

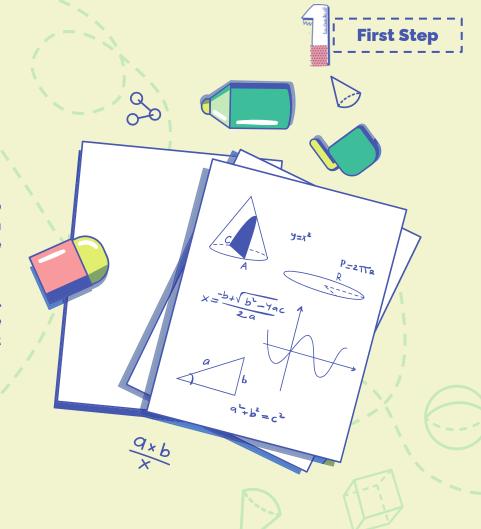
Eng. Renad Hajed

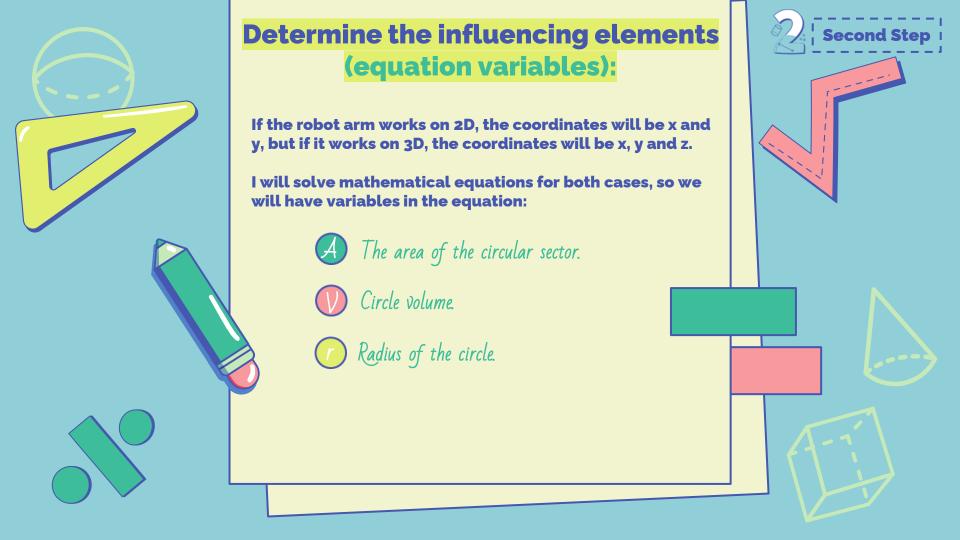


### **Defining the problem:**

In this mathematical model, I will work to determine the safe and risk-free space in which Robert can move his hand, using some mathematical equations.

Also, through the mathematical equations, I will determine the appropriate place to install the object sensor on the robot to ensure that the robot remains within the safe space for it.







# Determine the appropriate mathematical process:





• If the robot arm works on 2D we use the circular sector area law:

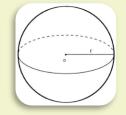
$$A = \frac{\theta}{360^0} * \left(\pi r^2\right)$$





• If the robot arm works on 3D we use the circle volume law:

$$V = \frac{4}{2}\pi r^3$$





### Applying the process

### Area of circular sector

$$A = \frac{\theta}{360^0} * \left(\pi r^2\right)$$

$$=\frac{90^0}{360^0}*\pi(42.5^2)$$

$$=\frac{1806.25\pi}{4}=1418.6254cm^2$$



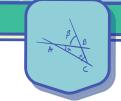
$$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$$

$$=\frac{4}{3}\pi*(42.5)^3$$

$$= 321555.0981cm^3$$

#### Quarter volume of circle:

$$v = 321555.0981 * \frac{1}{4} = 80388.7745cm^3$$



Diameter = 85cm $\rightarrow r = 42.5cm$ 

### **Defining the outputs:**

· Area of circular sector used in 2D:

· Circle volume used in 3D:

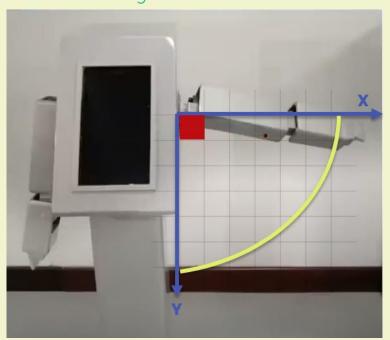




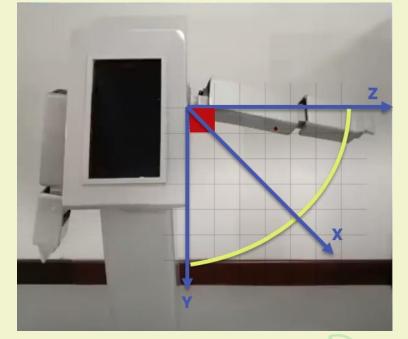


### **Graph execution:**

• Area of circular sector used in 2D:



• Circle volume used in 3D:







## Where on the robot should the object sensor be installed?

I see that the object sensor should be installed in the center of the imaginary circle as in the picture...

To ensure that the robot will stop working as soon as any object enters the fake safety circuit.



