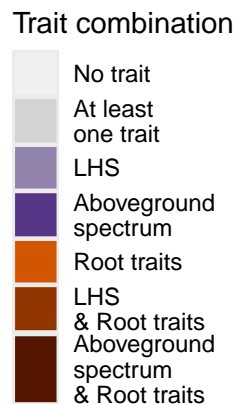


B



A treemap visualization showing the distribution of plant families and their species counts. The largest family is Fabaceae (1,063 species), followed by Poaceae (1,237 species) and Asteraceae (1,108 species). Other significant families include Rosaceae (388), Lamiaceae (321), and Cyperaceae (246). The treemap is color-coded by family, with Fabaceae in dark purple, Poaceae in light purple, Asteraceae in dark purple, Rosaceae in dark purple, Lamiaceae in dark purple, and Cyperaceae in dark purple. The treemap is divided into a grid of cells, each representing a family and its species count. The cells are arranged in a hierarchical manner, with the largest families occupying the most space. The treemap is a complex visualization of biodiversity data, showing the relative abundance of different plant families.

Family	Species Count
Fabaceae	1,063
Poaceae	1,237
Asteraceae	1,108
Rosaceae	388
Lamiaceae	321
Cyperaceae	246
208	
206	
30	
31	
157	
129	
46	
34	
22	
50	
44	
115	
112	
33	
135	
45	
161	
179	
19	
47	
180	
124	
136	
28	
34	
156	
38	
45	
38	
22	
65	
20	
73	
104	
69	
70	
169	
36	
58	
221	
197	
194	
156	
173	
267	
24	
330	
206	
32	
54	
98	
151	
48	
388	
94	
313	
56	
70	
321	
38	
90	
44	