# Package 'splineCox'

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Type Package		
<b>Title</b> A Two-Stage Estimation Approach to Cox Regression Using M-Spline Function		
Version 0.0.1		
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<b>Description</b> Implements a two-stage estimation approach for Cox regression using five-parameter M-spline functions to model the baseline hazard. It allows for flexible hazard shapes and model selection based on log-likelihood criteria.		
License GPL (>= 3)		
Encoding UTF-8		
RoxygenNote 7.3.2		
<b>Roxygen</b> list(markdown = TRUE)		
Imports joint.Cox		
Suggests knitr, rmarkdown		
VignetteBuilder knitr		
NeedsCompilation no		
R topics documented:		
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splineCox.reg1 Fitting the five-parameter spline Cox model giving a specified shape		

# Description

splineCox.reg1 estimates the parameters of a five-parameter spline Cox model based on a specified shape for the baseline hazard function. The function calculates the estimates for the model parameters (beta) and the baseline hazard scale parameter (gamma), using non-linear optimization.

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#### Usage

```
splineCox.reg1(
    t.event,
    event,
    Z,
    xi1 = min(t.event),
    xi3 = max(t.event),
    model = "constant",
    p0 = rep(0, 1 + ncol(as.matrix(Z)))
)
```

#### **Arguments**

a vector for time-to-event
a vector for event indicator (=1 event; =0 censoring)
a matrix for covariates; $nrow(Z)$ =sample size, $ncol(Z)$ =the number of covariates
lower bound for the hazard function; the default is min(t.event)
upper bound for the hazard function; the default is max(t.event)
A character string specifying the shape of the baseline hazard function. Available options include: "increase", "constant", "decrease", "unimodal1", "unimodal2", "unimodal3", "bathtub1", "bathtub2", "bathtub3". Default is "constant"
Initial values to maximize the likelihood $(1 + p \text{ parameters}; \text{ baseline hazard scale parameter and } p \text{ regression coefficients})$

### Value

A list containing the following components:

model A character string indicating the shape of the baseline hazard function used.

parameter A numeric vector of the parameters defining the baseline hazard shape.

beta A named vector with the estimates, standard errors, and 95% confidence intervals for the regression coefficients

gamma A named vector with the estimate, standard error, and 95% confidence interval for the baseline hazard parameter

loglik A named vector containing the log-likelihood (LogLikelihood), Akaike Information Criterion (AIC), and Bayesian Information Criterion (BIC)

## **Examples**

```
# Example data
library(joint.Cox)
data(dataOvarian)
t.event = dataOvarian$t.event
event = dataOvarian$event
Z = dataOvarian$CXCL12
reg1 <- splineCox.reg1(t.event, event, Z, model = "constant")
print(reg1)</pre>
```

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splineCox.reg2	Fitting the five-parameter spline Cox model with a specified shape,
	selecting the best fit

# Description

splineCox.reg2 estimates the parameters of a five-parameter spline Cox model for multiple specified shapes and selects the best fitting model based on the minimization of the log-likelihood function. The function calculates the estimates for the model parameters (beta) and the baseline hazard scale parameter (gamma), using non-linear optimization.

# Usage

```
splineCox.reg2(
    t.event,
    event,
    Z,
    xi1 = min(t.event),
    xi3 = max(t.event),
    model = names(shape.list),
    p0 = rep(0, 1 + ncol(as.matrix(Z)))
)
```

# Arguments

t.event	a vector for time-to-event
event	a vector for event indicator (=1 event; =0 censoring)
Z	a matrix for covariates; $nrow(Z)$ =sample size, $ncol(Z)$ =the number of covariates
xi1	lower bound for the hazard function; the default is min(t.event)
xi3	upper bound for the hazard function; the default is max(t.event)
model	A character vector specifying which model shapes to consider for the baseline hazard. Available options are: "increase", "constant", "decrease", "unimodal1", "unimodal2", "unimodal3", "bathtub1", "bathtub2", "bathtub3". Default is names(shape.list) which includes all available models.
р0	Initial values to maximize the likelihood (1 + p parameters; baseline hazard scale parameter and p regression coefficients)

### Value

A list containing the following components:

model	A character string indicating the shape of the baseline hazard function used.
parameter	A numeric vector of the parameters defining the baseline hazard shape.
beta	A named vector with the estimates, standard errors, and $95\%$ confidence intervals for the regression coefficients
gamma	A named vector with the estimate, standard error, and 95% confidence interval for the baseline hazard parameter

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loglik A named vector containing the log-likelihood (LogLikelihood), Akaike Infor-

mation Criterion (AIC), and Bayesian Information Criterion (BIC) for the best-fitting model

nung mode

 $other\_models \qquad A \ data \ frame \ containing \ the \ log-likelihood \ (LogLikelihood) \ for \ all \ other \ evalue \ and \ frame \ containing \ the \ log-likelihood \ (LogLikelihood) \ for \ all \ other \ evalue \ containing \ for \ all \ other \ evalue \ containing \ for \ all \ other \ evalue \ containing \ for \ all \ other \ evalue \ containing \ for \ all \ other \ evalue \ containing \ for \ all \ other \ evalue \ for \$ 

uated models, with model names as row names.

# **Examples**

```
# Example data
library(joint.Cox)
data(dataOvarian)
t.event = dataOvarian$t.event
event = dataOvarian$event
Z = dataOvarian$CXCL12

M = c("constant", "increase", "decrease")
reg2 <- splineCox.reg2(t.event, event, Z, model = M)
print(reg2)</pre>
```

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