Global	Editing	Cut and paste	Working with multiple files	Tabs
:help keyword - open help for keyword	r - replace a single character	yy - yank (copy) a line	:e file - edit a file in a new buffer	: tabnew or : tabnew file - open a file in a new
:o file - open file	J - join line below to the current one	2yy - yank (copy) 2 lines	:bnext or :bn - go to the	tab
:saveas file - save file as	cc - change (replace) entire	yw - yank (copy) the characters of the word from the cursor position to the start of the next word	next buffer :bprev or :bp - go to the	Ctrl + wT - move the current split window into it
:close - close current pane	cw - change (replace) to the		previous buffer	own tab gt or : tabnext or : tabn
K - open man page for word under the cursor	end of the word	y\$ - yank (copy) to end of line	: bd - delete a buffer (close a file)	move to the next tab
Cursor movement	c\$ - change (replace) to the end of the line	p - put (paste) the clipboard after cursor	:1s - list all open buffers	gT or : tabprev or : tabp move to the previous tab
h - move cursor left	s - delete character and substitute text	P - put (paste) before cursor	:sp file - open a file in a new buffer and split window	#gt - move to tab number
j - move cursor down	S - delete line and substitute	dd - delete (cut) a line	:vsp file - open a file in a	:tabmove # - move curre
k - move cursor up	text (same as cc)	2dd - delete (cut) a line	new buffer and vertically split window	tab to the #th position (indexed from 0)
1 - move cursor right	xp - transpose two letters		Ctrl + ws - split window	:tabclose or :tabc - close the current tab and all its windows
H - move to top of screen	(delete and paste)	dw - delete (cut) the characters of the word from		
M - move to middle of screen	u - undo	the cursor position to the start of the next word	Ctrl + ww - switch windows	:tabonly or :tabo - close
L - move to bottom of screen	Ctrl + r - redo	D - delete (cut) to the end of	Ctrl + wq - quit a window	all tabs except for the current one
w - jump forwards to the start of a word	repeat last command	the line	Ctrl + wv - split window vertically	: tabdo command - run the
W - jump forwards to the start of a word (words can contain	Marking text (visual mode) v - start visual mode, mark lines, then do a command	d\$ - delete (cut) to the end of the line	Ctrl + wh - move cursor to the left window (vertical	command on all tabs (e.g. :tabdo q - closes all opene tabs)
punctuation)	(like y-yank)	x - delete (cut) character	split)	-
e - jump forwards to the end of a word	V - start linewise visual mode	Exiting : w - write (save) the file, but	Ctrl + wl - move cursor to the right window (vertical split)	
E - jump forwards to the end of a word (words can contain punctuation)	o - move to other end of marked area	don't exit	Ctrl + wj - move cursor to	_
	Ctrl + v - start visual block	:w !sudo tee %-write out the current file using	the window below (horizontal split)	
b - jump backwards to the start of a word B - jump backwards to the start of a word (words can contain punctuation)	mode	sudo	Ctrl + wk - move cursor to	
	0 - move to other corner of block	: wq or : x or ZZ - write (save) and quit	the window above (horizontal split)	
	aw - mark a word	:q - quit (fails if there are		
% - move to matching character (default supported pairs: '()', '{}', '[]' - use:h matchpairs in vim for more	ab - a block with ()	unsaved changes)		
	aB - a block with {}	:q! or ZQ - quit and throw away unsaved changes		
	ib - inner block with ()	Search and replace		
info)	iB - inner block with {}	/pattern - search for		
0 - jump to the start of the line	Esc - exit visual mode	pattern - search backward		
^ - jump to the first non-	Visual commands	for pattern		
blank character of the line	> - shift text right	\vpattern - 'very magic' pattern: non-alphanumeric characters are interpreted as special regex symbols (no escaping needed)		
\$ - jump to the end of the line	<- shift text left			
g_ - jump to the last non- blank character of the line	y - yank (copy) marked text			
gg - go to the first line of the document	d - delete marked text	n - repeat search in same direction		
G - go to the last line of the	~ - switch case	N - repeat search in opposite		
document	Registers : reg - show registers	direction :%s/old/new/g - replace all old with new throughout		
5G - go to line 5	content			
fx - jump to next occurrence of character x	"xy - yank into register x	file		
tx - jump to before next occurrence of character x	"xp - paste contents of register x	:%s/old/new/gc - replace all old with new throughout file with confirmations		
} - jump to next paragraph (or function/block, when editing code)	Marks : marks - list of marks	: noh - remove highlighting of search matches		
{ - jump to previous paragraph (or function/block, when editing code)	ma - set current position for mark A	Search in multiple files -:vimgrep /pattern/ {file} - search for pattern in multiple files		
	` a - jump to position of mark A			

 $: \mbox{\bf cn}$ - jump to the next match

 $\mbox{:}\, \mbox{\bf cp}$ - jump to the previous match

: copen - open a window

containing the list of matches

y`a - yank text to position of

qa - record macro a

 $\boldsymbol{\mathsf{q}}$ - stop recording macro

mark A

Macros

 $\boldsymbol{\mathsf{z}}\boldsymbol{\mathsf{z}}$ - center cursor on screen

Ctrl + f - move forward one

Ctrl + b - move back one

full screen

full screen

Ctrl + d - move forward 1/2 a screen

Ctrl + u - move back 1/2 a screen

Insert mode - inserting/appending text
i - insert before the cursor

I - insert at the beginning of the line
a - insert (append) after the cursor

A - insert (append) at the end of the line
o - append (open) a new line below the current line
O - append (open) a new line above the current line

ea - insert (append) at the end of the word

Esc - exit insert mode

@a - run macro a

 $\mathbf{@0}$ - rerun last run macro