RELATIONAL DATABASES SUPERTYPE SUPTYPE MAPPING

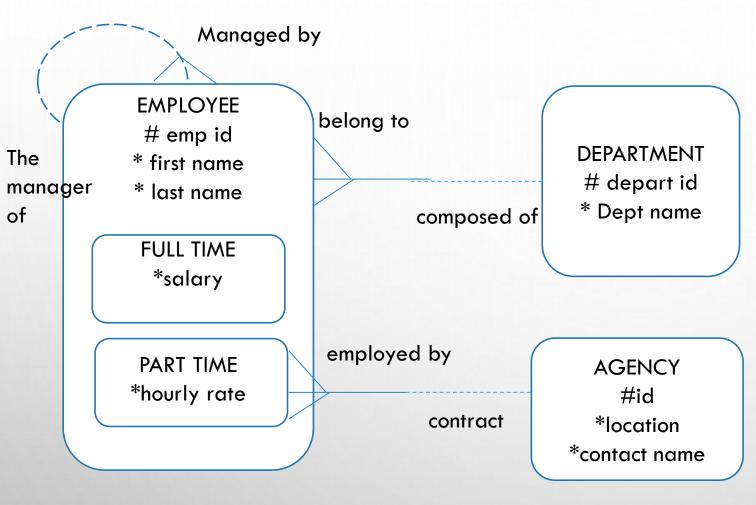
OBJECTIVES

- STATE AND APPLY THE TABLE, COLUMN, IDENTIFIERS, RELATIONSHIP, AND INTEGRITY CONSTRAINT RULES FOR MAPPING:
 - SUPERTYPES
 - SUBTYPES

- SINGLE TABLE IMPLEMENTATION:
- PRODUCES A SINGLE TABLE FOR SUPER AND SUB TYPES
- RULES:
 - TABLES: ONLY ONE TABLE IS CREATED, REGARDLESS OF THE NUMBER OF SUBTYPES
 - COLUMNS: THE SINGLE TABLE GETS ONE COLUMN FOR EACH ATTRIBUTE OF THE SUPERTYPE, KEEPING THE ORIGINAL OPTIONALITY OF THE ATTRIBUTE.

• RULES:

- THE TABLE ALSO GETS A COLUMN FOR EACH ATTRIBUTE BELONGING TO THE SUBTYPE, BUT THE COLUMNS ALL BECOME OPTIONAL
- ADDITIONALLY, A MANDATORY COLUMN SHOULD BE CREATED TO ACT AS A DISCRIMINATOR COLUMN TO DISTINGUISH BETWEEN THE DIFFERENT SUBTYPES OF THE ENTITY
- VALUE IT HOLDS IS FROM THE SET OF ALL THE SUBTYPE NAMES
- THIS COLUMN IS USUALLY CALLED X_TYPE

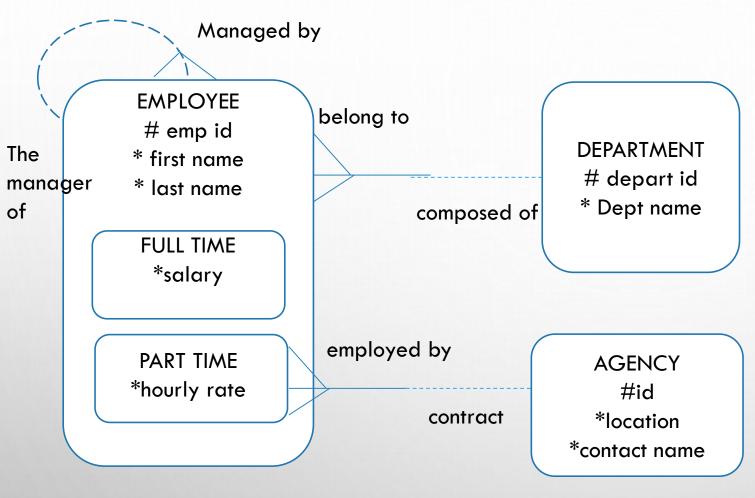


EMPLOYEES						
COLUMN	DATA TYPE (SIZE)	CONSTRAINT				
employee_id	NUMBER (9)	primary key				
first_name	CHARACTER(25)	NOT NULL				
last_name	CHARACTER(35)	NOT NULL				
salary	NUMBER(6,2)					
hourly_rate	NUMBER(6,2)					
emp_type	CHARACTER	NOT NULL				
department_id	NUMBER(9)	NOT NULL foreign key: departments				
manager_id	NUMBER(9)	foreign key: employees				
agency_id	NUMBER(9)	foreign key: agencies				

• RULES:

- IDENTIFIERS: UNIQUE IDENTIFIERS TRANSFORM INTO PRIMARY AND UNIQUE KEYS
- RELATIONSHIPS: RELATIONSHIPS AT THE SUPERTYPE LEVEL TRANSFORM AS USUAL. RELATIONSHIPS AT THE SUBTYPE LEVEL ARE IMPLEMENTED AS OPTIONAL FOREIGN KEY COLUMNS
- INTEGRITY CONSTRAINTS: A CHECK CONSTRAINT IS NEEDED TO ENSURE THAT FOR EACH PARTICULAR SUBTYPE, ALL COLUMNS THAT COME FROM MANDATORY ATTRIBUTES ARE NOT NULL.

- IN THE ER MODEL, SALARY IS MANDATORY FOR FULL TIME EMPLOYEES AND HOURLY RATE IS MANDATORY FOR PART TIME EMPLOYEES..
- WHEN THE EMPLOYEE SUPERTYPE IS IMPLEMENTED AS A SINGLE TABLE IN THE PHYSICAL MODEL, THESE ATTRIBUTES BECOME OPTIONAL
- A CHECK CONSTRAINT OR FURTHER PROGRAMMING IS NEEDED TO ENFORCE THE BUSINESS RULES MODELED IN THE ERD



EMPLOYEES						
COLUMN	DATA TYPE (SIZE)	CONSTRAINT				
employee_id	NUMBER (9)	primary key				
first_name	CHARACTER(25)	NOT NULL				
last_name	CHARACTER(35)	NOT NULL				
salary	NUMBER(6,2)					
hourly_rate	NUMBER(6,2)					
emp_type	CHARACTER	NOT NULL				
dept_id	NUMBER(9)	NOT NULL foreign key: departments				
mgr_id	NUMBER(9)	foreign key: employees				
agency_id	NUMBER(9)	foreign key: agencies				

THE CODE FOR THE CHECK CONSTRAINT WOULD LOKK LIKE THIS:

CHECK(EPE_TYPE = 'FTE' AND SALARY IS NOT NULL AND HOURLY_RATE IS NULL AND AGY_ID IS NULL)

OR (EPE_TYPE = 'PTE' AND SALARY IS NULL AND HOURLY_RATE IS NOT NULL AND AGY_ID IS NOT NULL)

SAMPLE DATA

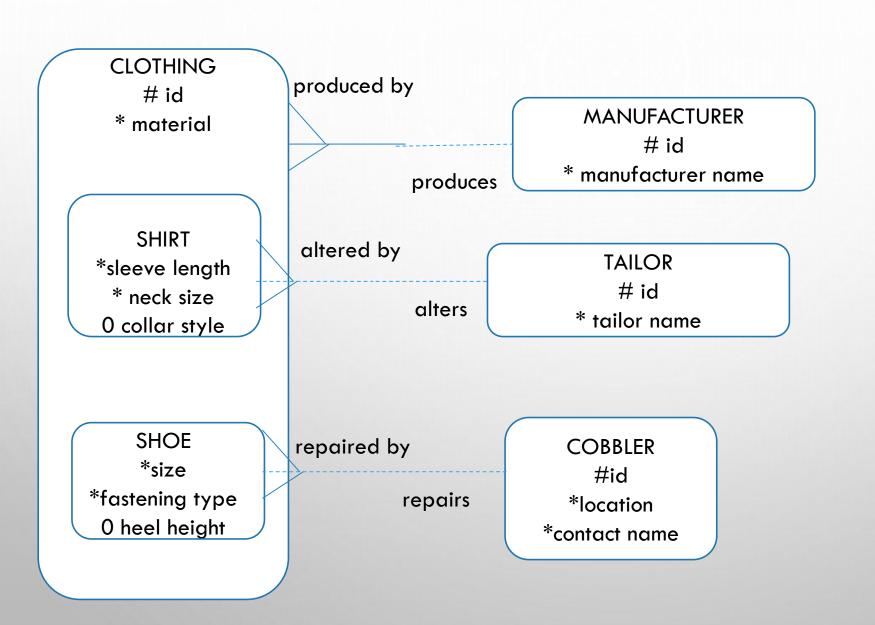
Employees								
id	first_name	last_name	salary	hourly_rate	dpt_id	agency_id	emp_type	mgr_id
2000	Joan	Merrick	50000		10		FTE	111
111	Sylvia	Patakis	90000		10		FTE	
2101	Marcus	Riveria		65.00	10	17	PTE	111
2102	Hector	Chen		75.00	25	17	PTE	45
45	Rajesh	Vishwan	90000		25		FTE	

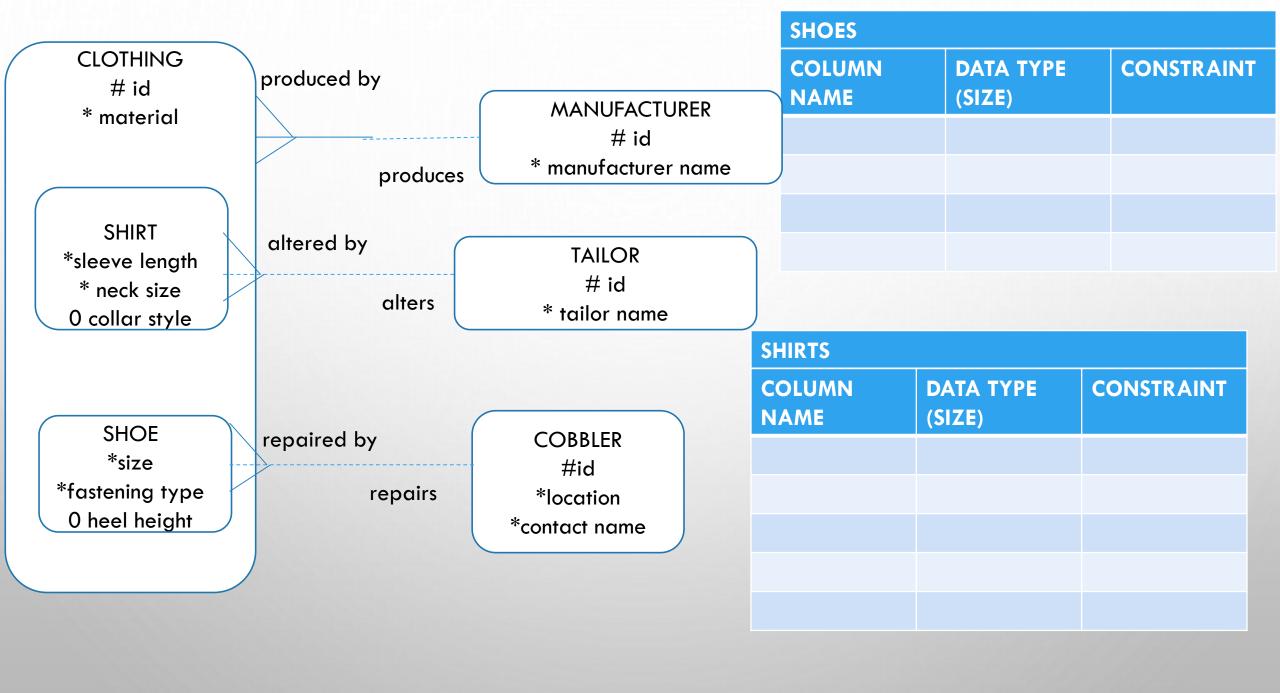
- WHEN DO YOU CHOOSE THE SINGLE TABLE IMPLEMENTATION:
 - THIS IS A COMMON AND FLEXIBLE IMPLEMENTATION
 - APPROPRIATE WHERE:
 - MOST OF THE ATTRIBUTES ARE AT THE SUPERTYPE LEVEL
 - MOST OF THE RELATIONSHIPS ARE AT THE SUPERTYPE LEVEL
 - BUSINESS RULES ARE GLOBALLY THE SAME FOR THE SUBTYPES.

- SUBTYPE IMPLEMENTATION: TWO TABLE
 - YOU CREATE A TABLE FOR EACH OF THE SUBTYPES
- RULES:
 - TABLES: ONE TABLE PER FIRST LEVEL SUBTYPE
 - COLUMNS: EACH TABLE GETS ONE COLUMN FOR EACH ATTRIBUTE OF THE SUPERTYPE WITH ITS ORIGINAL OPTIONALITY
 - EACH TABLE ALSO GETS ONE COLUMN FOR EACH ATTRIBUTE AT THE SUBTYPE LEVEL WITH ITS ORIGINAL OPTIONALITY

• RULES:

- IDENTIFIERS: THE PRIMARY UID AT THE SUPERTYPE IS THE PRIMARY KEY FOR EACH TABLE. SECONDARD UIS'S ARE UNIQUE KEYS
- RELATIOINSHIPS: ALL TABLES GET A FOREIGN KEY FOR A RELATIONSHIP AT THE SUPERTYPE LEVEL WITH THE ORIGINAL OPTIONALITY
 - FOR RELATIONSHIPS AT THE SUBTYPE LEVEL THE FOREIGN KEY IS IMPLEMENTED IN THE TABLE IT IS MAPPED
 TO
 - ORIGINAL OPTIONALITY RETAINED.





SAMPLE DATA

SHIRTS							
id	material	sleeve_ length	neck_ size	collar_ style	mfr_id	tailor_id	
10	linen	33	16	button down	65	14	
11	wool	32	15.5	Nehru	65		
14	cotton	33	15.5		10	17	

SHOES							
id	material	sizeq	fasten _type	heel_h eight	mfr_id	cblr_id	
3	leather	7.5	monkst rap	1.5	75	44	
7	canvas	8	Velcro	1	70		

- SUBTYPE IMPLEMENTATION MAY BE APPROPRIATE WHEN:
 - SUBTYPES HAVE LITTLE IN COMMON. FEW ATTRIBUTES AT THE SUPERTYPE
 - MOST OF THE RELATIONSHIPS ARE AT THE SUBTYPE LEVEL
 - BUSINESS RULES AND FUNCTIONALITY DIFFER BETWEEN SUBTYPES
 - HOW TABLES ARE USED IS DIFFERENT E.G. ONE FOR QUERYING ONE FOR UPDATING