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#### OGC Training Data Markup Language for Artificial Intelligence (TrainingDML-AI) Part 2: JSON Encoding Standard

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#### i. Abstract

The OGC Training Data Markup Language for Artificial Intelligence (TrainingDML-AI) Part 2: JSON Encoding Standard defines requirements for encoding AI training datasets as JSON. JavaScript Object Notation (JSON) is widely used for encoding data in Web-based applications. It consists of sets of objects described by name/value pairs. TrainingDML-AI Part 2 is based on the OGC Training Data Markup Language for Artificial Intelligence (TrainingDML-AI) Part 1: Conceptual Model Standard.

#### ii. Keywords

The following are keywords to be used by search engines and document catalogues.

ogcdoc, OGC document, artificial intelligence, machine learning, deep learning, earth observation, remote sensing, training data, training sample, encoding, JSON

#### iii. Preface

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. The Open Geospatial Consortium shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights.

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No security considerations have been made for this Standard.

#### v. Submitting organizations

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- Pixalytics Ltd
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- George Mason University
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# Chapter 1. Scope

This OGC TrainingDML - AI Part 2: JSON Encoding Standard defines a JSON encoding for the exchange of training datasets. The TrainingDML - AI Part 2 Standard provides a JSON-based encoding for the exchange of information describing training datasets, both within and between different organizations.

The document model is derived from the conceptual models defined in the OGC Training Data Markup Language for Artificial Intelligence (TrainingDML-AI) Part 1: Conceptual Model Standard.

# Chapter 2. Conformance

This Standard defines a JSON encoding for AI training datasets. The standardization target for this Standard is:

• TrainingDML-AI JSON Encoding Schema

Conformance with this Standard shall be checked using all the relevant tests specified in Annex A (normative) of this document. The framework, concepts, and methodology for testing, and the criteria to be achieved to claim conformance are specified in the OGC Compliance Testing Policies and Procedures and the OGC Compliance Testing website.

All requirements-classes and conformance-classes described in this document are owned by the standard identified.

This standard identifies eleven (11) conformance classes. Each conformance class is defined by one requirements class. The tests in Annex A are organized by requirements class. So an implementation of each conformance class must pass all tests specified in Annex A for the respective requirements class.

Of these eleven conformance classes, only the AI\_TrainingDataset conformance class is mandatory. All other conformance classes are optional. In the case where a conformance class has a dependency on another conformance class, that conformance class should also be implemented.

If AI\_TrainingDataset conformance class is implemented, all other conformance classes will eventually be implemented based on the dependencies between the conformance classes. Therefore, all conformance classes can also be considered mandatory.

# **Chapter 3. Normative References**

The following normative documents contain provisions that, through reference in this text, constitute provisions of this document. For dated references, subsequent amendments to, or revisions of, any of these publications do not apply. For undated references, the latest edition of the normative document referred to applies.

- OGC: OGC 23-008r3, OGC Training Data Markup Language for Artificial Intelligence (TrainingDML-AI) Part1: Conceptual Model Standard, 2023
- IETF: RFC 7159, The JavaScript Object Notation (JSON) Data Interchange Format, 2014
- IETF: RFC 7946, The GeoJSON Format, 2016
- IETF: RFC 3986, Uniform Resource Identifiers (URI): Generic Syntax, 2005
- IETF: RFC 3339, Date and Time on the Internet: Timestamps, 2002
- IETF: RFC 2046, Multipurpose Internet Mail Extensions (MIME) Part Two: Media Types, 1996
- ISO 19107:2019 Geographic information Spatial schema
- ISO 19115-1:2014 Geographic information Metadata Part 1: Fundamentals
- ISO 19157-1:2023 Geographic information Data quality Part 1: General requirements

# **Chapter 4. Terms and Definitions**

This document used the terms defined in OGC Policy Directive 49, which is based on the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2, Rules for the structure and drafting of International Standards. In particular, the word "shall" (not "must") is the verb form used to indicate a requirement to be strictly followed to conform to this Standard and OGC documents do not use the equivalent phrases in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2.

For the purposes of this document, the following additional terms and definitions apply.

# 4.1. Artificial Intelligence (AI)

refers to a set of methods and technologies that can empower machines or software to learn and perform tasks like humans.

SOURCE: OGC Training Data Markup Language for Artificial Intelligence (TrainingDML-AI) Part 1: Conceptual Model Standard

# 4.2. Machine Learning (ML)

is an important branch of artificial intelligence that gives computers the ability to improve their performance without explicitly being programmed to do so. ML processes create models from training data by using a set of learning algorithms, and then can use these models to make predictions. Depending on whether the training data include labels, the learning algorithms can be divided into supervised and unsupervised learning.

SOURCE: OGC Training Data Markup Language for Artificial Intelligence (TrainingDML-AI) Part 1: Conceptual Model Standard

# 4.3. Deep Learning (DL)

is a subset of machine learning, which is essentially a neural network with three or more layers. The number of layers is referred to as depth. While a neural network with a single layer can still make approximate predictions, additional hidden layers can help to optimize and refine for accuracy.

SOURCE: https://www.ibm.com/topics/deep-learning

## 4.4. Dataset

identifiable collection of data

Note 1 to entry: A dataset can be a smaller grouping of data which, though limited by some constraint such as spatial extent or feature type, is located physically within a larger dataset. Theoretically, a dataset can be as small as a single feature or feature attribute contained within a larger dataset. A hardcopy map or chart can be

considered a dataset.

[SOURCE: ISO 19115-1:2014, 4.3]

# 4.5. Training Dataset

is a collection of samples, often labeled in terms of supervised learning. A training dataset can be divided into training, validation, and test sets. Training samples are different from samples in OGC Observations & Measurements (O&M). They are often collected in purposive ways that deviate from purely probability sampling, with known or expected results labeled as values of a dependent variable for generating a trained predictive model.

SOURCE: OGC Training Data Markup Language for Artificial Intelligence (TrainingDML-AI) Part 1: Conceptual Model Standard

#### 4.6. Label

refers to known or expected results annotated as values of a dependent variable in training samples. A training sample label is different from those on a geographical map, which are known as map labels or annotations.

SOURCE: OGC Training Data Markup Language for Artificial Intelligence (TrainingDML-AI) Part 1: Conceptual Model Standard

# **4.7. Class**

<classification> result of a classification process as part of a classification system which subdivides concepts within a given topic area.

[SOURCE: ISO 19144-2:2023, 3.1.6]

#### 4.8. Task

the specific goal that an AI application want to achieve.

SOURCE: OGC Training Data Markup Language for Artificial Intelligence (TrainingDML-AI) Part 1: Conceptual Model Standard

# 4.9. Provenance

information about entities, activities, and people involved in producing a piece of data or thing, which can be used to form assessments about its quality, reliability or trustworthiness. In this standard provenance is a record of how training data were prepared.

SOURCE: W3C (https://www.w3.org/TR/prov-overview/)

# **4.10. Quality**

degree to which a set of inherent characteristics of an object fulfils requirements [ISO 9000:2015, 3.6.2, modified \( \text{INO}\) Notes 1 and 2 to entry have been deleted. Quality of training data (such as data imbalance and mislabeling) can impact the performance of AI/ML models.

SOURCE: OGC Training Data Markup Language for Artificial Intelligence (TrainingDML-AI) Part 1: Conceptual Model Standard

#### 4.11. Earth Observation

data and information collected about our planet, whether atmospheric, oceanic or terrestrial. This includes space-based or remotely-sensed data, as well as ground-based or in situ data.

SOURCE: GEO (https://earthobservations.org/geo\_wwd.php)

#### 4.12. Scene Classification

task of identifying scene categories of images, on the basis of a training set of images whose scene categories are known.

SOURCE: OGC Training Data Markup Language for Artificial Intelligence (TrainingDML-AI) Part 1: Conceptual Model Standard

# 4.13. Object Detection

task of recognizing objects such as cars from images. The objects are often localized using bounding boxes.

SOURCE: OGC Training Data Markup Language for Artificial Intelligence (TrainingDML-AI) Part 1: Conceptual Model Standard

# 4.14. Semantic Segmentation

task of assigning class labels to pixels of images or points of point clouds.

SOURCE: OGC Training Data Markup Language for Artificial Intelligence (TrainingDML-AI) Part 1: Conceptual Model Standard

# 4.15. Change Detection

task that finds the changes in an area between images taken at different times.

SOURCE: OGC Training Data Markup Language for Artificial Intelligence (TrainingDML-AI) Part 1: Conceptual Model Standard

#### 4.16. 3D Model Reconstruction

task that builds 3D objects and scenes from multi-view images.

SOURCE: OGC Training Data Markup Language for Artificial Intelligence (TrainingDML-AI) Part 1: Conceptual Model Standard

#### 4.17. Generative Model

is one of the methods of large model training, which improve model performance through unsupervised pre-training. In the fine-tuning phase, labeled data plays a critical role in optimizing the model for specific vertical domains or tasks. By incorporating labeled data, the model can learn to accurately identify and extract relevant features, leading to better performance on specific downstream tasks. Overall, the combination of generative models and fine-tuning with labeled data can significantly improve the performance of large models in specialized domains or tasks.

SOURCE: OGC Training Data Markup Language for Artificial Intelligence (TrainingDML-AI) Part 1: Conceptual Model Standard

# 4.18. JavaScript Object Notation (JSON)

is a lightweight, text-based, language-independent syntax for defining data interchange formats. It was derived from the ECMAScript programming language but is programming language independent. JSON defines a small set of structuring rules for the portable representation of structured data.

SOURCE: ECMA-404 The JSON data interchange syntax 2nd edition, December 2017

# 4.19. JSON Schema

is a vocabulary that allows you to annotate and validate JSON documents.

SOURCE: https://json-schema.org/

# 4.20. Training Dataset Publisher

refers to the entity or individual responsible for creating and releasing the JSON-based serialization syntax for geospatial training datasets, as defined in the TrainingDML-AI Part 2: JSON Encoding Standard.

# **Chapter 5. Conventions**

This section provides details and examples for any conventions used in the document.

#### 5.1. Identifiers

The normative provisions in this Standard are denoted by the URI:

http://www.opengis.net/spec/TrainingDML-AI-2/1.0

All requirements and conformance tests that appear in this document are denoted by partial URIs which are relative to this base.

#### 5.2. Abbreviated Terms

In this document the following abbreviations and acronyms are used or introduced:

- AI Artificial Intelligence
- DL Deep Learning
- EO Earth Observation
- IETF Internet Engineering Task Force
- ISO International Organization for Standardization
- JSON JavaScript Object Notation
- ML Machine Learning
- OGC Open Geospatial Consortium
- RS Remote Sensing
- TD Training Data
- UML Unified Modelling Language
- URL Uniform Resource Locator
- UTC Coordinated Universal Time
- W3C World Wide Web Consortium
- XML Extensible Markup Language

# Chapter 6. Overview

The TrainingDML-AI Part 2: JSON Encoding Standard defines a JSON-based serialization syntax for geospatial training datasets. While other serialization formats are possible, such alternatives are not discussed in this Standard.

JSON does not have a formal class model. JSON objects are just sets of properties. However, the JSON encoding described in this Standard features a "type" property on each JSON object.

A training dataset document conforming to this Standard is a JSON document whose root value is an AI\_TrainingDataset object.

# 6.1. JavaScript Object Notation

JavaScript Object Notation (JSON) is a lightweight, text-based, language-independent data interchange format that defines a small set of formatting rules for the portable representation of structured data. JSON is derived from the object literals of JavaScript, as defined in the ECMAScript Programming Language Standard and can represent four primitive types (strings, numbers, Boolean values, and null) and two structured types (objects and arrays). The ordering of the members or properties of any JSON object is considered irrelevant. Even though JSON is based on a subset of the JavaScript Programming Language it is currently well-supported by nearly all programming languages, including Java, Python, and C#.

The JSON format is currently described by two competing standards, RFC7159 and ECMA-404. Both standards documents are consistent, but the latter defines mainly the grammatical syntax where the former provides some additional semantic and security points.

When serialized, absent properties are represented by either (a) setting the property value to null, or (b) by omitting the property declaration altogether at the option of the training dataset publisher. These representations are semantically equivalent. If a property has an array value, the absence of any items in that array shall be represented by omitting the property entirely or by setting the value to null. The appropriate interpretation of an omitted or explicitly null value is that no value has been assigned, as opposed to the view that the given value is empty or nil.

# Chapter 7. Requirements for TrainingDML-AI JSON Encoding

# 7.1. Requirements Class: Base

#### 7.1.1. Requirements Class: JSON Base Type

The JSON Base Type requirements class defines the base requirements for JSON encodings, which includes definitions of common types used in the TrainingDML-AI JSON encoding.

Requirements class	
/req/base/jsonbasetype	
Dependency	JSON
Requirement 1	/req/base/jsonbasetype/json
Requirement 2	/req/base/jsonbasetype/datetime
Requirement 3	/req/base/jsonbasetype/namedvalue
Requirement 4	/req/base/jsonbasetype/url

The first requirement is that a TrainingDML-AI JSON document is a valid JSON document.

Requirement 1	/req/base/jsonbasetype/json	
	An instance SHALL be a conformant JSON document, as defined in ECMA-404	

JSON has a limited range of built-in types (http://json.org/). The following requirements provide standard JSON representations of additional types required across all requirements within this specification.

The DateTime is encoded as a text string.

Requirement 2	/req/base/jsonbasetype/datetime
	Each DateTime value SHALL be encoded as a text string defined in Date and Time on the Internet: Timestamps RFC 3339 Section 5.6.
	RFC 3339 is a profile of the ISO 8601 standard for representation of dates and times using the Gregorian calendar.
	The specification of date and time in any JSON encoding of training set data SHALL be specified in UTC.

```
a) "2002-05-30T09:00:00"
b) "2002-05-30T09:30:10.5"
c) "2002-05-30T09:30:10Z"
d) "2002-09-24"
e) "2002-09-24Z"
f) "09:30:10"
g) "09:30:10.5"
h) "09:30:10Z"
```

The NamedValue is encoded as a JSON object with two properties named "key" and "value". Typically, the "key" property represents a unique identifier or name for the value being described, while the "value" property contains the actual data associated with that identifier. The "key" element is an open field allowing for arbitrary keys to be used. The "value" element may be any types.

Requirement 3	/req/base/jsonbasetype/namedvalue
	Each NamedValue value SHALL be encoded as a JSON object with properties "key" and "value", while the value of property "key" is a text string.

#### Examples:

```
a) {"key": "forest", "value": "RGB(0,255,255)"}
b) {"key": "precision", "value": 0.8}
```

The URL is encoded as a text string.

Requirement 4	/req/base/jsonbasetype/url
	Each URL value SHALL be encoded as a text string defined in Uniform Resource Identifier (URI): Generic Syntax RFC 3986 Section 4.1.

#### Examples:

```
a) "http://www.opengeospatial.org"b) "/file.txt"
```

## 7.1.2. Requirements Class: ISO Metadata Type

The ISO Metadata Type requirements class defines the requirements for JSON encoding of ISO metadata types.

Requirements class		
/req/base/isometadatatype		
Dependency	JSON	

Requirements class	
Dependency	GeoJSON
Requirement 5	/req/base/isometadatatype/band
Requirement 6	/req/base/isometadatatype/extent
Requirement 7	/req/base/isometadatatype/citation
Requirement 8	/req/base/isometadatatype/scope

The MD\_Band is encoded as a JSON object.

Requirement 5	/req/base/isometadatatype/band
	Each MD_Band value SHALL be encoded as a JSON object matching the XML Schema type as defined in:
	https://schemas.isotc211.org/19115/-1/mrc/1.3.0/content.xsd

#### Examples:

```
a) {"name": [{"code": "red"}]}
b) {"name": [{"code": "B4"}]}
c) {"boundMax": 690, "boundMin": 630, "boundUnits": "nm"}
```

The EX\_Extent is encoded as a GeoJSON bounding box or a JSON Object.

Requirement 6	/req/base/isometadatatype/extent
	Each EX_Extent value SHALL be encoded using the GeoJSON bounding box encoding as defined in The GeoJSON Format RFC 7946 Section 5,
	or a JSON object matching the XML Schema type as defined in:
	https://schemas.isotc211.org/19115/-1/gex/1.3.0/extent.xsd

```
a) [120.0, 30.0, 130.0, 40.0]
b) [120.0, 30.0, 10.0, 130.0, 40.0, 20.0]
c) {
    "geographicElement": [{
        "westBoundLongitude": -171.76409,
        "eastBoundLongitude": -157.86768,
        "southBoundLatitude": -14.42443,
        "northBoundLatitude": 21.31573
    }]
}
```

The CI\_Citation is encoded as a JSON object.

# Requirement 7 /req/base/isometadatatype/citation Each CI\_Citation value SHALL be encoded as a JSON object matching the XML Schema type as defined in: https://schemas.isotc211.org/19115/-1/cit/1.3.0/citation.xsd

#### Example:

```
{"title": "Open Geospatial Consortium", "alternateTitle": ["OGC"], "identifier": [{"code": "https://portal.ogc.org/files/?artifact_id=104605&version=1"}]}
```

The MD\_Scope is encoded as a JSON object.

Requirement 8	/req/base/isometadatatype/scope
	Each MD_Scope value SHALL be encoded as a JSON object matching the XML Schema type as defined in:
	https://schemas.isotc211.org/19115/-1/mcc/1.3.0/commonClasses.xsd

```
a) {
    "level": "dataset",
    "levelDescription": [{
        "dataset": "whu_rs19"
    }]
  }
b) {
    "level": "attribute",
    "levelDescription": [{
        "attributes": "completeness"
```

```
}]
   }
c) {
       "level": "coverage",
       "extent": [{
           "geographicElement": [{
               "westBoundLongitude": -171.76409,
               "eastBoundLongitude": -157.86768,
               "southBoundLatitude": -14.42443,
               "northBoundLatitude": 21.31573
           }]
       }]
   }
d) {
       "level": "feature",
       "extent": [{
           "geographicElement": [{
               "polygon": [{
                   "exterior": {
                       "LinearRing": {
                           "posList": [51.556272, -0.2803943, 51.5562758, -0.2787397,
51.5556539, -0.278736, 51.5556501, -0.2803906, 51.556272, -0.2803943]
                   }
               }]
           }]
       }]
   }
```

#### 7.1.3. Requirements Class: ISO Quality Type

The ISO Quality Type requirements class defines the requirements for JSON encoding of ISO quality types.

Requirements class	
/req/base/isoqualitytype	
Dependency	JSON
Requirement 9	/req/base/isoqualitytype/element

The QualityElement object is encoded as a JSON object with properties shown in Table 1.

Requirement 9	/req/base/isoqualitytype/element
	Each QualityElement value SHALL be encoded as a JSON object with properties shown in Table 1.

Table 1. QualityElement properties

JSON Property	Definition	Data type and values	Obligation
type	The type of the quality element object.	CharacterString [11]	Mandatory
measure	Reference to measure used.	MeasureReference [11]	Mandatory
evaluationMethod	Evaluation information.	EvaluationMethod [11]	Mandatory
result	Value obtained from applying a data quality measure.	QualityResult [1*]	Mandatory

#### Example:

```
"type": "FormatConsistency",
 "measure": {
     "measureDescription": "Percentage of training samples with inconsistent image
format"
 },
 "evaluationMethod": {
     "evaluationMethodDescription": "Full test method to calculate the percentage of
training samples with an inconsistent format"
 },
 "result": [
        "quantitativeResult": {
        "value": [
           0
        ],
        "valueUnit": "%"
     }
 ]
}
```

#### 7.1.4. Requirements Class: Geospatial Type

The Geospatial Type requirements class defines the requirements for JSON encoding of geospatial types.

Requirements class	
/req/base/geospatialtype	
Dependency	JSON
Dependency	GeoJSON
Requirement 10	/req/base/geospatialtype/feature

The encoding of one or more features follows the GeoJSON RFC rules for encoding a Feature object, with members "type", "geometry" and "properties". A Feature object represents a spatially bounded thing. Every Feature object is a GeoJSON object no matter where it occurs in a GeoJSON text. RFC 7946

Requirement 10	/req/base/geospatialtype/feature
	Each Feature value SHALL be encoded using the GeoJSON feature encoding defined in The GeoJSON Format RFC 7946 Section 3.2.

Examples of Feature encodings are:

```
a) {"type": "Feature", "geometry": {"type": "Point", "coordinates": [120.0, 30.0]}, "properties": {"class": "station"}}
b) {"type": "Feature", "geometry": {"type": "LineString", "coordinates": [[120.0, 30.0], [130.0, 40.0]]}, "properties": {"class": "road"}}
c) {"type": "Feature", "geometry": {"type": "Polygon", "coordinates": [[[120.0, 30.0], [130.0, 30.0], [125.0, 40.0], [120.0, 30.0]]]}, "properties": {"class": "building"}}
```

# 7.2. Requirements Class: AI\_TrainingDataset

The AI\_TrainingDataset requirements class defines a JSON encoding for the AI\_TrainingDataset module, which is based on the UML model specified in the TrainingDML-AI Part 1: Conceptual Model Standard.

Requirements class			
/req/aitrainingdata	/req/aitrainingdataset		
Dependency	JSON		
Dependency	/req/base/jsonbasetype		
Dependency	/req/base/isometadatatype		
Dependency	/req/aitrainingdata		
Dependency	/req/aitask		
Dependency	/req/ailabeling		
Dependency	/req/aidataquality		
Dependency	/req/aitdchangeset		
Requirement 11	/req/aitrainingdataset/trainingdataset		
Requirement 12	/req/aitrainingdataset/metricsinliterature		
Requirement 13	/req/aitrainingdataset/eotrainingdataset		

The AI\_TrainingDataset object is encoded as a JSON object with properties shown in Table 2.

Requirement 11	/req/aitrainingdataset/trainingdataset
	Each AI_TrainingDataset object SHALL implement the Mandatory properties shown in Table 2.

 $Table\ 2.\ AI\_Training Dataset\ properties$ 

JSON Property	Definition	Data type and values	Obligation
type	Type of the training dataset.	"AI_AbstractTrainingDa taset"	Mandatory
id	Identification of the AI training dataset.	CharacterString [11]	Mandatory
doi	Digital object identifier of the AI training dataset.	CharacterString [01]	Optional
scope	Description of the scope of the training dataset.	MD_Scope [01]	Optional
name	Name of the AI training dataset.	CharacterString [11]	Mandatory
description	Description of the AI training dataset.	CharacterString [11]	Mandatory
version	Version number of the AI training dataset.	CharacterString [01]	Optional
amountOfTrainingData	Total number of training samples in the AI training dataset.	Int [01]	Optional
createdTime	Time when the AI training dataset was created.	DateTime [01]	Optional
updatedTime	Time when the AI training dataset was updated.	DateTime [01]	Optional
license	License description of the AI training dataset.	CharacterString [11]	Mandatory
providers	People or organizations who provide the AI training dataset.	CharacterString [0*]	Optional
keywords	Keywords of the AI training dataset.	CharacterString [0*]	Optional

JSON Property	Definition	Data type and values	Obligation
metricsInLIT	Results of performance metrics achieved by AI/ML algorithms in the peer-reviewed literature.	AI_MetricsInLiterature [0*]	Optional
statisticsInfo	Statistical results for training samples in each class.	NamedValue [0*]	Optional
dataSources	Citation for the data sources.	CI_Citation [0*]	Optional
numberOfClasses	Total number of classes in the AI training dataset.	Int [01]	Optional
classificationSchema	Classification schema for classes used in the AI training dataset.	CharacterString [01]	Optional
classes	Classes used in the AI training dataset.	NamedValue [0*]	Optional
tasks	Task description of the training dataset.	AI_Task [1*]	Mandatory
labeling	Provenance information of how the training dataset is labeled.	AI_Labeling [0*]	Optional
quality	Quality information of the training dataset.	DataQuality [0*]	Optional
changesets	Changeset between two versions of the training dataset.	AI_TDChangeset [0*]	Optional
data	Training data in the training dataset.	AI_AbstractTrainingDat a [1*]	Mandatory

```
"type": "AI_AbstractTrainingDataset",
   "id": "whu_rs19",
   "name": "WHU-RS19",
   "description": "Wuhan University-Remote Sensing 19 Categories (WHU-RS19) has 19
classes of remote sensing images scenes obtained from Google Earth",
   "license": "CC BY-SA 4.0",
   "amountOfTrainingData": 1013,
```

```
"createdTime": "2010-01-01",
  "providers": ["Wuhan University"],
  "keywords": ["Remote Sensing", "Scene Classification"],
  "numberOfClasses": 19,
  "classes": [{"key":"Airport", "value":null}, {"key":"Beach", "value":null},
{"key":"Bridge", "value":null}, {"key": "Commercial", "value":null},
{"key":"Desert","value":null}, {"key":"Farmland","value":null},
{"key":"footballField","value":null}, {"key":"Forest","value":null},
{"key":"Industrial", "value":null}, {"key":"Meadow", "value":null},
{"key":"Mountain", "value":null}, {"key":"Park", "value":null},
{"key":"Parking", "value":null}, {"key": "Pond", "value":null},
{"key":"Port", "value":null}, {"key": "railwayStation", "value":null},
{"key":"Residential", "value":null}, {"key":"River", "value":null},
{"key":"Viaduct", "value":null}],
  "tasks": [{"type": "AI_EOTask","id": "whu_rs19-task", "description": "Structural
high-resolution satellite image indexing", "taskType": "Scene Classification"}],
  "data": [{"type": "AI_EOTrainingData", "id": "airport_01", "dataSources": [{"title":
"googleEarth"}], "dataURL": ["image/Airport/airport_01.jpg"], "labels": [{"type":
"AI_SceneLabel", "class": "Airport"}]}, ...]
}
```

If the optional element AI\_MetricsInLiterature is specified, this element is encoded as JSON object with properties as shown in Table 3.

Requirement 12	/req/aitrainingdataset/metricsinliterature
	Each AI_MetricsInLiterature value SHALL implement the Mandatory properties shown in Table 3.

Table 3. AI\_MetricsInLiterature properties

JSON Property	Definition	Data type and values	Obligation
doi	Digital object identifier of the peer-reviewed literature.	CharacterString [11]	Mandatory
algorithm	AI/ML algorithms used in the peer-reviewed literature.	CharacterString [01]	Optional
metrics	Metrics and results of AI/ML algorithms in the peer-reviewed literature.	NamedValue [1*]	Mandatory

```
{
    "doi": "10.1109/TGRS.2019.2917161",
    "algorithm": "FACNN",
```

```
"metrics": [{"key": "Overall Accuracy", "value": 0.9881}]
}
```

The AI\_EOTrainingDataset object is encoded as a JSON object with properties shown in Table 2 and Table 4.

Requirement 13	/req/aitrainingdataset/eotrainingdataset	
	Each AI_EOTrainingDataset object SHALL implement the Mandatory properties both shown in Table 2 and Table 4.	

*Table 4. AI\_EOTrainingDataset properties* 

JSON Property	Definition	Data type and values	Obligation
type	Type of the training dataset.	"AI_EOTrainingDataset"	Mandatory
extent	Spatial extent of the EO training dataset.	EX_Extent [01]	Optional
bands	Bands description of the images used in the EO training dataset.	MD_Band [0*]	Optional
imageSize	Size of the images used in the EO training dataset.	ChracterString [01]	Optional

```
"type": "AI_EOTrainingDataset",
 "id": "whu rs19",
 "name": "WHU-RS19",
 "description": "Wuhan University-Remote Sensing 19 Categories (WHU-RS19) has 19
classes of remote sensing images scenes obtained from Google Earth",
 "license": "CC BY-SA 4.0",
 "amountOfTrainingData": 1013,
 "createdTime": "2010-01-01",
 "providers": ["Wuhan University"],
 "keywords": ["Remote Sensing", "Scene Classification"],
 "numberOfClasses": 19,
 "extent": [-180, -90, 180, 90],
 "bands": [
    {"name": [{"code": "red"}]},
    {"name": [{"code": "green"}]},
    {"name": [{"code": "blue"}]}
 ],
 "imageSize": "6000x7600",
  "classes": [{"key":"Airport","value":null}, {"key":"Beach","value":null},
```

```
{"key":"Bridge", "value":null}, {"key":"Commercial", "value":null},
{"key":"Desert", "value":null}, {"key":"Farmland", "value":null},
{"key":"footballField", "value":null}, {"key":"Forest", "value":null},
{"key":"Industrial", "value":null}, {"key":"Meadow", "value":null},
{"key":"Mountain", "value":null}, {"key":"Park", "value":null},
{"key":"Parking", "value":null}, {"key":"Pond", "value":null},
{"key":"Port", "value":null}, {"key":"railwayStation", "value":null},
{"key":"Residential", "value":null}, {"key":"River", "value":null},
{"key":"Viaduct", "value":null}],
   "tasks": [{"type": "AI_EOTask", "id": "whu_rs19-task", "description": "Structural
high-resolution satellite image indexing", "taskType": "Scene Classification"}],
   "data": [{"type": "AI_EOTrainingData", "id": "airport_01", "dataSources": [{"title":
"googleEarth"}], "dataURL": ["image/Airport/airport_01.jpg"], "labels": [{"type":
"AI_SceneLabel", "class": "Airport"}]}, ...]
}
```

# 7.3. Requirements Class: AI\_TrainingData

The AI\_TrainingData requirements class defines a JSON encoding for the AI\_TrainingData module, which is based on the UML model specified in the TrainingDML-AI Part 1: Conceptual Model Standard.

Requirements class		
/req/aitrainingdata		
Dependency	JSON	
Dependency	/req/base/jsonbasetype	
Dependency	/req/base/isometadatatype	
Dependency	/req/ailabel	
Dependency	/req/ailabeling	
Dependency	/req/aidataquality	
Requirement 14	/req/aitrainingdata/trainingdata	
Requirement 15	/req/aitrainingdata/trainingtypecode	
Requirement 16	/req/aitrainingdata/eotrainingdata	

The AI\_TrainingData object is encoded as a JSON object with properties shown in Table 5.

Requirement 14	/req/aitrainingdataset/trainingdata	
	Each AI_TrainingData object SHALL implement the Mandatory properties shown in Table 5.	

Table 5. AI\_TrainingData properties

JSON Property	Definition	Data type and values	Obligation
type	Type of the training sample.	"AI_AbstractTrainingDa ta"	Mandatory
id	Identification of an individual AI training sample.	CharacterString [11]	Mandatory
datasetId	Identification of the training dataset that the training sample belongs to.	CharacterString [01]	Optional
trainingType	Training type of the individual AI training sample.	AI_TrainingTypeCode [01]	Optional
numberOfLabels	Total number of labels in the individual AI training sample.	Int [01]	Optional
dataSources	Citation of inputs to prepare a training sample.	CI_Citation [0*]	Optional
labels	Labels in the training data.	AI_Label [1*]	Mandatory
labeling	Provenance information of how the training data is labeled.	AI_Labeling [0*]	Optional
quality	Quality information of the training data.	DataQuality [0*]	Optional

#### Example:

```
{
  "type": "AI_AbstractTrainingData",
  "id": "airport_01",
  "dataSources": [{"title": "googleEarth"}],
  "dataURL": ["image/Airport/airport_01.jpg"],
  "labels": [{"type": "AI_SceneLabel", "class": "Airport"}]
}
```

The AI\_TrainingTypeCode is encoded as a text string whose value is one of "training", "validation", "test" or "retraining".

Requirement 15	/req/aitrainingdataset/trainingtypecode	
	Each AI_TrainingTypeCode value SHALL be a text string whose value is one of "training", "validation", "test" or "retraining".	

#### Examples:

```
a) "training"
b) "validation"
c) "test"
d) "retraining"
```

The AI\_EOTrainingData object is encoded as a JSON object with properties both shown in Table 5 and Table 6.

Requirement 16	/req/aitrainingdataset/eotrainingdata	
	Each AI_EOTrainingData object SHALL implement the Mandatory properties as defined in Table 5 and Table 6.	

Table 6. AI\_EOTrainingData properties

JSON Property	Definition	Data type and values	Obligation
type	Type of the EO training data.	"AI_EOTrainingData"	Mandatory
extent	Spatial extent of the individual EO training sample.	EX_Extent [01]	Optional
dataTime	Date time when the EO data was obtained.	DateTime [0*]	Optional
dataURL	URL of the EO data, including both relative and absolute paths, which can encompass local paths, network addresses, and more.	URL [1*]	Mandatory

```
{
  "type": "AI_EOTrainingData",
  "id": "airport_01",
  "dataSources": [{"title": "googleEarth"}],
  "extent": {
      "geographicElement": [{
            "westBoundLongitude": -171.76409,
```

# 7.4. Requirements Class: AI\_Task

The AI\_Task requirements class defines a JSON encoding for the AI\_Task module, which is based on the UML model specified in the TrainingDML-AI Part 1: Conceptual Model Standard.

Requirements class		
/req/aitask		
Dependency	JSON	
Dependency	/req/base/jsonbasetype	
Requirement 17	/req/aitask/task	
Requirement 18	/req/aitask/eotask	

The AI\_Task object is encoded as a JSON object with properties as shown in Table 7.

Requirement 17	/req/aitask/task
	Each AI_Task object SHALL implement the Mandatory properties shown in Table 7.

*Table 7. AI\_Task properties* 

JSON Property	Definition	Data type and values	Obligation
type	Type of the task object.	"AI_AbstractTask"	Mandatory
id	Identification of the task.	CharacterString [11]	Mandatory
datasetId	Identification of the training dataset the training sample belongs to.	CharacterString [01]	Optional
description	Description of the AI task.	CharacterString [01]	Optional

```
{
  "type": "AI_AbstractTask",
  "id": "image-indexing-task",
  "description": "Structural high-resolution satellite image indexing"
}
```

The AI\_EOTask object is encoded as a JSON object with properties both shown in Table 7 and Table 8.

Requirement 18	/req/aitask/eotask
	Each AI_EOTask object SHALL implement the Mandatory properties shown in Table 7 and Table 8.

#### *Table 8. AI\_EOTask properties*

JSON Property	Definition	Data type and values	Obligation
type	Type of the task object.	"AI_EOTask"	Mandatory
taskType	Type of the EO task.	CharacterString [11]	Mandatory

#### Example:

```
{
  "type": "AI_EOTask",
  "id": "image-indexing-task",
  "description": "Structural high-resolution satellite image indexing",
  "taskType": "Scene Classification"
}
```

# 7.5. Requirements Class: AI\_Label

The AI\_Label requirements class defines a JSON encoding for the AI\_Label module, which is based on the UML model specified in the TrainingDML-AI Part 1: Conceptual Model Standard.

Requirements class	
/req/ailabel	
Dependency	JSON
Dependency	/req/base/jsonbasetype
Dependency	/req/base/geospatialtype
Requirement 19	/req/ailabel/label
Requirement 20	/req/ailabel/scenelabel
Requirement 21	/req/ailabel/objectlabel

Requirements class	
Requirement 22	/req/ailabel/pixellabel
Requirement 23	/req/ailabel/imageformatcode

The AI\_Label object is encoded as a JSON object with properties as shown in Table 9.

Requirement 19	/req/ailabel/label
	Each AI_Label object SHALL implement the Mandatory properties shown in Table 9.

#### $Table\ 9.\ AI\_Label\ properties$

JSON Property	Definition	Data type and values	Obligation
type	Type of the label object.	"AI_AbstractLabel"	Mandatory
isNegative	Whether the training sample related to the label is a positive or negative sample.	Bool [01]  Default: false	Optional
confidence	Confidence score of the labeler.	Float [01]  Default: 1.0  Range: [0, 1]	Optional

#### Example:

```
{
  "type": "AI_AbstractLabel",
  "isNegative": false,
  "confidence": 1.0
}
```

The AI\_SceneLabel object is encoded as a JSON object with properties as shown in Table 10.

Requirement 20	/req/ailabel/scenelabel
	Each AI_SceneLabel object SHALL implement the properties shown in Table 10.

#### $Table\ 10.\ AI\_Scene Label\ properties$

JSON Property	Definition	Data type and values	Obligation
type	Type of the label object at the scene level.	"AI_SceneLabel"	Mandatory

JSON Property	Definition	Data type and values	Obligation
class	Class that records the semantic of the scene of the training sample.	CharacterString [11]	Mandatory

#### Example:

```
{
  "type": "AI_SceneLabel",
  "class": "Airport"
}
```

The AI\_ObjectLabel object is encoded as a JSON object with properties shown in Table 11.

Requirement 21	/req/ailabel/objectlabel
	Each AI_ObjectLabel object SHALL implement the Mandatory properties shown in Table 11.

Table 11. AI\_ObjectLabel properties

JSON Property	Definition	Data type and values	Obligation
type	Type of the label object at the object level.	"AI_ObjectLabel"	Mandatory
object	Feature that represents the position and attributes of the object.	Feature [11]	Mandatory
bboxType	Type of the bbox.	CharacterString [01]	Optional
class	Class that records the semantic of the object type.	CharacterString [11]	Mandatory
dateTime	Created time of the object label.	DateTime [01]	Optional

```
{
  "type": "AI_ObjectLabel",
  "class": "Truck",
  "object": {"type": "Feature", "properties": {"truncated": 0.0, "occluded": 0,
  "alpha": -1.57}, "geometry": {"type": "Polygon", "coordinates": [[[2257.0, 332.0],
  [2271.0, 332.0], [2271.0, 350.0], [2257.0, 350.0], [2257.0, 332.0]]]}},
  "bboxType": "Horizontal BBox"
}
```

The AI\_PixelLabel object is encoded as a JSON object with properties as shown in Table 12.

Requirement 22	/req/ailabel/pixellabel
	Each AI_PixelLabel object shall implement the Mandatory properties shown in Table 12.

Table 12. AI\_PixelLabel properties

JSON Property	Definition	Data type and values	Obligation
type	Type of the label object at the pixel level.	"AI_PixelLabel"	Mandatory
imageURL	URL of the images representing the label information.	URL [1*]	Mandatory
imageFormat	Image data format.	AI_ImageFormatCode [1*]	Mandatory

#### Example:

```
{
  "type": "AI_PixelLabel",
  "imageURL": ["/label_5classes/GF2_PMS1__L1A0000647767-MSS1_label.tif"],
  "imageFormat": ["image/tiff; application=geotiff"]
}
```

The AI\_ImageFormatCode is encoded as a text string whose value is defined in Multipurpose Internet Mail Extensions (MIME) Part Two: Media Types RFC 2046.

Requirement 23	/req/ailabel/imageformatcode
	Each AI_ImageFormatCode value SHALL be encoded as a text string defined in Multipurpose Internet Mail Extensions (MIME) Part Two: Media Types RFC 2046.

#### Examples:

```
a) "image/tiff; application=geotiff"b) "application/x-netcdf"c) "image/png"d) "image/jp2"
```

# 7.6. Requirements Class: AI\_Labeling

The AI\_Labeling requirements class defines a JSON encoding for the AI\_Labeling module, which is

based on the UML model specified in the TrainingDML-AI Part 1: Conceptual Model Standard.

Requirements class		
/req/ailabeling		
Dependency	JSON	
Dependency	/req/base/jsonbasetype	
Dependency	/req/base/isometadatatype	
Requirement 24	/req/ailabeling/labeling	
Requirement 25	/req/ailabeling/labeler	
Requirement 26	/req/ailabeling/labelingprocedure	
Requirement 27	/req/ailabeling/labelingmethodcode	

The AI\_Labeling object is encoded as a JSON object with properties shown in Table 13.

Requirement 24	/req/ailabeling/labeling
	Each AI_Labeling object SHALL implement the Mandatory properties shown in Table 13.

Table 13. AI\_Labeling properties

JSON Property	Definition	Data type and values	Obligation
type	Type of the labeling object.	"AI_Labeling"	Mandatory
id	Identifier of the labeling.	CharacterString [11]	Mandatory
scope	Description of the scope of the labeling.	MD_Scope [11]	Mandatory
labelers	Labelers of the labeling activity.	AI_Labeler [0*]	Optional
procedure	Procedure used in the labeling activity.	AI_LabelingProcedure [01]	Optional

```
{
  "type": "AI_Labeling",
  "id": "0",
  "scope": {
     "level": "dataset",
     "levelDescription": [{
        "dataset": "whu_rs19"
     }]
},
```

```
"labelers": [{..}],
    "procedure": {..}
}
```

The AI\_Labeler object is encoded as a JSON object with properties as shown in Table 14.

Requirement 25	/req/ailabeling/labeler	
	Each AI_Labeler object SHALL implement the Mandatory properties shown in Table 14.	

#### Table 14. AI\_Labeler properties

JSON Property	Definition	Data type and values	Obligation
type	Type of the labeler object.	"AI_Labeler"	Mandatory
id	Identifier of the labeler.	CharacterString [11]	Mandatory
name	Name of the labeler.	CharacterString [11]	Mandatory

#### Example:

```
{
  "type": "AI_Labeler",
  "id": "0",
  "name": "Tom"
}
```

An AI\_LabelingProcedure object is encoded as a JSON object with properties as shown in Table 15.

Requirement 26	/req/ailabeling/labelingprocedure	
	Each AI_LabelingProcedure object SHALL implement the Mandatory properties shown in Table 15.	

Table 15. AI\_LabelingProcedure properties

JSON Property	Definition	Data type and values	Obligation
type	Type of the labeling procedure object.	"AI_LabelingProcedure"	Mandatory
id	Identifier of the labeling procedure.	CharacterString [11]	Mandatory
methods	Methods used in the labeling procedure.	AI_LabelingMethodCod e [1*]	Mandatory

JSON Property	Definition	Data type and values	Obligation
tools	Tools or software used in the labeling procedure.	CharacterString [0*]	Optional

#### Example:

```
{
  "type": "AI_LabelingProcedure",
  "id": "0",
  "methods": ["manual"],
  "tools": ["ArcGIS"]
}
```

The AI\_LabelingMethodCode is encoded as a text string whose value is one of "manual", "semi-automatic", "automatic" or "unknown".

Requirement 27	/req/ailabeling/labelingmethodcode
	Each AI_LabelingMethodCode value SHALL be a text string whose value is one of "manual", "semi-automatic", "automatic" or "unknown".

#### Examples:

```
a) "manual"
b) "semi-automatic"
c) "automatic"
d) "unknown"
```

# 7.7. Requirements Class: AI\_DataQuality

The AI\_DataQuality requirements class defines a JSON encoding for the AI\_Labeling module, which is based on the UML model specified in the TrainingDML-AI Part 1: Conceptual Model Standard.

Requirements class	
/req/aidataquality	
Dependency	JSON
Dependency	/req/base/jsonbasetype
Dependency	/req/base/isometadatatype
Dependency	/req/base/isoqualitytype
Requirement 28	/req/aidataquality/classbalancedegree

The AI\_ClassBalanceDegree object is encoded as a JSON object with properties as shown in Table 16.

Requirement 28	/req/aidataquality/classbalancedegree	
	Each AI_ClassBalanceDegree object SHALL implement the Mandatory properties as shown in Table 16.	

Table 16. AI\_ ClassBalanceDegree properties

JSON Property	Definition	Data type and values	Obligation
type	Type of the class balance degree object.	"AI_ClassBalanceDegre e"	Mandatory
measure	Reference to measure used.	MeasureReference [11]	Mandatory
evaluationMethod	Evaluation information.	EvaluationMethod [11]	Mandatory
result	Value obtained from applying a data quality measure.	QualityResult [1*]	Mandatory

#### Example:

```
"type": "AI_ClassBalanceDegree",
  "measure": {
     "measureDescription": "Balance degree of label classes"
   "evaluationMethod": {
     "evaluationMethodDescription": "Counting the number of training samples belonging
to each class and calculating the balance degree"
  },
   "result": [
       "quantitativeResult": {
         "value": [
           93.5
         "valueUnit": "%"
       }
    }
  ]
}
```

### 7.8. Requirements Class: AI\_TDChangeset

The AI\_TDChangeset requirements class defines a JSON encoding for the AI\_TDChangeset module, which is based on the UML model specified in the TrainingDML-AI Part 1: Conceptual Model Standard.

Requirements class	
/req/aitdchangeset	
Dependency	JSON
Dependency	/req/base/jsonbasetype
Dependency	/req/tdtrainingdata
Requirement 29	/req/aitdchangeset/tdchangeset

The AI\_TDChangeset object is encoded as a JSON object with properties shown in Table 17.

Requirement 29	/req/aitdchangeset/tdchangeset	
	Each AI_TDChangeset object SHALL implement the Mandatory properties as shown in Table 17.	

Table 17. AI\_ TDChangeset properties

JSON Property	Definition	Data type and values	Obligation
type	Type of the TD changeset object.	"AI_TDChangeset"	Mandatory
id	Identifier of the changeset.	CharacterString [11]	Mandatory
datasetId	Identifier of the training dataset the changeset belongs to.	CharacterString [01]	Optional
version	Version of the training dataset that the changeset belongs to.	CharacterString [01]	Optional
changeCount	Total number of changed training samples.	Int [11]	Mandatory
createdTime	The time that the changeset was created.	DateTime [01]	Optional
add	Added training samples.	AI_AbstractTrainingDat a [0*]	Optional
modify	Modified training samples.	AI_AbstractTrainingDat a [0*]	Optional
delete	Deleted training samples.	AI_AbstractTrainingDat a [0*]	Optional

### Example:

```
{
    "type": "AI_TDChangeset",
```

```
"id": "changeset-dota_v1.5",
    "datasetId": "dota_v1.5",
    "createdTime": "2019-01-01",
    "changeCount": 9,
    "modify": [{"type": "AI_EOTrainingData", "id": "P1228", "dataSources": [{"title":
"GF"}], "dataURL": ["train/images/P1228.png"], "numberOfLabels": 50, "trainingType":
"training", "labels": [{"type": "AI_ObjectLabel", "class": "ship", "object": {"type":
"Feature", "properties": {}, "geometry": {"type": "Polygon", "coordinates": [[[2306.0, 729.0], [2330.0, 729.0], [2330.0, 744.0], [2306.0, 744.0],
[2306.0,729.0]]]}}, "bboxType": "Horizontal BBox"}, ...]}]
```

# **Annex A: Abstract Test Suite (Normative)**

### A.1. Introduction

Conformance is tested using the JSON Schema document which formalize the requirements described above.

### A.2. Conformance Class: Base

The Base conformance class tests that occurrences of the basic types are encoded according to the requirements.

#### A.2.1. Conformance Class: JSON Base Type

Conformance Class	
http://www.opengis.net/spec/TrainingDML-AI-2/1.0/conf/base/jsonbasetype	
Requirements class /req/base/jsonbasetype	

Abstract Test 1	
Test ID	/conf/base/jsonbasetype/json
Requirement	/req/base/jsonbasetype/json
Test purpose	Verify that the document is well-formed JSON.
Test method	Load the document in a JSON validator. Pass if no errors reported. Fail otherwise.

Abstract Test 2	
Test ID	/conf/base/jsonbasetype/datetime
Requirement	/req/base/jsonbasetype/datetime
Test purpose	Verify that JSON instance documents claiming conformance to this specification contain valid DateTime values according to Date and Time on the Internet: Timestamps RFC 3339 Section 5.6.
Test method	Inspect the instance document to verify the above requirement.

Abstract Test 3	
Test ID	/conf/base/jsonbasetype/namedvalue
Requirement	/req/base/jsonbasetype/namedvalue
Test purpose	Verify that JSON instance documents claiming conformance to this specification validate against the JSON schema specified in http://schemas.opengis.net/trainingdml-ai/1.0/namedValue.json.

Test method	Validate the instance document against the namedValue.json schema to verify
	the above requirement. The process may be using an appropriate software
	tool for validation or be a manual process that checks all definitions from the
	JSON schema specification.

Abstract Test 4		
Test ID	/conf/base/jsonbasetype/url	
Requirement	/req/base/jsonbasetype/url	
Test purpose	Verify that JSON instance documents claiming conformance to this specification contain valid URL values according to Uniform Resource Identifier (URI): Generic Syntax RFC 3986 Section 4.1. A URL value can be absolute or relative and may have an optional fragment identifier.	
Test method	Inspect the instance document to verify the above requirement.	

### A.2.2. Conformance Class: ISO Metadata Type

Conformance Class		
http://www.opengis.net/spec/TrainingDML-AI-2/1.0/conf/base/isometadatatype		
Requirements class	/req/base/isometadatatype	

Abstract Test 5		
Test ID	/conf/base/isometadatatype/band	
Requirement	/req/base/isometadatatype/band	
Test purpose	Verify that instance documents using the MD_Band JSON objects validate against the JSON schema specified in http://schemas.opengis.net/trainingdml-ai/1.0/md_band.json.	
Test method	Validate the instance document against the md_band.json schema to verify the above requirement. The process may be using an appropriate software tool for validation or be a manual process that checks all definitions from the JSON schema specification.	

Abstract Test 6		
Test ID	/conf/base/isometadatatype/extent	
Requirement	/req/base/isometadatatype/extent	
Test purpose	Verify that instance documents using the EX_Extent JSON objects validate against the JSON schema specified in http://schemas.opengis.net/trainingdml-ai/1.0/ex_extent.json.	
Test method	Validate the instance document against the ex_extent.json schema to verify the above requirement. The process may be using an appropriate software tool for validation or be a manual process that checks all definitions from the JSON schema specification.	

Abstract Test 7		
Test ID	/conf/base/isometadatatype/citation	
Requirement	/req/base/isometadatatype/citation	
Test purpose	Verify that instance documents using the CI_Citation JSON objects validate against the JSON schema specified in http://schemas.opengis.net/trainingdml-ai/1.0/ci_citation.json.	
Test method	Validate the instance document against the ci_citation.json schema to verify the above requirement. The process may be using an appropriate software tool for validation or be a manual process that checks all definitions from the JSON schema specification.	

Abstract Test 8		
Test ID	/conf/base/isometadatatype/scope	
Requirement	/req/base/isometadatatype/scope	
Test purpose	Verify that instance documents using the MD_Scope JSON objects validate against the JSON schema specified in http://schemas.opengis.net/trainingdml-ai/1.0/md_scope.json.	
Test method	Validate the instance document against the md_scope.json schema to verify the above requirement. The process may be using an appropriate software tool for validation or be a manual process that checks all definitions from the JSON schema specification.	

## A.2.3. Conformance Class: ISO Quality Type

Conformance Class		
http://www.opengis.net/spec/TrainingDML-AI-2/1.0/conf/base/isoqualitytype		
Requirements class	/req/base/isoqualitytype	

Abstract Test 9		
Test ID	/conf/base/isoqualitytype/element	
Requirement	/req/base/isoqualitytype/element	
Test purpose	Verify that instance documents using the QualityElement JSON objects validate against the JSON schema specified in http://schemas.opengis.net/trainingdml-ai/1.0/qualityElement.json.	
Test method	Validate the instance document against the qualityElement.json schema to verify the above requirement. The process may be using an appropriate software tool for validation or be a manual process that checks all definitions from the JSON schema specification.	

### A.2.4. Conformance Class: Geospatial Type

Conformance Class		
http://www.opengis.net/spec/TrainingDML-AI-2/1.0/conf/base/geospatialtype		
Requirements class	/req/base/geospatialtype	

Abstract Test 10		
Test ID	/conf/base/geospatialtype/feature	
Requirement	/req/base/geospatialtype/feature	
Test purpose	Verify that instance documents using the Feature JSON objects validate against the JSON schema specified in https://geojson.org/schema/Feature.json.	
Test method	Validate the instance document against the feature.json schema to verify the above requirement. The process may be using an appropriate software tool for validation or be a manual process that checks all definitions from the JSON schema specification.	

# A.3. Conformance Class: AI\_TrainingDataset

The AI\_TrainingDataset conformance class tests that the training dataset object is encoded according to the requirements.

Conformance Class		
http://www.opengis.net/spec/TrainingDML-AI-2/1.0/conf/aitrainingdataset		
Requirements class /req/aitrainingdataset		
Dependency	/conf/base/jsonbasetype	
Dependency	/conf/base/isometadatatype	
Dependency	/conf/aitrainingdata	
Dependency	/conf/aitask	
Dependency	/conf/ailabeling	
Dependency	/conf/aidataquality	
Dependency	/conf/aitdchangeset	

Abstract Test 11		
Test ID	/conf/aitrainingdataset/trainingdataset	
Requirement	/req/aitrainingdataset/trainingdataset	
Test purpose	Verify that instance documents using the AI_TrainingDataset JSON objects listed in Table 2 validate against the JSON schema specified in http://schemas.opengis.net/trainingdml-ai/1.0/ai_trainingDataset.json.	

Test method	Validate the instance document against the ai_trainingDataset.json schema to
	verify the above requirement. The process may be using an appropriate
	software tool for validation or be a manual process that checks all definitions
	from the JSON schema specification.

Abstract Test 12	
Test ID	/conf/aitrainingdataset/metricsinliterature
Requirement	/req/aitrainingdataset/metricsinliterature
Test purpose	Verify that instance documents using the AI_MetricsInLiterature JSON objects listed in Table 3 validate against the JSON schema specified in http://schemas.opengis.net/trainingdml-ai/1.0/ai_metricsInLiterature.json.
Test method	Validate the instance document against the ai_metricsInLiterature.json schema to verify the above requirement. The process may be using an appropriate software tool for validation or be a manual process that checks all definitions from the JSON schema specification.

Abstract Test 13	
Test ID	/conf/aitrainingdataset/eotrainingdataset
Requirement	/req/aitrainingdataset/eotrainingdataset
Test purpose	Verify that instance documents using the AI_EOTrainingDataset JSON objects listed in Table 2 and Table 4 validate against the JSON schema specified in http://schemas.opengis.net/trainingdml-ai/1.0/ai_eoTrainingDataset.json.
Test method	Validate the instance document against the ai_eoTrainingDataset.json schema to verify the above requirement. The process may be using an appropriate software tool for validation or be a manual process that checks all definitions from the JSON schema specification.

# A.4. Conformance Class: AI\_TrainingData

The AI\_TrainingData conformance class tests that the training data objects are encoded according to the requirements.

Conformance Class	
http://www.opengis.net/spec/TrainingDML-AI-2/1.0/conf/aitrainingdata	
Requirements class	/req/aitrainingdata
Dependency	/conf/base/jsonbasetype
Dependency	/conf/base/isometadatatype
Dependency	/conf/ailabel
Dependency	/conf/ailabeling
Dependency	/conf/aidataquality

Abstract Test 14	
Test ID	/conf/aitrainingdata/trainingdata
Requirement	/req/aitrainingdata/trainingdata
Test purpose	Verify that instance documents using the AI_TrainingData JSON objects listed in Table 5 validate against the JSON schema specified in http://schemas.opengis.net/trainingdml-ai/1.0/ai_trainingData.json.
Test method	Validate the instance document against the ai_trainingData.json schema to verify the above requirement. The process may be using an appropriate software tool for validation or be a manual process that checks all definitions from the JSON schema specification.

Abstract Test 15		
Test ID	/conf/aitrainingdata/trainingtypecode	
Requirement	/req/aitrainingdata/trainingtypecode	
Test purpose	Verify that instance documents using the AI_TrainingTypeCode JSON object validate against the JSON schema specified in http://schemas.opengis.net/trainingdml-ai/1.0/ai_trainingTypeCode.json.	
Test method	Validate the instance document against the ai_trainingTypeCode.json schema to verify the above requirement. The process may be using an appropriate software tool for validation or be a manual process that checks all definitions from the JSON schema specification.	

Abstract Test 16	
Test ID	/conf/aitrainingdata/eotrainingdata
Requirement	/req/aitrainingdata/eotrainingdata
Test purpose	Verify that instance documents using the AI_EOTrainingData JSON objects listed in Table 5 and Table 6 validate against the JSON schema specified in http://schemas.opengis.net/trainingdml-ai/1.0/ai_eoTrainingData.json.
Test method	Validate the instance document against the ai_eoTrainingData.json schema to verify the above requirement. The process may be using an appropriate software tool for validation or be a manual process that checks all definitions from the JSON schema specification.

# A.5. Conformance Class: AI\_Task

The AI\_Task conformance class tests that the task objects are encoded according to the requirements.

Conformance Class	
http://www.opengis.net/spec/TrainingDML-AI-2/1.0/conf/aitask	
Requirements class	/req/aitask

Dependency	/conf/base/jsonbasetype
Dependency	/com/pase/jsompasetype

Abstract Test 17	
Test ID	/conf/aitask/task
Requirement	/req/aitask/task
Test purpose	Verify that instance documents using the AI_Task JSON objects listed in Table 7 validate against the JSON schema specified in http://schemas.opengis.net/trainingdml-ai/1.0/ai_task.json.
Test method	Validate the instance document against the ai_task.json schema to verify the above requirement. The process may be using an appropriate software tool for validation or be a manual process that checks all definitions from the JSON schema specification.

Abstract Test 18	
Test ID	/conf/aitask/eotask
Requirement	/req/aitask/eotask
Test purpose	Verify that instance documents using the AI_EOTask JSON objects listed in Table 7 and Table 8 validate against the JSON schema specified in http://schemas.opengis.net/trainingdml-ai/1.0/ai_eoTask.json.
Test method	Validate the instance document against the ai_eoTask.json schema to verify the above requirement. The process may be using an appropriate software tool for validation or be a manual process that checks all definitions from the JSON schema specification.

# A.6. Conformance Class: AI\_Label

The AI\_Label conformance class tests that the label objects are encoded according to the requirements.

Conformance Class	
http://www.opengis.net/spec/TrainingDML-AI-2/1.0/conf/ailabel	
Requirements class	/req/ailabel
Dependency	/conf/base/jsonbasetype
Dependency	/conf/base/geospatialtype

Abstract Test 19	
Test ID	/conf/ailabel/label
Requirement	/req/ailabel/label
Test purpose	Verify that instance documents using the AI_Label JSON objects listed in Table 9 validate against the JSON schema specified in http://schemas.opengis.net/trainingdml-ai/1.0/ai_label.json.

Test method	Validate the instance document against the ai_label.json schema to verify the
	above requirement. The process may be using an appropriate software tool for
	validation or be a manual process that checks all definitions from the JSON
	schema specification.

Abstract Test 20	
Test ID	/conf/ailabel/scenelabel
Requirement	/req/ailabel/scenelabel
Test purpose	Verify that instance documents using the AI_SceneLabel JSON objects listed in Table 10 validate against the JSON schema specified in http://schemas.opengis.net/trainingdml-ai/1.0/ai_sceneLabel.json.
Test method	Validate the instance document against the ai_sceneLabel.json schema to verify the above requirement. The process may be using an appropriate software tool for validation or be a manual process that checks all definitions from the JSON schema specification.

Abstract Test 21	
Test ID	/conf/ailabel/objectlabel
Requirement	/req/ailabel/objectlabel
Test purpose	Verify that instance documents using the AI_ObjectLabel JSON objects listed in Table 11 validate against the JSON schema specified in <a href="http://schemas.opengis.net/trainingdml-ai/1.0/ai_objectLabel.json">http://schemas.opengis.net/trainingdml-ai/1.0/ai_objectLabel.json</a> .
Test method	Validate the instance document against the ai_objectLabel.json schema to verify the above requirement. The process may be using an appropriate software tool for validation or be a manual process that checks all definitions from the JSON schema specification.

Abstract Test 22	
Test ID	/conf/ailabel/pixellabel
Requirement	/req/ailabel/pixellabel
Test purpose	Verify that instance documents using the AI_PixelLabel JSON objects listed in Table 12 validate against the JSON schema specified in http://schemas.opengis.net/trainingdml-ai/1.0/ai_pixelLabel.json.
Test method	Validate the instance document against the ai_pixelLabel.json schema to verify the above requirement. The process may be using an appropriate software tool for validation or be a manual process that checks all definitions from the JSON schema specification.

Abstract Test 23	
Test ID	/conf/ailabel/imageformatcode
Requirement	/req/ailabel/imageformatcode

Test purpose	Verify that instance documents using the AI_ImageFormatCode JSON objects conform to the requirements specified by the Multipurpose Internet Mail Extensions (MIME) Part Two: Media Types RFC 2046.
Test method	Inspect the instance document to verify the above requirement.

# A.7. Conformance Class: AI\_Labeling

The AI\_Labeling conformance class tests that the labeling objects are encoded according to the requirements.

Conformance Class	
http://www.opengis.net/spec/TrainingDML-AI-2/1.0/conf/ailabeling	
Requirements class	/req/ailabeling
Dependency	/conf/base/jsonbasetype
Dependency	/conf/base/isometadatatype

Abstract Test 24	
Test ID	/conf/ailabeling/labeling
Requirement	/req/ailabeling/labeling
Test purpose	Verify that instance documents using the AI_Labeling JSON objects listed in Table 13 validate against the JSON schema specified in http://schemas.opengis.net/trainingdml-ai/1.0/ai_labeling.json.
Test method	Validate the instance document against the ai_labeling.json schema to verify the above requirement. The process may be using an appropriate software tool for validation or be a manual process that checks all definitions from the JSON schema specification.

Abstract Test 25	
Test ID	/conf/ailabeling/labeler
Requirement	/req/ailabeling/labeler
Test purpose	Verify that instance documents using the AI_Labeler JSON objects listed in Table 14 validate against the JSON schema specified in http://schemas.opengis.net/trainingdml-ai/1.0/ai_labeler.json.
Test method	Validate the instance document against the ai_labeler.json schema to verify the above requirement. The process may be using an appropriate software tool for validation or be a manual process that checks all definitions from the JSON schema specification.

Abstract Test 26	
Test ID	/conf/ailabeling/labelingprocedure
Requirement	/req/ailabeling/labelingprocedure

Test purpose	Verify that instance documents using the AI_LabelingProcedure JSON objects listed in Table 15 validate against the JSON schema specified in http://schemas.opengis.net/trainingdml-ai/1.0/ai_labelingProcedure.json.
Test method	Validate the instance document against the ai_labelingProcedure.json schema to verify the above requirement. The process may be using an appropriate software tool for validation or be a manual process that checks all definitions from the JSON schema specification.

Abstract Test 27			
Test ID	/conf/ailabeling/labelingmethodcode		
Requirement	/req/ailabeling/labelingmethodcode		
Test purpose	Verify that instance documents using the AI_LabelingMethodCode JSON objects validate against the JSON schema specified in http://schemas.opengis.net/trainingdml-ai/1.0/ai_labelingMethodCode.json.		
Test method	Validate the instance document against the ai_LabelingMethodCode.json schema to verify the above requirement. The process may be using an appropriate software tool for validation or be a manual process that checks all definitions from the JSON schema specification.		

# A.8. Conformance Class: AI\_DataQuality

The AI\_DataQuality conformance class tests that the data quality objects are encoded according to the requirements.

Conformance Class				
http://www.opengis.net/spec/TrainingDML-AI-2/1.0/conf/aidataquality				
Requirements class	/req/aidataquality			
Dependency	/conf/base/jsonbasetype			
Dependency	/conf/base/isometadatatype			
Dependency	/conf/base/isoqualitytype			

Abstract Test 28			
Test ID	/conf/aidataquality/classbalancedegree		
Requirement	/req/aidataquality/classbalancedegree		
Test purpose	Verify that instance documents using the AI_ClassBalanceDegree JSON objects listed in Table 16 validate against the JSON schema specified in http://schemas.opengis.net/trainingdml-ai/1.0/ai_classBalanceDegree.json.		
Test method	Validate the instance document against the ai_classBalanceDegree.json schema to verify the above requirement. The process may be using an appropriate software tool for validation or be a manual process that checks all definitions from the JSON schema specification.		

# A.9. Conformance Class: AI\_TDChangeset

The AI\_TDChangeset conformance class tests that the TD changeset objects are encoded according to the requirements.

Conformance Class				
http://www.opengis.net/spec/TrainingDML-AI-2/1.0/conf/aitdchangeset				
Requirements class	/req/aitdchangeset			
Dependency	/conf/base/jsonbasetype			
Dependency	/conf/aitrainingdata			

Abstract Test 29			
Test ID	/conf/aitdchangeset/tdchangeset		
Requirement	/req/aitdchangeset/tdchangeset		
Test purpose	Verify that instance documents using the AI_TDChangeset JSON objects listed in Table 17 validate against the JSON schema specified in http://schemas.opengis.net/trainingdml-ai/1.0/ai_tdChangeset.json.		
Test method	Validate the instance document against the ai_tdChangeset.json schema to verify the above requirement. The process may be using an appropriate software tool for validation or be a manual process that checks all definitions from the JSON schema specification.		

# Annex B: Example (Informative)

### **B.1. TrainingDataset Encoding Examples**

#### **B.1.1. WHU-RS19 Dataset**

The WHU-RS19 dataset is widely used in scene classification of remote sensing images. This dataset is collected from Google Earth and has 19 classes including airport, beach, bridge, commercial, desert, farmland, football field, forest, industrial, meadow, mountain, park, parking, pond, port, railway station, residential, river, and viaduct. Each class contains around 50 images, with an image size of 600×600 and a resolution of 0.5 m.

An example of JSON encoding of the WHU-RS19 dataset following the TrainingDML-AI UML model can be found in https://github.com/opengeospatial/TrainingDML-AI\_SWG/tree/main/use-cases/examples/1.0/WHU-RS19.json.

#### B.1.2. DOTA-v1.5 Dataset

The DOTA-v1.5 dataset is a large-scale dataset for object detection in aerial images. The sources for content in the dataset include Google Earth, Gaofen-2, and Jilin-1 imagery provided by China Resources Satellite Data Center. The 16 classes in DOTA-v1.5 are plane, ship, storage tank, baseball diamond, tennis court, basketball court, ground track field, harbor, bridge, large vehicle, small vehicle, helicopter, roundabout, soccer ball field, swimming pool, and container crane. Compared with other aerial image object detection datasets, the dataset has the largest number of classes. The images in the dataset have various image sizes (from 800×800 to 2000×2000) and resolutions (Google Earth/0.1 m-1 m, Gaofen-2/1 m, Jilin-1/0.72 m).

An example of JSON encoding of the DOTA-v1.5 dataset following the TrainingDML-AI\_UML model can be found in https://github.com/opengeospatial/TrainingDML-AI\_SWG/tree/main/use-cases/examples/1.0/DOTA-v1.5.json.

### **B.1.3. KITTI 2D Object Detection Dataset**

The KITTI 2D object detection dataset is a novel open-access dataset and benchmark for road area and ego-lane detection. KITTI 2D consists of 7481 annotated training images of high variability from the KITTI autonomous driving platform by two PointGrey Flea2 color cameras, capturing a broad spectrum of urban street views and road scenes. The eight (8) classes in the KITTI 2D object detection dataset are car, van, truck, pedestrian, person\_sitting, cyclist, tram, and misc. Compared with other street view object detection datasets, this dataset compresses diverse scenarios and captures real-world traffic situations, ranging from freeways over rural areas to inner-city scenes with many static and dynamic objects.

An example of JSON encoding of the KITTI 2D object detection dataset following the TrainingDML-AI UML model can be found in https://github.com/opengeospatial/TrainingDML-AI\_SWG/tree/main/use-cases/examples/1.0/KITTI.json.

#### **B.1.4. GID Dataset**

The GID dataset is one of state-of-art land cover classification datasets. This dataset has a large spatial coverage covering many provinces in China with a relatively high spatial resolution (2 m). GID has two sets. One is the GID-5C. It has 150 images (image size 7200×6800) that are classified into 5 land cover classes. The other set is GID-15C. The images from GID-5C are sliced into 30,000 patches in GID-15C, which have three types of patch sizes (56×56, 112×112, 224×224) and are classified into 15 land cover classes.

An example of JSON encoding of the GID-5C dataset following the TrainingDML-AI UML model can be found in https://github.com/opengeospatial/TrainingDML-AI\_SWG/tree/main/use-cases/examples/1.0/GID-5C.json.

#### **B.1.5. Toronto3D Dataset**

The Toronto3D dataset is a large urban outdoor point cloud dataset for segmentation collected by the Mobile Laser Scanning System. The dataset covers about 1 km of scene streets in Toronto, including four areas named L001, L002, L003, and L004, with a total of 78.3 million points. Each point in this dataset has 10 attributes representing the 3D position, RGB color, intensity, GPS time, scan angle rank, and category, respectively. This dataset has eight categories, including road, road mark, natural, building, utility line, pole, car, and fence.

An example of JSON encoding of the Toronto3D dataset following the TrainingDML-AI\_UML model can be found in https://github.com/opengeospatial/TrainingDML-AI\_SWG/tree/main/use-cases/examples/1.0/Toronto\_3D.json.

#### **B.1.6. WHU-Building Dataset**

The WHU-Building dataset is a change detection dataset collected from the Land Information New Zealand Data Service. The dataset is composed of images (with the resolution 0.2 m) in 2012 and 2016, covering 20.5 km2. It includes 12,796 and 16,077 buildings respectively in 2012 and 2016.

An example of JSON encoding of the WHU-Building dataset following the TrainingDML-AI UML model can be found in https://github.com/opengeospatial/TrainingDML-AI\_SWG/tree/main/use-cases/examples/1.0/WHU-building.json.

#### **B.1.7. California Change Detection Dataset**

The California Change Detection Dataset is composed of two images and a label image. The first image is a Landsat 8 acquisition covering Sacramento County, Yuba County and Sutter County, California, on 5 January 2017. It has nine channels covering the spectrum from deep blue to shortwave infrared, plus two long-wave infrared channels. The second image was acquired on 18 February 2017 by Sentinel-1A over the same area after the occurrence of a flood. The image is recorded in polarizations VV and VH and augmented with the ratio between the two intensities as a third channel. All these channels are log-transformed.

An example of JSON encoding of the California change detection dataset following the TrainingDML-AI UML model can be found in https://github.com/opengeospatial/TrainingDML-AI\_SWG/tree/main/use-cases/examples/1.0/UiT\_HCD\_California\_2017.json.

#### **B.1.8. WHU MVS Dataset**

The WHU MVS dataset is a synthetic aerial dataset created for large-scale and high-resolution Earth surface reconstruction. The basic training sample of the dataset is a multi-view unit consisting of five aerial images, and their corresponding depth maps are taken as ground truth. There are a total of 5680 pairs of five-view aerial images in the dataset. All the images are simulated from a 3D surface model, which is produced by Smart3D software using Unmanned Aerial Vehicle (UAV) images and refined by manual editing.

An example of JSON encoding of the WHU MVS dataset following the TrainingDML-AI UML model can be found in https://github.com/opengeospatial/TrainingDML-AI\_SWG/tree/main/use-cases/examples/1.0/WHU\_MVS.json.

#### **B.1.9. iSAID Dataset**

The iSAID dataset is the first benchmark dataset for instance segmentation in aerial images. This large-scale and densely annotated dataset contains 655,451 object instances for 15 categories across 2,806 high-resolution images. The images of iSAID is the same as the DOTA-v1.0 dataset, which are manily collected from the Google Earth, some are taken by satellite JL-1, the others are taken by satellite GF-2 of the China Centre for Resources Satellite Data and Application. The object categories in iSAID include: plane, ship, storage tank, baseball diamond, tennis court, basketball court, ground track field, harbor, bridge, large vehicle, small vehicle, helicopter, roundabout, soccer ball field and swimming pool.

An example of JSON encoding of the iSAID dataset following the TrainingDML-AI UML model can be found in https://github.com/opengeospatial/TrainingDML-AI\_SWG/blob/main/use-cases/examples/1.0/iSAID.json.

### **B.2. DataQuality Encoding Example**

#### **B.2.1. WHU-RS19 Data Quality**

An encoded data quality example of the WHU-RS19 datasets following the TrainingDML-AI UML model can be found in https://github.com/opengeospatial/TrainingDML-AI\_SWG/tree/main/use-cases/examples/1.0/WHU-RS19-quality.json.

### **B.3. TDChangeset Encoding Example**

#### **B.3.1. DOTA-v1.5 Changeset**

DOTA-v1.5 uses the same images as DOTA-v1.0, but the extremely small instances (less than 10 pixels) are also annotated. Moreover, a new category "container crane" is added. It contains 403,318 instances in total. The number of images and dataset splits are the same as DOTA-v1.0. This version was released for the DOAI Challenge 2019 on Object Detection in Aerial Images in conjunction with IEEE CVPR 2019.

An encoded changeset example between the DOTA-v1.0 and DOTA-v1.5 datasets following the TrainingDML-AI UML model can be found in https://github.com/opengeospatial/TrainingDML-

# **B.4. Non-EO Imagery TrainingDataset Encoding Examples**

#### **B.4.1. ERA5 Dataset**

The ERA5 dataset is derived from in-situ observational data (Copernicus product), and we limit its usage scenario to the autoregression problem of time series data. Therefore, its label is the data itself. Similar to unsupervised learning, the autoregression task for time series data does not require additional labeled data. For this dataset, inheritance classes for AI\_AbstractLabel are not defined, although this class is required in the existing standard (please note that these test cases are for future versions of the standard). In addition, additional attributes to support the complete representation of dataset information were added.

An example of JSON encoding of the ERA5 dataset following the TrainingDML-AI UML model can be found in https://github.com/opengeospatial/TrainingDML-AI\_SWG/blob/main/use-cases/examples/1.0/ERA5\_hourly\_data.json.

#### **B.4.2. SCIERC Dataset**

The SCIERC dataset is derived from textual data, and its labels are the classification of the text. This dataset is a text classification problem, with the goal of information extraction and entity recognition. For this textual dataset, the Abstract class is inherited and AI\_TextTrainingDataset, AI\_TextTrainingData, AI\_TextTask, and AI\_EntityLabel respectively are defined. In addition, additional attributes to support the complete representation of dataset information were added.

An example of JSON encoding of the SCIERC dataset following the TrainingDML-AI UML model can be found in https://github.com/opengeospatial/TrainingDML-AI\_SWG/blob/main/use-cases/examples/1.0/SCIERC.json.

#### **B.4.3.** nuScenes Dataset

The nuScenes dataset is a public large-scale dataset for autonomous driving developed by the team at Motional (formerly nuTonomy). The full dataset includes approximately 1.4M camera images, 390k LIDAR sweeps, 1.4M RADAR sweeps and 1.4M object bounding boxes in 40k keyframes. Although the training data may come from different domains, the 3D annotation boxes captured by numerous sensors in the same keyframe are targeted at the same object and are unique. Based on this, a 3D annotation box is used to organize each 3D object using AI\_ObjectLabel. Since each training data and each 3D object require many additional attributes to be fully described, many additional attributes to provide a detailed description of the training dataset, training data, labels, etc. were added.

An example of JSON encoding of the nuScenes dataset following the TrainingDML-AI UML model can be found in https://github.com/opengeospatial/TrainingDML-AI\_SWG/blob/main/use-cases/examples/1.0/nuScenes.json.

# **Annex C: Revision History (Informative)**

Date	Release	Author	Paragraph modified	Description
2023-07-28	0.1	Peng Yue, Ruixiang Liu, Boyi Shangguan	All	Draft for internal review.
2023-12-15	0.2	Peng Yue, Ruixiang Liu, Jim Antonisse	Most	Revisions based on comments from Jim Antonisse.
2024-02-26	0.3	Peng Yue, Ruixiang Liu, Carl Reed	Most	Merge edits and comments from Carl Reed.
2024-06-09	0.4	Peng Yue, Ruixiang Liu	Chapter 2, 4, Annex A	Revisions after OAB review and public comments.

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