Renewvia - Survey Impact Analysis

Importing the libraries and datsets

Enter: interact()

```
tinytex::install_tinytex()
library(dataMaid)
library(ggplot2)
library(dplyr)
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'
## The following object is masked from 'package:dataMaid':
##
##
       summarize
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##
       filter, lag
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##
       intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
library(lessR)
##
## lessR 4.2.9
                                        feedback: gerbing@pdx.edu
## > d <- Read("")
                     Read text, Excel, SPSS, SAS, or R data file
    d is default data frame, data= in analysis routines optional
## Learn about reading, writing, and manipulating data, graphics,
## testing means and proportions, regression, factor analysis,
## customization, and descriptive statistics from pivot tables
     Enter: browseVignettes("lessR")
##
##
## View changes in this and recent versions of lessR
    Enter: news(package="lessR")
## Interactive data analysis
```

```
##
## Attaching package: 'lessR'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
##
       recode, rename
library(tidyr)
library(ggpubr)
library(exact2x2)
## Loading required package: exactci
## Loading required package: ssanv
## Loading required package: testthat
## Attaching package: 'testthat'
## The following object is masked from 'package:tidyr':
##
##
       matches
## The following object is masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
##
       matches
# Loading the paired data
initial_clean <- read.csv("data_cleaning/datasets_clean/initial_clean.csv")</pre>
initial_enc <- read.csv("data_cleaning/datasets_encoded/initial_encoded.csv")</pre>
# makeDataReport(initial_clean,
                 output = "html",
                 replace = TRUE)
# create_report(df)
# ExpReport(df, op_file = 'SmartEDA_df.html')
hs_post_clean <- read.csv("data_cleaning/datasets_clean/hs_post_clean.csv")
hs_post_enc <- read.csv("data_cleaning/datasets_encoded/hs_post_encoded.csv")
# makeDataReport(hs_post_clean,
                 output = "html",
                 replace = TRUE)
ci_post_clean <- read.csv("data_cleaning/datasets_clean/ci_post_clean.csv")</pre>
ci_post_enc <- read.csv("data_cleaning/datasets_encoded/ci_post_encoded.csv")</pre>
# makeDataReport(ci_post_clean,
#
                 output = "html",
                 replace = TRUE)
#
```

1- GENDER EQUALITY

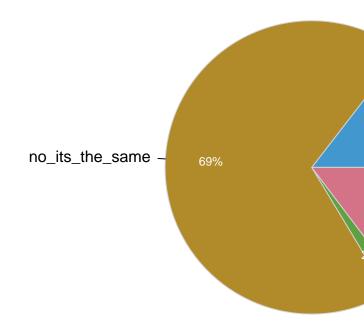
Data set: Household Post-Connection Survey

Statistical Test: Pearson's Chi-Square Goodness of fit

Hypothesis Testing:

- H_0 : No changes in girls' school enrollment; H_1 : A change in girls' school enrollment
- H_0 : No changes in boys' school enrollment; H_1 : A change in boys' school enrollment

Question 1-a: Has there been a change in the number of females in your household who attend

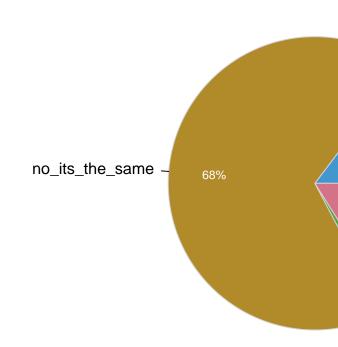


school full time since connection to mini-grid power?

```
## >>> suggestions
## PieChart(girls_schooling_change, hole=0) # traditional pie chart
## PieChart(girls_schooling_change, values="%") # display %'s on the chart
## PieChart(girls_schooling_change) # bar chart
## Plot(girls_schooling_change) # bubble plot
## Plot(girls_schooling_change, values="count") # lollipop plot
##
## --- girls_schooling_change ---
##
##
      grls_schlng_c Count Prop
## -----
##
                       378
                             0.145
##
   no_its_the_same 1799
                             0.691
## yes_its_decreased
                        44
                             0.017
## yes_its_increased
                       382
                             0.147
##
              Total
                      2603
                             1.000
##
## Chi-squared test of null hypothesis of equal probabilities
    Chisq = 2817.123, df = 3, p-value = 0.000
girls_enrolled <- factor(hs_post_enc$girls_schooling_change)</pre>
girls_enrolled_table <-table(girls_enrolled)</pre>
chisq.test(girls_enrolled_table,p=rep(1/3,3))
```

```
##
## Chi-squared test for given probabilities
##
## data: girls_enrolled_table
## X-squared = 2338, df = 2, p-value < 0.00000000000000022</pre>
```

Question 1-b: Has there been a change in the number of males in your household who attend



school FULL TIME since connection to mini-grid power?

```
## >>> suggestions
## PieChart(boys_schooling_change, hole=0) # traditional pie chart
## PieChart(boys_schooling_change, values="%") # display %'s on the chart
## PieChart(boys_schooling_change) # bar chart
## Plot(boys_schooling_change) # bubble plot
## Plot(boys_schooling_change, values="count") # lollipop plot
##
## --- boys_schooling_change ---
##
## bys_schlng_ch Count Prop
```

```
##
                        382
                             0.147
                              0.681
##
    no_its_the_same
                      1771
## yes_its_decreased
                         32
                              0.012
## yes_its_increased
                        417
                              0.160
##
                       2602
                              1.000
               Total
##
## Chi-squared test of null hypothesis of equal probabilities
     Chisq = 2712.801, df = 3, p-value = 0.000
boys_enrolled <- factor(hs_post_enc$boys_schooling_change)</pre>
boys_enrolled_table <-table(boys_enrolled)</pre>
chisq.test(boys_enrolled_table,p=rep(1/3,3))
##
##
   Chi-squared test for given probabilities
##
## data: boys_enrolled_table
## X-squared = 2254.8, df = 2, p-value < 0.0000000000000022
```

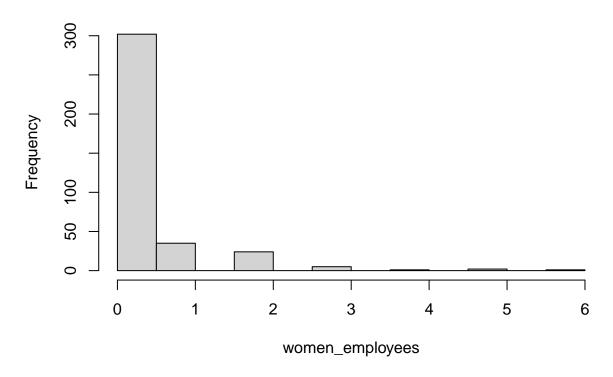
Question 1-c: If you answered yes to adding new workers, how many new employees are female? Data set: Commercial Post-Connection Survey

Statistical Test: One-sample t-Test

Hypothesis Testing: H_0 : No changes in number of women employed by local businesses; H_1 : A change in number of women employed by local businesses

```
women_employees = ci_post_enc$workforce_change_female
hist(women_employees)
```

Histogram of women_employees



Question 1-d: Are any female household members business owners? Data set: Household Paired Survey

Statistical Test: Paired Proportion McNemar's Chi-squared test

Hypothesis Testing: H_0 : No changes in the proportion of women business owners; H_1 : A change in the proportion of women business owners

```
business_owners_female_post == 0)),
                           nrow(enc_paired %>%
                                  filter(business_owners_female_pre == 0 &
                                           business_owners_female_post == 1)),
                           nrow(enc_paired %>%
                                  filter(business_owners_female_pre == 1 &
                                           business_owners_female_post == 0)),
                           nrow(enc paired %>%
                                  filter(business_owners_female_pre == 1 &
                                           business_owners_female_post == 1))
)
Performance <-
   matrix(business_women_matrix,
           nrow = 2,
           dimnames = list("1st Survey" = c("No", "Yes"),
               "2nd Survey" = c("No", "Yes")))
Performance
##
             2nd Survey
## 1st Survey No Yes
##
          No 573 226
         Yes 144 67
##
# Approximation test
mcnemar.test(Performance)
##
## McNemar's Chi-squared test with continuity correction
## data: Performance
## McNemar's chi-squared = 17.732, df = 1, p-value = 0.00002543
## Exact test
mcnemar.exact(Performance)
##
## Exact McNemar test (with central confidence intervals)
##
## data: Performance
## b = 226, c = 144, p-value = 0.00002367
## alternative hypothesis: true odds ratio is not equal to 1
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## 1.267850 1.947937
## sample estimates:
## odds ratio
    1.569444
```

2- PRODUCTIVITY

Question 2-a: How many hours of light per day do you currently have at home? Data set: Household Paired Survey

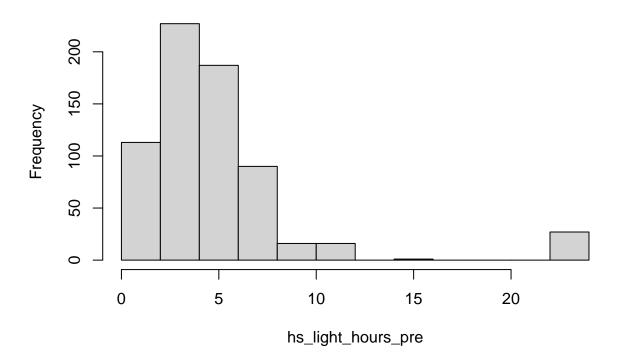
Statistical Test: Two-sample Paired t-Test

Hypothesis Testing: H_0 : No change in the average light hours for household; H_1 : A change in the average income for household

```
household <- enc_paired %>% filter(tariff_pre == "residential")
# commercial <- enc_paired %>% filter(tariff_pre == "commercial")

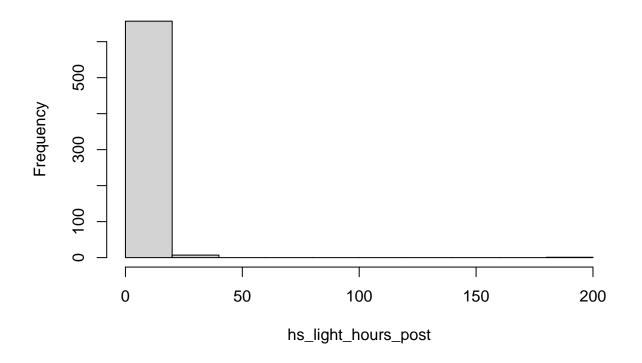
# For household
hs_light_hours_pre <- household$light_hours_current_pre
hist(hs_light_hours_pre)</pre>
```

Histogram of hs_light_hours_pre



hs_light_hours_post <- household\$light_hours_current_post
hist(hs_light_hours_post)

Histogram of hs_light_hours_post

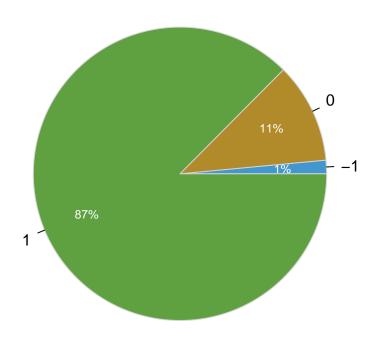


```
t.test(hs_light_hours_pre, hs_light_hours_post,
       paired = TRUE, alternative = "two.sided")
##
##
   Paired t-test
##
## data: hs_light_hours_pre and hs_light_hours_post
## t = -5.1799, df = 588, p-value = 0.0000003054
## alternative hypothesis: true mean difference is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
   -2.847295 -1.281737
## sample estimates:
## mean difference
         -2.064516
##
# For Commercial
# ci_light_hours_pre <- commercial$light_hours_current_pre</pre>
{\it\# ci\_light\_hours\_post <- commercial\$light\_hours\_current\_post}
# t.test(light_hours_pre, light_hours_post,
         paired = TRUE, alternative = "two.sided")
```

Question 2-b: Since connection to Renewvia mini-grid, have your hours of operation changed at all? Data set: Commercial Post Survey

Statistical Test: Pearson's Chi-squared Goodness of fit test

Hypothesis Testing: H_0 : No change in business operation hours; H_1 : A change in business operation hours



```
## >>> suggestions
## PieChart(operations_hours_change, hole=0) # traditional pie chart
## PieChart(operations_hours_change, values="%") # display %'s on the chart
## PieChart(operations_hours_change) # bar chart
## Plot(operations_hours_change) # bubble plot
## Plot(operations_hours_change, values="count") # lollipop plot
##
## --- operations_hours_change ---
##
##
                             0
                                    1
                                          Total
                     7
                                            470
## Frequencies:
                            52
                                  411
## Proportions:
                 0.015 0.111 0.874
                                          1.000
##
## Chi-squared test of null hypothesis of equal probabilities
    Chisq = 625.791, df = 2, p-value = 0.000
```

```
operation_hours <- factor(ci_post_enc$operations_hours_change)
operation_hours_table <-table(operation_hours)
chisq.test(operation_hours_table,p=rep(1/3,3))</pre>
```

```
##
## Chi-squared test for given probabilities
##
## data: operation_hours_table
## X-squared = 625.79, df = 2, p-value < 0.0000000000000000022</pre>
```

Question 2-c: Since connection to Renewvia mini-grid, what appliances have you added to your business operations? Data set: Commercial Post Survey

Statistical Test: One sample t-Test

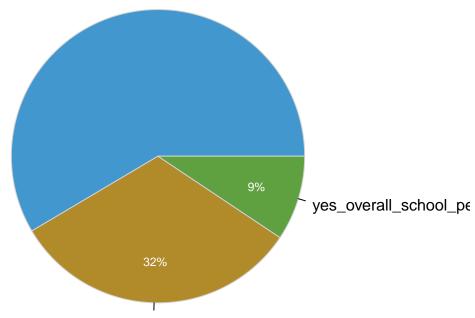
Hypothesis Testing: H_0 : No change in number of appliances added to local business; H_1 : A change in number of appliances added to local business

```
# No of appliances
new_business_appliances <- ci_post_enc$appliances_addition_count
# One-sample t-Test
t.test(new_business_appliances, mu = 0,alternative = "greater")</pre>
```

Question 2-c: Since connection to Renewvia mini-grid, what appliances have you added to your business operations? Data set: Commercial (Schools) Post Survey

Statistical Test: Pearon's Chi-Squared Test

Hypothesis Testing: H_0 : No change in number of appliances added to local business; H_1 : A change in number of appliances added to local business



there_has_not_been_a_noticeable_change

```
## >>> suggestions
## PieChart(school_performance, hole=0) # traditional pie chart
## PieChart(school_performance, values="%") # display %'s on the chart
## PieChart(school_performance) # bar chart
## Plot(school_performance) # bubble plot
## Plot(school_performance, values="count") # lollipop plot
##
## --- school_performance ---
##
##
                         n_thr_hs_nt_bn__ntc_ ys_vrll_schl_prfrm__
                                                                         Total
## Frequencies:
                    275
                                          151
                                                                           470
                                        0.321
                                                               0.094
## Proportions:
                  0.585
                                                                         1.000
##
## Chi-squared test of null hypothesis of equal probabilities
     Chisq = 170.609, df = 2, p-value = 0.000
school_performance <- factor(ci_post_enc$school_performance)</pre>
school_performance_table <-table(school_performance)</pre>
chisq.test(school_performance_table,p=rep(1/2,2))
##
##
  Chi-squared test for given probabilities
##
## data: school_performance_table
## X-squared = 58.713, df = 1, p-value = 0.0000000000001824
```

TO-DO

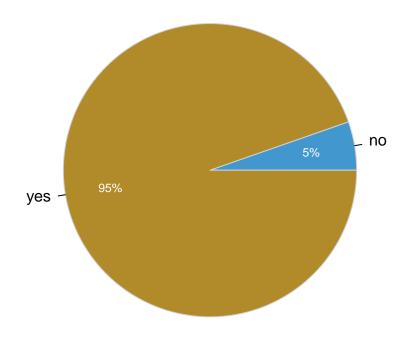
- Has school performance changed since connection to mini-grid?
- Have you seen a change in overall school performance?
- How many cell phones does your household have?
- How far must you travel to obtain your water supply?
- How long does the water collection process take on a daily basis?
- How long does the cooking fuel collection process take on a daily basis?
- Time spent traveling to charge phones
- How often do you need to charge your mobile phone?
- How far must you travel to charge your mobile phone?
- If you answered "yes, they have increased" above, by how many hours have they increased?

3- HEALTH

Question 3-a: Do you feel that you have better access to health services because of connection to mini-grid? Data set: Household Post Survey

Statistical Test: Pearson's Chi-Squared Test

Hypothesis Testing: H_0 : No change in access to better healthcare; H_1 : A change in access to better healthcare



```
## >>> suggestions
## PieChart(better_access_health_minigrid, hole=0) # traditional pie chart
## PieChart(better_access_health_minigrid, values="%") # display %'s on the chart
## PieChart(better_access_health_minigrid) # bar chart
## Plot(better_access_health_minigrid) # bubble plot
## Plot(better_access_health_minigrid, values="count") # lollipop plot
##
## --- better_access_health_minigrid ---
##
##
                     no
                           yes
                                    Total
## Frequencies:
                    115
                          2035
                                     2150
                  0.053 0.947
## Proportions:
                                    1.000
##
## Chi-squared test of null hypothesis of equal probabilities
     Chisq = 1714.605, df = 1, p-value = 0.000
better_health <- factor(hs_post_clean_id$better_access_health_minigrid)</pre>
better_health_table <-table(better_health)</pre>
chisq.test(better_health_table,p=rep(1/2, 2))
##
## Chi-squared test for given probabilities
##
## data: better_health_table
## X-squared = 1714.6, df = 1, p-value < 0.00000000000000022
```

Question 3-B: Do you have a source for clean drinking water? Data set: Household Paired Survey Statistical Test: McNemar's Chi-Squared Test

Hypothesis Testing: H_0 : No change in access to better healthcare; H_1 : A change in access to better healthcare

```
clean_water_matrix <- c(nrow(enc_paired %>%
                                  filter(clean_drinking_water_pre == 0 &
                                           clean_drinking_water_post == 0)),
                           nrow(enc_paired %>%
                                  filter(clean_drinking_water_pre == 0 &
                                           clean_drinking_water_post == 1)),
                           nrow(enc_paired %>%
                                  filter(clean_drinking_water_pre == 1 &
                                           clean_drinking_water_post == 0)),
                           nrow(enc_paired %>%
                                  filter(clean_drinking_water_pre == 1 &
                                           clean drinking water post == 1))
Performance <-
    matrix(clean_water_matrix,
           nrow = 2,
           dimnames = list("1st Survey" = c("No", "Yes"),
               "2nd Survey" = c("No", "Yes")))
Performance
##
             2nd Survey
## 1st Survey No Yes
          No 256 69
##
          Yes 220 174
# Approximation test
mcnemar.test(Performance)
##
## McNemar's Chi-squared test with continuity correction
## data: Performance
## McNemar's chi-squared = 77.855, df = 1, p-value < 0.0000000000000000022
## Exact test
mcnemar.exact(Performance)
##
  Exact McNemar test (with central confidence intervals)
##
## data: Performance
## b = 69, c = 220, p-value < 0.0000000000000022
## alternative hypothesis: true odds ratio is not equal to 1
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## 0.2357523 0.4127820
```

```
## sample estimates:
## odds ratio
## 0.3136364
```

- What hours is the Health Center / Clinic open?
- For clinics or health services only: Since connection to Renewvia minigrid, have your health service offerings changed in any of the following ways: (select all that apply).
- Does your Health Center / Clinic have access to refrigeration?
- Does your Health Center have access to minigrid electricity?
- What is the source for clean drinking water?
- How many kerosene lamps do you currently use in your household?
- Has the number of kerosene lamps in your household changed since connection to minigrid?
- Approximately how many hours a day do you use kerosene lamps?
- Do you feel that you have better access to health services because of connection to mini-grid?

4- SAFETY

Question 4-a: How safe do you feel outside your home when it is dark? Data set: Household Paired Survey

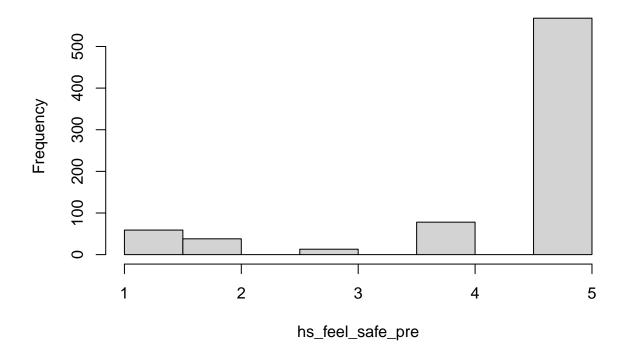
Statistical Test: Paired t-Test

Hypothesis Testing: H_0 : No change in feeling safe; H_1 : A change in feeling safe

```
# household <- enc_paired %>% filter(tariff_pre == "residential")
# commercial <- enc_paired %>% filter(tariff_pre == "commercial")

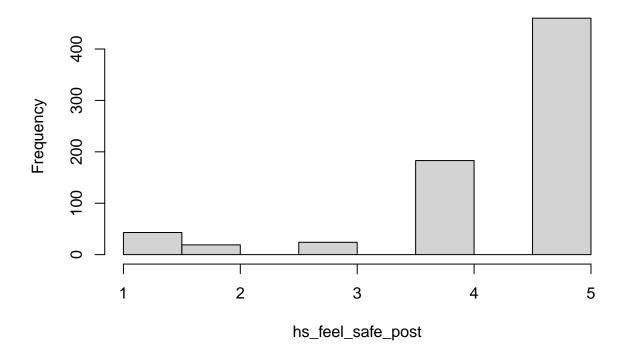
# For household
hs_feel_safe_pre <- household$feel_safe_dark_pre
hist(hs_feel_safe_pre)</pre>
```

Histogram of hs_feel_safe_pre



hs_feel_safe_post <- household\$feel_safe_dark_post
hist(hs_feel_safe_post)</pre>

Histogram of hs_feel_safe_post



```
##
##
    Paired t-test
##
## data: hs_feel_safe_pre and hs_feel_safe_post
## t = 0.08907, df = 724, p-value = 0.9291
## alternative hypothesis: true mean difference is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
  -0.1160912 0.1271257
## sample estimates:
## mean difference
       0.005517241
##
# For Commercial
# ci_light_hours_pre <- commercial$light_hours_current_pre</pre>
# ci_light_hours_post <- commercial$light_hours_current_post</pre>
# t.test(light_hours_pre, light_hours_post,
         paired = TRUE, alternative = "two.sided")
```

TO-DO

• What makes you feel the most unsafe?

- Does your community currently have outdoor community lights?
- How safe would you feel outside your home at nighttime IF you had exterior lights?

5- ECONOMIC ACTIVITY

Question 5-a: What is your average monthly household income? Data set: Household Paired Survey

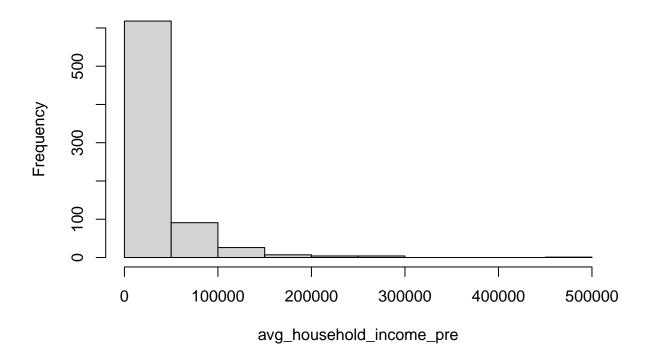
Statistical Test: Paired t-Test, setting mean to 3 as neutral

Hypothesis Testing: H_0 : No change in average household income; H_1 : A change in average household income

```
# household <- enc_paired %>% filter(tariff_pre == "residential")
# commercial <- enc_paired %>% filter(tariff_pre == "commercial")

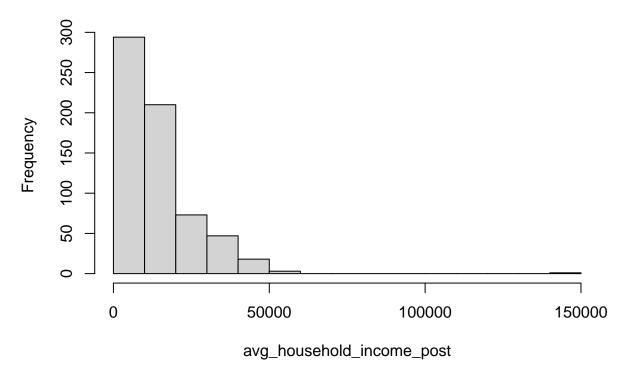
# For household
avg_household_income_pre <- household$avg_household_income_pre
hist(avg_household_income_pre)</pre>
```

Histogram of avg_household_income_pre



```
avg_household_income_post <- household$avg_household_income_post
hist(avg_household_income_post)</pre>
```

Histogram of avg_household_income_post

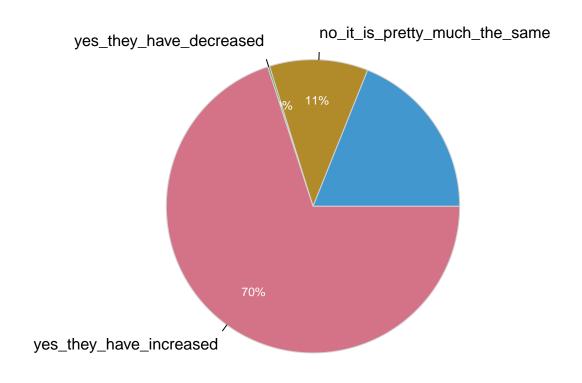


```
##
## Paired t-test
##
## data: avg_household_income_pre and avg_household_income_post
## t = 8.7187, df = 638, p-value < 0.00000000000000022
## alternative hypothesis: true mean difference is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## 11971.98 18932.47
## sample estimates:
## mean difference
## 15452.23</pre>
```

Question 5-b: For businesses or shop owners only: Since connection to Renewvia mini-grid, have you seen any change in your weekly or monthly earnings? Data set: Commercial Post Survey

Statistical Test: Pearson's Chi-squared test

Hypothesis Testing: H_0 : No change in earnings for business owners; H_1 : A change in earnings for business owners



```
## >>> suggestions
## PieChart(earnings_change, hole=0) # traditional pie chart
## PieChart(earnings_change, values="%") # display %'s on the chart
## PieChart(earnings_change) # bar chart
## Plot(earnings_change) # bubble plot
## Plot(earnings_change, values="count") # lollipop plot
##
## --- earnings_change ---
##
##
         earnings_chng Count Prop
##
##
                          89
                               0.189
                          51 0.109
## n_t_s_prtty_mch_th_s
## yes_they_have_decrsd
                          1
                               0.002
## yes_they_have_incrsd
                         329
                               0.700
##
                        470 1.000
                 Total
## Chi-squared test of null hypothesis of equal probabilities
## Chisq = 540.757, df = 3, p-value = 0.000
```

```
earnings_change <- factor(ci_post_enc$earnings_change)
earnings_change_table <-table(earnings_change)
chisq.test(earnings_change_table,p=rep(1/3,3))</pre>
```

```
##
## Chi-squared test for given probabilities
##
## data: earnings_change_table
## X-squared = 491.78, df = 2, p-value < 0.0000000000000000022</pre>
```

TO-DO

- Has your household income changed since your connection to minigrid power?
- What services are you able to offer/sell/provide due to connection to Renewvia minigrid that you weren't able to offer prior to connection?
- What is the Clinic / Hospital able to offer or provide due to connection to Renewvia minigrid that it wasn't able to offer before?
- What is your school able to offer / accomplish by having electricity that wasn't possible before?
- Are any household members business owners?
- Is this business recent (started after connection to mini-grid power?)
- If this business is new, do you consider this new business a result of having access to mini-grid power?
- Does this business use mini-grid power?
- Since connection to Renewvia minI-grid, have you had any change in number of workers/employees at your place of work?