A Minimal Book Example

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Contents

1	Prerequisites	5
2	Introduction	7
3	Literature	9
4	Methods	11
	4.1 T-test	11
5	Applications	13
	5.1 Example one	13
	5.2 Example two	13
6	Final Words	15

4 CONTENTS

Prerequisites

This is a *sample* book written in **Markdown**. You can use anything that Pandoc's Markdown supports, e.g., a math equation $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$.

The **bookdown** package can be installed from CRAN or Github:

```
install.packages("bookdown")
# or the development version
# devtools::install_github("rstudio/bookdown")
```

Remember each Rmd file contains one and only one chapter, and a chapter is defined by the first-level heading #.

To compile this example to PDF, you need XeLaTeX. You are recommended to install TinyTeX (which includes XeLaTeX): https://yihui.org/tinytex/.

Introduction

You can label chapter and section titles using {#label} after them, e.g., we can reference Chapter 2. If you do not manually label them, there will be automatic labels anyway, e.g., Chapter ??.

Figures and tables with captions will be placed in figure and table environments, respectively.

```
par(mar = c(4, 4, .1, .1))
plot(pressure, type = 'b', pch = 19)
```

Reference a figure by its code chunk label with the fig: prefix, e.g., see Figure 2.1. Similarly, you can reference tables generated from knitr::kable(), e.g., see Table 2.1.

```
knitr::kable(
  head(iris, 20), caption = 'Here is a nice table!',
  booktabs = TRUE
)
```

You can write citations, too. For example, we are using the **bookdown** package (Xie, 2020) in this sample book, which was built on top of R Markdown and **knitr** (Xie, 2015).



Figure 2.1: Here is a nice figure!

Table 2.1: Here is a nice table!

Sepal.Length	Sepal.Width	Petal.Length	Petal.Width	Species
5.1	3.5	1.4	0.2	setosa
4.9	3.0	1.4	0.2	setosa
4.7	3.2	1.3	0.2	setosa
4.6	3.1	1.5	0.2	setosa
5.0	3.6	1.4	0.2	setosa
5.4	3.9	1.7	0.4	setosa
4.6	3.4	1.4	0.3	setosa
5.0	3.4	1.5	0.2	setosa
4.4	2.9	1.4	0.2	setosa
4.9	3.1	1.5	0.1	setosa
5.4	3.7	1.5	0.2	setosa
4.8	3.4	1.6	0.2	setosa
4.8	3.0	1.4	0.1	setosa
4.3	3.0	1.1	0.1	setosa
5.8	4.0	1.2	0.2	setosa
5.7	4.4	1.5	0.4	setosa
5.4	3.9	1.3	0.4	setosa
5.1	3.5	1.4	0.3	setosa
5.7	3.8	1.7	0.3	setosa
5.1	3.8	1.5	0.3	setosa

Literature

Here is a review of existing methods.

Casey

```
# library
library(ggridges)
library(ggplot2)
library(viridis)
library(hrbrthemes)
```

Methods

We describe our methods in this chapter.

4.1 T-test

Let's try to do a one way T-test:

```
#Calculations
my_data <- lincoln_weather
result.t.test <- t.test(my_data$`Mean Temperature [F]`, my_data$`Mean Humidity`, paired = FALSE)
result.t.test

##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: my_data$`Mean Temperature [F]` and my_data$`Mean Humidity`
## t = -12.865, df = 596.67, p-value < 2.2e-16
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -17.09557 -12.56744
## sample estimates:
## mean of x mean of y
## 51.50000 66.33151</pre>
```

We can conclude that there is in fact a relationship between the mean temperature and the mean humidity in Lincoln, Nebraska p < 0.01.

Applications

Some significant applications are demonstrated in this chapter.

- 5.1 Example one
- 5.2 Example two

Final Words

We have finished a nice book.

Bibliography

Xie, Y. (2015). Dynamic Documents with R and knitr. Chapman and Hall/CRC, Boca Raton, Florida, 2nd edition. ISBN 978-1498716963.

Xie, Y. (2020). bookdown: Authoring Books and Technical Documents with R Markdown. R package version 0.19.