

Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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Batch: 2028

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NeoColab_REC_CS23221_Python Programming

REC_Python_Week 6_COD

Attempt : 1

Total Mark : 50

Marks Obtained : 50

Section 1 : Coding

1. Problem Statement

In a voting system, a person must be at least 18 years old to be eligible to vote. If a user enters an age below 18, the system should raise a user-defined exception indicating that they are not eligible to vote.

Input Format

The input contains a positive integer representing age.

Output Format

If the age is less than 18, the output displays "Not eligible to vote".

Otherwise, the output displays "Eligible to vote".

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 18

Output: Eligible to vote

Answer

```
# You are using Python
n=int(input())
if n<18:
    print("Not eligible to vote")
else:
    print("Eligible to vote")
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10

2. Problem Statement

Write a program that calculates the average of a list of integers. The program prompts the user to enter the length of the list (n) and each element of the list. It performs error handling to ensure that the length of the list is a non-negative integer and that each input element is a numeric value.

Input Format

The first line of the input is an integer n, representing the length of the list as a positive integer.

The second line of the input consists of an element of the list as an integer, separated by a new line.

Output Format

If the length of the list is not a positive integer or zero, the output displays "Error: The length of the list must be a non-negative integer."

If a non-numeric value is entered for the length of the list, the output displays "Error: You must enter a numeric value."

If a non-numeric value is entered for a list element, the output displays "Error:

You must enter a numeric value."

If the inputs are valid, the program calculates and prints the average of the provided list of integers with two decimal places: "The average is: [average]".

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: -2

1
2

Output: Error: The length of the list must be a non-negative integer.

Answer

You are using Python

```
def average():
    n1=input().strip()
    if not n1.lstrip('-').isdigit():
        print("Error: You must enter a numeric value.")
        return
    n=int(n1)
    if n<=0:
        print("Error: The length of the list must be a non-negative integer.")
        return
    numbers=[]
    for _ in range(n):
        element1=input().strip()
        try:
            element=float(element1)
            numbers.append(element)
        except ValueError:
            print("Error: You must enter a numeric value.")
            return
    average=sum(numbers)/len(numbers)
    print(f"The average is: {average:.2f}")
```

```
if __name__=="__main__":  
    average()
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10

3. Problem Statement

Sophie enjoys playing with words and wants to count the number of words in a sentence. She inputs a sentence, saves it to a file, and then reads it from the file to count the words.

Write a program to determine the number of words in the input sentence.

File Name: sentence_file.txt

Input Format

The input consists of a single line of text containing words separated by spaces.

Output Format

The output displays the count of words in the sentence.

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: Four Words In This Sentence

Output: 5

Answer

```
# You are using Python  
sentence=input().strip()  
words=sentence.split()  
words_count=len(words)  
print(words_count)
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10

4. Problem Statement

Tara is a content manager who needs to perform case conversions for various pieces of text and save the results in a structured manner.

She requires a program to take a user's input string, save it in a file, and then retrieve and display the string in both upper-case and lower-case versions. Help her achieve this task efficiently.

File Name: text_file.txt

Input Format

The input consists of a single line containing a string provided by the user.

Output Format

The first line displays the original string read from the file in the format: "Original String: {original_string}".

The second line displays the upper-case version of the original string in the format: "Upper-Case String: {upper_case_string}".

The third line displays the lower-case version of the original string in the format: "Lower-Case String: {lower_case_string}".

Refer to the sample output for the formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: #SpecialSymBoLs1234

Output: Original String: #SpecialSymBoLs1234

Upper-Case String: #SPECIALSYMBOLS1234

Lower-Case String: #specialsymbols1234

Answer

You are using Python

n=input().strip()

with open("text_file.txt","w") as file:

file.write(n)

```
with open("text_file.txt","r") as file:
    original=file.read()
    print(f"Original String: {original}")
    print(f"Upper-Case String: {original.upper()}")
    print(f"Lower-Case String: {original.lower()}")
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10

5. Problem Statement

A retail store requires a program to calculate the total cost of purchasing a product based on its price and quantity. The program performs validation to ensure valid inputs and handles specific error conditions using exceptions:

Price Validation: If the price is zero or less, raise a `ValueError` with the message: "Invalid Price".
Quantity Validation: If the quantity is zero or less, raise a `ValueError` with the message: "Invalid Quantity".
Cost Threshold: If the total cost exceeds 1000, raise `RuntimeError` with the message: "Excessive Cost".

Input Format

The first line of input consists of a double value, representing the price of a product.

The second line consists of an integer, representing the quantity of the product.

Output Format

If the calculation is successful, print the total cost rounded to one decimal place.

If the price is zero or less prints "Invalid Price".

If the quantity is zero or less prints "Invalid Quantity".

If the total cost exceeds 1000, prints "Excessive Cost".

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

Input: 20.0

5

Output: 100.0

Answer

You are using Python

try:

```
price=float(input())
```

```
qty=int(input())
```

```
if price<=0:
```

```
    raise ValueError("Invalid Price")
```

```
if qty<=0:
```

```
    raise ValueError("Invalid Quantity")
```

```
total=price * qty
```

```
if total>1000:
```

```
    raise RuntimeError("Excessive Cost")
```

```
print(f"{total:.1f}")
```

```
except ValueError as e:
```

```
    print(e)
```

```
except RuntimeError as e:
```

```
    print(e)
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 10/10