RELATIONAL DATABASES 3NF



OBJECTIVES

- DEFINE THE RULE OF THIRD NORMAL FORM IN THE NORMALISATION PROCESS
- IDENTIFY TRANSITIVE DEPENDENCIES IN A DATA MODEL
- EXAMINE A NON NORMALISED ENTITY AND DETERMINE WHICH RULE OR RULES OF NORMALISATION ARE BEING VIOLATED
- APPLY THE RULE OF THIRD NORMAL FORM TO RESOLVE A VIOLATION IN THE MODEL



- THINK OF THE KIND OF INFORMATION YOU'D LIKE TO STORE ABOUT CDS
- DOES INFORMATION ABOUT THE STORE WHERE YOU BOUGHT IT BELONG IN THE SAME ENTITY?
- IF THE STORE ADDRESS
 CHANGED YOU WOULD NEED
 TO CHANGE THAT INFORMATION
 ON ALL THE CDS BOUGHT IN
 THAT STORE

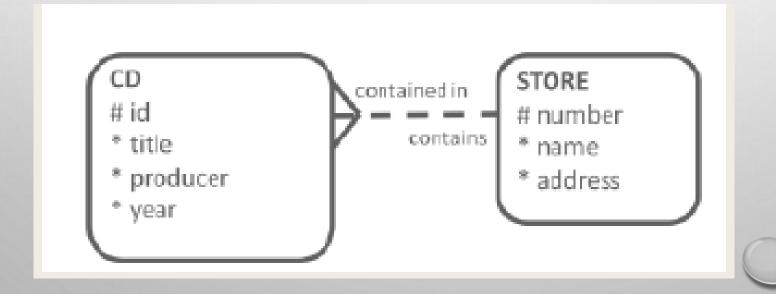




- TO CHECK IF AN ENTITY IS IN THIRD NORMAL FORM, EXAMINE EACH NON-UID ATTRIBUTE TO CHECK FOR TRANSITIVE DEPENDENCY WITH OTHER NON-UID ATTRIBUTES
- IN THE ABOVE EXAMPLE THE STORE NAME IS DEPENDENT ON THE CD NUMBER
- STORE ADDRESS IS DEPENDENT ON THE CD NUMBER BUT IT IS ALSO DEPENDENT ON THE STORE
 NAME WHICH IS A NON-UID ATTRIBUTE
- THIS IS AN EXAMPLE OF TRANSITIVE DEPENDENCY



- TO RESOLVE A THIRD NORMAL FORM (3NF) VIOLATION, YOU CREATE A NEW ENTITY, MOVE THE ATTRIBUTES THAT WERE CAUSING THE VIOLATION TO THE NEW ENTITY (ADDING A UID), AND DRAW A RELATIONSHIP TO THE ORIGINAL ENTITY.
- FOR AN ENTITY TO BE IN 3NF IT MUST ALSO ALREADY BE IN 2NF





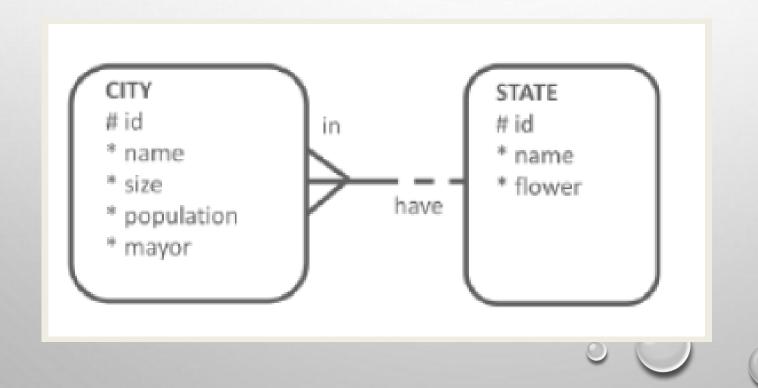
- CONSIDER A SYSTEM THAT TRACKS
 INFORMATION ABOUT CITIES SIZE,
 POPULATION, MAYOR AND SO ON
- THE MODEL SHOWS AN ENTITY THAT INCLUDES STATE INFORMATION
- ALTHOUGH STATE IS A PROPERTY OF CITY ID, STATE FLOWER IS REALLY A PROPERTY OF STATE.

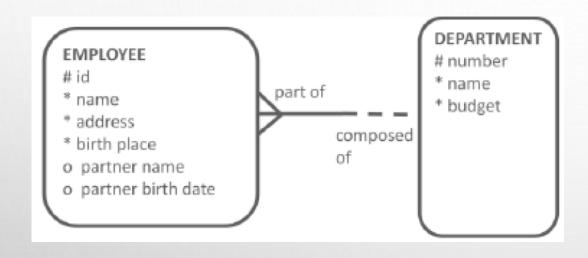




SOLUTION

• THE FOLLOWING ENTITIES ARE IN 3NF WITH THE NEW ENTITY STATE





- IN THIS EXAMPLE ASSUME THE FOLLOWING BUSINESS RULE: EACH EMPLOYEE CAN HAVE ONE PARTNER
- HOW DO YOU RESOLVE THIS?

