Modelo T sem data augmentation e optimizer RMSProp

```
from tensorflow.keras.metrics import Metric
from tensorflow.keras import backend as K
import ison
import os
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
from tensorflow.keras.layers import GlobalAveragePooling2D, Dropout,
Dense, BatchNormalization
from tensorflow.keras.callbacks import ModelCheckpoint, EarlyStopping,
ReduceLROnPlateau, CSVLogger
from tensorflow.keras.optimizers import RMSprop
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator
from tensorflow.keras.applications import ResNet50
from tensorflow.keras.regularizers import 12
from tensorflow.keras.mixed precision import set global policy
# MIX precision training -- facilita no treino!
set global policy('mixed float16')
os.environ['TF CPP MIN LOG LEVEL'] = '2'
# CONSTANTES
BATCH SIZE = 64
IMG_SIZE = 150
NUM CLASSES = 10 # n^{\circ} classes para identificar
NUM EPOCHS = 60
LEARNING RATE = 0.0001
DENSE LAYERS = [1024, 512, 256, 128]
INFO:tensorflow:Mixed precision compatibility check (mixed float16):
Your GPU will likely run quickly with dtype policy mixed_float16 as it
has compute capability of at least 7.0. Your GPU: NVIDIA GeForce RTX
4070, compute capability 8.9
# Folders do dataset
validation dir = './dataset/validation'
test dir = './dataset/test'
train datagen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1./255)
validation datagen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1./255)
test datagen = ImageDataGenerator(rescale=1./255)
```

```
# training generators
train generators = [train datagen.flow from directory(
    train dir,
    target size=(IMG SIZE, IMG_SIZE),
    batch size=BATCH SIZE,
    class_mode='categorical') for train_dir in train_dirs]
# Necessário para juntar os trainning generators and repeat
def combined generator(generators):
    while True:
        for generator in generators:
            for batch in generator:
                yield batch
train generator = combined_generator(train_generators)
# Validation e test generators
validation generator = validation datagen.flow from directory(
    validation dir,
    target size=(IMG SIZE, IMG SIZE),
    batch size=BATCH SIZE,
    class_mode='categorical')
test generator = test datagen.flow from directory(
    test dir,
    target size=(IMG SIZE, IMG SIZE),
    batch size=BATCH SIZE,
    class mode='categorical')
# Load the pre-trained ResNet50 model without the top layer and adjust
input shape
base model = ResNet50(weights='imagenet', include top=False,
                      input shape=(IMG SIZE, IMG SIZE, 3))
# Descongelar camadas (nao meter valores demasiado altos)
for layer in base model.layers[-50:]:
    layer.trainable = True
Found 10000 images belonging to 10 classes.
class Precision(Metric):
```

```
def __init__(self, name='precision', **kwargs):
        super(Precision, self). init (name=name, **kwargs)
        self.true positives = self.add weight(name='tp',
initializer='zeros')
        self.predicted positives = self.add weight(
            name='pp', initializer='zeros')
    def update_state(self, y_true, y_pred, sample_weight=None):
        y pred = K.round(y_pred)
        y_true = K.cast(y_true, 'float32')
        self.true positives.assign add(K.sum(y true * y pred))
        self.predicted positives.assign add(K.sum(y pred))
    def result(self):
        return self.true positives / (self.predicted positives +
K.epsilon())
    def reset states(self):
        self.true positives.assign(0)
        self.predicted positives.assign(0)
class Recall(Metric):
    def __init__(self, name='recall', **kwargs):
        super(Recall, self).__init__(name=name, **kwargs)
        self.true positives = self.add weight(name='tp',
initializer='zeros')
        self.actual_positives = self.add_weight(name='ap',
initializer='zeros')
    def update state(self, y true, y pred, sample weight=None):
        v pred = K.round(y_pred)
        y_true = K.cast(y_true, 'float32')
        self.true_positives.assign_add(K.sum(y_true * y_pred))
        self.actual positives.assign add(K.sum(y true))
    def result(self):
        return self.true_positives / (self.actual_positives +
K.epsilon())
    def reset states(self):
        self.true positives.assign(0)
        self.actual positives.assign(0)
class F1Score(Metric):
    def init (self, name='f1 score', **kwargs):
        super(F1Score, self).__init__(name=name, **kwargs)
        self.precision = Precision()
        self.recall = Recall()
```

```
def update state(self, y true, y pred, sample weight=None):
        self.precision.update state(y true, y pred)
        self.recall.update state(y_true, y_pred)
    def result(self):
        precision = self.precision.result()
        recall = self.recall.result()
        return 2 * ((precision * recall) / (precision + recall +
K.epsilon()))
    def reset states(self):
        self.precision.reset states()
        self.recall.reset states()
# Definir as layers do modelo com parametros ajustados para reduzir o
overfitting
model = Sequential([
    base model,
    BatchNormalization(),
    GlobalAveragePooling2D(),
    # Increase model complexity
    Dense(DENSE_LAYERS[0], activation='relu',
kernel regularizer=l2(0.03)),
    Dropout(0.5), # High dropout rate for regularization
    BatchNormalization(),
    Dense(DENSE LAYERS[1], activation='relu',
kernel regularizer=12(0.03),
    Dropout (0.5).
    BatchNormalization(),
    Dense(DENSE LAYERS[2], activation='relu',
kernel regularizer=l2(0.03)),
    Dropout (0.5),
    Dense(DENSE_LAYERS[3], activation='relu',
kernel regularizer=12(0.03)),
    Dropout (0.5),
    BatchNormalization(),
    Dense(NUM_CLASSES, activation='softmax', dtype='float32')
])
# Compilar o modelo
model.compile(optimizer=RMSprop(learning rate=LEARNING RATE),
              loss='categorical crossentropy',
              metrics=['accuracy', Precision(), Recall(), F1Score()])
model.summary()
Model: "sequential"
                             Output Shape
Layer (type)
                                                        Param #
```

resnet50 (Functional)	(None, 5, 5, 2048)	23587712
<pre>batch_normalization (Batc ormalization)</pre>	thN (None, 5, 5, 2048)	8192
<pre>global_average_pooling2d lobalAveragePooling2D)</pre>	(G (None, 2048)	0
dense (Dense)	(None, 1024)	2098176
dropout (Dropout)	(None, 1024)	0
batch_normalization_1 (Ba hNormalization)	itc (None, 1024)	4096
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 512)	524800
dropout_1 (Dropout)	(None, 512)	0
batch_normalization_2 (Ba hNormalization)	itc (None, 512)	2048
dense_2 (Dense)	(None, 256)	131328
dropout_2 (Dropout)	(None, 256)	0
dense_3 (Dense)	(None, 128)	32896
dropout_3 (Dropout)	(None, 128)	0
batch_normalization_3 (Ba hNormalization)	itc (None, 128)	512
dense_4 (Dense)	(None, 10)	1290
otal params: 26,391,050 rainable params: 26,330,5 on-trainable params: 60,5 call by the contract of the contra	ok=True)	
lodelCheckpoint(f'models/m		_
	monitor='val accuracy'	. verbose=1.

```
monitor='val loss', patience=10, restore best weights=True) #
Increased patience
reduce lr = ReduceLROnPlateau(
   monitor='val loss', factor=0.2, patience=4, min lr=1e-7,
verbose=1) # More aggressive schedule
csv logger = CSVLogger(
   f'logs/modelo T sem data augmentation rmsprop.csv', separator=',',
append=False)
# calcular passos por epoch
steps_per_epoch = sum([gen.samples // BATCH SIZE for gen in
train generators])
validation steps = validation generator.samples // BATCH SIZE
# calcular passos por epoch
# Treinar o modelo - Nao tirar os callbacks
history = model.fit(
   train generator,
    steps per epoch=steps_per_epoch,
   epochs=NUM EPOCHS,
   validation data=validation generator,
   validation steps=validation steps,
   callbacks=[checkpoint, early stopping, reduce lr, csv logger]
)
# Avaliar o modelo no test generator
# Avaliar o modelo no test generator
results = model.evaluate(test generator)
loss, accuracy, precision, recall, f1_score = results[:5]
print(f"Test Loss: {loss}")
print(f"Test Accuracy: {accuracy}")
print(f"Test Precision: {precision}")
print(f"Test Recall: {recall}")
print(f"Test F1 Score: {f1 score}")
Epoch 1/60
accuracy: 0.4440 - precision: 0.6692 - recall: 0.2674 - f1_score:
0.3821
c:\Users\USER\.conda\envs\py310\lib\site-packages\keras\engine\
training.py:2319: UserWarning: Metric Precision implements a
`reset states()` method; rename it to `reset state()` (without the
final "s"). The name `reset states()` has been deprecated to improve
API consistency.
  m.reset state()
c:\Users\USER\.conda\envs\py310\lib\site-packages\keras\engine\
training.py:2319: UserWarning: Metric Recall implements a
`reset_states()` method; rename it to `reset_state()` (without the
final "s"). The name `reset states()` has been deprecated to improve
```

```
API consistency.
 m.reset state()
c:\Users\USER\.conda\envs\py310\lib\site-packages\keras\engine\
training.py:2319: UserWarning: Metric F1Score implements a
`reset states()` method; rename it to `reset state()` (without the
final "s"). The name `reset_states()` has been deprecated to improve
API consistency.
 m.reset state()
Epoch 1: val accuracy improved from -inf to 0.10086, saving model to
models\modelo T sem data augmentation.keras
53.1007 - accuracy: 0.4440 - precision: 0.6692 - recall: 0.2674 -
f1 score: 0.3821 - val loss: 32.8211 - val accuracy: 0.1009 -
val precision: 0.1093 - val recall: 0.0965 - val f1 score: 0.1025 -
lr: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 2/60
                624/624 [=======
accuracy: 0.9086 - precision: 0.9539 - recall: 0.8405 - f1 score:
0.8936
Epoch 2: val accuracy improved from 0.10086 to 0.78476, saving model
to models\modelo T sem data augmentation.keras
624/624 [============ ] - 57s 92ms/step - loss:
17.4746 - accuracy: 0.9086 - precision: 0.9539 - recall: 0.8405 -
f1 score: 0.8936 - val loss: 8.7829 - val accuracy: 0.7848 -
val precision: 0.8591 - val recall: 0.7413 - val f1 score: 0.7958 -
lr: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 3/60
accuracy: 0.9613 - precision: 0.9743 - recall: 0.9431 - f1 score:
Epoch 3: val accuracy improved from 0.78476 to 0.82252, saving model
to models\modelo T sem data augmentation.keras
4.4318 - accuracy: 0.9613 - precision: 0.9743 - recall: 0.9431 -
f1 score: 0.9584 - val loss: 2.5695 - val accuracy: 0.8225 -
val precision: 0.8608 - val recall: 0.7964 - val f1 score: 0.8273 -
lr: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 4/60
624/624 [============== ] - ETA: 0s - loss: 1.2353 -
accuracy: 0.9681 - precision: 0.9757 - recall: 0.9582 - f1_score:
0.9669
Epoch 4: val accuracy improved from 0.82252 to 0.86899, saving model
to models\modelo_T_sem_data_augmentation.keras
1.2353 - accuracy: 0.9681 - precision: 0.9757 - recall: 0.9582 -
fl_score: 0.9669 - val_loss: 1.1237 - val_accuracy: 0.8690 -
val precision: 0.8831 - val recall: 0.8592 - val f1 score: 0.8710 -
lr: 1.0000e-04
```

```
Epoch 5/60
accuracy: 0.9742 - precision: 0.9786 - recall: 0.9676 - f1 score:
Epoch 5: val_accuracy did not improve from 0.86899
0.5197 - accuracy: 0.9742 - precision: 0.9786 - recall: 0.9676 -
f1 score: 0.9731 - val loss: 0.9921 - val accuracy: 0.8468 -
val precision: 0.8577 - val recall: 0.8385 - val f1 score: 0.8480 -
lr: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 6/60
accuracy: 0.9778 - precision: 0.9817 - recall: 0.9728 - f1_score:
0.9772
Epoch 6: val_accuracy did not improve from 0.86899
624/624 [============= ] - 58s 93ms/step - loss:
0.3272 - accuracy: 0.9778 - precision: 0.9817 - recall: 0.9728 -
fl_score: 0.9772 - val_loss: 0.7588 - val_accuracy: 0.8684 -
val precision: 0.8810 - val recall: 0.8595 - val f1 score: 0.8701 -
lr: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 7/60
accuracy: 0.9800 - precision: 0.9835 - recall: 0.9765 - f1 score:
0.9800
Epoch 7: val accuracy did not improve from 0.86899
0.2628 - accuracy: 0.9800 - precision: 0.9835 - recall: 0.9765 -
f1 score: 0.9800 - val loss: 0.8225 - val accuracy: 0.8573 -
val precision: 0.8697 - val recall: 0.8521 - val f1 score: 0.8608 -
lr: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 8/60
accuracy: 0.9803 - precision: 0.9831 - recall: 0.9763 - f1 score:
0.9797
Epoch 8: val accuracy did not improve from 0.86899
0.2503 - accuracy: 0.9803 - precision: 0.9831 - recall: 0.9763 -
f1 score: 0.9797 - val loss: 0.8837 - val accuracy: 0.8489 -
val precision: 0.8638 - val recall: 0.8376 - val f1 score: 0.8505 -
lr: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 9/60
accuracy: 0.9823 - precision: 0.9850 - recall: 0.9791 - f1 score:
0.9820
Epoch 9: val accuracy did not improve from 0.86899
624/624 [============= ] - 57s 92ms/step - loss:
0.2296 - accuracy: 0.9823 - precision: 0.9850 - recall: 0.9791 -
f1 score: 0.9820 - val loss: 0.8584 - val accuracy: 0.8569 -
val precision: 0.8652 - val recall: 0.8507 - val f1 score: 0.8579 -
```

```
lr: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 10/60
accuracy: 0.9841 - precision: 0.9865 - recall: 0.9815 - f1 score:
0.9840
Epoch 10: val accuracy did not improve from 0.86899
Epoch 10: ReduceLROnPlateau reducing learning rate to
1.9999999494757503e-05.
0.2213 - accuracy: 0.9841 - precision: 0.9865 - recall: 0.9815 -
f1 score: 0.9840 - val loss: 0.9745 - val accuracy: 0.8407 -
val precision: 0.8515 - val recall: 0.8351 - val f1 score: 0.8432 -
lr: 1.0000e-04
Epoch 11/60
accuracy: 0.9953 - precision: 0.9961 - recall: 0.9942 - f1 score:
0.9952
Epoch 11: val accuracy improved from 0.86899 to 0.89593, saving model
to models\modelo T sem data augmentation.keras
0.1416 - accuracy: 0.9953 - precision: 0.9961 - recall: 0.9942 -
f1_score: 0.9952 - val_loss: 0.6085 - val_accuracy: 0.8959 -
val precision: 0.9032 - val recall: 0.8927 - val f1 score: 0.8979 -
lr: 2.0000e-05
Epoch 12/60
accuracy: 0.9986 - precision: 0.9987 - recall: 0.9980 - f1_score:
Epoch 12: val accuracy improved from 0.89593 to 0.89714, saving model
to models\modelo T sem data augmentation.keras
0.0861 - accuracy: 0.9986 - precision: 0.9987 - recall: 0.9980 -
f1 score: 0.9984 - val loss: 0.6235 - val accuracy: 0.8971 -
val precision: 0.9030 - val recall: 0.8941 - val f1 score: 0.8985 -
lr: 2.0000e-05
Epoch 13/60
accuracy: 0.9986 - precision: 0.9988 - recall: 0.9982 - f1 score:
0.9985
Epoch 13: val accuracy improved from 0.89714 to 0.89834, saving model
to models\modelo T sem data augmentation.keras
624/624 [============ ] - 58s 92ms/step - loss:
0.0698 - accuracy: 0.9986 - precision: 0.9988 - recall: 0.9982 -
f1 score: 0.9985 - val loss: 0.6265 - val accuracy: 0.8983 -
val precision: 0.9028 - val recall: 0.8958 - val f1 score: 0.8993 -
lr: 2.0000e-05
Epoch 14/60
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accuracy: 0.9993 - precision: 0.9994 - recall: 0.9991 - f1 score:
0.9992
Epoch 14: val_accuracy did not improve from 0.89834
0.0515 - accuracy: 0.9993 - precision: 0.9994 - recall: 0.9991 -
f1 score: 0.9992 - val loss: 0.6487 - val accuracy: 0.8971 -
val precision: 0.9002 - val recall: 0.8946 - val f1 score: 0.8974 -
lr: 2.0000e-05
Epoch 15/60
accuracy: 0.9994 - precision: 0.9996 - recall: 0.9992 - f1 score:
Epoch 15: val accuracy did not improve from 0.89834
Epoch 15: ReduceLROnPlateau reducing learning rate to
3.999999898951501e-06.
0.0438 - accuracy: 0.9994 - precision: 0.9996 - recall: 0.9992 -
f1 score: 0.9994 - val loss: 0.6856 - val accuracy: 0.8982 -
val precision: 0.9016 - val recall: 0.8975 - val f1 score: 0.8996 -
lr: 2.0000e-05
Epoch 16/60
accuracy: 0.9992 - precision: 0.9993 - recall: 0.9989 - f1 score:
0.9991
Epoch 16: val accuracy improved from 0.89834 to 0.90224, saving model
to models\modelo T sem data augmentation.keras
624/624 [============= ] - 58s 92ms/step - loss:
0.0421 - accuracy: 0.9992 - precision: 0.9993 - recall: 0.9989 -
f1 score: 0.9991 - val loss: 0.6374 - val accuracy: 0.9022 -
val precision: 0.9056 - val recall: 0.9008 - val f1 score: 0.9032 -
lr: 4.0000e-06
Epoch 17/60
accuracy: 0.9998 - precision: 0.9998 - recall: 0.9997 - f1 score:
0.9997
Epoch 17: val accuracy improved from 0.90224 to 0.90264, saving model
to models\modelo T sem data augmentation.keras
624/624 [============= ] - 58s 92ms/step - loss:
0.0369 - accuracy: 0.9998 - precision: 0.9998 - recall: 0.9997 -
f1 score: 0.9997 - val loss: 0.6391 - val accuracy: 0.9026 -
val precision: 0.9056 - val recall: 0.9008 - val f1 score: 0.9032 -
lr: 4.0000e-06
Epoch 18/60
624/624 [============== ] - ETA: 0s - loss: 0.0348 -
accuracy: 0.9998 - precision: 0.9998 - recall: 0.9996 - f1 score:
0.9997
Epoch 18: val accuracy did not improve from 0.90264
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0.0348 - accuracy: 0.9998 - precision: 0.9998 - recall: 0.9996 -
f1 score: 0.9997 - val loss: 0.6350 - val accuracy: 0.9024 -
val precision: 0.9061 - val recall: 0.9013 - val f1 score: 0.9037 -
lr: 4.0000e-06
Epoch 19/60
accuracy: 0.9997 - precision: 0.9998 - recall: 0.9996 - f1 score:
0.9997
Epoch 19: val accuracy improved from 0.90264 to 0.90525, saving model
to models\modelo T sem data augmentation.keras
Epoch 19: ReduceLROnPlateau reducing learning rate to
7.999999979801942e-07.
624/624 [============ ] - 57s 92ms/step - loss:
0.0332 - accuracy: 0.9997 - precision: 0.9998 - recall: 0.9996 -
f1 score: 0.9997 - val loss: 0.6223 - val accuracy: 0.9052 -
val precision: 0.9081 - val recall: 0.9031 - val f1 score: 0.9056 -
lr: 4.0000e-06
Epoch 20/60
accuracy: 0.9999 - precision: 0.9999 - recall: 0.9998 - f1_score:
0.9999
Epoch 20: val accuracy did not improve from 0.90525
0.0321 - accuracy: 0.9999 - precision: 0.9999 - recall: 0.9998 -
f1 score: 0.9999 - val loss: 0.6295 - val accuracy: 0.9050 -
val precision: 0.9078 - val recall: 0.9035 - val f1 score: 0.9057 -
lr: 8.0000e-07
Epoch 21/60
accuracy: 0.9999 - precision: 0.9999 - recall: 0.9998 - f1 score:
0.9999
Epoch 21: val accuracy did not improve from 0.90525
0.0314 - accuracy: 0.9999 - precision: 0.9999 - recall: 0.9998 -
f1 score: 0.9999 - val loss: 0.6305 - val accuracy: 0.9046 -
val_precision: 0.9074 - val_recall: 0.9026 - val_f1_score: 0.9050 -
lr: 8.0000e-07
- accuracy: 0.8892 - precision: 0.8959 - recall: 0.8857 - f1 score:
0.8908
Test Loss: 0.6593149900436401
Test Accuracy: 0.88919997215271
Test Precision: 0.8959134221076965
Test Recall: 0.885699987411499
Test F1 Score: 0.8907773494720459
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 8))
plt.subplot(2, 1, 1)
plt.plot(history.history['accuracy'], label='train accuracy')
```

```
plt.plot(history.history['val accuracy'], label='val accuracy')
plt.xlabel('Epoch')
plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
plt.ylim([0, 1])
plt.legend(loc='lower right')
plt.title('Training and Validation Accuracy')
plt.subplot(2, 1, 2)
plt.plot(history.history['val_precision'], label='val_precision')
plt.plot(history.history['val_recall'], label='val_recall')
plt.plot(history.history['val f1 score'], label='val f1 score')
plt.xlabel('Epoch')
plt.ylabel('Metrics')
plt.ylim([0, 1])
plt.legend(loc='lower right')
plt.title('Validation Precision, Recall, F1 Score')
plt.savefig(f'./plots/modelo T sem data augmentation rmsprop.png')
plt.tight layout()
# plt.show()
```

