## Lab 13: Multi-user Application with Authentication

In this lab, you will make your application multi-user by implementing the login functionality. A modified database is provided in the solution folder, where a new table "user" has been added, and foreign keys (instead of names) are used to identify users in other tables.

## 1. Login and Logout Users

You will add the possibility of **having multiple users** in your application, enabling them to **authenticate** (i.e., *login* and *logout* functionalities) for managing their films. Non-authenticated users will not see a list of films anymore.

- In the front-end, add a new page (with a dedicated route) with a form, which will be used to log in. The page should be well structured in terms of needed components and appropriate states. The login form will have two *mandatory* fields: **email** and **password**. The login form should be validated before its submission, and you must use proper error messages when inconsistencies are found. Specifically, the following checks should be executed:
  - When a field is missing or empty it must be forbidden to send a log-in request to the server.
  - The email should be formally correct. Use, for instance, the HTML5 "type=email" form field or a library to perform email validation: do not write your own validation function.
- In Express, implement the login process by exploiting the Passport authentication middleware.
  - You can use the database provided in the folder with the code for this lab.
  - Just for practice, add a new username "u4@p.it" and password "pwd" in the database.

    Beware: do not store plain text passwords in the database! Use the scrypt approach explained during the lectures (see the hints) to generate a hash for each one of the passwords before saving them.
  - o Associate some films in the database to the newly created user.
- When the login process **fails**, the front-end should display a suitable error message (e.g., "Incorrect username or password") and continue to show the login form. Instead, when the login is **successful**, the application redirects the users to their film list page.
- Identify the routes that need to be authenticated (e.g., those to get or modify the list of films) and
  protect them accordingly. Non-authenticated users must not see any film, meanwhile authenticated
  users must see only their films.
- Implement the **logout** functionality, again by exploiting the **Passport** authentication middleware. When the users are logged out, redirect them to the login form, since no part of the website makes sense without authentication.

## Hints:

- 1. The password of all the users already inserted into the database provided in the folder where the solutions will be put is pwd.
- 2. You can use the following website to generate the hash of a password according to scrypt, as explained during the lectures: <a href="https://www.browserling.com/tools/scrypt">https://www.browserling.com/tools/scrypt</a>.

  If you need to generate a salt by hand, you can use <a href="https://www.browserling.com/tools/random-hex">https://www.browserling.com/tools/random-hex</a>, setting the length of the generated hex as the one of the salt (e.g., 16).