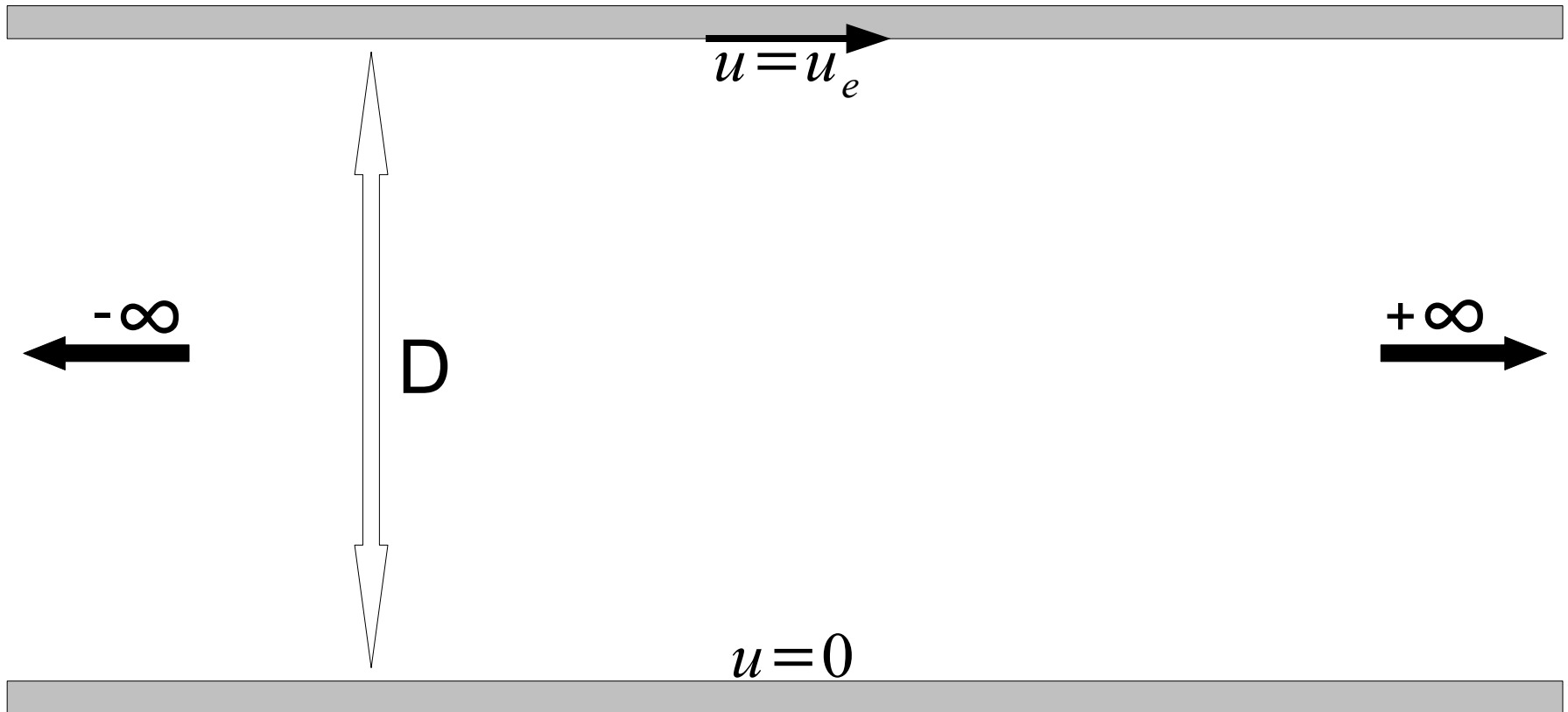


Escoamento de Couette



Equação da Continuidade

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial(\rho u)}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial(\rho v)}{\partial y} = 0$$

$$\textit{mas} \quad \frac{\partial}{\partial t} = 0 \quad e \quad \frac{\partial}{\partial x} = 0$$

$$\textit{logo} \quad \frac{\partial(\rho v)}{\partial y} = 0$$

Equação da Continuidade

$$\text{ou } \rho \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} + v \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial y} = 0$$

avaliando na parede inferior onde $y=0$ e $v=0$

$$\left(\rho \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} \right)_{y=0} = 0 \quad \text{logo} \quad \left(\frac{\partial v}{\partial y} \right)_{y=0} = 0$$

Expandindo-se v em série de Taylor em torno do ponto $y=0$

$$v(y) = v(0) + \left(\frac{\partial v}{\partial y} \right)_{y=0} y + \left(\frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial y^2} \right)_{y=0} \frac{y^2}{2} + \dots$$

E avaliando na parede superior onde $y=D$

$$v(D) = v(0) + \left(\frac{\partial v}{\partial y} \right)_{y=0} D + \left(\frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial y^2} \right)_{y=0} \frac{D^2}{2} + \dots$$

$$\text{mas } v(D)=0, \quad v(0)=0 \quad e \quad \left(\frac{\partial v}{\partial y} \right)_{y=0} = 0$$

$$\text{logo } \left(\frac{\partial^n v}{\partial y^n} \right)_{y=0} = 0 \quad \text{para todo } n$$

resultando para todo o domínio em

$$v = 0$$

Equação do Momento em y

$$\frac{\partial \rho v}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial (\rho u v)}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial (\rho v^2)}{\partial y} = -\frac{\partial p}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial \tau_{xy}}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial \tau_{yy}}{\partial y}$$

$$\frac{\partial (\rho v^2)}{\partial y} = -\frac{\partial p}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial \tau_{yy}}{\partial y}$$

$$2\rho v \frac{\partial (v)}{\partial y} + v^2 \frac{\partial (\rho)}{\partial y} = -\frac{\partial p}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial \tau_{yy}}{\partial y}$$

Equação do Momento em y

$$\text{logo} \quad 0 = -\frac{\partial p}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial \tau_{yy}}{\partial y}$$

$$\text{mas} \quad \tau_{yy} = -\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} \right) + 2\mu \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} = 0$$

resultando para todo o domínio em

$$\boxed{\frac{\partial p}{\partial y} = 0}$$

Equação do Momento em x

$$\frac{\partial \rho u}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial (\rho u^2)}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial (\rho u v)}{\partial y} = -\frac{\partial p}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial \tau_{xx}}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial \tau_{xy}}{\partial y}$$

$$mas \quad \tau_{xx} = -\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} \right) + 2\mu \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = 0$$

$$e \quad \tau_{xy} = \mu \left(\frac{\partial v}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} \right) = \mu \frac{\partial u}{\partial y}$$

Equação do Momento em x

substituindo na equação do momento

$$0 = \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left(\mu \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} \right)$$

para escoamento incompressível e a temperatura constante

$$\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial y^2} = 0$$

Solução Analítica

$$u = c_1 y + c_2$$

em $y=0$ temos $u=0$, logo $c_2=0$

em $y=D$ temos $u=u_e$, logo $c_1=\frac{u_e}{D}$

$$\boxed{\frac{u}{u_e} = \frac{y}{D}}$$

Perfil Linear de Velocidade

