01-30	CtO	IT	34000.00	Chittur	Male	46
E123	Rahul	1990-01-30	Manager	HR	80000.00	Bengaluru	Male	56
E125	Ramya	1992-01-30	Vice-president	Corporation	72000.00	Hassan	Female	86
E124	Rohan	1991-01-30	Dept.Manager	HR	70000.00	Mysore	Male	76

```
9 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Q11) Display the minimum salary and maximum salary.


```
mysql> select max(salary) from emp_231bcada34;
+-----+
| max(salary) |
+-----+
|      80000.00 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.01 sec)
```

```
mysql> select min(salary) from emp_231bcada34;
+-----+
| min(salary) |
+-----+
|      28000.00 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

Q12) Update salary to 75,000 if the department is accounts and the post is deputy manager.

```
mysql> update emp_231bcada34 set salary= 75000 where dept='Accountst' and designation = 'Dept.manager';
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)
Rows matched: 0  Changed: 0  Warnings: 0
```

Q13) Display the information of employee where the salary is less than 30,000.

```
mysql> select *from emp_231bcada34 where salary<30000;
```

emp_id	name	dob	designation	dept	salary	city	gender	pincode
E127	Bhavya	1994-01-30	cmo	Marketing	28000.00	Chitradurga	Female	23
E128	Akhil	1995-01-30	Ass.Vice president	corporation	29000.00	Mangalore	Male	46

2 rows in set (0.00 sec)

Q14) Update the city to Bengaluru and department to marketing if the empid is either 124 or 125.

```
mysql> update emp_231bcada34 set city="Bengaluru", dept = "marketing" where emp_id = "E124" or emp_id = "E125";
Query OK, 2 rows affected (0.01 sec)
Rows matched: 2  Changed: 2  Warnings: 0
```

Q15) Create table employee1 with the same structure and data of employee.

```
mysql> create table emp_1 as select *from emp_231bcada34;
Query OK, 9 rows affected (0.06 sec)
Records: 9 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

mysql> select * from emp_1;
```

emp_id	name	dob	designation	dept	salary	city	gender	pincode
E123	Rahul	1990-01-30	Manager	HR	80000.00	Bengaluru	Male	56
E124	Rohan	1991-01-30	Dept.Manager	marketing	70000.00	Bengaluru	Male	76
E125	Ramya	1992-01-30	Vice-president	marketing	72000.00	Bengaluru	Female	86
E126	Ananya	1993-01-30	ceo	C-Suite	57000.00	Chennai	Female	26
E127	Bhavya	1994-01-30	cmo	Marketing	28000.00	Chitradurga	Female	23
E128	Akhil	1995-01-30	Ass.Vice president	corporation	29000.00	Manglore	Male	46
E129	Nishitha	1996-01-30	MD	Management	60000.00	Udupi	Female	26
E130	Jack	1997-01-30	CFO	Accountst	75000.00	Davangere	Male	86
E131	Peter	1988-01-30	CtO	IT	34000.00	Chittur	Male	46

```
9 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Q16) Create table employee2 with only structure as employee.

```
mysql> create table emp_2 as select * from emp_231bcada34 where 1=0;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.03 sec)
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

Q17) Display names of employee where the name starts from a.

```
mysql> select * from emp_231bcada34 where name like "a%";
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| emp_id | name  | dob      | designation      | dept      | salary  | city      | gender | pincode |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| E126   | Ananya | 1993-01-30 | ceo               | C-Suite   | 57000.00 | Chennai   | Female | 26      |
| E128   | Akhil  | 1995-01-30 | Ass.Vice president | corporation | 29000.00 | Manglore  | Male   | 46      |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
2 rows in set (0.01 sec)
```

Q18) Display empid and ename who belongs to a city mysore, Bengaluru and hassan.

```
mysql> select emp_id ,name from emp_231bcada34 where city in ("mysore","bengaluru","hassan");
+-----+-----+
| emp_id | name |
+-----+-----+
| E123   | Rahul |
| E124   | Rohan |
| E125   | Ramya |
+-----+-----+
3 rows in set (0.01 sec)
```

Q19) Demonstrate not in clause.

```
mysql> select emp_id ,name from emp_231bcada34 where city not in ("mysore","bengaluru","hassan");
+-----+-----+
| emp_id | name |
+-----+-----+
| E126   | Ananya |
| E127   | Bhavya |
| E128   | Akhil  |
| E129   | Nishitha |
| E130   | Jack   |
| E131   | Peter  |
+-----+-----+
6 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Q20) Demonstrate and,or,not .

```
mysql> select * from emp_231bcada34 where city ="bengaluru" and gender ="female";
```

emp_id	name	dob	designation	dept	salary	city	gender	pincode
E125	Ramya	1992-01-30	Vice-president	marketing	72000.00	Bengaluru	Female	86

```
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> select * from emp_231bcada34 where city ="bengaluru" or gender ="female";
```

emp_id	name	dob	designation	dept	salary	city	gender	pincode
E123	Rahul	1990-01-30	Manager	HR	80000.00	Bengaluru	Male	56
E124	Rohan	1991-01-30	Dept.Manager	marketing	70000.00	Bengaluru	Male	76
E125	Ramya	1992-01-30	Vice-president	marketing	72000.00	Bengaluru	Female	86
E126	Ananya	1993-01-30	ceo	C-Suite	57000.00	Chennai	Female	26
E127	Bhavya	1994-01-30	cmo	Marketing	28000.00	Chitradurga	Female	23
E129	Nishitha	1996-01-30	MD	Management	60000.00	Udupi	Female	26

```
6 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> select * from emp_231bcada34 where name not like "r%";
```

emp_id	name	dob	designation	dept	salary	city	gender	pincode
E126	Ananya	1993-01-30	ceo	C-Suite	57000.00	Chennai	Female	26
E127	Bhavya	1994-01-30	cmo	Marketing	28000.00	Chitradurga	Female	23
E128	Akhil	1995-01-30	Ass.Vice president	corporation	29000.00	Manglore	Male	46
E129	Nishitha	1996-01-30	MD	Management	60000.00	Udupi	Female	26
E130	Jack	1997-01-30	CFO	Accountst	75000.00	Davangere	Male	86
E131	Peter	1988-01-30	CtO	IT	34000.00	Chittur	Male	46

```
6 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Q21) Display the ename where the salary ranges between 50,000 to 75,000.

```
mysql> select name from emp_231bcada34 where salary >=50000 and salary <= 70000;
```

name
Ananya
Nishitha

```
2 rows in set (0.01 sec)
```

Q22) Delete the data from employee1 where designation is manager.

```
mysql> delete from emp_1 where designation = "manager";
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)
```

Q23) Drop the table employee2.

```
mysql> select * from emp_2;
Empty set (0.00 sec)

mysql> drop table emp_2;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.05 sec)
```

Q24) Display top 3 salaries along with ename(limit).


```
mysql> select name salary from emp_231bcada34 order by salary limit 3;
+-----+
| salary |
+-----+
| Akhil  |
| Ananya |
| Bhavya |
+-----+
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Q25) Give the bonus to employee(10% of their salary) where the department is maintenance.

```
mysql> update emp_231bcada34 set salary=salary+(salary*0.10) where dept = "marketing";
Query OK, 3 rows affected (0.01 sec)
Rows matched: 3  Changed: 3  Warnings: 0
```

Q26) Calculate the age of employee.

```
mysql> SELECT *, TIMESTAMPDIFF(YEAR, DOB, CURDATE()) AS Age FROM emp_231bcada34;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| emp_id | name  | dob       | designation | dept  | salary | city       | gender | pincode | Age |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| E123   | Rahul | 1990-01-30 | Manager     | HR    | 80000.00 | Bengaluru  | Male   | 56      | 34 |
| E124   | Rohan | 1991-01-30 | Dept.Manager | marketing | 77000.00 | Bengaluru  | Male   | 76      | 33 |
| E125   | Ramya | 1992-01-30 | Vice-president | marketing | 79200.00 | Bengaluru  | Female | 86      | 32 |
| E126   | Ananya | 1993-01-30 | ceo         | C-Suite | 57000.00 | Chennai    | Female | 26      | 31 |
| E127   | Bhavya | 1994-01-30 | cmo         | Marketing | 30800.00 | Chitradurga | Female | 23      | 30 |
| E128   | Akhil | 1995-01-30 | Ass.Vice president | corporation | 29000.00 | Manglore   | Male   | 46      | 29 |
| E129   | Nishitha | 1996-01-30 | MD          | Management | 60000.00 | Udupi      | Female | 26      | 28 |
| E130   | Jack  | 1997-01-30 | CFO         | Accountst | 75000.00 | Davangere  | Male   | 86      | 27 |
| E131   | Peter | 1988-01-30 | CtO         | IT       | 34000.00 | Chittur    | Male   | 46      | 36 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
9 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Create database

Create table

```
mysql> CREATE DATABASE `231bcada34`;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)

mysql> USE `231bcada34`; -- Switch to the newly created database
Database changed
mysql>
mysql> CREATE TABLE emp_34 (
  ->   name VARCHAR(100),
  ->   designation VARCHAR(100),
  ->   city VARCHAR(100)
  -> );
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)
```

Insert values

Display table

```
mysql> insert into emp_34 values("tanya", "bus.analyst", "manglore");
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)

mysql> insert into emp_34 values("reka", "analyst", "banglore");
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)

mysql> insert into emp_34 values("priya", "hr", "mandya");
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)

mysql> select * from emp_34;
+-----+-----+-----+
| name | designation | city |
+-----+-----+-----+
| tanya | bus.analyst | manglore |
| reka  | analyst    | banglore |
| priya | hr         | mandya   |
+-----+-----+-----+
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Update city from Bangalore to Bengaluru

```
mysql> update emp_34 set city= "bengaluru" where city =" banglore";
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)
Rows matched: 0  Changed: 0  Warnings: 0

mysql> select * from emp_34;
+-----+-----+-----+
| name | designation | city |
+-----+-----+-----+
| tanya | bus.analyst | manglore |
| reka  | analyst    | banglore |
| priya | hr         | mandya   |
+-----+-----+-----+
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Add a column salary

```
mysql> ALTER TABLE emp_34
-> ADD COLUMN salary DECIMAL(10, 2);
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)
Records: 0  Duplicates: 0  Warnings: 0
```

Insert values into salary column

```
mysql> update emp_34 set salary= case
-> when designation= "bus.analyst" then 50000
-> when designation= "analyst" then 80000
-> when designation= "hr" then 40000
-> end;
Query OK, 3 rows affected (0.00 sec)
Rows matched: 3  Changed: 3  Warnings: 0

mysql> |
```

Rename a column from design to designation


```
mysql> alter table emp_34 rename column designation to desi;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

mysql> select * from emp_34;
```

name	desi	city	salary
tanya	bus.analyst	manglore	50000.00
reka	analyst	banglore	80000.00
priya	hr	mandya	40000.00

```
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Modify datatype of designation to char

```
mysql> alter table emp_34 modify desi char(20);
Query OK, 3 rows affected (0.05 sec)
Records: 3 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

Drop country column

```
mysql> alter table emp_34 drop city;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.01 sec)
```

Aggregate functions and group by.

Display maximum value.

```
mysql> select max(salary) "maximum salary" from employees;
```

maximum salary
80000.00

```
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

Display minimum value with column name as "minimum salary"

```
mysql> select min(salary) "minimum salary" from employees;
```

minimum salary
30000.00

```
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

Display total amount of salary

```
mysql> select sum(salary) "sum of salary" from employees;
```

sum of salary
360000.00

```
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

Display average salary

```
mysql> select avg(salary) "average salary" from employees;
+-----+
| average salary |
+-----+
| 60000.000000 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

Display no. of employes

```
mysql> select count(salary) " no. of salary" from employees;
+-----+
| no. of salary |
+-----+
| 6 |
+-----+
1 row in set, 1 warning (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> select count(*) " no. of emp" from employees;
+-----+
| no. of emp |
+-----+
| 6 |
+-----+
1 row in set, 1 warning (0.00 sec)
```

Display dept and total salary in each dept

```
mysql> select designation,sum(salary) from employees group by designation;
+-----+-----+
| designation | sum(salary) |
+-----+-----+
| manager | 80000.00 |
| dept manager | 70000.00 |
| marketing | 70000.00 |
| team leader | 90000.00 |
| DOP | 50000.00 |
+-----+-----+
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Display the count of dept grouped by dept

```
mysql> select count(designation) from employees group by designation;
+-----+
| count(designation) |
+-----+
| 1 |
| 1 |
| 1 |
| 2 |
| 1 |
+-----+
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Account Master

Create table account master

```
mysql> create table Account_Master (acc_no int ,acc_type varchar (20), balance float, cust_name varchar(30), date_acc_created date, cust_id int);
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)
```

Insert 5 values

```
mysql> insert into account_master values(20,"current",300000,"rekhashree", "2018-04-11",001);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)

mysql> insert into account_master values(21,"savings ",5400000,"padma", "2019-06-13",002);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)

mysql> insert into account_master values(22,"savings ",234000,"ramesh", "2020-10-23",003);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)

mysql> insert into account_master values(23,"current ",2340,"bindu", "2021-12-2",004);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)

mysql> insert into account_master values(24,"savings",25000,"monisha", "2022-2-24",005);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
```

Show all tables

```
mysql> show tables;
+-----+
| Tables_in_employee_34 |
+-----+
| employee_231bcada34   |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.01 sec)
```

Describe table

```
mysql> describe account_master;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| Field          | Type          | Null | Key | Default | Extra |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| acc_no         | int           | YES  |     | NULL    |       |
| acc_type       | varchar(20)   | YES  |     | NULL    |       |
| balance        | float         | YES  |     | NULL    |       |
| cust_name      | varchar(30)   | YES  |     | NULL    |       |
| date_acc_created | date         | YES  |     | NULL    |       |
| cust_id        | int           | YES  |     | NULL    |       |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
6 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Create table acc_1 that contains acc_no and cust_name with no records

```
mysql> create table acc_1 select acc_no,cust_name from account_master;
Query OK, 5 rows affected (0.02 sec)
Records: 5  Duplicates: 0  Warnings: 0
```

Retrive all the info from acc master where acc_no. is 24 and acc_type is sb

```
mysql> select * from account_master where acc_no =24 and acc_type = "sav
ings";
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| acc_no | acc_type | balance | cust_name | date_acc_created | cust_id |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|      24 | savings |   25000 | monisha   | 2022-02-24       |      5 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

Show diiferny acc_types

```
mysql> select distinct acc_type from account_master;
+-----+
| acc_type |
+-----+
| current  |
| savings  |
| current  |
| savings  |
+-----+
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Display details of cust whose name is 6 char long and starts with r

```
mysql> select * from account_master where cust_name like "r_____";
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| acc_no | acc_type | balance | cust_name | date_acc_created | cust_id |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|      22 | savings |  234000 | ramesh    | 2020-10-23       |      3 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

Arrange data in desc order of acc_no

```
mysql> select * from account_master order by acc_no desc;
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| acc_no | acc_type | balance | cust_name | date_acc_created | cust_id |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
|      24 | savings | 25000 | monisha | 2022-02-24 |      5 |
|      23 | current | 2340 | bindu | 2021-12-02 |      4 |
|      22 | savings | 234000 | ramesh | 2020-10-23 |      3 |
|      21 | savings | 540000 | padma | 2019-06-13 |      2 |
|      20 | current | 300000 | rekhashree | 2018-04-11 |      1 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Find the total no. of acc created by each user

```
mysql> select cust_name, count(*) from account_master group by cust_name;
+-----+-----+
| cust_name | count(*) |
+-----+-----+
| rekhashree |      2 |
| padma |      1 |
| ramesh |      1 |
| bindu |      2 |
| monisha |      1 |
+-----+-----+
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Find out the cust who is having more than 1acc

```
mysql> select cust_name, count(*) from account_master group by cust_name
having count(*)>1;
+-----+-----+
| cust_name | count(*) |
+-----+-----+
| rekhashree |      2 |
| bindu |      2 |
+-----+-----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Findout the no, of acc created after 3rd jan 2020

```
mysql> select count(*) from account_master where date_acc_created>"2020-01-03";
+-----+
| count(*) |
+-----+
|      5 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```


Demonstrate aggregate functions

```
mysql> select count(*) from account_master
-> ;
+-----+
| count(*) |
+-----+
|          7 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> select min(balance) from account_master
-> ;
+-----+
| min(balance) |
+-----+
|          2340 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> select max(balance) from account_master ;
+-----+
| max(balance) |
+-----+
|        5400000 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> select avg(balance) from account_master ;
+-----+
| avg(balance) |
+-----+
| 857334.2857142857 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> select sum(balance) from account_master ;
+-----+
| sum(balance) |
+-----+
|        6001340 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

Research scholar

Create table research scholar and project (such that many scholars can work on same project but no scholar can work in multiple projects)

```
mysql> create table project (p_id int primary key, p_name varchar(20) not null);
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)
```

```
mysql> create table research_scholar(r_name varchar(20) not null, r_id int primary key, dept varchar(20) default "data science", p_id int, foreign key (p_id) references project(p_id), r_head varchar(20), clg varchar(10) default "sju");
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.05 sec)
```

Insert values

```
mysql> insert into project values(03,"marketing");
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> insert into project values(04,"service");
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> select * from project;
```

p_id	p_name
1	medical
2	stocks
3	marketing
4	service

4 rows in set (0.00 sec)

```
mysql> select* from research_scholar;
```

r_name	r_id	dept	p_id	r_head	clg
anitha	4	data science	2	jeshma	sju
swathi	6	data science	3	aaron	sju
rohan	31	data science	4	jeshma	sju
rekha	34	data science	1	aaron	sju

4 rows in set (0.00 sec)

```
mysql> |
```

Join 2 tables

```
mysql> select * from research_scholar r,project p where r.p_id=p.p_id;
```

r_name	r_id	dept	p_id	r_head	clg	p_id	p_name
anitha	4	data science	2	jeshma	sju	2	stocks
swathi	6	data science	3	aaron	sju	3	marketing
rohan	31	data science	4	jeshma	sju	4	service
rekha	34	data science	1	aaron	sju	1	medical

4 rows in set (0.00 sec)

Association member

Create table member and association

```
mysql> create table association ( a_id int primary key, a_name varchar(20) not null,a_head varchar(20) not null, president varchar(20) ,clg varchar(20) default "sju");
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.03 sec)

mysql> insert into association(a_id,a_name,a_head,president)values(01,"analytica","asha","adrian");
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)

mysql> insert into association(a_id,a_name,a_head,president)values(02,"data gram","jeshma","ajay");
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)

mysql> insert into association(a_id,a_name,a_head,president)values(03,"cybernitics","francis","krishna");
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)

mysql> select * from association;
+----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| a_id | a_name | a_head | president | clg |
+----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 1 | analytica | asha | adrian | sju |
| 2 | data gram | jeshma | ajay | sju |
| 3 | cybernitics | francis | krishna | sju |
+----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> create table members (id int , name varchar(20) not null, dept varchar(20),a_id int, foreign key(a_id) references association(a_id));
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.04 sec)

mysql> insert into members values(34,"reka","data analytics",01);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.01 sec)

mysql> insert into members values(31,"rohan","data analytics",01);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)

mysql> insert into members values(23,"kiran","data science",02);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)

mysql> insert into members values(45,"danu","developer",03);
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.00 sec)

mysql> select * from members;
+----+-----+-----+-----+
| id | name | dept | a_id |
+----+-----+-----+-----+
| 34 | reka | data analytics | 1 |
| 31 | rohan | data analytics | 1 |
| 23 | kiran | data science | 2 |
| 45 | danu | developer | 3 |
+----+-----+-----+-----+
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Display details of members along with their association details

```
mysql> select * from members m,association a where m.a_id=a.a_id;
+----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| id | name | dept | a_id | a_id | a_name | a_head | president | clg |
+----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 34 | reka | data analytics | 1 | 1 | analytica | asha | adrian | sju |
| 31 | rohan | data analytics | 1 | 1 | analytica | asha | adrian | sju |
| 23 | kiran | data science | 2 | 2 | data gram | jeshma | ajay | sju |
| 45 | danu | developer | 3 | 3 | cybernitics | francis | krishna | sju |
+----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Check constraints

Create table employee such that employees should only belong to Bengaluru or mysore or mangalore.

```
mysql> create table employee( emp_id int primary key, emp_name varchar(20) not null
, location varchar(20), check (location in ("bengaluru","mysore"
,"mangaluru")));
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)
```

Create table employee such that employees name must start with a

```
mysql> create table empl(e_id int primary key, em_name varchar(20) not null,check
(em_name like "a_____"));
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.02 sec)
```