## 10. BAYESIAN NETWORK CLASSIFIERS

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ABSTRACT. This document contains the documentation to a Naive Bayes implementation.

#### 1. LIBDAI

We use LibDAI [Moo10] as an inference framework. LibDAI requires the following packages as dependencies:

- gcc
- make
- Boost (version 1.37+)
- GMP library
- graphviz

Under Linux they can easily be installed via the following command:

- 1 # Arch Linux
- 2 sudo pacman -S boost boost-libs make g++ gmp lib32-gmp
- 3 # Ubuntu/Debian
- 4 apt-get install g++ make graphviz libboost-dev libboost-graph-dev libboost-program-options-dev libboost-test-dev libgmp-dev

Package names should be similar for other Linux distributions'. Installation is straightforward:

- 1 git clone https://bitbucket.org/jorism/libdai.git
- 2 cd libdai
- 3 # Choose the Makefile configuration accordingly (LINUX for Linux, MACOSX for OS X, etc.)
- 4 cp Makefile.LINUX Makefile.conf
- 5 make
- $\ensuremath{\mathbf{6}}$  # The following are tests. They should run fine if the build was successful
- 7 examples/example test/alarm.fg
- 9 # (Optional) Install LibDAI to your user path

```
10    cp -R include/dai /usr/include
11    cp -R lib/* /usr/lib/
```

We assume LibDAI is installed to your user path. If that is not the case, modify the Makefile in /src accordingly.

#### 2. Compiling

To compile:

- 1 cd src
- 2 make

To compile with DEBUG=true (i.e. flag -g):

- 3 make clean
- 4 make DEBUG=true

#### 3. Running an example

There is an example source code in main.cc. We use an example input dataset input/spam-train.in. To run:

```
1 ./run input/spam-train.in
```

### 4. NaiveBayes

The implementation of a Naive Bayes model is in the files src/nbayes.(cc/h). The class NaiveBayes represents a Naive Bayes model.

#### 4.1. Learning

A NaiveBayes model can learned from a data file by calling the following static function:

The resulting model has n attribute nodes and one class node as specified in file filename. The input file must be structured as follows:

Empty lines are not optional. Internally, NaiveBayes learns its parameters through MLE.

## 4.2. Inference

Performing classification is done with two methods:

```
1 std::vector < dai::Var > GetVars(std::vector < int > labels);
2 size_t Classify(std::vector < dai::Var > atts, std::vector < int > val, bool output = true);
```

Method GetVars takes an ordered collection of variable labels and returns a vector of dai::Var. Method Classify takes a vector of attribute variables and their valuations and returns the most probable instantiation of the class node. The optional argument output outputs additional information on the classification.

A typical call for classification on variable labels , 2, 5, 111, 2, 5, 11 and their instantiations , 1, 1, 11, 1, 1, 1:

```
1 Let nb be a NaiveBayes model
2 size_t c = nb.Classify(nb.GetVars({1, 2, 5, 11}, {1, 1, 1, 1}));
```

### 4.3. Output

There are two NaiveBayes methods that can provide additional output on the model. Method WriteToFile outputs the Naive Bayes model in LibDAI format and DrawGraph outputs a dot file containing the underlying graph.

```
void NaiveBayes::WriteToFile(const char *name);
void NaiveBayes::DrawGraph(const char *name);
```

# References

[Moo10] Joris M. Mooij. "libDAI: A Free and Open Source C++ Library for Discrete Approximate Inference in Graphical Models". In: Journal of Machine Learning Research 11 (Aug. 2010), pp. 2169-2173. URL: http://www.jmlr.org/papers/volume11/mooij10a/mooij10a.pdf.