# spring-boot-actuator-logview 文件包含(CVE-2021-21234)漏洞分析

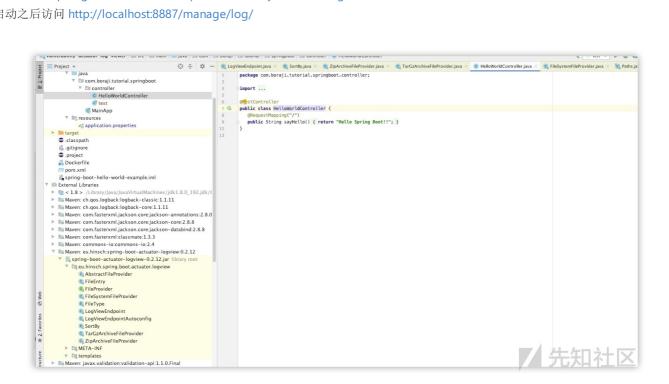
t4mo / 2021-07-28 23:50:00 / 浏览数 2684

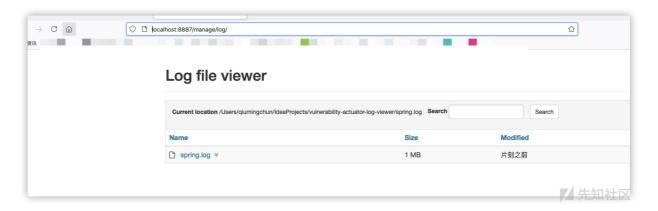
#### 前言

日常搬砖过程中在github发现的一个CVE,https://github.com/ARPSyndicate/kenzertemplates/blob/1f1dd550ddbde72cbe378452973b93b3e62003f5/jaeles/cvescan/medium/CVE-2021-21234.yam 看着带了 springboot就分析了下

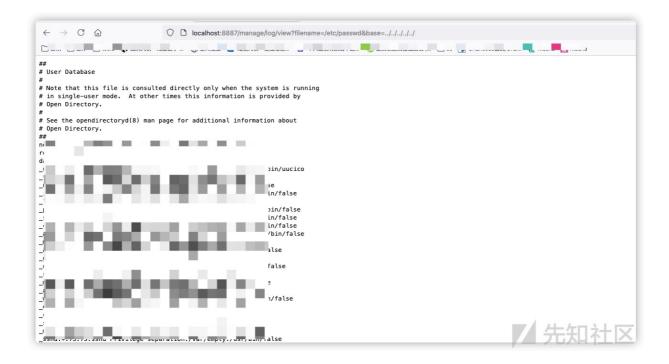
## 环境搭建

git clone https://github.com/cristianeph/vulnerability-actuator-log-viewer 启动之后访问 http://localhost:8887/manage/log/





### 漏洞复现分析



根据springboot启动日志发现/log/view 对应的方法为eu.hinsch.spring.boot.actuator.logview.LogViewEndpoint.view

#### 对应代码

```
@RequestMapping("/view")
public void view(@RequestParam String filename,
          @RequestParam(required = false) String base,
          @RequestParam(required = false) Integer tailLines,
                HttpServletResponse response) throws IOException {
    securityCheck(filename);
    response.setContentType(MediaType.TEXT_PLAIN_VALUE);

Path path = loggingPath(base);
    FileProvider fileProvider = getFileProvider(path);
    if (tailLines != null) {
        fileProvider.tailContent(path, filename, response.getOutputStream(), tailLines);
    }
    else {
        fileProvider.streamContent(path, filename, response.getOutputStream());
    }
}
```

先从RequestParam获取filename参数,然后调用securityCheck进行检查,判断filename是否包含..

安全检查通过之后,将application.properties中logging.path和base拼接,返回path,base从RequestParam获取,并未经过securityCheck

```
return parent;

private Path loggingPath(String base) { base: "../../../"
return base != null ? Paths.get(loggingPath, base) : Paths.get(loggingPath); base: "../../../" loggingPath: "spring.log"

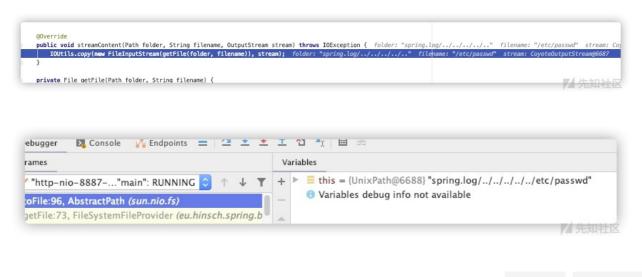
}
```

然后生成fileProvider 在调用 streamContent

```
securityCheck(filename); filename: "/etc/passwd"
response.setContentType(MediaType.TEXT_PLAIN_VALUE); response: ResponseFacade@5662

Path path = loggingPath(base); path: "spring.log/../../.." base: "../../../"
FileProvider fileProvider = getFileProvider(path); path: "spring.log/../../.."
if (tailLines != null) {
    fileProvider.tailContent(path, filename, response.getOutputStream(), tailLines);
}
else {
    fileProvider.streamContent(path, filename, response.getOutputStream());
}
```

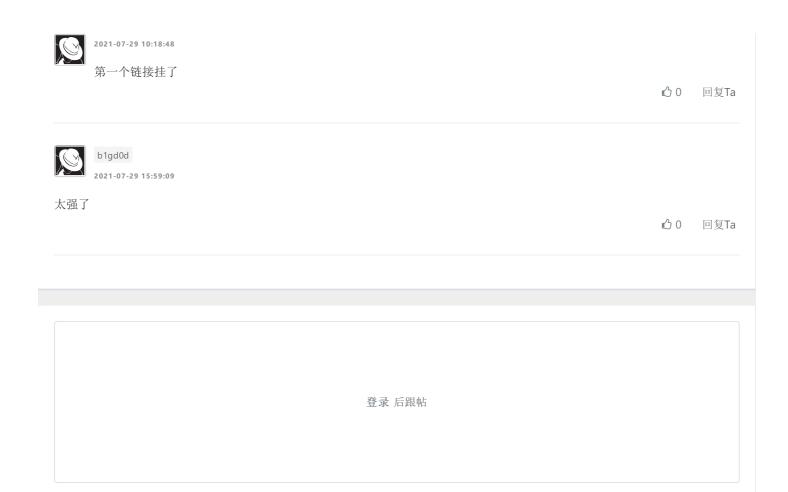
将path和base拼接,然后用fileinputstream打开,造成任意文件读取



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