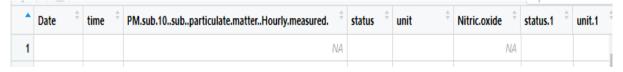
- 1. Downloaded the csv files and viewed them. Saw that there were 4 spaces at the beginning that needed to be removed.
- 2. Used "df2018 <- read.csv("Data/POAR_2018.csv", skip = 4)" to load the csv and then put them in a data frame. Did the same for the rest of the 5 files.
- Decided that I wanted to stack them one on top of the other as they were all in the same format, and wanted to work out from there.
 df total <- bind rows(df2018, df2019, df2020, df2021, df2022, df2023)
- After viewing the data frame I found out that there were certain rows with all empty/ null values so I decided to remove them. df_total <- bind_rows(df2018, df2019, df2020, df2021, df2022, df2023)



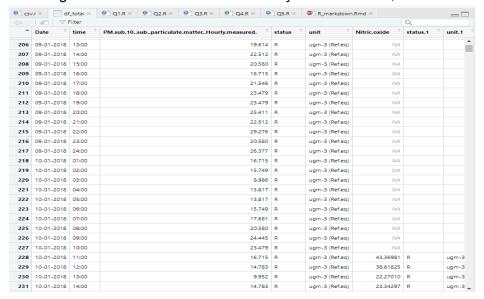


5. I then fixed the naming using rename() for better readability. All the column names were mutated.

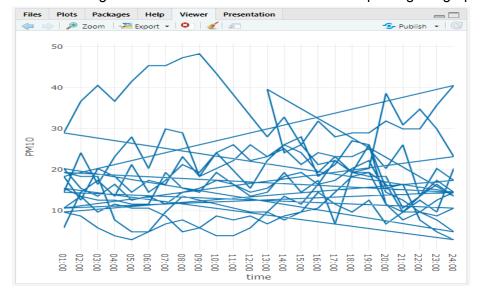




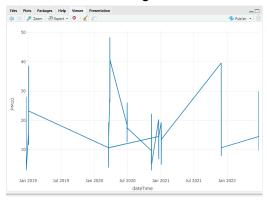
6. Used summary(df_total) to find out about the data frame to figure out there were null values and negative values. On closer inspection I found out that sometimes there were negative values and null values in only a few columns, not the entire row.



- Hence, I decided to fix these issues individually instead of as a whole. Because if I
 used filter() then the entire row would be removed, which would lead to other values
 being affected.
- 8. Also saw that there were some units and status that were missing so, filled them up with similar values. This was unnecessary as I didn't use the column at all. The columns affected were all the unit and status.
- 9. I used str() to see that the date and time column were not in the correct data types so I tried to change them. This would lead to issues when plotting the graph.



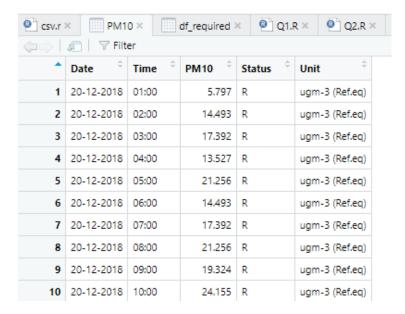
10. I had even attempted to combine date time and work from there but the graph looked unfit for understanding.



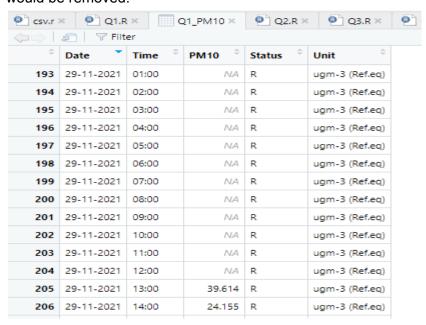
- 11. I ended up deciding not to change the data types.
- 12. The next process was to combine the strings of date required and put them in a data frame called df_required. These affected all the columns which matched the given date.

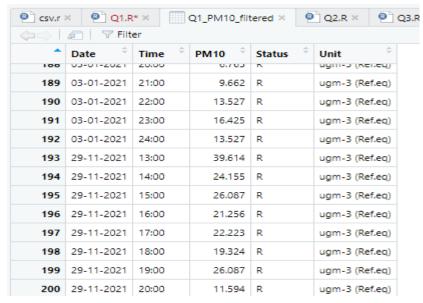
•	Date [‡]	Time [‡]	PM10 [‡]	Status [‡]	Unit [‡]	Nitric_Oxide [‡]	Status_1 [‡]	Unit_1 [‡]	Nitrogen_Dioxide [‡]	Status_2 [‡]	Unit_2
22	20-12-2018	22:00	7.730	R	ugm-3 (Ref.eq)	6.38996	R	ugm-3	33.53730	R	ugn 🏝
23	20-12-2018	23:00	4.831	R	ugm-3 (Ref.eq)	9.07864	R	ugm-3	23.45746	R	ugn
24	20-12-2018	24:00	2.899	R	ugm-3 (Ref.eq)	7.08832	R	ugm-3	20.81558	R	ugn
25	03-01-2019	01:00	15.459	R	ugm-3 (Ref.eq)	1.08658	R	ugm-3	28.12289	R	ugn
26	03-01-2019	02:00	13.527	R	ugm-3 (Ref.eq)	0.42061	R	ugm-3	14.43474	R	ugn
27	03-01-2019	03:00	12.561	R	ugm-3 (Ref.eq)	0.73607	R	ugm-3	16.12040	R	ugn
28	03-01-2019	04:00	12.561	R	ugm-3 (Ref.eq)	0.66597	R	ugm-3	13.21196	R	ugn
29	03-01-2019	05:00	11.594	R	ugm-3 (Ref.eq)	1.01648	R	ugm-3	12.25123	R	ugn
30	03-01-2019	06:00	11.594	R	ugm-3 (Ref.eq)	1.26183	R	ugm-3	17.53651	R	ugn

13. As my initial thought process was to split them and work on individual data frames so as to not affect the other data, I ended up creating separate data frames for each pollutant. Additionally for question 4 where I had to find the monthly average, I made a data frame with year as the filter. The affected columns were the Date, Time, the pollutant chosen (here PM10), the status and unit associated with.

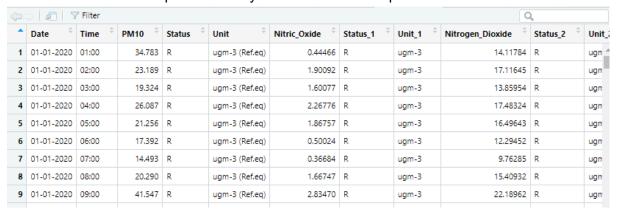


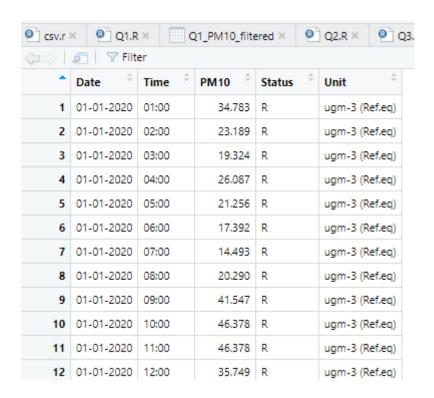
- 14. I created a csv file for each of the pollutants and the years needed.
- 15. After the data was separated for question 1,2, and 3, worked on their individual csv file that was made. This led to the realization that there are sometimes null spaces of 1, 2, or more adjacent. Here I decided if the null values were 2 or less, the rows would be filled with averages and if there were more than 2 null values together they would be removed.





16. With regards to question 4 for the monthly averages, removing null values at the beginning would affect values of other columns which could skew the data. Hence, the data frame was split into individual columns based on pollutant, and again followed the steps where if there are less than 2 null values fill them with averages. The rest drop them. After that, take the averages of pollutants based on the months and make a table where values correspond to the month. Join the four pollutants and make the data columns pivot vertically to make it easier to plot.





^	Month [‡]	PM10 [‡]
1	January	20.68695
2	February	22.60013
3	March	20.36681
4	April	28.00645
5	May	20.30706
6	June	16.64347
7	July	12.24245
8	August	15.24615
9	September	15.33445
10	October	13.23414
11	November	19.06893
12	December	15.68792

^	Month [‡]	PM10 [‡]	NO	NO2 [‡]	NOx_NO2 [‡]
1	January	20.68695	18.050853	31.72067	59.39826
2	February	22.60013	11.162173	22.09751	39.21260
3	March	20.36681	8.173137	20.01943	32.55140
4	April	28.00645	2.984736	18.64371	23.22024
5	May	20.30706	3.018190	13.93417	18.56200
6	June	16.64347	4.739334	14.97264	22.23951
7	July	12.24245	7.609730	16.05933	27.72742
8	August	15.24615	7.936192	22.70388	34.87253
9	September	15.33445	10.022967	22.98490	38.35323
10	October	13.23414	11.567390	23.36762	41.10404
11	November	19.06893	9.165810	23.67544	37.72949
12	December	15.68792	11.449794	24.68824	42.24434

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^	Month [‡]	Pollutants [‡]	Average [‡]
1	January	PM10	20.686947
2	January	NO	18.050853
3	January	NO2	31.720672
4	January	NOx_NO2	59.398260
5	February	PM10	22.600134
6	February	NO	11.162173
7	February	NO2	22.097507
8	February	NOx_NO2	39.212600
9	March	PM10	20.366815
10	March	NO	8.173137
11	March	NO2	20.019430
12	March	NOx_NO2	32.551398
13	April	PM10	28.006454
14	April	NO	2.984736
15	April	NO2	18.643714
16	April	NOx_NO2	23.220245
17	May	PM10	20.307063
18	May	NO	3.018190
19	May	NO2	13.934170
20	May	NOx_NO2	18.561996
21	June	PM10	16.643466
22	June	NO	4.739334
23	June	NO2	14.972636
24	June	NOx_NO2	22.239512
25	July	PM10	12.242454
26	July	NO	7.609730
27	July	NO2	16.059328

17. Followed the similar pattern for Q5, where I was calculating the yearly average of each pollutant.

Conclusion:-

After looking at the data and visualisation, it appears that the CAZ has made a positive impact on the air quality. There are always going to be outliers that might suggest otherwise, however looking at the graph, it's clear that the level of pollutants are less. The impact of implementing CAZ is reducing the level of pollutants in the area around Anglesea Road.

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