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Activity 13: OpenStack Prerequisite Installation	

## 1. Objectives

Create a workflow to install OpenStack using Ansible as your Infrastructure as Code (laC).

# 2. Intended Learning Outcomes

- 1. Analyze the advantages and disadvantages of cloud services
- 2. Evaluate different Cloud deployment and service models
- 3. Create a workflow to install and configure OpenStack base services using Ansible as documentation and execution.

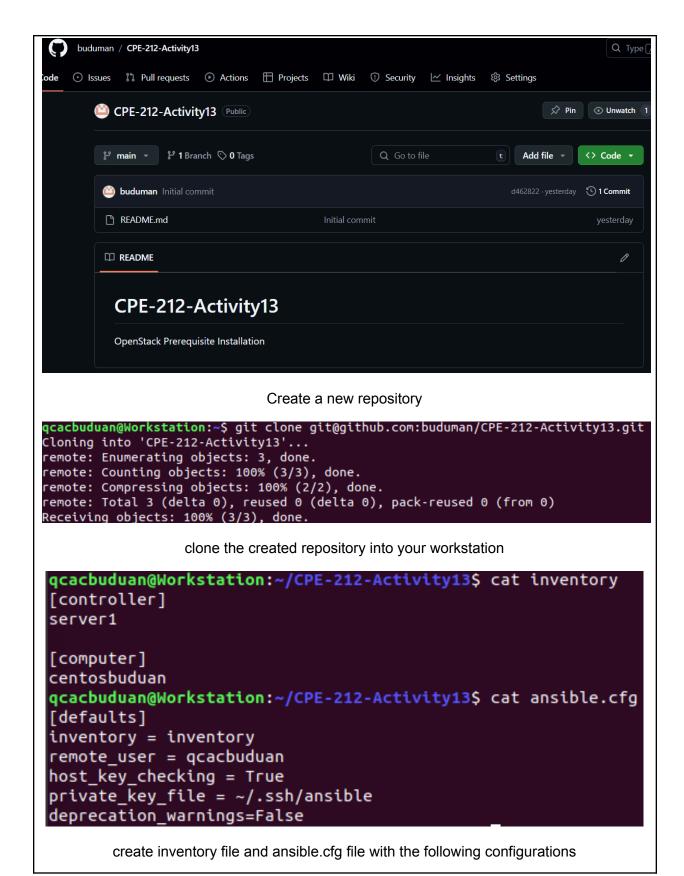
#### 3. Resources

Oracle VirtualBox (Hypervisor)

1x Ubuntu VM or Centos VM

### 4. Tasks

- 1. Create a new repository for this activity.
- 2. Create a playbook that converts the steps in the following items in https://docs.openstack.org/install-guide/
  - a. NTP
  - b. OpenStack packages
  - c. SQL Database
  - d. Message Queue
  - e. Memcached
  - f. Etcd
  - g. Create different plays in installing per server type (controller, compute etc.) and identify it as a group in Inventory file.
  - h. Add, commit and push it to your GitHub repo.
- **5.** Output (screenshots and explanations)



```
qcacbuduan@Workstation:~/CPE-212-Activity13$ cat main.yml
 hosts: all
 become: true
 pre_tasks:

    name: update repository index (CentOS)

    tags: always
   dnf:
      update_cache: yes
   changed_when: false
   when: ansible_distribution == "CentOS"

    name: install updates (Ubuntu)

   tags: always
   apt:
      update_cache: yes
   changed_when: false
   when: ansible_distribution == "Ubuntu"
 hosts: all
 become: true
 roles:
      base
 hosts: controller
 become: true
 roles:
    - controller
 hosts: computer
 become: true
 roles:
    - computer
```

Create playbook that will install updates on your servers and implement roles such as controller and computer

```
roles
base
tasks
main.yml
computer
tasks
main.yml
controller
tasks
main.yml
```

create directory called roles and inside the roles directory, create the following directories and files.

```
qcacbuduan@Workstation:~/CPE-212-Activity13$ cat roles/base/tasks/main.yml
---
- name: install updates (CentOS)
  tags: always
  dnf:
    update_only: yes
    update_cache: yes
  when: ansible_distribution == "CentOS"

- name: install updates (Ubuntu)
  tags: always
  apt:
    upgrade: dist
    update_cache: yes
  when: ansible_distribution == "Ubuntu"
```

Under the base directory, create a playbook that will make sure the update repository is updated.

```
qcacbuduan@Workstation:~/CPE-212-Activity13$ cat roles/controller/tasks/main.yml
 name: Install NTP(chrony) in ubuntu
 tags: web, ubuntu, ntp, chrony
 apt:
   name: chrony
   state: latest
 when: ansible_distribution == "Ubuntu"
 name: Start NTP(chrony)
 tags: web, ntp, chrony
 service:
   name: chronyd
   state: restarted
   enabled: true
 name: Install OpenStack packages in ubuntu
 tags: web, ubuntu, openstack
 apt:
   name: python3-openstackclient
   state: latest
 when: ansible_distribution == "Ubuntu"
 name: Install SQL Database (mariadb) in ubuntu
 tags: web, ubuntu, mariadb
 apt:
   name: mariadb-server
   state: latest
 when: ansible_distribution == "Ubuntu"
 name: Start MariaDB
 tags: web, mariadb
 service:
   name: mariadb
   state: restarted
   enabled: true
```

```
name: Install Message Queue (RabbitMQ) in ubuntu
tags: web, ubuntu, rabbitmq
apt:
  name: rabbitmq-server
  state: latest
when: ansible_distribution == "Ubuntu"
name: Start RabbitMO
tags: web, rabbitmq
service:
  name: rabbitmq-server
  state: restarted
  enabled: true
name: Install Memcached (Ubuntu)
tags: web, ubuntu, memcached
apt:
  name: memcached
  state: latest
when: ansible_distribution == "Ubuntu"
name: Start Memcached
tags: web, memcached
service:
  name: memcached
  state: restarted
  enabled: true
name: Install Etcd in ubuntu
tags: web, ubuntu, etcd
apt:
  name: etcd-server
  state: latest
when: ansible_distribution == "Ubuntu"
name: Start Etcd
tags: web, etcd
service:
  name: etcd
  state: restarted
```

under the controller directory, create a playbook that will install the required items in Ubuntu server.

under the computer directory, create a playbook that will install the required items in CentOS

```
PLAY [all] ********************
TASK [Gathering Facts] *****************
ok: [server1]
ok: [centosbuduan]
TASK [update repository index (CentOS)] ******
skipping: [server1]
ok: [centosbuduan]
TASK [install updates (Ubuntu)] ***********
skipping: [centosbuduan]
ok: [server1]
PLAY [all] **********************
TASK [Gathering Facts] ***************
ok: [centosbuduan]
TASK [base : install updates (CentOS)] *******
skipping: [server1]
TASK [base : install updates (Ubuntu)] *******
skipping: [centosbuduan]
```

run the main.yml in the main directory

```
qcacbuduan@Workstation:~/CPE-212-Activity13$ git add --all
qcacbuduan@Workstation:~/CPE-212-Activity13$ git status
On branch main
Your branch is up to date with 'origin/main'.
Changes to be committed:
  (use "git reset HEAD <file>..." to unstage)
qcacbuduan@Workstation:~/CPE-212-Activity13$ git commit -m "hoa13"
[main d5fb57d] hoa13
 6 files changed, 215 insertions(+)
 create mode 100644 ansible.cfg
 create mode 100644 inventory
 create mode 100644 main.yml
create mode 100644 roles/base/tasks/main.yml
create mode 100644 roles/computer/tasks/main.yml
create mode 100644 roles/controller/tasks/main.yml
qcacbuduan@Workstation:~/CPE-212-Activity13$ git push origin main
Counting objects: 15, done.
Delta compression using up to 2 threads.
Compressing objects: 100% (8/8), done.
Writing objects: 100% (15/15), 2.03 KiB | 2.03 MiB/s, done.
Total 15 (delta 1), reused 0 (delta 0)
remote: Resolving deltas: 100% (1/1), done.
To github.com:buduman/CPE-212-Activity13.git
   d462822 d5fh57d main -> m
```

push all files into the github repository

https://github.com/buduman/CPE-212-Activity13.git

#### Reflections:

Answer the following:

- 1. What are the benefits of implementing OpenStack?
  - The benefits of implementing Openstack into your servers is that it is an open-source technology, especially allowing businesses and other enterprises to avoid the high license fees associated with proprietary cloud solutions. It provides flexibility and scalability, allowing organizations to flexibly alter their computing capacity according to demand, which is critical for dealing with changing workloads. OpenStack supports a wide range of technologies and connections, allowing for smooth collaboration and data sharing across several platforms.

## Conclusions:

- In this activity, I was able to learn how to structure Ansible playbooks to automate the installation of essential OpenStack components on different server types. By organizing the configuration in an inventory file and separating the tasks by play, this exercise helped me review the importance of systematic approaches in DevOps and cloud infrastructure management.