

Homework 7

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Problem 1.

Solution:

1. The data log likelihood is:

$$\begin{aligned}\ell(\boldsymbol{\mu}) &= \sum_i \sum_k r_{ik} \log \mathbb{P}(\mathbf{x}_i \mid \boldsymbol{\theta}_k) \\ &= \sum_i \sum_k r_{ik} \sum_j \mathbf{x}_{ij} \log \boldsymbol{\mu}_{kj} + (1 - \mathbf{x}_{ij}) \log (1 - \boldsymbol{\mu}_{kj})\end{aligned}$$

Taking the derivative with respect to μ_{kj} we have:

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{\partial \ell}{\partial \mu_{kj}} &= \sum_i r_{ik} \left(\frac{\mathbf{x}_{ij}}{\boldsymbol{\mu}_{kj}} - \frac{1 - \mathbf{x}_{ij}}{1 - \boldsymbol{\mu}_{kj}} \right) \\ &= \sum_i r_{ik} \left(\frac{\mathbf{x}_{ij} - \boldsymbol{\mu}_{kj}}{\boldsymbol{\mu}_{kj} (1 - \boldsymbol{\mu}_{kj})} \right) \\ &= \frac{1}{\boldsymbol{\mu}_{kj} (1 - \boldsymbol{\mu}_{kj})} \sum_i r_{ik} (\mathbf{x}_{ij} - \boldsymbol{\mu}_{kj}) = 0. \\ &\Leftrightarrow \sum_i r_{ik} \mathbf{x}_{ij} = \boldsymbol{\mu}_{kj} \sum_i r_{ik} \\ &\Leftrightarrow \boldsymbol{\mu}_{kj} = \frac{\sum_i r_{ik} \mathbf{x}_{ij}}{\sum_i r_{ik}}\end{aligned}$$

as desired.

2. We have the complete data log likelihood plus the log prior (ignoring the π terms as we are maximizing without regard to them)

$$\begin{aligned}\ell(\boldsymbol{\mu}) &= \sum_i \sum_k r_{ik} \log \mathbb{P}(\mathbf{x}_i \mid \boldsymbol{\mu}_k) + \log \mathbb{P}(\boldsymbol{\mu}_k) \\ &= \sum_i \sum_k r_{ik} \left(\sum_j \mathbf{x}_{ij} \log \boldsymbol{\mu}_{kj} + (1 - \mathbf{x}_{ij}) \log (1 - \boldsymbol{\mu}_{kj}) \right) + \\ &\quad (a - 1) \log \boldsymbol{\mu}_{kj} + (b - 1) \log (1 - \boldsymbol{\mu}_{kj}).\end{aligned}$$

Taking derivatives we have:

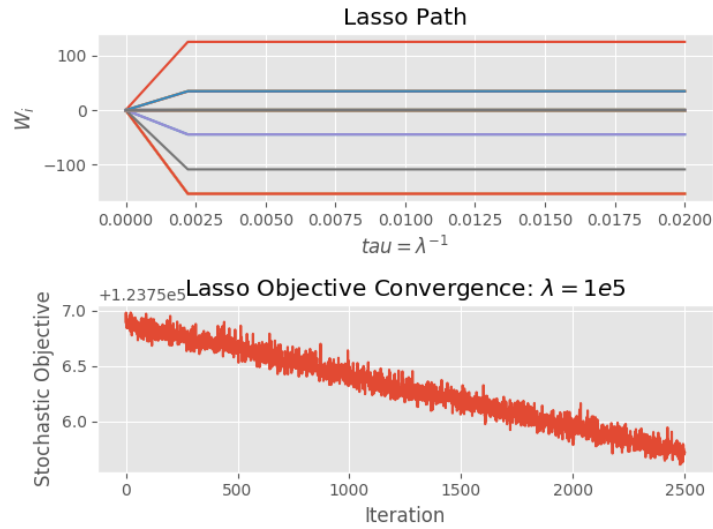
$$\begin{aligned}
 \frac{\partial \ell}{\partial \mu} &= \sum_i \left(\frac{r_{ik} \mathbf{x}_{ij} + a - 1}{\mu_{kj}} - \frac{r_{ik} (1 - \mathbf{x}_{ij}) + b - 1}{1 - \mu_{kj}} \right) \\
 &= \frac{1}{\mu_{kj} (1 - \mu_{kj})} \sum_i r_{ik} \mathbf{x}_{ij} - r_{ik} \mu_{kj} + a - 1 - \mu_{kj} a + \mu_{kj} - \mu_{kj} b + \mu_{kj} \\
 &= \frac{1}{\mu_{kj} (1 - \mu_{kj})} \left[\sum_i r_{ik} \mathbf{x}_{ij} - \left(\sum_i r_{ik} + a + b - 2 \right) \mu_{kj} + a - 1 \right] = 0. \\
 &\Leftrightarrow \sum_i r_{ik} \mathbf{x}_{ij} + a - 1 = \left(\sum_i r_{ik} + a + b - 2 \right) \mu_{kj} \\
 &\Leftrightarrow \mu_{kj} = \frac{(\sum_i r_{ik} x_{ij}) + a - 1}{(\sum_i r_{ik}) + a + b - 2}
 \end{aligned}$$

as desired.

Problem 2.

Solution:

(Code in repo)



LASSO Path plot:

The most important features are:

- timedelta,
- weekday_is_wednesday,
- weekday_is_thursday,

- weekday_is_friday,
- weekday_is_saturday.