

Day 54



"Web Development + Security"

Components, Props and JSX in React:

What Are Components?

A component in React is a reusable, independent piece of UI. Think of components as building blocks — like Lego pieces of your website.

Why Components?

- Reusable
- Organized
- Easier to maintain
- Scalable

Types of Components

Туре	Syntax	Example
Functional Component	Uses function + hooks	function App() { return <h1>Hi</h1> ; }
IIClass Component	•	class App extends React.Component { render() { return <h1>Hi</h1> ; } }

What Are Props (Properties)?

Props are like *function parameters* — they let you pass data from a parent component to a child component.

What Is JSX? (JavaScript XML)

JSX is a syntax extension for JavaScript that looks like HTML, but is actually converted into React elements behind the scenes.

In Short

- Components → building blocks of UI.
- Props → pass data between components.
- JSX → HTML-like syntax to write UI inside JS.
- Together, they make React reusable, readable, and dynamic.

Now, to understand this we will start to use, Vite: to install

```
PS E:\FullStackDevelopment\Day51-60\Day54> npm create vite@latest

found 0 vulnerabilities

Starting dev server...

> first-app@0.0.0 dev

> vite

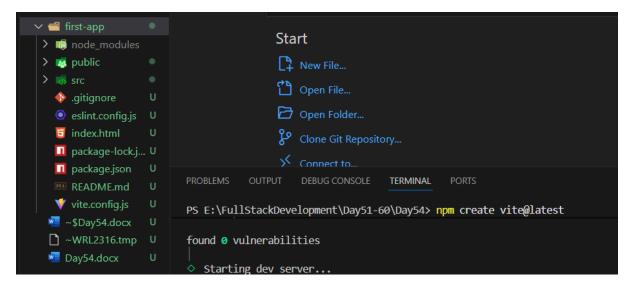
VITE v7.1.11 ready in 449 ms

→ Local: http://localhost:5173/

→ Network: use --host to expose

→ press h + enter to show help
```

When we run this, it will automatically creates a folder named: first-app



Since, we had started it, it will give output as:

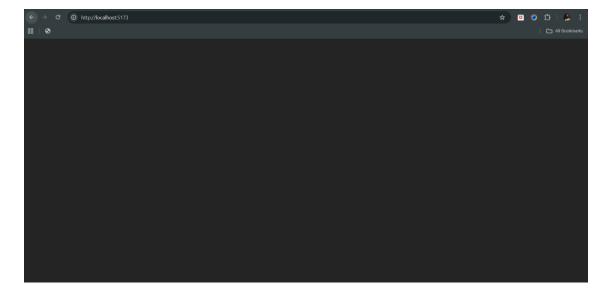


Now, since we had created a counter on last day, we can see that it is there on the screen too. So, now we will edit App.jsx and remove that part:

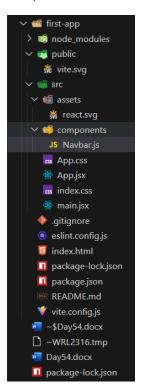
Old: App.jsx

New: App.jsx

Now, as we changed the App.jsx. our output will change as well: it is blank as App.jsx is blank



Now, we will create a nav bar, for which we will first create a folder inside the "src":



Inside the Navbar.js, we will write this template:

Change it to jsx:

Now, we give the basic layout of the Navbar:

Now, write the css for this nav bar, for which we will create Navbar.css in the same components folder as shown below:

Now, we will import that .css in the Navbar.js as shown below:

Now, we will write the Navbar.css as shown below:

Also, we will import this in the App.jsx as shown below:

Output:

Now, we will arrange this in such a way that it will work as a Navbar, for which we will change the Navbar.css as:

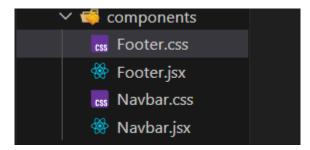
```
## App.jsx  
## App.css  
## Navbar.jsx  
## main.jsx  
## main.jsx  
## main.jsx  
## Mavbar.css  
## main.jsx  
## main.jsx  
## Navbar.css  
## main.jsx  
## main.jsx  
## main.jsx  
## Navbar.css  
## main.jsx  
## main.jsx  
## Navbar.css  
## main.jsx  
## main.jsx  
## Navbar.css  
## nav  
## index.css  
## ind
```

Index.css:

Output:



Now, suppose we want to add the footer, then for it, we will create the footer.jsx and footer.css in the components folder:



Now, we will write code for the footer, first we will write the Footer.jsx:

Footer.css:

Also, include the Footer in the App.jsx:

```
♠ App.jsx

             X css App.css

♠ Navbar.jsx

                                                         e main.jsx
                                                                            Residence Navbar.css
                                                                                                css index.css
first-app > src > ∰ App.jsx > 分 App
        import { useState } from 'react';
import Navbar from "./components/Navbar"
        import Footer from './components/Footer';
        function App() {
          const [count, setCount] = useState(0)
           return (
                <Navbar/>
                <Footer/>
  13
        export default App
```

Output: as expected footer text is at the center.



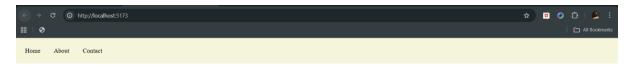
Now, since we want to target the <div> of the Footer.jsx specifically, we need to assign the class name to it as shown below:

Now, redefining the Footer.css:

```
first-app > src > components > tss Footer.css > ts .footer

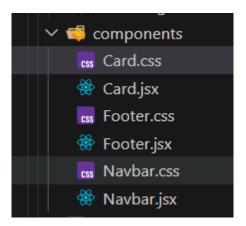
1    .footer {
2         position: fixed;
3         bottom: 0;
4         left: 0;
5         width: 100%;
6         text-align: center;
7         background-color: □ black;
8         color: ■ white;
9         padding: 10px 0;
10 }
```

Output:



Aditya is a boy

Now, let's add the card component to it: for that create Card.jsx as well as Card.css in the components folder



Code for the Card.jsx:

Code for the updated App.jsx:

```
♠ App.jsx

             X css App.css

♠ Navbar.jsx

    main.jsx

                                                                         css Navbar.css
                                                                                            index.css
                                                                                                              ∰ Foo
first-app > src > ∰ App.jsx > ...
   import { useState } from 'react';
        import Navbar from "./components/Navbar"
import Footer from './components/Footer';
        import Card from './components/Card';
        function App() {
          const [count, setCount] = useState(0)
               <div className="cards">
               <Card/>
  19
        export default App
```

Output:



Now, we will style these cards:

```
first-app > src > components > css Card.css > 元 .card

1    .card

2     width: 20vw;

3     border: 2px solid □ black;

4     margin: 34px;

5 }
```

Import it in the Card.jsx too:

Output:



Now, we can duplicate these cards by simply writing the <Card/> in App.jsx as many times we wish:

ss Navbar.css

Output:



Aditva is a boy

Now, we can also make these boxes come in one row, if we change the flex of the cards class in the index.css as shown below:

Output:



So, what next?

We can also, make the card entry from the App.jsx easily. How? We will use props:

App.jsx:

Now, we will direct our Card.jsx to accept props, Card.jsx:

Output: clearly, whatever we had passed via the title and description in the <Card/> is printed



Aditya is a boy

Why others are blank? Because we haven't passed any value in it yet.

So, let's update and check:

App.jsx:

Output:

