Example of Analyses with funrar

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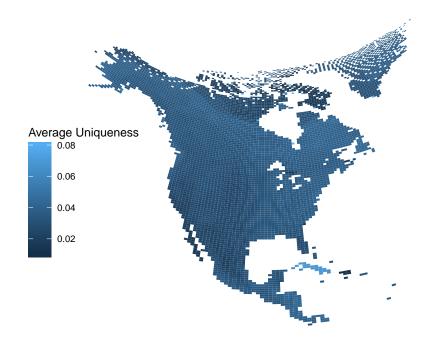
With funrar you can compute Functional Rarity indices. We are using a North American Mammals datasets to show the kind of questions you can come up with.

For example, you can try to map the hotspots of Regional Functional Uniqueness, i.e. the communities with highest number of functionally unique species (relatively to the whole species pool).

Functional Uniqueness Hotspots

```
library(assertr)
library(dplyr)
# Compute Functional Uniqueness per site
site_rich = rowSums(subset_pres[, -c(1:3)])
names(site_rich) = subset_pres$GlobalID
site_coords = subset_pres[, 1:3]
species_ui = mammal_funrar$Ui$Ui
names(species_ui) = mammal_funrar$Ui$species
site_ui = data.frame(site_Ui = (as.matrix(subset_pres[, -c(1:3)]) %*% species_ui) /
                         site_rich,
                     GlobalID = site_coords$GlobalID)
site_ui = site_ui %>%
   verify(nrow(.) == nrow(subset_pres)) %>%
   filter(!is.na(site_Ui)) %>%
    inner_join(site_coords, by = "GlobalID")
ggplot(site_ui, aes(x = Longitude, y = Latitude, z = site_Ui)) +
    stat_summary_2d(bins = 150, color = NA) +
    coord_map("albers", at0 = 40, lat1 = 20, xlim = range(site_ui$Longitude),
              ylim = range(site_ui$Latitude)) +
    ggthemes::theme_map() +
   theme(legend.position = c(0.1, 0.2)) +
   labs(fill = "Average Uniqueness")
```

Warning: `panel.margin` is deprecated. Please use `panel.spacing` property
instead

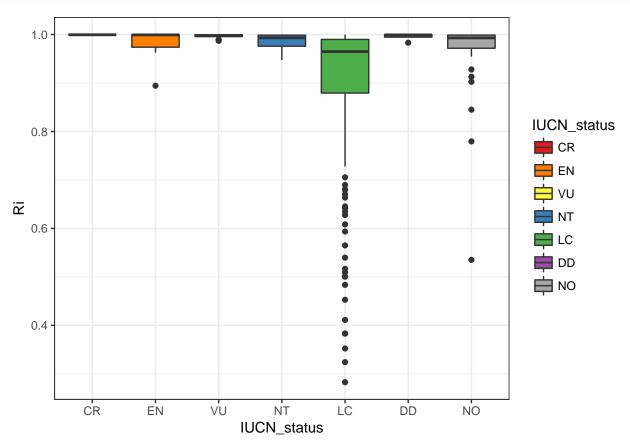


Geographical Restrictedness Hotspots

Relation between IUCN status and Functional Rarity Indices

with Geographical Restrictedness

```
ggplot(species_status, aes(x = IUCN_status, y = Ri)) +
   geom_boxplot(aes(fill = IUCN_status)) +
   scale_fill_manual(values = status_values)
```



with Functional Uniqueness

```
ggplot(species_status, aes(x = IUCN_status, y = Ui)) +
   geom_boxplot(aes(fill = IUCN_status)) +
   scale_fill_manual(values = status_values)
```

